

**BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
STATE OF MISSOURI**

FILED
FEB 1 1999
Missouri Public
Service Commission

In the Matter of the Petition of GTE Midwest)
Incorporated Regarding Price Cap Regulation)
Under Section 392.245, RSMo (1996).) Case No. TO-99-294

**RESPONSE OF GTE MIDWEST INCORPORATED TO STAFF'S
MOTION TO RECONSIDER ORDER APPROVING PRICE CAP APPLICATION**

COMES NOW GTE Midwest Incorporated ("GTE"), by and through its counsel, and respectfully opposes the Staff's Motion to Reconsider Order Approving Price Cap Application filed on January 26, 1999, and in support of its Response states:

1. On January 26, 1999, the Commission issued its Order Approving Price Cap Application in which the Commission determined that GTE "has met the prerequisites of Section 392.245.2, RSMo (Cum. Supp. 1997), and may therefore convert from rate base/rate of return regulation to price cap regulation." (Order, pp. 5-6).

2. On or about January 26, 1999, the Commission Staff filed its Motion to Reconsider Order Approving Price Cap Application, requesting that the Commission reconsider its order.

3. On January 28, 1999, the Chief Regulatory Law Judge Dale Hardy Roberts, by delegation of authority, issued an Order Reducing Response Time and ordered that any response to the Staff's Motion to Reconsider Order Approving Price Cap Application should be filed not later than 5:00 p.m., Monday, February 1, 1999. This response is in compliance with this order.

4. In its Motion for Reconsideration, the Staff correctly cites Section 392.245.2, RSMo (Cum. Supp. 1997), as the controlling statutory provision for this proceeding. This statute states, in part:

A large incumbent local exchange telecommunications company shall be subject to [price cap] regulation under this section upon a determination by the commission that an alternative local exchange telecommunications company has been certified to provide basic local telecommunications service and is providing such service in any part of the large incumbent company's service area. . . .

5. Pursuant to Section 392.245.2, a large incumbent local exchange telecommunications company is subject to price cap regulation when the Commission makes two simple determinations: (1) that an alternative local exchange company has been certified to provide local exchange telecommunications service; and (2) that an alternative local exchange telecommunications company is providing such service in any part of the large incumbent company's service area.

6. The Commission made the determinations required by the statute when it made the following findings at pages 3-4 of its Order:

a) GTE is a local exchange telecommunications company which has been authorized to provide and has provided basic local telecommunications services in a specific geographical area in the state of Missouri prior to December 31, 1995, and thus is an incumbent local exchange telecommunications company as defined in Section 386.020(22).

b) GTE has at least 100,000 access lines in the state of Missouri, and thus is a large local exchange telecommunications company as defined in Section 386.020(30).

c) Mark Twain received a certificate of service authority to provide basic local telecommunications service on May 19, 1998 in Case No. TA-98-305. That certificate became effective simultaneously with the effective date of Mark Twain's tariff, which was approved on July 23, 1998, to become effective for service on and after July 28, 1998.

d) Mark Twain received its certificate of service authority to provide basic local telecommunications services subsequent to December 31, 1995, and thus is an alternative local exchange telecommunications company as defined in Section 386.020(1).

e) Mark Twain has been providing basic local telecommunications service on a resale basis to customers in the Lewiston and LaBelle exchanges for the period following July 28, 1998.

f) The Lewiston and LaBelle exchanges are part of GTE's service area.

7. In its Motion for Reconsideration, the Commission Staff does not directly challenge any of the findings and determinations made by the Commission. As discussed below, it would be difficult for any party to challenge these findings since these determinations are largely based upon the Commission's own regulatory orders, information contained in other records of the agency, and the Petition itself. Rather than challenge the Commission's determinations, the Commission Staff requests that the proceeding be stayed and no decision be made by the Commission until January 2000 while the Commission Staff completes a full blown earnings audit of GTE.

8. The Staff's position is clearly unreasonable since there is no statutory requirement for an earnings audit under Section 392.245, and the courts have already determined that it is unreasonable to delay a price cap determination to conduct an earnings audit. In State ex rel. Public Counsel v. Public Service Commission, Circuit Court, Cole County, Missouri, Case No. CV197-1795CC (August 6, 1998), (Attachment No. 1), involving the price cap determination of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, the Circuit Court of Cole County, Missouri, specifically held that it was unreasonable to delay a price cap determination while an earnings review was completed. Judge Thomas J. Brown observed:

If the Commission had initiated a rate complaint proceeding before making the determination under Section 392.245.2, the results of such a proceeding would not have impacted the initial maximum allowable prices under price cap regulation unless the Commission unreasonably delayed the required determination. Since a rate complaint proceeding would not have been completed until late 1997 or, more likely, in 1998, the Commission would have been required

to delay price cap determination until at least 1998, and more likely 1999, in order to make any new rates established in a rate complaint proceeding the initial maximum allowable rates under price cap regulation. Such a delay would be unreasonable and not consistent with the legislature's intent.

Revised Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law and Judgment at 5-6.

It would also be unreasonable and not consistent with the legislature's intent for the Commission in this proceeding to now reconsider or stay its price cap determination so that the Commission Staff may conduct a full blown earnings review. Such an earnings review will likely take at least one year and unnecessarily consume the scarce regulatory resources of the Commission, Staff, Public Counsel and GTE.

9. As previously mentioned, the Staff has not challenged the reasonableness of the Commission's findings and determinations in its Order Approving Price Cap Application. The essential determinations are: (1) that an alternative local exchange company has been certified to provide local exchange telecommunications service in GTE's service area; and (2) that an alternative local exchange telecommunications company is providing such service in any part of the large incumbent company's service area. The Commission's own orders support the finding that Mark Twain Communications Company, an alternative local exchange company, has received a certificate of service authority and approved tariffs to provide basic local telecommunications service in GTE's service area. (See Attachment No. 2 which includes the certified orders of the Commission in Re Mark Twain Communications Company, Case No. TA-98-305). In addition, the Commission's records in Re An Investigation into Various Issues Related to the Missouri Universal Service Fund, Case No. TO-98-329, also include the undisputed testimony of Dr. James H. Vander Weide (Tr. 1351), in which Dr. Weide testified that Mark Twain is presently providing basic local exchange


service in competition with GTE, and is in fact serving between 200 and 300 customers in GTE exchanges. See Affidavit of Dr. James H. Vander Weide. (Attachment No. 3).¹ In addition, recent newspaper advertisements in the LaBelle Star confirm the information contained in the Commission's records that Mark Twain is successfully providing service in GTE's LaBelle and Lewistown exchanges. (See Attachment No. 4). In light of the overwhelming support for its findings and determinations in the Petition and the Commission's own records, it would be a waste of the Commission time and resources to reconsider its Order Approving Price Cap Application, and delay the benefits of price cap regulation for GTE and its ratepayers.

