Exhibit Number:

Issue(s):

Witness: Gay Smith
Sponsoring Party: MoPSC Staff
Case Number: TW-97-333

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION UTILITY OPERATIONS DIVISION DIVISION

10 - 1

COMMUNITY OPTIONAL SERVICE INVESTIGATION

CASE No. TW-97-333

FILED

APR 1 1 1997

MISSOURI **PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION** 

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

GAY SMITH

JEFFERSON CITY, MISSOURI APRIL, 1997

#### Direct Testimony

#### Of

#### Gay Smith

# Missouri Public Service Commission Case No. TW-97-333

•

- Q. Please state your name and give your business address.
- A. Gay Smith, P.O. Box 360, Jefferson City, Missouri, 65102.
- Q. By whom are you employed?
- A. I am employed by the Missouri Public Service Commission (Commission).
  - Q. How long have you been employed by this Commission?
  - A. Since January, 1987.
  - Q. What are your duties and responsibilities with the Commission?
- A. I am employed as a Rate and Tariff Examiner III within the Telecommunications Department of the Utility Operations Division. My responsibilities are to review, analyze, and make recommendations to the Commission related to tariff filings, certificate applications, interconnection agreements, expanded calling issues, rate design, and other various telecommunications industry proposals.
  - Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?
- A. The purpose of my testimony is to describe the existing Community Optional Service (COS) plan. I will then separately describe my understanding of the two straw proposals as identified in the Commission's Order Establishing Docket and originally proposed by Southwestern Bell in Case No. TT-96-398. These two straw proposals are the "one-way reciprocal COS" proposal and the "800 number based service" proposal. I intend to describe and comment on both these proposals before I specifically address

1 2

3

4 5

6 7 8

9 10

11 12

14

13

15

16 17

18

19

20 21

22

23

24 25

26

27

the seven questions posed by the Commission for this docket.

#### Existing Two-Way COS

- Please explain the existing two-way COS offering. Q.
- COS is a unique Missouri Plan offered in certain qualifying Α. The Commission must receive a petition from consumers exchanges. requesting expanded calling to the targeted exchange(s) where they have a community of interest. The target exchange is not required to be a contiguous exchange next to the petitioning exchange. The Commission directs the petitioning exchange company to do a calling study of the toll traffic to the target exchange to determine if a community of interest criteria can be met. If the petitioning exchange passes the community of interest calling criteria, the Commission then orders the petitioning and target exchange companies as well as the Primary Toll Carrier (PTC) to implement the COS route(s). The COS plan allows a customer in a petitioning exchange to subscribe to the optional plan, pay a flat monthly rate and place unlimited toll-free calls to any telephone number in a target exchange. A unique feature to the COS plan is that any customer in the target exchange, without signing up for the plan or paying toll charges, may make unlimited calls to COS subscribers in the petitioning exchange.
- Q. Does COS allow the petitioning exchange COS subscriber to call toll-free any telephone number in the target exchange?
- Yes as well as any telephone number within the local calling scope of the target exchange. Therefore, the COS calling scope includes toll-free calling to the targeted exchange and the Extended Area Service

Direct Testimony of Gay Smith Case No. TW-97-333

(EAS) exchanges of the target exchange. For example, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company's Linn exchange has COS to United Telephone Company of Missouri d/b/a Sprint's (United) Jefferson City exchange which has EAS to the Taos, St. Thomas, Brazito, Centertown, New Bloomfield, Russellville, and Eugene exchanges. Therefore, the Linn exchange COS subscribers can call on a toll-free basis all of the customers in the Jefferson City exchange and all the customers located in Jefferson City's EAS exchanges. Therefore, this inclusion of the targeted exchange EAS points has the potential of expanding the petitioning exchange calling scope significantly if the target exchange has EAS.

