## Title 4 – DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Division 240 – Public Service Commission Chapter 20 – Electric Utilities

## PROPOSED RULE

## 4 CSR 240-20.093 Demand-Side Programs Investment Mechanisms

PURPOSE: This rule allows the establishment and operation of Demand-Side Programs Investment Mechanisms (DSIM), which allow <u>periodic rate adjustments related to</u> recovery of costs and utility incentives for investments in demand-side programs.

- (1) As used in this rule, the following terms mean:
- (A) Annual demand savings target means the annual demand savings level approved by the commission at the time of each demand-side program's approval in accordance with 4 CSR 240-20.094(3)(A). Annual demand-side savings targets are the baseline for determining the utility's demand-side programs' annual demand savings performance levels in the methodology for the utility incentive component of a DSIM.
- (B) Annual energy savings target means the annual energy savings level approved by the commission at the time of each demand-side program's approval in accordance with 4 CSR 240-20.094(3)(A). Annual energy savings targets are the baseline for determining the utility's demand-side programs' annual energy savings performance levels in the methodology for the utility incentive component of a DSIM.
- (C) Annual net shared benefits means the utility's avoided costs measured and documented through EM&V reports for approved demand-side programs less the sum of the programs' costs including design, administration, delivery, end-use measures, incentives, EM&V, utility market potential studies and technical resource manual on an annual basis.
- (D) Annual report means a report of information concerning a utility's demand-side programs having the content described in 4 CSR 240-3.163(5).
- (E) Approved demand-side program means a demand-side program or demand-side program pilot which is approved by the commission in accordance with 4 CSR 240-20.094 Demand-Side Programs.
- (F) Avoided cost or avoided utility cost means the cost savings obtained by substituting demand-side programs for existing and new supply-side resources. Avoided costs include: avoided utility costs resulting from energy cost savings and demand cost savings associated with generation, transmission and distribution facilities and avoided probable environmental costs.
- (G) Baseline demand forecast means a reference forecast of summer and winter demand at the class level in the absence of any new demand-side programs but including the effects of naturally occurring energy efficiency and any codes and standards that were in place and known to be enacted at the time the forecast is completed.
- (H) Baseline energy forecast means a reference forecast of energy at the class level in the absence of any new demand-side programs but including the effects of naturally occurring energy efficiency and any codes and standards that were in place and known to be enacted at the time the forecast is completed.

- (I) Cost recovery component of a DSIM means the methodology approved by the commission in a general rate proceeding to allow recovery of costs of approved demand-side programs with interest.
- (J) Demand means the rate of electric power use measured over an hour in kilowatts (kW).
- (K) Demand response means measures that decrease peak demand or shift demand to off-peak periods.
- (L) Demand-side program means any program conducted by the utility to modify the net consumption of electricity on the retail customer's side of the meter including, but not limited to, energy efficiency measures, load management, demand response, and interruptible or curtailable load.
- (M) Demand-side programs investment mechanism or DSIM means a mechanism approved by the commission in a utility's general rate proceeding to encourage investments in demand-side programs. The DSIM may include, in combination and without limitation:
- 1. Cost recovery of demand-side program costs through capitalization of investments in demand-side programs;
- 2. Cost recovery of demand-side program costs through a demand-side program cost tracker;
  - 3. Accelerated depreciation on demand-side investments; and
- 4. Utility incentive based on the achieved performance level of approved demand-side programs.
- (N) DSIM cost recovery revenue requirement means the revenue requirement approved by the commission in a general rate proceeding <u>or a semi-annual DSIM rate adjustment case</u> to allow recovery of costs of demand-side programs with interest.
- (O) DSIM rate means the charge on customers' bills for the portion of the DSIM revenue requirement assigned by the Commission to a rate class.
- (P) DSIM revenue requirement means the sum of the DSIM cost recovery revenue requirement and the DSIM utility incentive revenue requirement.
- (Q) DSIM utility incentive revenue requirement means the revenue requirement approved by the commission in a general rate proceeding to provide the utility with a portion of annual net shared benefits based on the achieved performance level of approved demand-side programs demonstrated through energy and demand savings measured and documented through EM&V reports compared to energy and demand savings targets.
- (R) Electric utility or utility means any electric corporation as defined in section 386.020, RSMo.
- (S) Energy means the total amount of electric power that is used by customers over a specified interval of time measured in kilowatt-hours (kWh).
- (T) Energy efficiency means measures that reduce the amount of electricity required to achieve a given end-use.
- (U) Evaluation, measurement and verification or EM&V means the performance of studies and activities intended to evaluate the process of and to estimate the energy and demand savings and other effects from demand-side programs.
- (V) General rate proceeding means a general rate increase proceeding or complaint proceeding before the commission in which all relevant factors that may affect the costs or rates and charges of the electric utility are considered by the commission.