WHEREFORE, having fully responded to the Staff's Motion to Reconsider Order Approving Price Cap Application, GTE Midwest Incorporated respectfully requests that, for the

¹It is also indisputable that GTE is a large incumbent local exchange company that serves in the Lewistown and LaBelle exchanges. The 1997 GTE Annual Report to the Missouri Public Service Commission contains information regarding the number of access lines and exchanges served by GTE in Missouri.

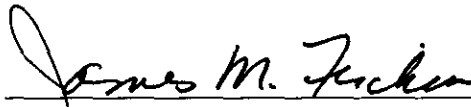
above-stated reasons, the Commission deny the Staff's motion and permit the Order Approving Price Cap Application to become effective on February 5, 1999, as ordered by the Commission.

Respectfully submitted,



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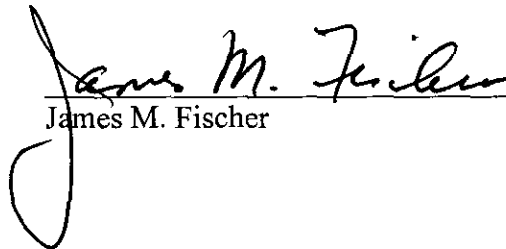
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Attorneys for GTE Midwest Incorporated

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I do hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing document has been hand-delivered or mailed, postage prepaid, this 1st day of February, 1999, to:

Office of the Public Counsel
P.O. Box 7800
Jefferson City, MO 65102



James M. Fischer

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF COLE COUNTY, MISSOURI

CIRCUIT JUDGE DIVISION

Copy: F. Moacdieh, TXD1933G
4/10 T. Pagliara, HQE03J36

Route: ~~Evans/Little~~

STATE OF MISSOURI, ex rel. PUBLIC COUNSEL
MARTHA S. HOGERTY,

Relator,

vs.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE
STATE OF MISSOURI, et al.

Respondents.

Case No. CV197-1795CC

Division II

*then file in
Price Cap file*

STATE OF MISSOURI, ex rel. MCI
TELECOMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION, et al.

Relators,

vs.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF
THE STATE OF MISSOURI,

Respondent.

Case No. CV197-1810CC

Division II

**REVISED FINDINGS OF FACT AND
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND JUDGMENT**

The Court, having reviewed the record and the briefs presented and having considered the oral arguments of the parties on MCI Telecommunications Corporation's Motion for New Trial, makes these revised Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Judgment.

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Court, having reviewed the record and the briefs presented and having considered the oral arguments of the parties, makes the following findings of fact:

1. Southwestern Bell Telephone Company ("SWBT") is a regulated telecommunications company pursuant to Section 386.020 RSMo Supp. 1997 and is therefore subject to the jurisdiction of the Missouri Public Service Commission ("PSC").
2. Respondent PSC is a governmental regulatory agency created and established by the State of Missouri under Chapter 386 and vested with jurisdiction of public utilities of Missouri, including telecommunications companies under Chapter 392.
3. The Office of the Public Counsel ("OPC") was created by the Missouri Legislature to represent the public in proceedings before the Commission.
4. On September 16, 1997, the PSC issued its Report and Order in the Petition of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company for a determination that it is subject to price cap regulation under Section 392.245, RSMo Supp. 1996, Case No. TO-97-397. In its Report and Order, the PSC made the determination required by Section 392.245.2 RSMo Supp. 1997.
5. Relators were parties to PSC Case No. TO-97-397. Each Relator filed an Application for Rehearing prior to the effective date of the PSC's Report and Order, September 26, 1997. The Applications for Rehearing were denied on November 18, 1997.
6. Each Relator filed its Petition for Writ of Review within 30 days of the PSC's Order Denying Applications for Rehearing. On January 20, 1998, the Court consolidated these cases and the PSC filed its consolidated return. Subsequently, briefs were submitted and oral arguments held. An initial judgment was rendered on May 22, 1998, and MCI

Telecommunications Corporation, et al filed a timely Motion for New Trial on June 22, 1998.

7. Section 392.245.2 RSMo Supp. 1997 states that: "A large incumbent local exchange telecommunications company shall be subject to regulation under this section upon a determination by the Commission that an alternative local exchange telecommunications company has been certified to provide basic local telecommunications service and is providing such service in any part of the large incumbent company's service area."

8. Section 392.245.3 requires that the maximum allowable prices established for a company under subsection 1 of Section 392.245 shall be those in effect on December 31 of the year proceeding the year in which the company is first subject to price cap regulation.

9. Section 392.254.4 provides that for basic local exchange service, and exchange access, the maximum allowable prices of a large incumbent local exchange telecommunications company shall not be increased prior to January 1, 2000.

10. SWBT is an incumbent local exchange telecommunications company as defined in Section 386.020(22).

11. SWBT has at least 100,000 access lines in the State of Missouri and, as such, is a large local exchange telecommunications company as defined in Section 386.020(30).

12. Communications Cable-Laying Company, Inc., d/b/a Dial US ("Dial US") received a certificate of service authority to provide basic local telecommunications service from the PSC on December 20, 1996, in Case No. TA-96-347. The certificate of service authority became effective simultaneously with the effective date of the company's approved tariff, for provision of service on or after January 31, 1997. Dial US has been providing basic local telecommunications service in SWBT's Springfield Metropolitan Exchange and other SWBT exchanges in

southwestern Missouri since February 1997.

13. The PSC made its determination pursuant to Section 392.245.2 that SWBT is subject to price cap regulation. The PSC made that determination with the understanding that it had no discretion to first consider the justness and reasonableness of SWBT's rates and other matters.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. The PSC has the authority, under Section 392.245.1 RSMo Supp. 1997, to ensure that the rates, charges, tolls and rentals for telecommunications services are just, reasonable and lawful.

2. Under Section 392.245.2 RSMo Supp. 1997, the application of price cap regulation is mandatory upon the PSC's determination that an alternative local exchange telecommunications company has been certified to provide basic local telecommunications service and is providing such service anywhere in a large incumbent telecommunications company's service area.