- Q. What is the current dialing pattern used for two-way COS?
- A. Currently, the dialing pattern used for two-way COS is predominantly 1+ from the petitioning and target exchanges. However, as Ms. Bourneuf stated in her surrebuttal testimony in Case No. TT-96-398, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company provides COS from its petitioning exchanges on a seven-digit dialed basis.
- Q. Ms. Smith can you please describe the current COS compensation arrangement?
- A. Currently, COS is provision by the PTCs as an optional long distance toll service with intercompany compensation based on access charges. The Secondary Carriers (SCs) bill the COS charges on behalf of the PTCs. The PTCs receive the COS revenues, through the SCs, and pay intercompany compensation to the SCs in the form of access charges.
  - Q. Currently, how many COS routes are there?
  - A. Schedule No. 1 provides a matrix of all existing COS organized

Direct Testimony of Gay Smith Case No. TW-97-333

by the petitioning exchange Local Exchange Company (LEC). The matrix further groups this information according to the targeted exchange LEC and the PTC serving the petitioning exchange. In addition Schedule No. 2 provides a graph illustrating all COS routes implemented by year. Schedule No. 3 is a list of all pending COS petitions.

#### "One-Way Reciprocal COS" Straw Proposal

- Q. What is your understanding of the one-way reciprocal COS plan?
- A. As I understand it customers in the petitioning exchange could continue to make unlimited toll-free calls to the target exchange's local calling area for a flat-rate monthly charge, but customers in the target exchange must subscribe to COS for toll-free unlimited calling to the petitioning exchange.
- Q. Do you have any concerns with the one-way reciprocal COS proposal?
- A. Yes, I have concerns regarding the following issues: local calling scope, compensation between SCs and PTCs, implementation of new routes, charge for the service, and customer confusion.
- Q. Please explain your concerns with the local calling scope as it relates to one-way reciprocal COS.
- A. The one-way reciprocal COS plan is unclear whether the toll-free calling area available to the target exchange will include the petitioning exchange and the petitioning exchange's EAS exchanges. For instance, as previously discussed existing COS allows COS subscribers in the petitioning exchange to have toll-free calling to the targeted exchange and its EAS exchanges. Will the petitioning exchange's EAS calling scope

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

the targeted exchange? If so, this aspect of the proposal concerns me because it greatly expands the toll-free calling area presently available to callers located in the targeted exchange. In my opinion, if the Commission were to provide the same local calling scope on the reciprocal one-way COS back to the petitioning exchange the Commission would clearly be expanding the toll-free calling area presently offered through COS. I don't believe that the Commission should attempt to expand COS. Such expansion raises additional concerns regarding such issues as revenue losses and revenue neutrality.

be included in the toll-free calling area of the COS subscriber located in

- Q. Ms. Smith describe your concern with the implementation of new COS routes.
- My primary concern is how to conduct the calling usage studies. Α. Local competition and intraLATA presubscription complicates this process because additional carriers would be involved in handling this traffic. To perform a complete study of all traffic originating in the petitioning exchange and terminating in the targeted exchange additional carriers would need to track their respective traffic. Additionally, tracking this traffic from various carriers is further complicated due to coordination problems in collecting data for the same time frame for all respective customers. At this time, it is not known how readily these carriers could keep track of their respective traffic for the same time frame and for a Based on my previous experience it is very particular route/exchange. difficult for other carriers to track specific calling from one exchange to another exchange. This difficulty was exemplified in Case No. TO-90-42

Direct Testimony of Gay Smith Case No. TW-97-333

where the Commission directed Staff to collect data from an interexchange carrier whereby Staff experienced a great deal of difficulty in gathering the data. There is also the issue of the calling usage study generating additional administrative cost related to all carriers.