- (W) Program pilot means a demand-side program designed to operate on a limited basis for evaluation purposes before full implementation.
- (X) Staff means all commission employees, except the secretary of the commission, general counsel, technical advisory staff as defined by section 386.135 RSMo, hearing officer, or regulatory judge.
- (Y) Statewide technical reference manual means a document that is used by electric utilities to assess energy savings and demand savings attributable to energy efficiency and demand response.
- (Z) Total resource cost test or TRC means the test that compares the avoided utility costs to the sum of all incremental costs of end-use measures that are implemented due to the program (including both utility and participant contributions), plus utility costs to administer, deliver and evaluate each demand-side program to quantify the net savings obtained by substituting the demand-side program for supply-side resources.
- (AA) Utility incentive component of a DSIM means the methodology approved by the commission in a general rate proceeding to allow the utility to receive a portion of annual net shared benefits achieved and documented through EM&V reports.
- (BB) Utility market potential study means an evaluation and report by an independent third party of the cost effective energy savings and cost effective demand savings available in a utility's service territory broken down by customer class and major end-uses within each customer class.
- (2) Applications to establish, continue, or modify a DSIM. Pursuant to the provisions of this rule, 4 CSR 240-2.060, and section 393.1075, RSMo, an electric utility shall file an application with the commission to establish, continue or modify a DSIM in a general rate proceeding.
- (A) The electric utility shall meet the filing requirements in 4 CSR 240-3.163(2) in conjunction with an application to establish a DSIM and 4 CSR 240-3.163(3) in conjunction with an application to continue or modify a DSIM.
- (B) Any party to the general rate proceeding may support or oppose the establishment, continuation or modification of a DSIM and/or may propose an alternative DSIM for the commission's consideration including but not limited to modifications to any electric utility's proposed DSIM.
- (C) The commission shall approve the establishment, continuation or modification of a DSIM and associated tariff sheets if it finds the DSIM electric utility's approved demand-side programs are expected to result in energy and demand savings and are beneficial to all customers in the customer class in which the programs are proposed, regardless of whether the programs are utilized by all customers and will assist the commission's efforts to implement state policy contained in section 393.1075, RSMo to:
- 1. Provide the electric utility with timely recovery of all reasonable and prudent costs of delivering cost-effective demand-side programs;
- 2. Ensure that utility financial incentives are aligned with helping customers use energy more efficiently and in a manner that sustains or enhances utility customers' incentives to use energy more efficiently; and
- 3. Provide timely earnings opportunities associated with cost-effective measurable and/or verifiable energy and demand savings.
- (D) In addition to any other changes in business risk experienced by the electric utility, the commission shall consider changes in the utility's business risk resulting from establishment,

continuation or modification of the DSIM in setting the electric utility's allowed return on equity in general rate proceedings.