3. Once the PSC makes a determination that the criteria specified in Section 392.245.2 RSMo Supp. 1997 has been met, it loses its authority to examine the justness and reasonableness of SWBT's rates, charges, tolls and rentals for telecommunications service.

4. Section 392.245.2 RSMo Supp. 1997 does not explicitly establish any deadlines by which the PSC must make its determination as to whether the criteria specified therein have been met. The statute implicitly requires, however, that the determination be made in a reasonable time.

5. The statutory requirements applicable to small local exchange telecommunications

companies supports the view that the determination required under Section 392.245.2 must be made within a reasonable time. Under that section, a small incumbent local exchange telecommunications company may opt into price cap regulation upon simple written notice to the PSC, if the same criteria which makes price cap regulation mandatory for a large incumbent telecommunications company have been met. It would be unreasonable to interpret the statute to permit small incumbent telecommunications companies to opt into price cap regulation upon simple written notice to the PSC, but permitting the PSC to unreasonably delay the determination which would make price cap regulation mandatory for large incumbent telecommunications companies.

6. Section 392.245.3 RSMo Supp. 1997 provides that the initial maximum allowable rates under price cap regulation are those rates which were in effect on December 31st, prior to the price cap determination. The prior December 31st rates are deemed just and reasonable under Section 386.270 RSMo 1994 until changed by the PSC, with any such change operating only on a prospective basis. The price cap statute thus contemplates that even a recently completed rate proceeding would be disregarded for purposes of determining initial maximum allowable rates if the Commission determines that the price cap criteria have been met in the same year as any rate proceeding.

7. If the Commission had initiated a rate complaint proceeding before making the determination required under Section 392.245.2, the results of such a proceeding would not have impacted the initial maximum allowable prices under price cap regulation unless the Commission unreasonably delayed the required determination. Since a rate complaint proceeding would not have been completed until late 1997 or, more likely, in 1998, the Commission would have been

required to delay price cap determination until at least 1998, and more likely 1999, in order to make any new rates established in a rate complaint proceeding the initial maximum allowable rates under price cap regulation. Such a delay would be unreasonable and not consistent with the legislature's intent.

8. There is doubt that the competition envisioned by Section 392.245 will be met by the competition provided by a single reseller of telecommunications services, although Section 392.245.2 does not specify that any designated level of competition be obtained before price cap regulation is applied.

9. Although Section 392.245.2 does not specifically state that competition must be by a company providing service through its own facilities, it is a possible interpretation when read in association with Section 392.450 where a reseller is distinguished from a company that utilizes its own facilities to provide basic local exchange telecommunications service.


10. Because the Commission has made the determination required by Section 392.245.2, the Court agrees that SWBT has met all the prerequisites of Section 392.245.2 and is subject to price cap regulation.

11. Once the PSC made the determination, and SWBT became subject to price cap regulation, the PSC lost its authority to examine the justness and reasonableness of SWBT's rates on the basis of rate base/rate of return regulation. At that time, the Order Dismissing the Complaint filed by MCI and the appeal heard by this Court in Case Nos. CV197-1794cc and CV197-1809cc, became moot.

JUDGEMENT

Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, the Court affirms the Missouri Public Service Commission's September 16, 1997 Report and Order in Case No. TO-97-397.

SO ORDERED this 6th day of August, 1998.



Circuit Judge

ATTACHMENT NO. 2

CERTIFIED COPIES OF:

**Order from Re Mark Twain Communications Company,
Case No. TA-98-305:**

- **Order Approving Revised Statement of Customer Rights and Responsibilities (September 9, 1998);**
- **Order Conditionally Approving Tariff (July 23, 1998); and**
- **Order Granting Certificate of Service Authority and Suspending Tariff (May 19, 1998).**

**STATE OF MISSOURI
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**

At a Session of the Public Service
Commission held at its office
in Jefferson City on the 9th
day of September, 1998.

In the Matter of the Application of Mark)	
Twain Communications Company for a Certificate)	
of Service Authority to Provide Basic Local)	<u>Case No. TA-98-305</u>
Telecommunications Service in Portions of the)	
State of Missouri and to Classify Said)	
Services and the Company as Competitive.)	

**ORDER APPROVING REVISED STATEMENT OF CUSTOMER RIGHTS AND
RESPONSIBILITIES**

On July 23, 1998, the Commission approved the basic local tariff filed by Mark Twain Communications Company (MTCC). In its order, the Commission denied the application to intervene filed by Southwestern Bell Telephone Company (SWBT)¹ and conditionally approved MTCC's tariff sheets to become effective on July 28. Pursuant to the recommendation of the Staff of the Commission (Staff), the Commission conditioned its approval of the tariff on MTCC filing a revised statement of customer rights and responsibilities (revised statement) and on Commission approval of the revised statement. The Commission ordered MTCC to file its revised statement no later than August 10, so that the Commission could rule on the revised statement in time for MTCC to have the statement printed in its next directory, to be published on September 15.

MTCC filed its revised statement on August 10, together with a motion for its approval. MTCC stated that it has worked with the Staff

¹SWBT filed an application for rehearing on July 27, and MTCC filed a response to the application on August 5. SWBT's application for rehearing will be taken up in a separate Commission order.

of the Commission to revise the customer statement to be printed in the directory distributed by MTCC as well as other local exchange companies in the area.

On August 20, Staff filed a recommendation to approve the revised statement submitted by MTCC. Staff stated that the revised statement meets the requirements of 4 CSR 240-33.060(3). Staff recommended unconditional approval of MTCC's tariff.

The Commission has reviewed MTCC's motion, its revised statement, and the Staff's recommendation and finds that MTCC's revised statement meets the requirements of 4 CSR 240-33.060(3). The Commission finds that MTCC's motion should be granted, that the revised statement should be approved and that the Commission's approval of MTCC's tariff should be made unconditional.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

1. That the Motion to Approve Revised Statement of Customer Rights and Responsibilities filed by Mark Twain Communications Company on August 10, 1998 is granted.

2. That the conditions placed on the Commission's July 23, 1998 approval of the tariff sheets filed by Mark Twain Communications Company on April 29, 1998 have been fulfilled.

3. That this order shall become effective on September 22, 1998.



BY THE COMMISSION

Dale Hardy Roberts

Dale Hardy Roberts
Secretary/Chief Regulatory Law Judge

Lumpe, Ch., Schemenauer and Drainer, CC., concur.
Crumpton and Murray, CC., absent.

Randles, Regulatory Law Judge

STATE OF MISSOURI
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

At a session of the Public Service
Commission held at its office
in Jefferson City on the 23rd
day of July, 1998.