- Q. Do you recommend establishing a new method for calling usage studies?
- A. No. I would simply recommend that the Commission dismiss all pending COS petitions that the Commission has either not received the calling usage study results on as of the effective date of the order of this case or has failed to meet the criteria. I also recommend that the Commission not accept any future COS petitions and grandfather all existing COS routes. Future COS calling studies will simply be too difficult to tabulate all the traffic originating from a petitioning exchange and terminating to a targeted exchange.
  - Q. What concern do you have regarding the existing COS charge?
- A. The Commission stated in its Report and Order issued December 23, 1992 in Case No. TO-92-306 (which established the metropolitan and the outstate calling plans) that two-way COS more adequately addressed customers' desires than one-way COS and therefore should be considered a premium service, at a premium rate. Therefore, I believe if two-way COS is reduced to a one-way service the value of the service decreases and the rates should decrease accordingly.
- Q. What would be your recommendation for the rate of one-way reciprocal COS?
  - A. I have previously stated in GTE's intraLATA presubscription

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Direct Testimony of Gay Smith Case No. TW-97-333

case, Case No. TT-96-398, and United's intraLATA presubscription case, Case No. TO-97-253, that without adequate data and time to review the full impact, I recommended a fifty percent (50%) reduction of the current two-way COS rate based on its decrease in value. At this time I have not seen any evidence to change my previous recommendation.

#### "800 Number Based Service" Straw Proposal

- Q. Can you explain your understanding of the 800 number based service as an alternative for two-way COS?
- Yes. It is my understanding that existing two-way COS subscribers would experience no change in their COS service but would be assigned a second telephone number, which would be an 800/888 prefix Their current local telephone number would remain telephone number. The 800 number could be called toll-free by all customers in the COS target exchange. The 800 number would be restricted so that calling to the number was only toll-free from the COS target exchange associated with that customer's COS service. In other words, callers from any other exchanges than the target COS exchange could not dial the 800 number toll-free. In addition, SWB's witness Bourneuf indicated that the 800 number based service could be offered as an option for COS subscribers. That COS could be modified to a one-way only service with the option of purchasing the return feature thereby essentially having a two-way service for an additive rate. The sum of the basic, one-way COS rate and the additive rate for the return calling feature would equal the current twoway rate. Customers who did not subscribe to the basic, one-way COS could not purchase the COS 800 number based service feature.

6 7

5

8 9

10 11 12

13 14

15

16

17 18

19

20 21

22

23

24 25

26

27

- Who would be responsible for provisioning the 800 service?
- Α. If the service is to remain a toll service as indicated in the Commission's Order Establishing Docket it would be the involved PTC.
- Would there be compensation issues regarding 800 alternative?
- It's unclear. Based on SWB's description of the 800 number based service, I'm not sure what the end-user customer would actually pay nor the settlement for intercompany compensation.
  - What is unclear regarding the end-user customer's rate?
- Ms. Bourneuf indicates a customer with the return calling capability will pay the same total amount as the current COS rates of \$16.00 residential, \$33.50 business. According to Ms. Bourneuf this total amount includes the customer's basic local exchange rate, the one-way COS rate, and the additive rate for the return calling feature. I'm unclear about the specific rate levels for these elements. For example, assuming an average residential local rate of \$7.25 and a one-way COS rate of \$8.00, that would leave the additive feature rate at \$0.75 to equal \$16.00. Using these same figures what happens if a residential customer's local rate is \$8.00 or more? Will there be no additive rate for return calling capability? Ms. Bourneuf's proposed rate structure is confusing because the additive rate for return calling capability the rate will vary by company and will also vary between exchanges within a company.
  - What is unclear regarding the intercompany compensation?
- Α. I understand that the 800 number based service would be a toll service and handled by the PTC, and that compensation could continue

Direct Testimony of Gay Smith Case No. TW-97-333

through access. However, as set out in my previous example regarding the end-user rates, how would the gains or losses from the collective rate be handled and by whom? In other words, would the losses or gains by exchange be settled by the PTC or would the one-way COS rate or the return calling feature rate vary by exchange?

