Exhibit No.:

Issues: Class Cost-of-Service

Rate Design

Witness: Michael S. Scheperle

Sponsoring Party: MO PSC Staff

Type of Exhibit: Surrebuttal Testimony

File No.: ER-2011-0004

Date Testimony Prepared: April 28, 2011

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION UTILITY OPERATIONS DIVISION

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

MICHAEL S. SCHEPERLE

THE EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC COMPANY

FILE NO. ER-2011-0004

Jefferson City, Missouri April 2011

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of The Empire District Electric Company of Joplin, Missouri for Authority to File Tariffs Increasing Rates for Electric Service Provided to Customers in the Missouri Service Area of the Company))) File No. ER-2011-0004)
AFFIDAVIT OF MIC	HAEL S. SCHEPERLE
STATE OF MISSOURI)	
COUNTY OF COLE) ss	
the preparation of the following Surrebutt consisting of pages of Surrebuttal T that the answers in the following Surrebutta	on his oath states: that he has participated in al Testimony in question and answer form, estimony to be presented in the above case, al Testimony were given by him; that he has answers; and that such matters are true to the
	Michael 5. Schepella Michael S. Scheperle
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27	day of April, 2011.
SUSAN L. SÜNDERMEYER Notary Public - Notary Seal State of Missouri Commissioned for Callaway County My Commission Expires: October 03, 2014 Commission Number: 10942086	Susan Mundermayer Notary Public

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1	SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY
2	\mathbf{OF}
3	MICHAEL S. SCHEPERLE
4	THE EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC COMPANY
5	FILE NO. ER-2011-0004
6	Q. Please state your name and business address.
7	A. My name is Michael S. Scheperle and my business address is Missouri Public
8	Service Commission, P. O. Box 360, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102.
9	Q. Are you the same Michael S. Scheperle who filed in this proceeding on March
10	16, 2011, direct testimony, both in question and answer format and as part of the Missour
11	Public Service Commission Staff's (Staff's) Rate Design and Class Cost-of-Service Repor
12	(CCOS Report), and who filed on April 18, 2011 rebuttal testimony in question and answer
13	format?
14	A. Yes, I am.
15	Q. What is the purpose of your surrebuttal testimony?
16	A. I respond to the rebuttal testimony of The Empire District Electric Company
17	(Empire) witness W. Scott Keith regarding Empire's 1) residential customer charge and 2)
18	variation in certain energy rate elements between summer and non-summer seasons.
19	Residential Customer Charge
20	Q. What was Empire's position in rebuttal testimony regarding Staff's residential
21	customer charge recommendation of an increase from \$12.52 to \$13.00?
22	A. Empire opposes Staff's recommendation, as detailed in Empire witness Keith's
23	rebuttal testimony on page 18. Mr. Keith suggests a greater increase from \$12.52 is

warranted, and Empire recommends that the residential customer charge be increased to \$15 per month. According to tariff sheets filed in this case by Empire, Empire recommended that the residential customer charge be increased from \$12.52 to \$24.00 (not \$15). Staff appreciates the movement that the company has shown by going to \$15.00, but Staff still recommends \$13.00.

If Empire's recommendation is adopted, that would mean approximately a 20% increase for the customer charge (from \$12.52 to \$15.00). Staff recommends a more modest \$0.48 increase for the residential customer charge. Staff's recommendation is based on Staff's judgment of public acceptance and preference for rate stability.

Variation in Energy Rate Elements between Summer and Non-Summer Seasons

- Q. Does Staff agree with Empire's request (Keith, Rebuttal Testimony, p. 18) to limit the increase in the winter energy charge for the purpose of reducing the summer/non-summer rate differential to \$0.005 per kilowatt-hour instead of \$0.01 per kilowatt-hour as recommended by Staff?
- A. No. As admitted by Empire witness H. Edwin Overcast in his Direct Testimony, the current differential between seasons is too large and needs to be reduced to a cost differential of \$0.0077 for all classes of customers where a seasonal differential is part of the rate schedule. If Staff's revenue neutral adjustment rate design recommendations are adopted for the Residential General (RG), Commercial Building (CB), Commercial Space Heating (SH), Total Electric Building (TEB), and General Power (GP), they would reduce the summer/non-summer rate differential without a substantive increase to any customer.
- Q. What specifically does the Commission need to order to implement Staff's recommendation on the issues you have addressed in pre-filed testimony?