- (E) In determining to approve, modify, or continue a DSIM, the commission shall consider, but is not limited to only considering, the expected magnitude of the impact of the utility's approved demand-side programs on the utility's costs, revenues and earnings, the ability of the utility to manage all aspects of the approved demand-side programs, the ability to measure and verify the approved program's impacts, any interaction among the various components of the DSIM that the utility may propose, and the incentives or disincentives provided to the utility as a result of the inclusion or exclusion of cost recovery component and/or utility incentive component in the DSIM.
- (F) Any cost recovery component of a DSIM shall be based on costs of demand-side programs approved by the commission in accordance with 4 CSR 240-20.094 Demand-Side Programs. Indirect costs associated with demand-side programs, including but not limited to costs of utility market potential study and/or utility's portion of statewide technical reference manual, shall be allocated to demand-side programs and thus shall be eligible for recovery through an approved DSIM. The commission shall order any DSIM rates in a general rate proceeding *or in a semi-annual DSIM rate adjustment case*.
- (G) Any utility incentive component of a DSIM shall include a methodology for determining the utility's portion of annual net shared benefits achieved and documented through EM&V reports for approved demand-side programs. Each utility incentive component of a DSIM shall define the relationship between the utility's portion of annual net shared benefits achieved and documented through EM&V reports, annual energy savings achieved and documented through EM&V reports as a percentage of annual energy savings targets, and annual demand savings achieved and documented through EM&V reports as a percentage of annual demand savings targets.
- 1. Annual energy and demand savings targets approved by the commission for use in the DSIM utility incentive component are not necessarily the same as the incremental annual energy and demand savings goals and cumulative annual energy and demand savings goals specified in 4 CSR 240-20.094(2).
- 2. The commission shall order any DSIM utility incentive revenue requirement only in a general rate proceeding.
- (H) If the DSIM proposed by the utility includes adjustments to DSIM rates between general rate proceedings, the DSIM shall include a provision to adjust the DSIM rates every six (6) months to include a true-up for over- and under-collection of the DSIM revenue requirement as well as the impact on the DSIM cost recovery revenue requirement as a result of approved new, modified or deleted demand-side programs.
- (I) If the commission approves a DSIM utility incentive component, such utility incentive component shall be binding on the commission for the entire term of the DSIM, and such DSIM shall be binding on the electric utility for the entire term of the DSIM, unless otherwise ordered or conditioned by the commission when approved.
  - (J) The Commission shall apportion the DSIM revenue requirement as follows:
- 1. The utility shall estimate the demand-related portion and the energy-related portion of demand-side costs using the relationship between the demand-related and energy-related avoided costs that were used to justify the demand-side program weighted by the demand and energy reductions that were used to justify the demand-side program.

- 2. The demand-related portion <u>shallwill</u> be allocated to the rate classes on the contribution to seasonal peak demand of each rate class. For demand-side programs that impact the summer peak, the allocation <u>shallwill</u> be based on the summer peak demand of the classes. For demand-side programs that impact the winter peak, the allocation <u>shallwill</u> be based on the winter peak demand of the classes.
- 3. Energy-related costs <u>shallwill</u> be allocated in proportion to the normalized annual energy level of each rate class.
- 4. Both demand and energy allocation factors shallwill be adjusted to the generation level.
- 5. In assigning or allocating costs to rate classes, no cost shall be attributed based on the load characteristics of customers who have opted out of the utility's demand-side programs.
- (3) Application for discontinuation of a DSIM. The commission shall allow or require a DSIM to be discontinued or any component of a DSIM to be discontinued only after providing the opportunity for a hearing in a general rate proceeding.
  - (A) The electric utility shall meet the filing requirements in 4 CSR 240-3.163(5).
- (B) Any party to the general rate proceeding may oppose the discontinuation of a DSIM or any component of a DSIM.
- (C) In addition to any other changes in business risk experienced by the electric utility, the commission may take into account any change in business risk to the electric utility resulting from discontinuance of the DSIM in setting the electric utility's allowed return on equity in a general rate proceeding.
- (D) If the utility requests that cost recovery be discontinued, in its initial notice to customers regarding the general rate proceeding, the electric utility shall include a commission-approved description of why it believes the cost recovery component of the DSIM should be discontinued.
- (4) Requirements for semi-annual adjustments of DSIM rates, if the commission approves adjustments of DSIM rates between general rate proceedings. Semi-annual adjustments to DSIM rates between general rate proceedings shall only include adjustments to the DSIM cost recovery revenue requirement and shall not include any adjustments to the DSIM utility incentive revenue requirement. Adjustments to the DSIM cost recovery revenue requirement may reflect new and approved demand-side programs, approved program modifications and/or approved program discontinuations. When an electric utility files tariff sheets to adjust its DSIM rates between general rate proceedings, the staff shall examine and analyze the information filed by the electric utility in accordance with 4 CSR 240-3.163(8) and additional information obtained through discovery, if any, to determine if the proposed adjustments to the DSIM cost recovery revenue requirement and DSIM rates are in accordance with the provisions of this rule, section 393.1075, RSMo and the DSIM established, modified or continued in the most recent general rate proceeding. The staff shall submit a recommendation regarding its examination and analysis to the commission not later than thirty (30) days after the electric utility files its tariff sheets to adjust its DSIM rates. If the adjustments to the DSIM cost recovery revenue requirement and DSIM rates are in accordance with the provisions of this rule, section 393.1075, RSMo, and the DSIM established, modified or continued in the most recent general rate proceeding, the commission shall issue an interim rate adjustment order approving the tariff sheets and the adjustments to the DSIM rates shall take effect sixty (60) days after the tariff