- Q. Do you have any special concerns regarding the 800 number based service proposal?
- A. I have a major concern with the availability of numbers to support this alternative and especially if this service is expanded with the implementation of new routes. The utilization of 800/888 numbers would contribute to the depletion of those numbers at a much faster pace then projected. It would also prevent the general use of 800 numbers by all carriers to provision toll-free calling services.

The utilization of available 800 NPA numbers is 99.9%. The new 888 NPA numbers were implemented in March 1996 and already there is a utilization of 42.8% as of March 15, 1997. Based on actual 888 NPA number utilization growth it is possible available 888 NPA numbers will exhaust by November 1998. However, the 800 Number Administration Committee in their presentation of the 877 implementation plan before the Federal Communications Commission (FCC), stated that if carriers were to expedite their utilization of 888 NPAs in reserve, it could be exhausted as early as November 1997. The 800 Number Administration Committee also proposed before the FCC the implementation of the 877 NPA to start April 4, 1998. Based on this information, if the Commission were to adopt an 800 number alternative for existing two-way COS subscribers and continued to add new

Direct Testimony of Gay Smith Case No. TW-97-333

COS routes it could generate a shortage of these numbers much sooner than even anticipated by the 800 Number Administration Committee.

- Q. Do you believe limiting the usage of the 800 number alternative to existing COS routes would minimize the depletion of the numbers?
- A. Perhaps. It's logical to assume it would decrease the pace of the usage of numbers. However, given the number of COS routes and the number of potential COS takers, it will still use a significant amount of 800 numbers.
- Q. Are there any other issues you want to mention regarding the 800 number based service?
- A. Yes three issues should be addressed: telephone directory listings, directory assistance, and customer confusion.
- Q. With the 800 number based service what concerns do you have with telephone directory listings?
- A. From my previous experience with expanded calling services, endusers often place a great deal of emphasis on their telephone directory listings. When considering how telephone directory listings would be handled with the 800 service the first issue I think about is which telephone number would appear in the local telephone directory. Would it be the 800 number, the customer's local telephone number, or both telephone numbers listed in the telephone directory? If both numbers are listed in the directory, will customers know that the 800 number is toll-free only when called from the target exchange? Also, if both telephone numbers are listed in the directory, then who is going to be responsible for paying for the additional line listing? Will it be the end-user, the petitioning

exchange LEC or the PTC?

- Q. With the 800 number based service what concerns do you have with directory assistance?
- A. In conjunction with the telephone directory listing one also has to consider directory assistance. Today in order to reach 800 directory assistance one simply dials 1+800+555-1212 similar to reaching long distance directory assistance which is 1+Area Code+555-1212. The question is which directory assistance local or 800, would the customer have to dial? In addition would local directory assistance provide upon request both the local telephone number and the 800 telephone number? Also if local directory assistance provides the 800 telephone number would they state that the number is toll-free but only when called from the target exchange? To consider such detail may seem inappropriate at this time however, if deciding which alternative may be best for customers during this transition period all details associated with a given plan must be considered.
- Q. What customer confusion concerns do you have with an 800 number based service?
- A. I believe an 800 number based service will create a great deal of customer confusion directly related to the assignment of a second telephone number. I recall in past COS arrangements that two-way COS was provisioned utilizing Remote Call Forwarding (RCF) with the assignment of a second number in order for return calling to be toll-free back to a COS subscriber. Customers were confused with the second number assignment and the confusion generated a number of calls to the LECs and the Commission.

\_

#### Staff's Proposal

Most of the inquiries dealt with explaining why the service was provisioned

opinion, to provision two-way COS utilizing an 800 number would be even

more confusing than the RCF for one very distinct reason. Customers have

a mind set that all 800 telephone numbers are toll-free regardless of where

it is called from or any special arrangement. I realize that not all 800

numbers are necessarily toll-free but nonetheless it is the general

public's perception. Again with a second number assignment there would

in this manner and how customers would know which number to dial.

