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Issue(s): Off-System Sales
Witness: Jaime Haro
Sponsoring Party: Union Electric Company
Type of Exhibit: Direct Testimony
File No.: ER-2014-0258

Date Testimony Prepared: July 3, 2014

### MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

FILE NO. ER-2014-0258

**DIRECT TESTIMONY** 

**OF** 

**JAIME HARO** 

 $\mathbf{ON}$ 

**BEHALF OF** 

UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a Ameren Missouri

> St. Louis, Missouri July, 2014

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1	DIRECT TESTIMONY						
2	OF						
3	JAIME HARO						
4	FILE NO. ER-2014-0258						
5	I. INTRODUCTION						
6	Q. Please state your name and business address.						
7	A. My name is Jaime Haro. My business address is One Ameren Plaza,						
8	1901 Chouteau Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri 63103.						
9	Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?						
10	A. I am Senior Director, Asset Management and Trading for Union Electric						
11	Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri ("Ameren Missouri" or "Company").						
12	Q. Please describe your educational background and employment						
13	experience.						
14	A. I received a Bachelor's degree in Electro-Mechanical Engineering from						
15	Universidad Panamericana (Mexico City, Mexico) in 1995 and a Master of Business						
16	Administration degree from Tulane University in 1998. From 1992 to 1998, I held						
17	several positions with Grupo Bursatil Mexicano ("GBM"), a leading Mexican financial						
18	services and brokerage firm, dealing with money markets, currency exchange, debt						
19	placement and risk management. In 1998, I joined AmerenEnergy Inc. ("AE") and						
20	worked as a trader of real time energy products before assuming an analytical support						
21	position in the long-term energy market trading area of AE. From 1999 to 2004, I led the						
22	group within AE that provided quantitative analysis for AE's trading operations. In						
23	2004, I became responsible for trading operations, including managing the transition to						
24	trading Ameren Missouri's power (with AE acting as Ameren Missouri's agent) in the						

- 1 Day 2 energy markets started by the Midcontinent Independent System Operator, Inc.
- 2 ("MISO") on April 1, 2005. On December 31, 2006, the Joint Dispatch Agreement
- 3 between AmerenUE and AmerenCIPS terminated, and as a result effective January 1,
- 4 2007, AE's activities were solely related to Ameren Missouri's generation asset
- 5 management, including the trading and marketing operations. On January 1, 2008,
- 6 Ameren Missouri terminated the agency relationship with AE related to generation asset
- 7 management, including the trading and marketing operations. As a result, AE employees
- 8 formerly responsible for these activities, including me, became employees of Ameren
- 9 Missouri. At that time, I assumed the title of Director, Asset Management and Trading
- 10 ("AM&T"), and added the responsibilities of marketing and asset management to my
- existing duties. On January 1, 2011, in conjunction with the dissolution of Ameren
- 12 Energy Fuels and Services Company, I assumed responsibility over gas supply for
- 13 Ameren Missouri.

### 14 O. What are your responsibilities in your current position?

- A. As Senior Director of AM&T I manage three specific areas: (i) Real Time
- Operations, (ii) Trading, and (iii) Gas Supply. My main role is providing guidance,
- oversight and coordination of activities in these areas. I am responsible for staffing,
- budgeting, goal setting, management reporting and other administrative tasks associated
- 19 with these functions.

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### II. PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY

- Q. What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?
- A. I am providing testimony in support of the level of net off-system sales
- 23 revenues included in the cost of service utilized for the purpose of setting Ameren

- 1 Missouri's rates. The level of net off-system sales revenues is also a component of the
- 2 calculation of net base energy costs, or "NBEC," against which net energy cost changes
- 3 are tracked through the Company's fuel adjustment clause ("FAC"). The calculation of
- 4 NBEC is discussed in the direct testimony of Ameren Missouri witness Laura M. Moore.

