Exhibit No.:

Policy Issue:

Witness: Mark L. Oligschlaeger

Sponsoring Party: MoPSC Staff
Type of Exhibit: Rebuttal Testimony

Case No.: TT-2001-117

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

UTILITY SERVICES DIVISION

NOV 3 0 2000

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

MARK L. OLIGSCHLAEGER

OZARK TELEPHONE COMPANY

CASE NO. TT-2001-117

Jefferson City, Missouri November, 2000

1	REBUTTAL TESTIMONY
2	OF
3	MARK L. OLIGSCHLAEGER
4	OZARK TELEPHONE COMPANY
5	CASE NO. TT-2001-117
6	
7	Q. Please state your name and business address.
8	A. Mark L. Oligschlaeger, P.O. Box 360, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102.
9	Q. Please describe your educational background and work experience.
10	A. I attended Rockhurst College in Kansas City, Missouri, and received a
1	Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration with a major in Accounting in
12	1981. I have been employed by the Missouri Public Service Commission (Commission)
13	since September 1981 with the Accounting Department. In November 1981, I passed the
14	Uniform Certified Public Accountant (CPA) examination and, since February 1989, have
15	been licensed in the state of Missouri as a CPA.
16	Q. Have you previously filed testimony before this Commission?
17	A. Yes. A listing of the cases in which I have previously filed testimony
18	before this Commission is given in Schedule 1, which is attached to this rebuttal
19	testimony.
20	Q. With reference to Case No. TT-20001-117, have you examined the books
21	and records of Ozark Telephone Company (Ozark or Company)?
22	A. Yes, with the assistance of other members of the Commission Staff
23	(Staff).

Q. What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?

A. The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to present the Staff's recommendations concerning Ozark's tariff filing which requests that the "interim and subject to refund" provision which currently exists with regard to the Company's originating and terminating Carrier Common Line (CCL) rates be eliminated, with the result that the rates become permanent. This request is presented within the direct testimony that Ozark witness Robert C. Schoonmaker filed earlier in this proceeding.

- Q. Please provide a brief history of the events leading up to the Company's tariff filing in this proceeding.
- A. In June 1999, the Commission implemented intraLATA dialing parity for telephone companies operating within its jurisdiction, as reflected in 31 Reports and Orders issued on that date. Simultaneously, the Commission terminated the Primary Toll Carrier (PTC) Plan then in effect, in its Report and Order in Case No. TO-99-254. At that time, the Commission gave Ozark and other affected telephone companies the option of filing revisions to their access rates in order to maintain "revenue neutrality" after termination of the PTC plan. Ozark undertook this option, and filed revised intrastate CCL rates to recover the revenue shortfall it expected to experience as a result of termination of the PTC Plan. The purpose of the Company's filing in this proceeding is to make the portion of the intrastate CCL rate that is "interim and subject to refund" permanent, on the claimed basis that the interim rate is not excessive and has not resulted in Ozark's over recovering in rates the actual revenue loss associated with the termination of the PTC Plan.

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Q. Before you begin discussing the Staff's recommendations in this case, please define the term "revenue neutrality."

A. As the term is used in this testimony, "revenue neutrality" refers to the concept by which the Commission, when it takes an action that changes the nature and quantity of gross revenues that a telephone company receives through normal operation of its business, authorizes the company to change its rate structure so that the company's gross revenues after the regulatory change are equal to its gross revenues before the regulatory change. As an example, some telephone utilities asserted that termination of the PTC Plan would result in a decrease in their overall revenue levels, all else being equal. As a consequence, these utilities argued that the Commission should allow them to increase their rates so as to allow the companies the opportunity to maintain the same overall revenue levels after termination of the PTC Plan as before.