- Q. Ms. Smith, given your understanding and comments on the one-way reciprocal and the 800 number based service, which one would you recommend for a solution?
  - A. I can not support either proposal.

also be the directory and directory assistance issues.

- Q. Why?
- A. I believe the only reasonable solution at this time is one-way only COS. It's my belief that with the changing telecommunications environment, one-way COS would be the best transitional service to migrate customers from the traditional monopoly environment to the new competitive environment.
  - Q. Can you explain your recommendation for one-way only COS?
- A. In contrast to the one-way reciprocal proposal, one-way COS would allow customers in the petitioning exchange to make unlimited toll-free calls to any telephone number in a target exchange for a flat-rate monthly charge. Customers in the targeted exchange would pay toll charges

12 13 14

11

15 16

17 18

19 20

2122

23

24

25

2627

for return calls to all customers in the petitioning exchange. The calling scope for one-way only COS would include toll-free calling to the targeted exchange and the EAS exchanges of the target exchange. The dialing pattern for one-way COS would be 1+ from the petitioning exchange to the target exchange. One-way only COS would be provisioned by the involved PTC as an optional long distance toll service with intercompany compensation based on access charges. One-way COS would not require changes of telephone numbers, directory listings, or directory assistance.

- Q. Please explain when COS should change to a one-way service.
- A. I recommend all existing two-way COS routes be modified to the one-way service at the same time. Any changes to COS will create a great deal of consumer complaints and inquiries. In my opinion the Commission and companies will be best able to address these complaints and inquiries if COS is changed for all customers at the same time. A simultaneous transition will also eliminate customers "looking over the fence" and seeing a neighboring exchange with COS in its present form while they were switched to one-way COS.
  - Q. What about pending COS petitions and future COS routes?
- A. I recommend the dismissal of all pending COS routes for which implementation orders have not been issued as of the effective day of the Commission's order in this case. If calling usage study results for a pending petition have not been submitted to the Commission by the effective date of the order for this case, then the case that has been generated by the petition should be dismissed.
  - Q. Can you explain further why at this time one-way COS is more

reasonable than at any other time?

A. I believe that to establish a more competitive environment the Commission should minimize the extent of mandated services. Expanded calling has been an issue in Missouri since the late 1960's and early 1970's when the Commission began to hear from customers who wanted expanded flat rate local calling. The Commission has conducted a number of generic investigations concerning expanded local calling. Over the years, LECs have implemented a number of Commission-approved expanded calling plans aimed at meeting customers' needs and desires. Despite these efforts, customer discontent has continued. Much of this dissatisfaction has arisen from customers "looking over the fence". In addition to all this in past expanded local calling scope dockets, Staff has identified that we are generally addressing an out-cry from a very small percentage of customers compared to the total number of telecommunication consumers in Missouri.

I fear that should the adoption of either one of the straw plans occur, the Commission would only establish a band-aid fix. I strongly believe one-way COS should be subsumed in a competitive environment which would result in the most appropriate and permanent solution. I am not suggesting that one-way COS would be subsumed over night by competition but realize it would be retained in each route until competition enters into that area. This entry of competition in some areas could potentially be several years coming. However, I do believe that the one-way COS service would be the most viable transitional service from a monopoly environment to a competitive environment.

I realize that such a decision would create a dramatic change

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20 21

22

23 24

25 26

27

that would be extremely unpopular and painful to the COS customer, the Commission, and the telecommunications industry. However, if given the option of upsetting and dealing with the customers and the telecommunications industry only once versus two or three times over this same issue, I would certainly choose once. Having considered the changing environment and looking at the whole picture which addresses intraLATA presubscription, local competition, dialing parity, access reform, PTC plan changes, and the establishment of a state universal service fund, I believe that it's time to begin making changes to fit the changing environment.