### Q. Please summarize your testimony and conclusions.

A. I have determined that at this time the appropriate level of normalized annual net off-system sales revenues to use in determining the Company's revenue requirement and to set NBEC in the Company's FAC is \$234.4 million. It must be noted that the Company intends to true-up net off-system sales revenues as of the end of the proposed true-up period in this case (December 31, 2014), at which time this value will

11 change accordingly.

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The focus of my direct testimony is on the methodology and source data for the calculation used to determine the appropriate level of normalized net off-system sales revenues. Ameren Missouri's net off-system sales are driven in large part by its load-serving obligations to its retail customers, the availability of its generation resources, and the incremental cost of operating its generating resources relative to the market prices for energy and related services (i.e., capacity and ancillary services). To the extent the level of net off-system sales experienced during the test year is not the result of normal conditions or does not properly reflect known and measurable changes, adjustments are necessary, as outlined in more detail below. Ameren Missouri has incorporated the necessary adjustments in its PROSYM production cost model (the operation of which is addressed in the direct testimony of Company witness Mark J. Peters) to determine the normalized level of the energy component of net off-system sales revenue to include in the determination of the Company's revenue requirement. Using the results obtained

- 1 from the operation of this model, and further accounting for the remaining components of
- 2 net off-system sales revenue as specified in Factor OSSR in the Company's FAC tariff,
- 3 which are described in more detail later in my testimony, I determined the appropriate
- 4 level of normalized net off-system sales revenues to use in determining the Company's
- 5 revenue requirement and to calculate Factor NBEC in the Company's FAC.
  - Q. What elements are included in your net off-system sales revenue
- 7 recommendation?

- 8 A. In the context of this proceeding, I use the term "net off-system sales
- 9 revenue" in reference to the revenue from transactions resulting from Ameren Missouri's
- trading activities after netting out the cost associated with purchasing energy from the
- 11 MISO market to meet our load requirements.
- The net revenue from these activities comes from five primary components:
- 13 (i) energy sales revenues; (ii) capacity sales revenues; (iii) ancillary services revenues;
- 14 (iv) margins associated with real time revenue sufficiency guarantee make-whole
- payment ("RSG MWP"), and (v) other miscellaneous MISO revenues. As noted, the
- 16 energy sales component is the product of modeling using the Company's PROSYM
- model, which is run under Mr. Peters' direction. The remaining components are based
- 18 upon Ameren Missouri's historical capacity sales revenues, ancillary services revenues,
- 19 real time RSG MWP margins, and miscellaneous MISO revenues, taking into account
- 20 known and measurable changes.
- Q. Please address your determination of the appropriate level of net off-
- 22 system sales revenues to include in Ameren Missouri's revenue requirement and to
- 23 set the NBEC in the FAC.

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- 1 A. I determined that the level of net off-system sales revenues that should be
- 2 included in Ameren Missouri's revenue requirement and used to set NBEC in the FAC is
- 3 \$234.4 million per year. This total is comprised of the following components:
- 4 1) \$214.5 million of net energy sales revenues;
- 5 \$5.7 million of capacity sales revenues;
- 6 3) \$11.2 million of ancillary services revenues;
- 7 4) \$3.0 million of real time RSG MWP margins; and
- 8 5) \$0.03 million of other miscellaneous MISO revenues.

### III. ENERGY SALES REVENUES

- Q. Why was the normalized level of net off-system sales of energy determined by modeling rather than utilizing actual test year net off-system sales?
- A. Modeling was used so that net off-system sales reflect a normal year, since no particular 12-month period reflects a normal year. The test year is affected by its particular weather, generation outages, fuel costs, transmission constraints, and energy prices, among many other things. In any given year, weather, prices, unit availability, and load characteristics can vary greatly from normal. Utilizing only actual data from one specific year in setting the revenue requirement would fail to account for this volatility. In order to assure that net off-system sales revenues utilized to determine the Company's cost of service and NBEC are consistent with normalized conditions, it is necessary to determine the net off-system sales based on production cost modeling using normalized loads and generation. Modeling has been used by both the Company and the Commission Staff to determine the energy component of net off-system sales revenues in all of the Company's general rate proceedings in recent history.