In the Matter of the Application of Mark)	
Twain Communications Company for a Certificate)	
of Service Authority to Provide Basic Local)	<u>Case No. TA-98-305</u>
Telecommunications Service in Portions of the)	
State of Missouri and to Classify Said)	
Services and the Company as Competitive.)	

ORDER CONDITIONALLY APPROVING TARIFF

The Commission granted to Mark Twain Communications Company (MTCC) a certificate of service authority to provide basic local telecommunications services in Missouri by Report and Order issued on May 19, 1998. The order, which took effect on May 29, conditionally granted MTCC authority to offer basic local telecommunications service in the areas served by GTE Midwest Incorporated (GTE), and provided that MTCC's certificate would become effective upon the effective date of the company's approved tariffs. MTCC had filed tariff sheets reflecting the rates, rules, and regulations it intends to use and the services it intends to offer on April 29, with an effective date of June 13. The Commission's May 19 order suspended the effective date of MTCC's tariff to July 28 so that the Commission could complete its review of the interconnection agreement between MTCC and GTE in Case No. TO-98-410. The Commission approved the interconnection agreement between MTCC and GTE on June 16. On June 17, MTCC filed a letter with a copy of its proposed statement of customer rights and responsibilities, seeking Commission approval to publish the statement in a directory and

distribute it to customers of MTCC when they initiate service. In addition, MTCC filed substitute tariff sheets on July 7 and 15. MTCC filed a motion to expedite Commission approval of its tariff on July 13.

On July 16, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company (SWBT) filed an application to intervene and a motion to suspend MTCC's tariff sheets. MTCC filed a response on July 16, and SWBT filed a reply on July 20. SWBT claims that MTCC's proposed access rates are not cost-based and are higher than the access rates charged by SWBT, and should therefore be suspended. According to SWBT, MTCC should be required to negotiate lower access rates with SWBT. SWBT states that it did not apply for intervention at an earlier point in time because MTCC only applied for a certificate to operate in GTE's service territory. SWBT was therefore not a party to the Stipulation and Agreement upon which the Commission approved MTCC's application for a basic local certificate, and was not aware of the access rates that MTCC intended to charge until it was notified by MTCC on July 13. MTCC responds by arguing that its rates do not have to be cost-based because MTCC was classified as a competitive company in the Commission's May 19 order, and that MTCC's access rates are not required to be the same as SWBT's. SWBT will be required to pay terminating access charges to MTCC when SWBT's customers call MTCC's customers, but MTCC will not be required to pay SWBT for access because MTCC does not intend to offer interexchange services. Finally, MTCC argues that SWBT should not be permitted to intervene at such a late date, and that SWBT received notice of MTCC's intentions on May 22.

The Commission's Staff reviewed the tariff sheets and filed a memorandum on July 17 recommending that the Commission approve them as amended by the substitute sheets. Staff states that MTCC proposes to

offer facilities-based basic local exchange service to residential and business customers at rates of \$6.25 and \$12.75, respectively. This rate will include access to local operator services, touch-tone dialing, intraLATA and interLATA presubscription, and a basic local exchange calling scope that parallels that of the incumbent, GTE. MTCC also intends to offer custom calling services such as call waiting, caller identification and 900 blocking service. Staff further states that MTCC's switched access rates comply with the Stipulation and Agreement upon which its certificate was conditioned because they are the same as, or lower than, GTE's switched access rates. Staff states that Staff and MTCC have agreed to develop a more extensive statement of customer rights and responsibilities that would be submitted for Commission approval 30 days prior to the publication of the next directory, which is scheduled to be printed on September 15, and that Staff would file a recommendation to the Commission concerning this statement no later than September 1. Staff recommends that the Commission condition its approval of MTCC's tariff on submission of a revised statement no later than August 10. Staff opposes SWBT's motion to suspend. In its recommendation, Staff states that there is no requirement for reciprocity in access rates as SWBT contends. Moreover, Staff points out that SWBT has been a party to many agreements with competitive local exchange carriers (CLECs) that contain language about the maximum access rates that such CLECs may charge which is nearly identical to the access cap language in MTCC's Stipulation and Agreement. Therefore, SWBT could have anticipated that MTCC and the other parties to this case would enter into a similar agreement in this case. Staff recommends that the tariff be approved, as amended by the substitute sheets.

The Commission has reviewed the tariff sheets, the pleadings, MTCC's letter and the Staff's recommendation. The deadline for filing an application to intervene in this case was February 27, and SWBT has not demonstrated good cause for requesting intervention at such a late date. The Stipulation and Agreement language filed by the parties, which is very similar to language approved in many agreements signed by SWBT in the past, states that:

. . . as a condition of certification and competitive classification, MTCC agrees that, unless otherwise ordered by the Commission, its originating and terminating access rates will be no greater than the lowest Commission-approved corresponding access rates in effect at the date of certificate for the large incumbent LEC(s) for each service area within which the Applicant seeks authority to provide service.

See Page 2 of Attachment to Commission's May 19 order. In a footnote, the Stipulation and Agreement states that for MTCC, "this places an effective cap at GTE's access rates." Id. SWBT could have anticipated that, since MTCC was applying only for certification in GTE's territory, the access rate cap applicable to MTCC would be GTE's rates if the parties entered into the same type of agreement that previous CLECs had entered into with incumbent local exchange carriers and Staff. If SWBT did not want this language to set the access rate cap for MTCC, it could have intervened in a timely manner and negotiated with the other parties for different arrangement or proceeded to hearing if no agreement was reached. The Commission finds that GTE's switched access rates do not violate the Stipulation and Agreement reached between the parties at this time. If MTCC were to amend its certificate to expand its service territory in the future and this affected the rate cap to be applied to MTCC, then the Commission would require MTCC to make appropriate changes

to its tariff at that time. For these reasons, the Commission finds that MTCC's tariff should be approved as amended.

The Commission will condition its approval of the tariff on submission of a revised customer statement no later than August 10, as recommended by Staff. The Commission will also condition its approval of the tariff on MTCC revising its switched access rates in the future if a change in its service territory triggers a change in its access rate cap under the Stipulation and Agreement that was approved on May 19.

The Commission will not expedite its review of the tariff as requested by MTCC because SWBT should be given an opportunity to apply for rehearing or reconsideration of this order. The Commission concludes that the conditions stated in the May 19 order for MTCC's certificate of service authority to provide basic local telecommunications service will be fulfilled at the time the tariff takes effect.

THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED:

1. That the tariff filed by Mark Twain Communications Company on April 29, 1998, is approved as amended to become effective on July 28, 1998. The tariff approved is:

P.S.C. MO. NO. 1

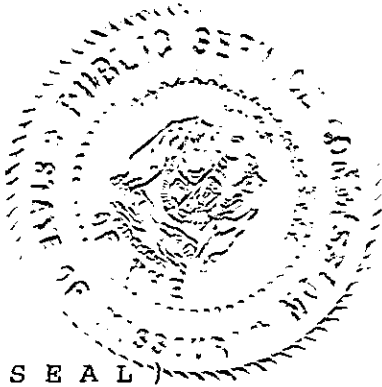
2. That the approval granted in Ordered Paragraph 1 is conditioned upon Mark Twain Communications Company filing a revised statement of customer rights and responsibilities no later than August 10, 1998.

3. That the Motion to Expedite Approval of Tariff filed by Mark Twain Communications Company is denied.

4. That the Application to Intervene and Motion to Suspend filed by Southwestern Bell Telephone Company is denied.

5. That the certificate of service authority granted to Mark Twain Communications Company on May 19, 1998, to provide basic local telecommunications services shall take effect on July 28, 1998.

3. That this order shall become effective on July 28, 1998.



(S E A L)

Lumpe, Ch., Drainer, Murray
and Schemenauer, CC., concur.
Crumpton, C., absent.

Randles, Regulatory Law Judge

BY THE COMMISSION

Dale Hardy Roberts
Secretary/Chief Regulatory Law Judge

**STATE OF MISSOURI
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**

At a session of the Public Service
Commission held at its office
in Jefferson City on the 19th
day of May, 1998.

In the Matter of the Application of Mark Twain)	
Communications Company for a Certificate of)	
Service Authority to Provide Basic Local Telecom-)	<u>Case No. TA-98-305</u>
munications Service in Portions of the State of)	
Missouri and to Classify Said Services and the)	
Company as Competitive.)	
)	

**ORDER GRANTING CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE AUTHORITY
AND SUSPENDING TARIFF**

Mark Twain Communications Company (MTCC) applied to the Commission on January 28, 1998, for a certificate of service authority to provide basic local telecommunications service in Missouri under Sections 392.420 - .440, RSMo 1994,¹ and Sections 392.410 and .450, RSMo Supp. 1996. MTCC asked the Commission to classify it as a competitive company and waive certain statutes and rules as authorized by Sections 392.361 and 392.420. MTCC is a Missouri corporation with offices at Post Office Box 128, Hurdland, Missouri 63547-0128. MTCC has not provided its street address to the Commission.

The Commission issued an Order and Notice on January 28, directing parties wishing to intervene in the case to do so by February 27. The Commission granted permission to intervene to GTE Midwest Incorporated (GTE) on March 17.

¹ All statutory references are to Revised Statutes of Missouri 1994 unless otherwise indicated.

The parties filed a Stipulation and Agreement (Attachment 1 to this order) on April 16. On April 29, MTCC filed tariff sheets bearing an effective date of June 13, 1998.

Background

MTCC, which is certificated to provide intrastate interexchange services in Missouri, wishes certification to provide facilities-based and possibly resold basic local telecommunications service. MTCC wants to provide basic local services in portions of Missouri that are currently served by GTE. MTCC is not asking for certification in any area that is served by a small incumbent local exchange provider (ILEC). The specific exchanges in which MTCC proposes to operate are described in Appendix B to the application that was filed on January 22 (Attachment 2 to this order). MTCC is requesting that its basic local exchange services be classified as competitive and that the application of certain statutes and regulatory rules be waived.

Discussion

A. Requirements of 4 CSR 240-2.060(4)

Commission rule 4 CSR 240-2.060(4) requires a Missouri corporation applying for certification to provide telecommunications services to include in its application a certificate of incorporation and a certified copy of its articles of incorporation from the Secretary of State, a description of the types of service it intends to provide, a description of the exchanges where it will offer service, and a proposed tariff with a 45-day effective date. MTCC has provided all the required documentation. The company requested a temporary waiver of 4 CSR 240-2.060(4)(H) when it originally filed its application because it was impractical for MTCC to

submit a tariff until it had executed an interconnection agreement with the ILEC involved. MTCC could not price its resold services until it had reached price agreements with the ILEC from which it will purchase those services.

However, on March 30, MTCC filed a joint application with GTE and GTE Arkansas for approval of an interconnection agreement between them. The Commission established Case No. TO-98-410 to review the agreement and issued notice to interested parties. The tariffs filed by MTCC in this case are scheduled to take effect prior to the end of the 90-day period during which the Commission has jurisdiction to review the proposed interconnection agreement filed in Case No. TO-98-410. The 90-day period will expire on June 26.

B. Basic Local Service Certification

Section 392.455, RSMo Supp. 1996, sets out the requirements for granting certificates to provide basic local telecommunications service to new entrants. A new entrant must: (1) possess sufficient technical, financial and managerial resources and abilities to provide basic local telecommunications service; (2) demonstrate that the services it proposes to offer satisfy the minimum standards established by the Commission; (3) set forth the geographic area in which it proposes to offer service and demonstrate that such area follows exchange boundaries of the incumbent local exchange telecommunications company and is no smaller than an exchange; and (4) offer basic local telecommunications service as a separate and distinct service. In addition, the Commission must give due consideration to equitable access for all Missourians to affordable telecommunications services, regardless of where they live or their income.

1. Technical, financial and managerial resources and abilities.

MTCC submitted Appendix C with its application that lists the names and qualifications of its management team. In addition to academic credentials, the team members have experience in various areas of the telecommunications industry including technical, accounting and customer services. MTCC also submitted as Appendix D its December 31, 1997, balance sheet. In the Stipulation and Agreement, MTCC asserts, and no party makes a contrary assertion, that there is sufficient evidence from which the Commission should find and conclude that MTCC possesses sufficient technical, financial and managerial resources and abilities to provide basic local telecommunications service. Staff stated in its Suggestions in Support of the Stipulation and Agreement that it has reviewed the financial information submitted by MTCC and has concluded that MTCC is financially able to provide basic local telecommunications service in portions of the state of Missouri.

2. The entrant's proposed services satisfy the minimum standards established by the Commission. MTCC has agreed to meet the Commission's minimum basic local service standards, including quality of service and billing standards. The parties agreed that MTCC proposes to offer basic local services that satisfy the minimum standards established by the Commission.