#### One-Way Reciprocal COS vs. 800 Number Based Service

- Q. If the Commission simply wanted you to choose between the oneway reciprocal COS plan versus the 800 number based service which alternative would you choose?
- If I had to choose one over the other I would choose the oneway reciprocal. The one-way reciprocal plan requires fewer changes from the existing two-way COS plan. The Commission should not change existing calling scopes. The calling scope from the petitioning exchange to the targeted exchange could remain the targeted exchange and its EAS points, however the reciprocal calling from the targeted exchange should be limited to the petitioning exchange only and none of its EAS points.

#### Response to Issue #1

- Q. Is the appropriate pricing mechanism for one-way COS with reciprocal service the same as set out by the Staff in Case No. TT-96-398? If not, so indicate and substantiate an alternative proposal.
- Α. Yes. The one-way COS rate will need to be modified for either the one-way reciprocal or the one-way only COS. Previously in Case No.

TT-96-398 and Case No. TO-97-253 I recommended a fifty percent (50%) reduction of the existing two-way COS rate, given my time limitations to gather and calculate data. At this time I have not seen any evidence to change my prior proposal.

Response to Issue #2

- Q. Shall all competitive LECs be required to offer this service?
- A. No. I believe that as competition progresses competitive LECs will propose services compatible to or better than COS. Competitive LECs should simply have the opportunity to offer such plans. Thus, COS should be available for resale.

Response to Issue #3

- Q. What, if any, change must be made in the primary toll carrier (PTC) plan to accommodate or accomplish the proposed COS changes herein?
- A. I do not see any specific changes for the PTC plan in order to implement my recommendations.

Response to Issue #4

- Q. Shall the Commission stay all pending and future COS applications?
- A. Yes. As I have mentioned previously, I would recommend all COS cases be dismissed for all pending COS petitions whereby calling study results have not yet been submitted to the Commission. I also recommend that no future COS petitions be accepted.

#### Response to Issue #5

- Q. What is the participants' proposal for educating the public?
- A. I would make the following list of recommendations and list of suggested optional considerations:

1

### 2

3

4 5

6

7 8

9

10 11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25

26

27

#### Recommendations -

- 1) The Commission's Information Officer should issue a press release indicating the change in service and why, the effective date of the new service, and the date by which customers must call their telephone company to change their account before the effective date of the new service, and the Commission's Hotline and/or Voice-Mail telephone number which would be to all media listed in the current Missouri State Official Manual;
- 2) A brief information brochure should be developed by all involved parties to be included in each petitioning and targeted exchange customer's bill. This brochure should include why the service is being changed, the effective date of the new service, a deadline date for customers who may want to change their account prior to the effective date to avoid fractional billing, the telephone contact numbers for the LEC and the Missouri Public Service Commission, and a positive statement informing customers of other future telecommunications changes (i.e., local competition and Internet access); and
- 3) The Commission's home page should have detailed information explaining the changes and why the changes are necessary in addition to an on-line form for filing complaints.

Suggested Optional Considerations - (Note: The remaining

considerations should not be mandated by the Commission. Instead these considerations are provided simply as additional ideas for the parties to consider.)

- The Commissioners and Staff should conduct an open forum meeting by invitation from the Commission to the members of the general assembly, to discuss why changes were made to COS. I make this recommendation based on the success of a previous meeting which dealt with the expanded calling services established by Case No. TO-92-306;
- 2) Telephone companies' public relations managers should conduct information forums with community and business leaders; and
- 3) The telephone companies and the Commission should establish a toll-free number with a Voice Mail menu with options for information regarding the changes which would not only provide education for the consumer but would also provide an option to leave the mailbox to speak directly to a consumer representative if questions were not answered.

#### Response to Issue #6

- Q. Ms. Smith do you have any comments regarding the Commission's request that participants explore and discuss the potential for a LATAwide or statewide flat-rate calling scope?
- A. Yes. I believe that any LATAwide or statewide plan should not be mandated by the Commission. If a plan is offered by an incumbent LEC

then it should be available for resale.

