Exhibit No.:

Issue(s): Renewable Energy

Rider & Net Metering

Investigation

Witness: Cedric E. Cunigan

Sponsoring Party: MoPSC Staff
Type of Exhibit: Rebuttal Testimony
Case Nos.: ER-2018-0145 and

ER-2018-0146

Date Testimony Prepared: August 7, 2018

# MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMMISSION STAFF DIVISION ENGINEERING ANALYSIS DEPARTMENT

# REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

**CEDRIC E. CUNIGAN** 

KANSAS CITY POWER & LIGHT COMPANY CASE NO. ER-2018-0145

**AND** 

KCP&L GREATER MISSOURI OPERATIONS CASE NO. ER-2018-0146

> Jefferson City, Missouri August 2018

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6	AND
7 8	KCP&L GREATER MISSOURI OPERATIONS CASE NO. ER-2018-0146
9	Q. Please state your name and business address.
10	A. My name is Cedric Cunigan. My business address is 200 Madison Street
11	Jefferson City, Missouri 65101.
12	Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
13	A. I am employed by the Missouri Public Service Commission ("Commission") a
14	a Utility Engineering Specialist.
15	Q. Have you previously provided your educational background and work
16	experience in these cases?
17	A. Yes. My educational background and work experience is included in the
18	credentials filed in these cases with Staff's Direct Cost of Service Report on June 19, 2018.
19	Q. What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?
20	A. The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to respond to the Direct Testimony o
21	Kimberly H. Winslow and Bradley D. Lutz related to Kansas City Power and Ligh
22	Company's ("KCPL") and KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company's ("GMO"
23	proposed Renewable Energy Rider. I will also be providing Staff's recommendation required
24	by Commissioner Rupp's Order Directing Staff to Investigate Allegation, issued or
25	July 2, 2018.

#### RENEWABLE ENERGY RIDER

- Q. What is your general opinion of the Renewable Energy Rider?
- A. The Renewable Energy Rider offers a service that would benefit the subscribing customers and should be offered. However, Staff recommends that the rider be changed to limit exposure of non-subscribing customers to the program risks. The subscribers and the Company should incur the costs and revenues associated with any additional resources necessary for the program, as the resources are not necessary for general service. As outlined in the Rebuttal Testimonies of Brooke Richter and Catherine Lucia, Staff recommends that non-subscribing customers are not held responsible for costs of the unsubscribed portion of the resources under this program, and that these costs are not flowed through the FAC. This would limit the need for certain constraints on the program to protect the general ratepayers.

If the Commission determines that the unsubscribed portion of the program should be covered by the general ratepayers, Staff proposes that only net positive revenues, as determined by a 6-month accumulation period, be flowed through the FAC. Staff has also identified areas of the rider that should be changed to protect all customers and limit risks to non-subscribers.

- Q. What areas of the rider require changes and why?
- A. The following sections of the proposed rider should be altered:

## **Availability Section**

The availability section discusses the limits of the program. The total program is combined between the KCPL KS, KCPL MO, and GMO jurisdictions. The initial resource offering is limited to a total nameplate capacity of 100 MW to 200 MW to be shared between the three jurisdictions, but there is no limit on its expansion size. The allocation of energy between jurisdictions is to be based on the subscription share for

that jurisdiction and is subject to change as subscribers join or exit the program. This affects the unsubscribed portion that, as the rider is currently written, would be assumed by the utility and covered by the ratepayers for that jurisdiction. This uncertainty and risk should not be placed on the general rate payers as the resources in question are not needed, and the PPAs would not have been entered into absent this program. In addition, tracking for the program becomes more difficult with regard to the FAC. Staff witnesses Brooke Richter and Catherine Lucia discuss some of the tracking issues in their rebuttal testimonies. Staff would have no issue with the allocation of energy between jurisdictions if the resources are not covered by ratepayers.

## Transfer or Termination

This section discusses fees for terminating a participation agreement early or defaulting. A subscriber who terminates is required to pay "any associated costs and administration associated with termination of the subscribed renewable resource," but there is nothing in the rider outlining how those costs are calculated. The method of calculating this cost and a timeline for any adjustments to said costs should be included in the rider. The tariff also states that "such termination charge may be adjusted if and to the extent another Customer requests service under this schedule and fully assumes the obligation." Staff would not be opposed to adjustments of the termination charge, but it should be limited to instances when the resource is fully subscribed prior to the termination. Any customers requesting service should be served from the unsubscribed portion of the resource first, before covering any portion resulting from termination of a participation agreement. This is only an issue in the case where ratepayers cover the cost of the unsubscribed portion of the resource.

# Renewable Contracts Supporting Economic Development

This section of the rider describes a program that allows for making an agreement with one customer that would not fall under all of the terms of the rider. It allows for greater flexibility in coming to agreements with individuals and the general ratepayers are held harmless from the results of these agreements. The rider states the agreements "will be structured in such a way as to ensure recovery of all related costs

from the requesting customer," but does not provide any information as to how these costs will be determined. It is also stated that the same renewable resources used for the Renewable Energy Rider program may be used for customers under this subsection of the rider. Because agreements made under the Renewable Contracts Supporting Economic Development section do not need to follow the other terms of the Renewable Energy Rider, a situation could be created where customers receive preferential pricing for access to the same resource being provided by the utility. Resources used for the Renewable Energy Rider should be used solely under the terms of the Renewable Energy Rider. Renewable Contracts Supporting Economic Development should be removed and offered under a separate rider with its own terms and conditions.

# **Program Provisions and Special Terms**

Item 4. States:

"Customer participation in this Program may be limited by the Company to balance Customer demand with available qualified Renewable Energy resources, adequate transmission facilities, and capacity."