3. The geographic area in which the company proposes to offer service. MTCC set out in Appendix B all the exchanges in which it proposes to offer services. MTCC has defined its service area by means of the tariffed exchange areas of the ILEC presently providing basic local service in those exchanges. Appendix B consists of Commission-approved tariff sheets filed by GTE that describe local exchanges. MTCC has agreed that

its service area must follow ILEC exchange boundaries and be no smaller than an exchange. The parties agreed that MTCC has sufficiently identified the geographic area in which it proposes to offer basic local service and that the area follows ILEC exchange boundaries and is no smaller than an exchange.

4. The offering of basic local telecommunications service as a separate and distinct service. MTCC has agreed to offer basic local telecommunications service as a separate and distinct service.

5. Equitable access for all Missourians to affordable telecommunications services. MTCC has agreed to provide equitable access, as determined by the Commission, for all Missourians within the geographic area in which it will offer basic local services in compliance with Section 392.455(5), RSMo Supp. 1996.

C. Competitive Classification

The Commission may classify a telecommunications provider as a competitive company if the Commission determines it is subject to sufficient competition to justify a lesser degree of regulation. § 392.361.2. In making that determination the Commission may consider such factors as market share, financial resources and name recognition, among others. In the matter of the investigation for the purpose of determining the classification of the services provided by interexchange telecommunications companies within the State of Missouri, 30 Mo. P.S.C. (N.S.) 16 (1989); In the matter of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company's application for classification of certain services as transitionally competitive, 1 Mo. P.S.C. 3d 479, 484 (1992). In addition, all the services a competitive company provides must be classified as competitive. § 392.361.3. The Commission has found that whether a service is

competitive is a subject for case-by-case examination and that different criteria may be given greater weight depending upon the service being considered. *Id.* at 487.

The parties have agreed that MTCC shall be classified as a competitive telecommunications company. The parties have also agreed that MTCC's switched exchange access services may be classified as a competitive service, conditioned upon certain limitations on MTCC's ability to charge for its access services. MTCC has agreed that, unless otherwise ordered by the Commission, its originating and terminating access rates will be no greater than the lowest Commission-approved corresponding access rates in effect at the date of certification for the large incumbent LECs within those service areas in which MTCC seeks to operate.² The parties have agreed that the grant of service authority and competitive classification to MTCC shall be expressly conditioned on the continued applicability of Section 392.200, RSMo Supp. 1996, and on the requirement that any increases in switched access services rates above the maximum switched access service rates set forth in the agreement must be cost-justified pursuant to Sections 392.220, RSMo Supp. 1996, and 392.230, rather than Sections 392.500 and 392.510.

The parties agreed that waiver of the following statutes is appropriate: Sections 392.210.2, 392.270, 392.280, 392.290.1, 392.300.2, 392.310, 392.320, 392.330, RSMo Supp. 1996, and 392.340. The parties also agreed that application of these Commission rules could be waived: 4 CSR 240-10.020, 4 CSR 240-30.040, and 4 CSR 240-35.

² For MTCC, this effectively places a cap at GTE's access rates.

Findings of Fact

The Missouri Public Service Commission, having considered all of the competent and substantial evidence upon the whole record, makes the following findings of fact:

- A. The Commission finds that competition in the local exchange and basic local exchange telecommunications markets is in the public interest.
- B. The Commission finds that MTCC has met the requirements of 4 CSR 240-2.060(4) for applicants for certificates of service authority to provide telecommunications services.
- C. The Commission finds that MTCC meets the statutory requirements for provision of basic local telecommunications services and has agreed to abide by those requirements in the future. The Commission determines that granting MTCC a certificate of service authority to provide basic local exchange telecommunications services is in the public interest. MTCC's certificate shall become effective when its tariff becomes effective.
- D. The Commission finds that MTCC is a competitive company and shall be granted waiver of the statutes and rules set out in Ordered Paragraph 3.
- E. The Commission finds that MTCC's certification and competitive status are expressly conditioned upon the continued applicability of Section 392.200, RSMo Supp. 1996, and on the requirement that any increases in switched access services rates above the maximum switched access service rates set forth in the agreement must be cost-justified pursuant to

Sections 392.220, RSMo Supp. 1996, and 392.230, rather than Sections 392.500 and 392.510.

The Commission further finds that MTCC's proposed tariff sheets should not be permitted to take effect until after the Commission has ruled on MTCC's interconnection agreement in Case No. TO-98-410. Approval of MTCC's proposed tariff is inappropriate at this time in that approval of the tariff necessarily depends upon approval of MTCC's interconnection agreement with GTE and GTE Arkansas. Pursuant to the federal Telecommunications Act of 1996 ("the Telecommunications Act"), 47 U.S.C. Sections 252(e)(2)(A) and 252(e)(4), the Commission has jurisdiction until June 26, 1998 (90 days after submission of the interconnection agreement to the Commission) to determine whether the agreement or any portion thereof discriminates against a telecommunications carrier not a party to the agreement, or whether the implementation of any portion thereof is inconsistent with the public interest, convenience, and necessity. Staff has not yet filed its recommendation in the interconnection case, and other parties will have an opportunity to file comments, as well. Without knowing whether the underlying interconnection agreement meets the requirements of the Telecommunications Act, the Commission cannot meaningfully review any tariffs which are based upon it or determine the sufficiency of such tariffs. The Commission finds that the public interest will be served if the effective date of MTCC's tariff is suspended for 45 days to July 28, so that the Commission has a full 90 days to approve or reject the agreement in Case No. TO-98-410 and ample time following that period to review the proposed tariff sheets.

Conclusions of Law

The Missouri Public Service Commission has reached the following conclusions of law:

The Commission has the authority to grant certificates of service authority to provide telecommunications service within the state of Missouri. MTCC has requested certification under Sections 392.420 - .440, and Sections 392.410 and .450, RSMo Supp. 1996. Those statutes permit the Commission to grant a certificate of service authority where the grant of authority is in the public interest. Sections 392.361 and .420 authorize the Commission to modify or suspend the application of its rules and certain statutory provisions for companies classified as competitive or transitionally competitive.

The federal Telecommunications Act of 1996 and Sections 392.185 and 392.455, RSMo Supp. 1996, were designed to institute competition in the basic local exchange telecommunications market in order to benefit all telecommunications consumers. Section 392.185, RSMo Supp. 1996, states that "the provisions of this chapter shall be construed to: (1) Promote universally available and widely affordable telecommunications services; . . . (3) Promote diversity in the supply of telecommunications services and products throughout the state of Missouri; . . . (6) Allow full and fair competition to function as a substitute for regulation when consistent with the protection of ratepayers and otherwise consistent with the public interest . . ."