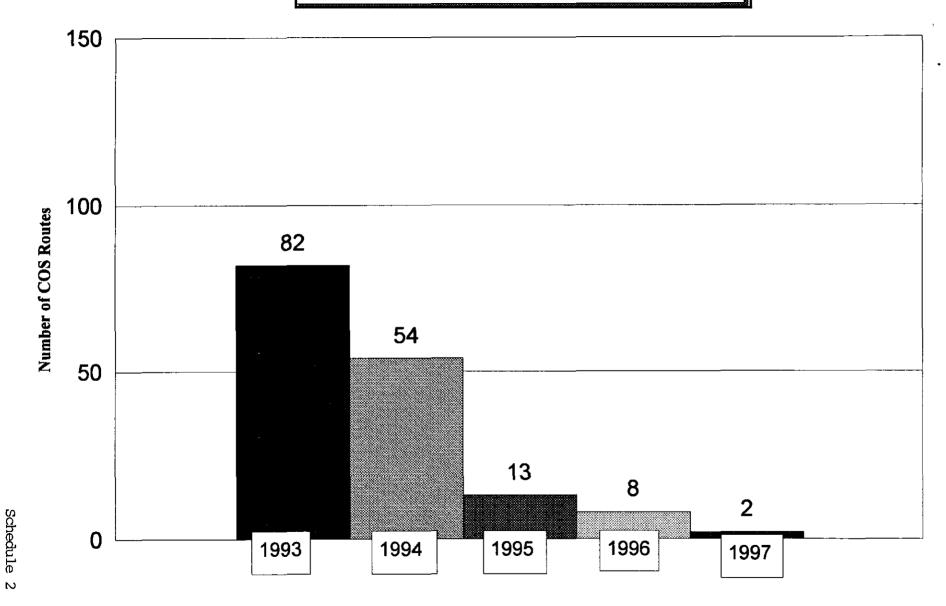
- Q. Ms. Smith do you have any further comments regarding any other issues?
  - A. No.
  - Q. Could you please summarize your testimony?
- A. Yes. I provided an explanation on how the existing two-way COS is provisioned I discussed the one-way reciprocal COS and the 800 number based service alternatives as outline by the Commission. My ultimate recommendation is for the Commission to dismiss both alternatives and instead implement one-way COS. I also recommend that all two-way COS routes be modified to one-way service at the same time and all pending COS petitions be dismissed if no calling usage study has been submitted to the Commission prior to the Commission's order and that all future COS petitions be rejected. Finally, I've responded to the six issues posed by the Commission in its Order Establishing Docket.
  - Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
  - A. Yes.

### COS Routes by Originating/Terminating Local Exchange Company

	Originating Exchange	Primary	Targeted Exchange	Primary	
No. of COS Routes	Locally Served by:	Toll Carrier	Locally Served by:	Toll Carrier	
11	Alltel	SWB	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
4	Alltel	GTE	GTE	GTE	
1	BPS	SWB	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
2	Chariton Valley	SWB	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
2	Craw-Kan	SWB	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
1	Goodman	SWB	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
2	Grand River	SWB	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
1	Grand River	SWB	United Telephone	UTS	
1	Grand River	SWB	GTE	GTE	
11	Green Hills	SWB	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
31	GTE	GTE	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
25	GTE	GTE	GTE	GTE	
7	GTE	GTE	United Telephone	UTS	
3	GTE	GTE	Fidelity	Fidelity	
2	Kingdom	SWB	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
1	Kingdom	SWB	GTE	GTE	
2	KLM	SWB	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
7	Mark Twain	SWB	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
1	Mark Twain	SWB	GTE	GTE	
9	Mid-Missouri	SWB	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
1	Modern Telephone	SWB	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
1	New Florence	SWB	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
1	New London	SWB	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
2	Northeast MO Rural	SWB	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
1	Northeast MO Rural	SWB	GTE	GTE	
1	Northeast MO Rural	SWB	Alltel	SWB	
1	Peace Valley	GTE	GTE	GTE	
6	Southwestern Bell	SWB	United Telephone	UTS	
6	Southwestern Bell	SWB	Southwestern Bell	SWB	
2	Stoutland	SWB	United Telephone	UTS	
5	United Telephone	UTS	United Telephone	UTS	
8	United Telephone	UTS	Southwestern Bell	SWB	