- Q. Did the Commission allow telephone utilities the option to charge interim rates, subject to refund, to allow them the opportunity to maintain revenue neutrality after termination of the PTC Plan?
- A. Yes. That opportunity was afforded to Ozark and other telephone utilities in the Report and Order in Case No. TO-99-254.
- Q. In this testimony, is the Staff agreeing with the contention that the Commission has a legal obligation to allow telephone utilities revenue neutrality in circumstances such as the elimination of the PTC Plan?
- Α. No. That is a legal determination for which I am not expressing an opinion in this testimony.

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Q. On what basis should the Commission the Commission decide whether to order that all or a part of the interim CCL rate collections received by the Company since the interim rate was made effective be refunded to customers?

Any refund ordered by the Commission in this proceeding should be based A. on a determination of whether implementation of the interim CCL rate has allowed Ozark to earn a rate of return that exceeded just and reasonable levels.

- Why is Ozark's overall earnings level relevant to this tariff filing? Q.
- A. If Ozark does not need to retain the interim CCL rate to earn a reasonable rate of return, then the Company's request to make the interim rate permanent should be rejected by the Commission. Otherwise, keeping the interim rate in place would result in ongoing excessive earnings for the Company. Furthermore, if Ozark did not require the interim CCL rate in the first place in order to earn a reasonable rate of return, then any monies collected by Ozark as a result of implementation of the interim rate should be refunded to its customers, with interest.
- Q. What is the proper means for the Commission to determine whether Ozark is currently earning a reasonable rate of return, without considering the interim CCL charge?
- A determination of whether Ozark is currently earning a reasonable rate of A. return is appropriately made in the context of a general rate proceeding, in which all relevant factors affecting revenue requirement are considered by all parties to the proceeding and by the Commission.

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Q. Please explain the relationship between the interim CCL rate, implemented in order to allow telephone utilities to maintain revenue neutrality, and the need for a general rate proceeding.

A. The traditional regulatory practice in Missouri and other jurisdictions has been to allow utilities an opportunity to earn a reasonable profit, but not to guarantee that the company will receive a particular level of revenues to be received in rates unless it is required by statute or by judicial determination. Therefore, the Staff believes that revenue neutrality is not required under any circumstances if revenue neutrality is not necessary to allow a utility to continue to earn a reasonable rate of return. For example, if a utility is experiencing a level of over earnings sufficient to cover whatever revenue loss it may experience from termination of the PTC Plan, there is no just or reasonable rationale to allow that utility to increase rates for revenue neutrality purposes. For this reason, utilities should not be allowed to increase rates to maintain revenue neutrality unless the rate increase is done in conjunction with a review of all relevant factors in a rate proceeding. If for administrative reasons, such a review cannot be done prior to implementation of the rate increase that was allegedly justified by revenue neutrality, then the rate increase should be made interim, and subject to refund with interest if a later general rate case review indicates the increased charge was not justified by the utility's overall earnings level. The latter situation was exactly the course of action followed by the Commission when it ordered elimination of the PTC Plan.

Further, my legal counsel has advised me that there is case law that the granting of an interim rate change by the Commission must be ancillary to a permanent rate proceeding for the utility in question to be lawful.

Rebuttal Testimony of Mark L. Oligschlaeger

Q. Has the Commission previously agreed with the Staff's position concerning the relationship between revenue neutrality charges and general rate proceedings?

A. Yes. In fact, in its Order in Case No. TO-99-254, et al., the Commission specifically conditioned the interim increases in CCL rates upon an obligation by those utilities maintaining rates and rate levels in that manner to file a general rate case within eight to ten months after the interim rates going into effect. The Commission specifically stated the following:

...each LEC that requests revenue neutrality will file a general rate case as specified in the Report and Order approving its Report and Order once it has operated for a period of time after termination of the PTC Plan. In this rate case, all relevant factors and the LEC's entire rate design will be examined. Report and Order, p. 17, (Case No. TO-99-254)