# 1 Q. How are net off-system sales of energy derived from the PROSYM 2 model's output?

A. PROSYM simulates Ameren Missouri's interactions with the market. As noted in Mr. Peters' testimony, Ameren Missouri is a market participant within the MISO markets. We purchase energy for our entire load from the MISO market and we separately sell all of the megawatt-hours ("MWhs") generated by our generating units to the MISO market. In a given hour, when the volume of total sales exceeds total purchases, the Company reports net off-system sales for that period. When the volume of total purchases exceeds total sales, the Company reports net off-system energy purchases. For modeling purposes however, the amounts netted out are not reported or included in the detail.

The model utilizes the inputs described in Mr. Peters' testimony to simulate the dispatch of Ameren Missouri's system by utilizing the lowest cost resources to meet the hourly load requirements. In any given period, the model dispatches generation that has dispatch costs below the hourly market price for power, presuming the unit is available for dispatch in that period. In any period where Ameren Missouri has a load requirement in excess of available generation that has a dispatch cost below the hourly market price for power, the model will report a net purchase equal to the difference between load and economical generation. In any period where Ameren Missouri has a load requirement less than available generation that has a dispatch cost below the hourly market price for power, the model will report a net sale equal to the difference between load and economical generation. The simulated net off-system sales revenues are determined based on the hourly market price received for the MWhs reported as net sales. Again, I would note that the model assumes that the dispatch of Ameren Missouri's generation is

- 1 "perfect"; that is, for example, it assumes that available generation units will always
- 2 operate at their economically optimal level in each hour and that there is no congestion
- 3 between generation and load (when in fact there often is congestion). The model also
- 4 ignores the fact that load and generation differ in real time from the previous day's
- 5 expectations, whereas in the real world, it is impossible to achieve a perfect dispatch of a
- 6 generation system considering the weather variations that affect the load, and equipment
- 7 issues affecting generators' performance.

#### 8 Q. What market price assumptions were utilized to model the dispatch of

### **Ameren Missouri's generation?**

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10 A. The PROSYM model was run using hourly energy prices which averaged

\$25.53 per MWh. That price is the average of the hourly energy prices for the 36-month

12 period ending with the anticipated true-up cutoff date in this case, December 31, 2014.

The energy prices for the 36-month period are weighted average market energy prices

actually received at Ameren Missouri's generating units (i.e., the day-ahead locational

15 marginal prices ("LMPs") in the MISO energy market actually received by Ameren

16 Missouri) during the 28-month period from January 1, 2012 through April 30, 2014 plus

around-the-clock ("ATC") basis-adjusted forward energy prices for the eight-month

period from May 1, 2014 through December 31, 2014<sup>1</sup>. I propose to replace those 18

forward energy prices with actual energy prices as part of the true-up in this case.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These forward energy prices are taken from a combination of broker quotes and published data for trading activity at the Indiana Hub (formerly known as the Cinergy Hub), a well-recognized Midwest energy trading market. The forward energy prices were adjusted for a calculated basis differential that exists between prices at the location of the Indiana Hub and the prices that are actually realized at the Ameren

- Q. Have you made any adjustments to the historical market prices to account for any severe weather anomalies which may have occurred during the data collection period?
- A. Yes. Market prices for the period of January 1, 2014 March 31, 2014, have been replaced with the average prices for the applicable peak period by month, from January, 2012 March, 2012. This adjustment is being made to account for the severe weather anomaly which has been commonly referred to as the "Polar Vortex." Adjusting the normalized market prices for such weather anomalies is consistent with past practice.
  - Q. Please explain why you chose to utilize day-ahead LMPs ("DA-LMPs") at the generator nodes.
  - A. As mentioned before, the PROSYM model simulates the dispatch of the Company's generators based on a series of inputs. This dispatching process is similar to the one followed by the MISO to determine its day-ahead commitment of all of the generators in its footprint. The result of the MISO process is, among other things, the determination of individual LMPs for each generator. It is most appropriate to use the historical prices applicable to Ameren Missouri generation for the day-ahead markets since these are the prices that determined the generation levels that produced the vast majority of Ameren Missouri's historic net off-system sales. In fact, day-ahead prices determine about 97 percent of Ameren Missouri's generation commitment and dispatch.