However, a process for limiting the program has not been outlined in the tariff. Staff is concerned that this process could result in preferential treatment for certain customers if a specific procedure is not outlined in the tariff. The program should be offered on a first come, first served basis to all applicable customers. The larger customers should not be given preference when limiting the resource.

Item 8. discusses the treatment of any unsubscribed portion of the resource. As currently written, the unsubscribed energy and associated RECs would be incorporated into energy provided to retail customers and allocated between jurisdictions based on the subscriptions in place at that time. Staff does not support the jurisdictional allocation, as the rider is currently written, that is flexible, and could change on a regular basis. Staff also opposes placing risk associated with the program on non-subscribing customers. As stated earlier, allocations between jurisdictions would not be an issue if ratepayers do not incur costs for these resources.

Item 9. is a duplication of Item 8.

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- 1 Q. Are there any other issues with the rider? 2 A. The rider, as written, allows for aggregation of multiple subscriber Yes. 3 accounts across jurisdictions. Customers would be able to use total aggregate load from 4 different locations to enroll in the program, but different segments of the customers would be 5 under separate tariffs that could be significantly different. Staff recommends that there is no 6 aggregation of load across jurisdictions. 7 INVESTIGATION OF NET METERING AND EASY CONNECTION ACT 8 **COMPLIANCE** 9 Q. Commissioner Rupp issued an Order directing Staff to Investigate Allegation 10 on July 2, 2018. What was Staff required to do by that order? 11 A. Staff was ordered to investigate the allegation that KCPL and GMO take 12 longer than ninety (90) days to approve net metering and solar rebate applications for systems 13 over 10 kilowatts. Section 386.890.7(1) RSMo., requires retail electric suppliers to review 14 and respond to such applications within 90 days. Staff was ordered to provide its findings in 15 its rebuttal testimony-rate design on August 7, 2018. 16 Q. Describe the steps taken to investigate the allegation as ordered and summarize 17 your findings. 18 A. Commissioner Rupp's Order referenced an email, which is the subject of a 19 June 14, 2018 Notice of Communication, regarding an allegation against KCPL and GMO.
  - KCPL and GMO provided a response to Staff Data Request 0450 that stated all 3 jurisdictions had no applications that had taken longer than 90 days to process for Sun Solar.

The email was sent by Caleb Arthur, CEO of Sun Solar. Staff sent 5 data request to KCPL

and GMO, which were responded to on July 18, 2018, and July 25, 2018. Staff also contacted

Sun Solar for more information about the circumstances of the allegations.

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A table was provided showing the projects and dates for steps in the approval process. In response to Staff Data Request 0454, KCPL and GMO provided a table of all of the net metering applications. Staff matched the project numbers between the data request responses and noted a discrepancy in the receipt date for one project that caused approval time to go from 68 to 97 days. In response to 0450 the receipt date was listed as 11/28/2015, but in response to 0454, the receipt date was listed as 10/28/2015. Staff is still awaiting a response from KCPL and GMO to explain this discrepancy. Staff looked at the complete net metering data and found the time for approval of applications by subtracting the approval date from the application receipt date. The total number of applications exceeding the time for the company are listed in the table below. It should be noted that only engineering preapproval dates and application receipt dates were used to calculate the data in the table below. Section 386.890.7(1) RSMo., requires that a utility respond within 90 days of the receipt of the application. A denial of the application, request for additional information, or some other response would meet that requirement. KCPL and GMO only provided approval dates in their response to Data Request 0454. As such, the numbers listed in the table below may be artificially high. Staff is awaiting additional information from the company regarding responses that would meet the requirement of Section 386.890.7(1) RSMo.

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Net Metering & Cogeneration Project Approval Times						
Year	Company	>10 kW Past 90 Days	<10 kW Past 30 Days			
2014	KCPL	5	22			
2014	GMO	0	2			
2015	KCPL	18	156			
2013	GMO	4	27			
2016	KCPL	5	57			
2010	GMO	1	27			
2017	KCPL	3	28			
2017	GMO	3	27			
2018	KCPL	0	23			
2016	GMO	0	40			

Staff is requesting additional information from KCPL and GMO and will provide any additional findings in the manner the Commission chooses. Similar matters have been handled in an EO case, such as the Staff investigation in File No. EO-2014-0357. Staff will prepare a follow-up report with surrebuttal testimony in this case, unless the Commission orders an alternative route.

- Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- A. Yes.

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# BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

## OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Kansas Cit Light Company's Request f to Implement a General Rat Electric Service	for Authority	) ) )	Case No. ER-2018-0145 and
In the Matter of KCP&L Good Missouri Operations Compator Authority to Implement Rate Increase for Electric S	any's Request a General	) ) )	Case No. ER-2018-0146
A	FFIDAVIT OF	CEDRIC	E. CUNIGAN
STATE OF MISSOURI	)		
COUNTY OF COLE	) ss. )		

COMES NOW CEDRIC E. CUNIGAN, and on his oath declares that he is of sound mind and lawful age; that he contributed to the foregoing *Rebuttal Testimony* and that the same is true and correct according to his best knowledge and belief.

Further the Affiant sayeth not.

Cedric E. Cunigan

## **JURAT**

Subscribed and sworn before me, a duly constituted and authorized Notary Public, in and for the County of Cole, State of Missouri, at my office in Jefferson City, on this 3rd day of August, 2018.

DIANNA L. VAUGHT
Notary Public - Notary Seal
State of Missouri
Commissioned for Cole County
My Commission Expires: June 28, 2019
Commission Number: 15207377

Notary Public