In its Order Regarding Rehearing in Case No. TO-99-524, which concerned Alma Telephone Company's Toll Dialing Parity Implementation Plan, the Commission further explained the relationship between setting of any rates designed to achieve revenue neutrality and a subsequent general rate proceeding:

The LECs that file rate increases to implement revenue neutrality should rightly bear the burden of proof to show that such increases are necessary. Because of the time strictures placed upon the Commission by the FCC, there is simply not time to examine all relevant factors to determine whether the increase is warranted before implementing IntraLATA Dialing Parity (ILDP) and eliminating the Primary Toll Carrier (PTC) plan. Thus the Commission is allowing LECs to raise rates, if they choose, but only if they are willing to prove that the increase was necessary in a subsequent rate case. The time constraint does not mean that the burden of proof should shift away from the LEC that is raising its rates, it simply means that the proof necessarily comes after the surcharge is implemented on a

subject to refund basis. If the LEC is unable to prove that the increase was necessary, it will be required to refund it. (Order Regarding Rehearing, p. 2, Case No. TO-99-524)

- Q. Has Ozark met the condition set by the Commission of filing a general rate case within eight to ten months after it implemented an interim subject to refund rate for revenue neutrality?
- A. No. Ozark did not file sufficient information concerning all relevant factors pertaining to its overall earnings levels as part of this tariff filing. The information provided by the Company does not provide a reasonable basis for the Commission to make a determination of whether Ozark's current earned rate of return is adequate or not.
- Q. What kind of information is necessary to properly assess a utility's earnings level?
- A. To make that assessment, the Commission would need information from the utility concerning its current cost of capital, and whether its current revenue levels are sufficient to allow it to recover its reasonable and prudent level of expenses and earn that current cost of capital. Evidence concerning the appropriate assumed lives of plant assets, and whether depreciation rates should be changed to match current reasonably expected life assumptions for the assets, would normally be considered. The actual revenue and expense totals incurred by a utility within the test year ordered by the Commission should be adjusted as appropriate to both normalize and annualize the amounts, so that the ratemaking process is forward-looking and prospective in nature.

Ozark did not provide information in its testimony, supporting schedules, or in the supporting workpapers that it provided in data request responses, concerning an estimate

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of its current cost of capital. Nor did Ozark propose an entire set of appropriate annualization or normalization adjustments to its actual historic revenue and expense levels in this tariff filing. No evidence was filed respecting appropriate depreciation rates for Ozark's regulated assets. The data provided by Ozark in this application in response to the Commission's previous directive to file a general rate proceeding is very deficient in terms of both quality and quantity in comparison to that normally filed by regulated utilities seeking a general change in rates.

- Q. Has Ozark admitted that its tariff filing in this proceeding does not constitute a general rate proceeding?
- A. Yes. In a letter to Mr. Dale Hardy Roberts, Secretary/Chief Regulatory Law Judge for the Commission from Mr. Brian McCartney, counsel for Ozark in this proceeding, dated October 31, 2000, and which is contained in the Commission's case file for Case No. TT-2001-117, Mr. McCartney attached a letter from Mr. W. R. England, III, also counsel to Ozark, to Mr. Keith Krueger of the Commission's General Counsel Office, concerning certain objections to Staff data requests issued to Ozark in this proceeding. In that letter, Mr. England stated the following:

Finally, as you know, the Company does not believe that the tariff filing that initiated this case constitutes a "rate increase" request inasmuch as the Company did not file for "an overall increase in revenues through a company-wide increase in rates. 4 CSR 240-10.070(2). Accordingly, by responding to these data requests, I want to make clear that the Company has not implicitly agreed or admitted that it is seeking a rate increase in this proceeding.