The Commission has the legal authority to accept a Stipulation and Agreement as offered by the parties as a resolution of the issues raised in this case, pursuant to Section 536.060, RSMo Supp. 1996. Based upon the information contained within the Stipulation and Agreement of the parties

and on its findings of fact, the Commission concludes that the Stipulation and Agreement shall be approved.

The Commission also has the legal authority to suspend tariffs that are prematurely filed. The Commission concludes that the effective date of MTCC's tariff sheets should be suspended for 45 days to July 28.

Finally, the Commission concludes that MTCC failed to include its street address in its application as required by 4 CSR 240-2.060(1)(A). MTCC should be required to file a pleading containing this information.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

1. That the Stipulation and Agreement of the parties, filed on April 16, 1998, is approved.

2. That Mark Twain Communications Company is granted a certificate of service authority to provide basic local telecommunications services in the state of Missouri to become effective when the company's tariff becomes effective, subject to all applicable statutes and Commission rules except as specified in this order.

3. That Mark Twain Communications Company is classified as a competitive telecommunications company. Application of the following statutes and regulatory rules shall be waived:

Statutes

392.210.2 - uniform system of accounts
392.270 - valuation of property (ratemaking)
392.280 - depreciation accounts
392.290.1 - issuance of securities
392.300.2 - acquisition of stock
392.310 - stock and debt issuance
392.320 - stock dividend payment
392.340 - reorganization(s)
392.330, RSMo Supp. 1996 - issuance of securities,
debts and notes

Commission Rules

- 4 CSR 240-10.020 - depreciation fund income
- 4 CSR 240-30.040 - uniform system of accounts
- 4 CSR 240-35 - reporting of bypass and
customer-specific arrangements

4. That Mark Twain Communications Company's certification and competitive status are expressly conditioned upon the continued applicability of Section 392.200, RSMo Supp. 1996, and on the requirement that any increases in switched access service rates above the maximum switched access service rates set forth in the agreement must be cost-justified pursuant to Sections 392.220, RSMo Supp. 1996, and 392.230, rather than Sections 392.500 and 392.510.

5. That the effective date of the following tariff sheets submitted by Mark Twain Communications Company on April 29, 1998, is suspended to July 28, 1998, or until otherwise ordered by this Commission:

PSC MO. NO. 1

Original Title Sheet

- Section 1, Original Sheet 1 through Original Sheet 2
- Section 2, Original Sheet 1
- Section 3, Original Sheet 1
- Section 4, Original Sheet 1
- Section 5, Original Sheet 1
- Section 6, Original Sheet 1 through Original Sheet 2
- Section 7, Original Sheet 1 through Original Sheet 4
- Section 8, Original Sheet 1 through Original Sheet 3
- Section 9, Original Sheet 1
- Section 10, Original Sheet 1 through Original Sheet 4
- Section 11, Original Sheet 1
- Section 12, Original Sheet 1
- Section 13, Original Sheet 1
- Section 14, Original Sheet 1 through Original Sheet 2
- Section 15, Original Sheet 1
- Section 16, Original Sheet 1 through Original Sheet 4
- Section 17, Original Sheet 1
- Section 18, Original Sheet 1
- Section 19, Original Sheet 1 through Original Sheet 11
- Section 20, Original Sheet 1 through Original Sheet 4
- Section 21, Original Sheet 1
- Section 22, Original Sheet 1
- Section 23, Original Sheet 1 through Original Sheet 2
- Section 24, Original Sheet 1
- Section 25, Original Sheet 1 through Original Sheet 8

Section 26, Original Sheet 1 through Original Sheet 6
Section 27, Original Sheet 1
Section 28, Original Sheet 1
Section 29, Original Sheet 1
Section 30, Original Sheet 1
Section 31, Original Sheet 1 through Original Sheet 3
Section 32, Original Sheet 1
Section 33, Original Sheet 1
Section 34, Original Sheet 1 through Original Sheet 13

6. That Mark Twain Communications Company shall file a pleading containing its street address no later than June 3, 1998.

7. That this order shall become effective on May 29, 1998.



(S E A L)

Lumpe, Ch., Drainer, Murray
and Schemenauer, CC., concur.
Crumpton, C., absent.

BY THE COMMISSION

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dale Hardy Roberts".

Dale Hardy Roberts
Secretary/Chief Regulatory Law Judge

Randles, Regulatory Law Judge

Petition of GTE Midwest Incorporated)
Regarding Price Cap Regulation Under) Case No. TO-99-294
Section 392.245 RSMo (1996))

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA)
) ss
COUNTY OF DURHAM)

1. My name is James H. Vander Weide.
2. I recently testified on behalf of GTE Midwest Incorporated in **Re: An Investigation into Various Issues Related to the Missouri Universal Service Fund, Case No. TO-98-329** before the Missouri Public Service Commission. In my testimony, I discussed the current status of competition for basic local exchanges services in areas served by GTE and other local exchange companies. More specifically, I testified at page 1351 of the transcripts that Mark Twain Communications Corp. is presently providing basic local exchange service in competition with GTE, and is serving between 200 and 300 customers in GTE exchanges. (See Affidavit Attachment A). This testimony is available in the records of the Commission.
3. It is my understanding that Mark Twain Communications Corp. is now continuing to provide basic local telecommunications services in GTE's Lewiston and LaBelle exchanges.

4. I hereby swear and affirm that my statements in this Affidavit are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

James H. Vander Weide
James H. Vander Weide

Subscribed and sworn to before me this
29 day of January, 1999.

Carol H Lowans
Notary Public

My Commission Expires: 12-2-2001

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

STATE OF MISSOURI

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

HEARING

December 3, 1998

Jefferson City, Missouri

Volume 6

In the matter of an Investigation into Various)
Issues Related to the Missouri Universal Service) Case No.
Fund.) TO-98-329

LEWIS R. MILLS, Presiding,
REGULATORY LAW JUDGE
SHEILA LUMPE, Chairman
M. DIANNE DRAINER,
HAROLD CRUMPTON,
HAROLD SCHEMENAUER,
COMMISSIONERS.

REPORTED BY:
TRACY L. THORPE, CSR
ASSOCIATED COURT REPORTERS, INC.