- A. Staff recommends that before an increase in rates is recommended for any class, that certain revenue neutral adjustments occur to specific rate schedules to reduce the variations in rate elements between the summer and non-summer season as follows:
 - For the residential class (rate schedule RG), the current rates and Staff's revenue neutral proposed rates are listed in Schedule MSS-5 of the CCOS Report. As listed, the only variation between the current charges by season is the second energy block where the summer rate (\$0.1074 per kWh) is 48% higher than the non-summer rate (\$0.0728 per kWh). To minimize the cost variation of the summer/non-summer period, Staff increased the second energy step (over 600 kWh) in the non-summer by \$0.01 to reduce the summer and non-summer variation and spread the revenue neutral adjustment to all other energy blocks. This would reduce the summer/non-summer variation (over 600 kWh) from 48% to 23%. The revenue neutral adjustment to the RG class is zero. Schedule MSS-5 of the CCOS Report details the adjustment by individual customer usage per month and per year.
 - For the commercial building class (rate schedule CB), the current rates and Staff's revenue neutral proposed rates are listed in Schedule MSS-6 of the CCOS Report. As listed, the only variation between the current charges by season is the second energy block where the summer rate (\$0.1194 per kWh) is 32% higher than the non-summer rate (\$0.0906 per kWh). Staff increased the second energy step (over 700 kWh) in the non-summer by \$0.01 to reduce the summer and non-summer

variation and spread the revenue neutral adjustment to all other energy blocks. This would reduce the summer/non-summer variation (over 700 kWh) from 32% to 11%. The revenue neutral adjustment to the CB class is zero. Schedule MSS-6 of the CCOS Report details the adjustment by individual customer usage per month and per year.

- For the commercial small heating class (rate schedule SH), the current rates and Staff's revenue neutral proposed rates are listed in Schedule MSS-7 of the CCOS Report. As listed, the only variation between the current charges by season is the second energy block where the summer rate (\$0.1189 per kWh) is 69% higher than the non-summer rate (\$0.0704 per kWh). Staff increased the second energy step (over 700 kWh) in the non-summer by \$.01 to reduce the summer and non-summer variation and spread the revenue neutral adjustment to all other energy blocks. This would reduce the summer/non-summer variation (over 700 kWh) from 69% to 34%. The revenue neutral adjustment to the SH class is zero. Schedule MSS-7 of the CCOS Report details the adjustment by individual customer usage per month and per year.
- For the general power class (rate schedule GP), the current rates and Staff's revenue proposed rates are listed in Schedule MSS-8 of the CCOS Report. As listed, the variations between the current charges by season are demand charges and the three energy charge blocks based on hours use. Staff increased the first energy step (first 150 hours use of Metered Demand per kWh) in the non-summer by \$0.01 to reduce the

summer and non-summer variation and spread the revenue neutral adjustment to the first energy step (first 150 hours use of Metered Demand per kWh) in the summer. This would reduce the summer/non-summer variation from 67% to 16 %. The revenue neutral adjustment to the GP class is zero. Schedule MSS-8 of the CCOS Report details the adjustment by individual customer usage per month.

For the total electric building class (rate schedule TEB), the current rates and Staff's revenue proposed rates are listed in Schedule MSS-9 of the CCOS Report. As listed, the variations between the current charges by season are demand charges and the three energy charge blocks. Staff increased the first energy step (first 150 hours use of Metered Demand, per kWh) in the non-summer by \$0.01 to reduce the summer and non-summer variation and spread the revenue neutral adjustment to the first energy step (first 150 hours use of Metered Demand, per kWh) in the summer. This would reduce the summer/non-summer variation from 87% to 31%. The revenue neutral adjustment to the TEB class is zero. Schedule MSS-9 of the CCOS Report details the adjustment by individual customer usage per month.

Staff's rate design recommendations in this case after revenue neutral adjustments discussed above are:

 The following Empire customer classes receive the system average increase, as the revenue responsibilities of these customer classes are close to Empire's cost to serve them: • Commercial Building

1

2	Commercial Small Heating
3	Total Electric Building
4	2. The following Empire customer classes receive the system average percent
5	increase plus an approximate additional 0.4% increase, because the current
6	revenue responsibilities of the customer classes are less than Empire's cost to
7	serve them.
8	Residential
9	• Special Transmission Service Contract: Praxair (SP-C)
10	Large Power
11	3. The following Empire customer classes receive no increase for the first \$4 million,
12	because their current revenue responsibilities exceed Empire's cost of serving
13	them. For any Commission ordered increase above \$4 million, that the additional
14	amount above \$4 million be allocated on an equal percentage basis to the
15	following Empire customer classes.
16	General Power
17	Feed Mill and Grain Elevator
18	4. The Empire Lighting class (Street, Private, Special, Miscellaneous) receive no
19	increase as Staff's CCOS study indicates the Lighting class revenues exceed the
20	revenue responsibility of the class by over 20%.
21	5. Allocation of any Commission ordered decrease as an equal percentage decrease to
22	the rate schedules for the customer classes shown to have a negative percent

A.

Yes, it does.