Q. Since, in the Staff's opinion, the Company has failed to comply with the Commission's condition concerning filing of a general rate proceeding after setting its

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with interest. Q. If the Commission chooses not to follow that course of action, how should the Commission otherwise proceed with its review of Ozark's interim CCL tariff filing? A. The Staff recommends that the Commission utilize the results of an earnings review of Ozark that is being conducted by the Staff in conjunction with and in relation to this CCL tariff filing. This earnings review is being performed for three purposes: 1) to make a recommendation as to whether all or a portion of Ozark's interim

rates should be reduced on a permanent basis due to over earnings.

rates to achieve revenue neutrality on an interim, subject to refund basis, would the

Commission, in the Staff's opinion, be justified in rejecting Ozark's requests in this tariff

current Ozark tariff filing, order the elimination of Ozark's interim rate, as well as order

all monies paid in by the Company's customers per the interim surcharge to be refunded

Yes. The Commission would be justified on this basis alone to reject the

Q. What Staff witness is addressing in testimony Ozark's current revenue requirement?

CCL rate collections should be refunded with interest to its customers; 2) to make a

recommendation to the Commission as to whether the Company's interim CCL rate

should be made permanent; and 3) to make a recommendation as to whether Ozark's

Staff Accounting witness Roy M. Boltz discusses the Staff's overall A. revenue requirement findings for Ozark in his rebuttal testimony.

Q. What findings has the Staff made regarding Ozark's current earnings level?

- A. As discussed in the testimony of Staff witness Boltz, the Staff believes Ozark's current earnings level, including the impact of interim CCL rate collections, is excessive. However, this finding is preliminary, as to the level of over earnings being experienced, as the Staff believes it is appropriate to perform further audit steps in developing a comprehensive and complete earnings review of Ozark. Accordingly, the Staff is proposing that the Commission not act immediately on Ozark's request that its current interim, subject to refund rate be made permanent, and that the CCL rate continue to be collected in an interim, subject to refund fashion until further information on the level of Ozark's overall earnings is available.
- Q. Since the evidence contained in Staff witness Boltz's testimony indicates that Ozark is currently over earning, what are the Staff's intentions?
- A. The Staff intends to complete its investigation of Ozark's revenue requirement, including affiliated transactions, and to incorporate the results in an earnings complaint, once the level of over earnings is better determined by the completed audit. The results as a complaint case will be filed no later than January 31, 2001. The Staff also intends to enter into discussions with Ozark concerning its current earnings, and to explore the possibility of entering into a stipulation and agreement with the Company to resolve any questions or issues concerning its over earnings and possible rate changes and the disposition of the current interim rate and refund matters. In any event, whether through a filed earnings complaint case, stipulation and agreement or some other means, the Staff's intends to inform the Commission of its findings concerning a completed earnings audit of Ozark by January 31, 2001. Again, this filing will contain, as appropriate, further recommendations concerning disposition of Ozark's current interim

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CCL rate and any necessary refunds to customers of interim rate collections. The timing of this filing will allow the Commission to take further action as necessary before the effective date of the tariff filed by Ozark in this case, February 28, 2001.

- O. Mr. Schoonmaker's direct testimony indicates that the Company asserts that any refund of charges collected on an interim, subject to refund basis should be made based strictly on a comparison of actual revenue losses associated with the elimination of the PTC Plan to the interim rate collections. Please comment.
- A. Ozark's position on a possible refund of the interim CCL charge collections is contrary to the intent of the Commission as clearly expressed in earlier orders. However, if the Commission for any reason accepts the Company's position regarding a refund of the interim CCL charges, the rebuttal testimony of Staff witness William A. Meyer, Jr. presents the Staff's findings as to an appropriate reconciliation between the interim rate collections and Ozark's revenue loss associated with termination of the PTC Plan.
 - Q. Please summarize the Staff's recommendations in this case.
- The Staff believes that Ozark's failure to meet the Commission's stated A. condition of filing a general rate proceeding within eight to ten months after implementing an interim, subject to refund revenue neutrality rate has caused Ozark to be unable to prove its case for a permanent CCL tariff. As a consequence, the Commission could reject Ozark's filed tariff, eliminate the interim subject to refund CCL charge, and order all interim CCL surcharge collections to be refunded to customers with interest.