Total Number of COS Routes = 159

## COS Routes Implemented by Year



### PENDING COS CASES

Date <u>Filed</u>	Case No.	Route	Studied/ Pending	Criteria Passed/ Failed	Order Status
7/11/96	TO-97-15	Wright City to St. Louis, Warrenton	studied	failed	Dismissal
10/09/96	TO-97-146	Greenville to Poplar Bluff	studied	failed	Dismissal
10/21/96	TO-97-160	Kimberling City to Branson, Blue Eyes & Branson West	studied	failed	Dismissal
12/04/96	TO-97-223	Vienna to Jefferson City	due 4/97		
12/18/96	TO-97-244	Neosho to Joplin	due 5/97		
02/19/97	TO-97-330	Deerfield to Nevada	due 6/97		
02/20/97	TO-97-336	Knoxville to Richmond	due 6/97		
02/25/97	TO-97-350	Clarence to Macon	due 7/97		
03/07/97	TO-97-370	Stewartsville to St. Joseph	pending		
03/25/97	TO-97-400	Gower to Kansas City	due 7/97		

## BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of an Investigation into the Provision of Community Optional Calling Service in Missouri.

Case No. TW-97-333

#### **AFFIDAVIAT OF GAY SMITH**

STATE OF MISSOURI	)	
	)	SS
COUNTY OF COLE	)	

Gay Smith of lawful age on her oath states: that she has participated in the preparation of the foregoing Direct Testimony in question and answer form, consisting of 19 pages and schedules consisting of 3 pages to be presented in the above-referenced case; that the answers in the foregoing DirectTestimony were given by her; that she has knowledge of the matters set forth in such answers; and that such matters are true and correct to the best of her knowledge and belief.

Gay Smith

Subscribed and sworn to before me this ////da

\_ 199**7** 

NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF MISSOURI

My Commission Expires: COLE COUNTY

- MY COMMISSION EAP. SEPT 22,1997

Service List Case No. TW-97-333 Revised: April 11, 1997

Craig S. Johnson 301 East McCarty P. O. Box 1438 Jefferson City, MO 65102

James C. Stroo GTE Telephone Operations 1000 GTE Drive, P. O. Box 307 Wentzville, MO 63385

Linda K. Gardner United Telephone Company 5454 W. 110th Street, 10th Floor Overland Park, KS 66211

Carl J. Lumley Leland B. Curtis 130 S. Bemiston, Ste. 200 Clayton, MO 63105

Julie Grimaldi
Julie Thomas Bowles
Sprint Communications Company
8140 Ward Parkway, 5E
Kansas City, MO 64114

Douglas Trabaris Madelon Kuchera Teleport Communications Group 233 S. Wacher Dr., Suite 2100 Chicago, IL 60606 Mark W. Comley Newman, Comley & Ruth 205 East Capitol Avenue Jefferson City, MO 65102-0537

W. R. England Sondra B. Morgan 312 East Capitol Avenue Jefferson City, MO 65102

Paul G. Lane/Diana J. Harter Leo J. Bub/Anthony K. Conroy Southwestern Bell Telephone Co. 100 North Tucker, Room 630 St. Louis, MO 63101-1976

Paul S. DeFord Lathrop & Gage 2345 Grand Blvd., Ste. 2500 Kansas City, MO 64108

Stephen F. Morris MCI Telecommunications Corporation 701 Brazos, Suite 600 Austin, TX 78701

Paul H. Gardner 131 East High Street Jefferson City, MO 65101

The Office of the Public Counsel P. O. Box 7800 Jefferson City, MO 65102

25.