FILED

DEC 9 1998

Missouri
Public Service Commission

1113
ASSOCIATED COURT REPORTERS, INC.
573-636-7551 JEFFERSON CITY, MO
573-442-3600 COLUMBIA, MO

1 Likewise, for the cost of capital we use the
2 current cost of capital. So I am using a current cost of
3 capital just like we are using current prices, except that
4 I'm using a current cost of capital that is consistent with
5 the assumption that we're using current prices or
6 forward-looking prices or market values for the assets.

7 In the traditional regulatory definition of
8 the cost of capital, we use book value capital structures.
9 When we use current market prices for investment, we're
10 looking at the market value of those assets. And my
11 testimony at this point is suggesting that we have to use
12 then a cost of capital based on market values, not book
13 values.

14 BY MS. HOGERTY:

15 Q. And this will necessarily lead to a higher
16 cost of capital?

17 A. It will lead to the correct cost of capital to
18 be applied to a market value investment.

19 Q. And one of the assumptions you're using in
20 here is competition for -- the reason for using this
21 approach, is it not?

22 A. Yes.

23 Q. I think on page 18 you list carriers that are
24 preparing to enter GTE's local market?

25 A. Yes.

1 Q. And you're not suggesting that they're in the
2 market, you're just saying they're preparing to enter?

3 A. Well, Mark Twain is in the market as far as I
4 understand it. The others are preparing to enter.

5 Q. Okay. Have you any idea what market share
6 Mark Twain has of GTE's local market?

7 A. Again, my understanding is they have somewhere
8 in between 200 and 300 customers that they have taken, but
9 my testimony does not rest on the current market share. It
10 rests on the assumption when we use a forward-looking
11 economic cost model, that the market is already competitive.
12 That's the assumption of forward-looking economic costs.

13 Q. So whether or not we have any competition, we
14 should just go ahead and assume a competitive market?

15 A. I was here yesterday when Mr. Klick was
16 testifying, and he referred to the fact that he assumed
17 competition when he determined the expense and investment
18 components in the forward-looking model. The
19 forward-looking cost is only a relevant standard and only
20 provides correct signals when there indeed is a competitive
21 market.

22 Q. Do you know what return on equity GTE proposed
23 in the arbitration cases --

24 A. No, I do not.

25 Q. -- just recently?

**STATE OF MISSOURI
OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**

**I have compared the preceding copy with the original on file in this office and
I do hereby certify the same to be a true copy therefrom and the whole thereof.**

**WITNESS my hand and seal of the Public Service Commission, at Jefferson
City,**

Missouri, this 29TH day of JANUARY, 1999.



Dale Hardy Roberts

**Dale Hardy Roberts
Secretary/Chief Regulatory Law Judge**

ATTACHMENT NO. 4

ADVERTISEMENTS PUBLISHED

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MO/AR/P DIV → GTE REG/GOU AFF

off by his father to the passionate and richly textured

NO. 053

006

Eight Highland Students**Named to All-District Choir**

Fifteen students from the Concert Choir went to Centralia, Mo., to try-out for All-District Choir on September 19.

The following students participated in the auditions: Josh Houchins, 11; John Hultz, 11; Josh Bock, 11; Kristen Carter, 11; Courtney Whitaker, 12; Karyn Reichert, 12; Jocey Kendrick, 12; Kimbre Wilson, 12; Jordan Whitaker, 10; Angie Sutter, 10; Blair Webster, 10; Katrina Fountain, 10; and Julie Kendrick, 10.

Students selected to participate in the Junior/Senior Choir were: Jocey Kendrick, Kimbre Wilson, Karyn Reichert, and Kristen Carter; Freshman/Sophomore Choir: Angie Sutter, Jordan Whitaker, Katrina Fountain, and Julie Kendrick.

Those selected will participate in the All-District Choir performance in Moberly on November 12.

Pep Club Formed at Highland High School

In beginning the new Pep Club at Highland High School, officers were chosen to which are: President, Amber Giar; Vice President, Chante Lewis; Secretary, Alison Standbridge; Treasurer, Melissa Long; and the sponsor of the club is Susan See.

The goals of the Pep Club are to build Cougar Pride and school spirit; to display sportsmanship; and to display respect during the National Anthem and Highland School Song.

Out of grades 9-12, there are currently 47 members in the Pep Club. One of the first of the Cougar Den Pep Clubs events was an opening football season tail gate party, which took place on September 4, 1998. The theme for the homecoming was "Happily Ever After" and the members wore crowns and cheered the team on with gigantic poms.

The Pep Club also participated in the mini-float contest for Homecoming and won fourth place.

MASONIC MEETING

2nd & 4th Thursday

7:30 p.m.



LaBelle Lodge 222
Regular Business
Visiting
Brethren Welcome

Keith Pulse, W.M.

Bryon G. Smith, Secretary

NEW TELEPHONE NUMBERS**The Following Businesses Have Switched****Lewistown Businesses**

Colonel's Place	573-215-2477
Country Aire Retirement Estates	573-215-2216
Curiosity Shoppe	573-215-2540
Custom Rifles	573-215-3310
Kathy's Hair Express	573-215-2570
K.C. Veterinary Service	573-215-3333
Lewis County REC Association	573-215-4000
Lewistown Clinic	573-215-2715
Lewistown Post Office	573-215-2525
United State Bank	573-215-2283

LaBelle Businesses

Avenue Six Hair Care Center	660-213-3989
City Limit Salon	660-213-4062
Cowboy Way	660-213-3927
Dairi Nook	660-213-3522
Davis Hardware	660-213-3216
E&R Service	660-213-3818
Hoffman & Sons Construction	660-213-3453
Lumley Feed Store	660-213-3515
Mauck's Family Restaurant	660-213-3955
Keith Tasco (Business)	660-213-4084
LaBelle Baptist Church	660-213-3426
Gamm Incorporated	660-213-3221
LaBelle Foods	660-213-3372
Ferrellgas	660-213-3655
LaBelle Star	660-213-3848
Lumley Locker	660-213-3373
New Century Computers	660-213-3822
Northeast Missouri Library Service	660-213-3600
Wider Opportunities	660-213-3290
Bank of LaBelle	660-213-3227
Belle La View Apts (RCF)	660-213-3988
Christian Church	660-213-3362
Dianna's	660-213-3337
Great River Management Co	660-213-3252
LaBelle City Hall	660-213-3830
LaBelle Police Department	660-213-3475
LaBelle Manor, Inc	660-213-3234
MFA Agri Service	660-213-3204
MFA Agri Service-Fertilizer Plant	660-213-3350

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Wed, October 7, 1998

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