1	IV. CAPACITY SALES REVENUES						
2	Q. What is the level of capacity sales revenues on an annual basis that						
3	you determined was appropriate to include in total net off-system sales?						
4	A. I determined that \$5.7 million is the appropriate amount to include as						
5	capacity sales revenues, using capacity sales for delivery for the period which coincides						
6	with the end of the true-up period. This is the same approach used in the Company's last						
7	rate case and, as was done in that case, we intend to update this total based upon the						
8	twelve months ending with the last day of the true-up period in this case as part of the						
9	true-up phase of this proceeding.						
10	V. ANCILLARY SERVICES REVENUES						
11	Q. What level of annual ancillary services revenues did you determine						
12	was appropriate to include in total net off-system sales?						
13	A. I have concluded that the test year level of ancillary services revenues,						
14	\$11.2 million, is the appropriate level to include in total net off-system sales. As was						
15	done in the prior case, we intend to true-up this level through December 2014, based						
16	upon data for the twelve month period ending December 31, 2014.						
17 18 19	VI. REAL TIME REVENUE SUFFICIENCY GUARANTEE MAKE-WHOLE PAYMENT MARGINS						
20	Q. What level of real time revenue sufficiency guarantee make-whole						
21	payment margins did you determine was appropriate to include in net off-system						
22	sales?						
23	A. As noted above these revenues are \$3.0 million. I determined this level of						
24	margins by utilizing the percentage used to determine the real time RSG MWP margins						
25	as part of the true-up phase of the prior case, which was 51 percent and multiplying it by						

- 1 the \$5.9 million in real time RSG MWPs for the test year. Consistent with the
- 2 methodology employed in each of the last three rate cases, we intend to update this
- 3 percentage as part of the true-up process, to reflect actual amounts during the twelve
- 4 months ending with the last day of the true-up period.

### 5 VII. MISCELLANEOUS MISO RELATED REVENUES

- **Q.** What are the miscellaneous MISO related revenues?
- 7 A. These are receipts related to inadvertent energy from MISO, and they
- 8 totaled \$30,934 during the test year. Consistent with other components, we intend to
- 9 true-up this level through December 2014, based upon data for the twelve month period
- 10 ending December 31, 2014.
- 11 Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony?
- 12 A. Yes, it does.

## BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Union Electi d/b/a Ameren Missouri's Tar Increase Its Revenues for Ele	riffs to	) ) )	Case No. ER-2014-02	258				
A	AFFIDAVIT O	F JAIME I	HARO					
STATE OF MISSOURI	) ) ss							
CITY OF ST. LOUIS	)							
Jaime Haro, being first duly	sworn on his o	ath, states:						
1. My name is Ja	aime Haro. I v	vork in the C	City of St. Louis, Misson	uri, and I				
am employed by Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri as Senior Director,								
Asset Management and Trad	ing.							
2. Attached here	to and made a	part hereof f	for all purposes is my D	irect				
Testimony on behalf of Unio	n Electric Con	npany d/b/a	Ameren Missouri consi	sting of				
10 pages and Schedule(s)	N/A		all of which have beer	n prepared				
in written form for introducti	on into eviden	ce in the abo	ove-referenced docket.					
3. I hereby swea	r and affirm th	at my answe	ers contained in the attac	ched				
testimony to the questions the	erein propound	led are true a	and correct.					
		Jaime Hard						
Subscribed and sworn to before	ore me this <u>2 N</u>	day of _	Joedstork, 20	)14.				
My commission expires: <b>b</b>	lie	Notary Put	olic					