Exhibit No.: 43 Issue: Depreciation Witness: John J. Spanos Type of Exhibit: Surrebuttal Testimony Sponsoring Party: KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company Case No.: ER-2016-0156 Date Testimony Prepared: September 2, 2016

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MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Missouri Public Service Commission

CASE NO.: ER-2016-0156

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

JOHN J. SPANOS

ON BEHALF OF

KCP&L GREATER MISSOURI OPERATIONS COMPANY

Kansas City, Missouri September 2016

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

JOHN J. SPANOS

Case No. ER-2016-0156

1	Q:	Please state your name and business address.		
2	A:	John J. Spanos, 207 Senate Avenue, Camp Hill, Pennsylvania, 17011.		
3	Q:	Are you the same John J. Spanos who pre-filed Direct and Rebuttal Testimony in		
4		this matter on behalf of KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company ("GMO"		
5		or the "Company")?		
6	A:	Yes.		
7	Q:	What is the purpose of your surrebuttal testimony?		
8	A:	The purpose of this testimony is to respond the Rebuttal Testimony of Missouri Public		
9		Service Commission Staff ("Staff") witness, Derick A. Miles regarding the retirement		
10		dates of Sibley Unit 1 and 2, Lake Road Unit 4 and the inclusion of terminal net salvage		
11		for generating facilities.		
12		RETIREMENT DATES OF GENERATING UNITS		
13	Q:	Has Staff challenged the probable retirement dates of some generating units?		
14	A:	Yes. Staff has proposed to utilize the current rates, which are significantly outdated		
15		based on the Missouri Code of State Regulations 4 CSR 24-3.175, because Staff has		
16		interpreted information to be inconsistent as related to three generating units. GMO		
17		witness Burton Crawford addresses the reason for and timing of retirement of these units		
18		in his Surrebuttal Testimony while I will address the depreciation related issues. First, as		
19		previously described in my Rebuttal Testimony, the year difference in probable		

1 Depreciation Study and the new Integrated Resource Plan ("IRP") relate to timing of 2 information. The one-year difference is the result of new information and plans that were 3 developed by GMO for the IRP but were only known after the Depreciation Study was 4 finalized. However, both documents are consistent in the functionality of the units and 5 the plan to retire coal assets.

6 Second and more importantly, the use of the remaining life method of 7 depreciation as utilized in my study is a self-correcting methodology which ensures full 8 recovery-no more, no less-over the remaining life. Therefore, if these units were to be 9 converted to any other fuel type and continue to operate beyond the recommended 10 probable retirement date, then only new plant investment and any remaining net plant 11 investment will be depreciated, not the entire plant investment still in service. For 12 example, if Sibley Unit 1 was to be converted to another fuel source by 2019, then only 13 the remaining net plant as of that date plus new plant additions will be recovered through 14 depreciation rates when using the remaining life method. Thus, if Sibley Unit 1, prior to 15 conversion, had an original cost of \$100 million and accumulated depreciation of \$90 16 million, then only \$10 million of the remaining investment will be recovered in the 17 future. In contrast, Staff recommends depreciating the full \$100 million using old rates 18 as long as it is in service.

19 20 Q: Does this possible change of plans for these three units warrant the reason to continue current rates?

A: Absolutely not. While GMO does not believe these plans will change, the mere
 possibility is absolutely no reason to continue using current depreciation rates. This is
 why depreciation studies incorporate more than statistical analyses and continual review.
 The current rates are not based on all the statistical analyses available nor do they

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1		incorporate all the information we know today. Companies make business decisions
2		every day relating to their assets and these changes are incorporated at the time of filing
3		of a case. When new decisions are made then appropriate changes to depreciation should
4		be incorporated. The remaining life method fairly addresses these changes for proper
5		recovery levels.
6	Q:	Does upgrading controls signify assets will be in service longer?
7	A:	No. Many upgrades are conducted for security reasons or just so the assets can operate at
8		an efficient level until retirement. The cost to convert the three units to another fuel
9		source would not be cost effective based on their current age.
10		TERMINAL NET SALVAGE
11	Q:	Has Staff included terminal net salvage in their report?
12	A:	No. Staff excludes terminal net salvage in their report based on a Commission Order for
13		The Empire District Electric Company Case ER-2004-0570 dated March 10, 2005.
14	Q:	Do you agree that the ER-2004-0570 Order and Staff's application of the Order for
15		GMO is still valid?
16	A:	No. The 2005 Order that Staff relies on was based on the lack of facilities that were
17		retired and dismantled, however, that has changed considerably since 2005. As discussed
18		in my rebuttal testimony, a large number of facilities have been shut down and many
19		others are in the process of closure. There have been a considerable amount of closure
20		costs incurred already with more to come. These costs are part of the full service value of
21		each facility and should be included in depreciation rates.
22	Q:	Is terminal net salvage included in depreciation rates in other jurisdictions?
23	A:	Yes. Since the early 2000s, most other jurisdictions have recognized that terminal net
24		salvage is a component of the service value of a generating facility.

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Q: Does Staff's recommendation defer these costs to future customers?

A: Yes. Terminal net salvage has two stages. The first stage is the decommissioning and
shut down of the facility or unit in order for the location to be safe. In many cases, these
costs are high and increasing yearly due to environmental requirements. The second
stage is the removal of all the assets along with any scrap value of equipment. By
excluding terminal net salvage costs described here and maintaining current rates, Staff
defers recovery to future customers who have not received the benefit of these assets.

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CONCLUSION

9 Q: What are the appropriate depreciation rates to utilize for GMO?

10 A: The depreciation rates set forth in the Depreciation Study are the most appropriate. 11 These rates reflect the combined analyses of all GMO assets through 2014 and include 12 the most appropriate recovery methods and service value of all assets. Staff's 13 recommendation of continued utilization of current rates is not a good option. 14 Recommending depreciation rates that were developed many years ago before retirement 15 dates for these facilities were known is unreasonable and ignores the critical changes that 16 have occurred in plant activity; plans for assets; combinations of assets into a consolidated company; and the most appropriate recovery patterns of the assets during 17 18 their life cycle.

19 Q: Does this conclude your surrebuttal testimony?

20 A: Yes, it does.

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company's Request for Authority to Implement A General Rate Increase for Electric Service

Case No. ER-2016-0156

AFFIDAVIT OF JOHN J. SPANOS

)

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA)
) ss
COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND)

John J. Spanos, being first duly sworn on his oath, states:

My name is John J. Spanos. I am employed by Gannett Fleming Valuation and 1. Rate Consultants, LLC as a Senior Vice President. I have been retained to serve as an expert witness to provide testimony on behalf of KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company.

2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my Surrebuttal Testimony on behalf of KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company consisting of (4) pages, having been prepared in written form for introduction into evidence in the abovecaptioned docket.

3. I have knowledge of the matters set forth therein. I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the attached testimony to the questions therein propounded, including any attachments thereto, are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

John J. Lyanos

Subscribed and sworn before me this 30th day of August, 2016.

Notary Public

My commission expires: Epnung 20, 2019

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA NOTARIAL SEAL Charyl Ann Rutter, Notary Public East Pennsboro Twp., Cumberland County My Commission Expires Fab. 20, 2019 MEMBER, PENNSYLVANIA ASSOCIATION OF NOTARIES