If the Commission chooses not to adopt this approach, the Staff proposes that the Commission not act at this time to make the Company's current CCL interim, subject to

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refund rates permanent, until additional information is available concerning Ozark's earnings level. The Staff will file with the Commission a report on the Company's current earnings level on or before January 31, 2001, in conjunction with an earnings complaint, stipulation and agreement, or some other notice, which will contain recommendations on disposition of the current interim CCL rate and a possible refund of interim rate collections to customers. The option outlined in this paragraph is the Staff's suggested course of action for the Commission to take in this proceeding.

In the event the Commission chooses not to wait for the Staff's excess earnings complaint case filing before making a determination of the final disposition of Ozark's interim, subject to refund CCL tariff, the failure of Ozark to prove its case for its proposed interim tariff and the information contained within the rebuttal testimony of Staff witness Boltz concerning the magnitude of the Company's current excess earnings would justify rejection of the permanent CCL tariff, elimination of the interim, subject to refund CCL charge, and refund of all interim CCL surcharges collected by Ozark.

Finally, Ozark has the option of filing a general rate increase case. Even if Ozark were to do this immediately, the Staff intends to file an excess earnings complaint case on or before January 31, 2001.

- Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony? Q.
- Yes, it does. Α.

OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of the Access Tariff Filing of Ozark Telephone Company) Case No. TT-2001-117
AFFIDAVIT OF MAR	K L. OLIGSCHLAEGER
STATE OF MISSOURI) COUNTY OF COLE)	
the preparation of the foregoing Rebutta consisting of 12 pages to be presente foregoing Rebuttal Testimony were given	on his oath states: that he has participated in I Testimony in question and answer form, and in the above case; that the answers in the by him; that he has knowledge of the matters natters are true and correct to the best of his
	Mul 2. Olymbi MARK L. OLIGSCHLÆGER
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30	day of November 2000. Dengellankin

D SUZIE MANKIN
NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF MISSOURI
COLE COUNTY
MY COMMISSION EXP. JUNE 21,2004

MARK L. OLIGSCHLAEGER

COMPANY	CASE NO.
Kansas City Power and Light Company	ER-82-66
Kansas City Power and Light Company	HR-82-67
Southwestern Bell Telephone Company	TR-82-199
Missouri Public Service Company	ER-83-40
Kansas City Power and Light Company	ER-83-49
Southwestern Bell Telephone Company	TR-83-253
Kansas City Power and Light Company	EO-84-4
Kansas City Power and Light Company	ER-85-128 & EO-85-185
KPL Gas Service Company	GR-86-76
Kansas City Power and Light Company	HO-86-139
Southwestern Bell Telephone Company	TC-89-14
Western Resources, Inc.	GR-90-40 & GR-91-149
Missouri-American Water Company	WR-91-211
UtiliCorp United Inc. / Missouri Public Service	EO-91-358 & EO-91-360
Generic: Expanded Calling Scopes	TO-92-306
Generic: Energy Policy Act of 1992	EO-93-218
Western Resources, Inc./Southern Union Company	GM-94-40
St. Louis County Water Company	WR-95-145
Union Electric Company	EM-96-149
St. Louis County Water Company	WR-96-263
Missouri Gas Energy	GR-96-285
The Empire District Electric Company	ER-97-82
UtiliCorp United, Inc./Missouri Public Service	ER-97-394
Western Resources, Inc./Kansas City Power & Light Company	EM-97-515
United Water Missouri, Inc.	WA-98-187

MARK L. OLIGSCHLAEGER

COMPANY	CASE NO.
Missouri-American Water Company	WM-2000-222
UtiliCorp United Inc. / St. Joseph Light & Power Company	EM-2000-292
UtiliCorp United Inc. / The Empire District Electric Company	EM-2000-369