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sheets were filed. If the adjustments to the DSIM cost recovery revenue requirement and DSIM rates are not in accordance with the provisions of this rule, section 393.1075, RSMo, or the DSIM established, modified or continued in the most recent rate proceeding, the commission shall reject the proposed tariff sheets within sixty (60) days of the electric utility's filing and may instead order the filing of interim tariff sheets that implement its decision and approval implementation of appropriate interim tariff sheets.

- (A) An electric utility with a DSIM shall file to adjust its DSIM rates once every six (6) months.
- (B) The semi-annual adjustments to the DSIM rates shall reflect a comprehensive measurement of both increases and decreases to the DSIM cost recovery revenue requirement established in the most recent general rate proceeding or semi-annual DSIM rate adjustment case plus the change in DSIM cost recovery revenue requirement which occurred since the most recent general rate proceeding or semi-annual DSIM rate adjustment case.
- (C) The electric utility shall be current on its submission of its Surveillance Monitoring Reports as required in section (9) and its annual reports as required in section (8) in order to increase the DSIM rates.
- (D) If the staff, Public Counsel or other party which receives the information that the electric utility is required to submit in 4 CSR 240-3.163(6) and 4 CSR 240-3.163(8) and the commission order establishing, modifying or continuing the DSIM has not been submitted in compliance with that rule, it shall notify the electric utility within ten (10) days of the electric utility's filing of an application or tariff sheets to adjust DSIM rates and identify the information required. The electric utility shall submit the information identified by the party, or shall notify the party that it believes the information submitted was in compliance with the requirements of 4 CSR 240-3.163(8), within ten (10) days of the request. A party who notifies the electric utility it believes the electric utility has not submitted all the information required by 4 CSR 240-3.163(8) and as ordered by the commission in a previous proceeding and receives notice from the electric utility that the electric utility believes it has submitted all required information may file a motion with the commission for an order directing the electric utility to produce that information, i. e., a motion to compel. While the commission is considering the motion to compel, the processing timeline for the adjustment to increase DSIM rates shall be suspended. If the commission then issues an order requiring the information be submitted, the time necessary for the information to be submitted shall further extend the processing timeline for the adjustment to increase DSIM rates. For good cause shown the commission may further suspend this timeline. Any delay in submitting sufficient information in compliance with 4 CSR 240-3.163(8) or a commission order in a previous proceeding in a request to decrease DSIM rates shall not alter the processing timeline.
- (5) Duration of DSIM. Once a DSIM is approved by the commission, it shall remain in effect for a term of not more than four (4) years unless the commission earlier authorizes the modification or discontinuance of the DSIM, <u>although an electric utility shall submit proposed tariff sheets to implement interim semi-annual adjustments to its DSIM rates between general rate proceedings</u>
- (A) If the commission approves a DSIM for an electric utility, the electric utility shallmust file a general rate proceeding with the effective date of new rates to be no later than four (4) years after the effective date of the commission order implementing the DSIM, assuming the maximum statutory suspension of the rates so filed.

- (6) Disclosure on customers' bills. <u>Regardless of whether or not the utility requests adjustments of its DSIM rates between general rate proceedings</u>, any amounts charged under a DSIM approved by the commission, including any utility incentives allowed by the commission, shall be separately disclosed on each customer's bill. Proposed language regarding this disclosure shall be submitted to and approved by the commission before it appears on customers' bills.
- (7) Evaluation, measurement and verification (EM&V) of the process and impact of demand-side programs. Each electric utility shall hire an independent contractor to perform and report EM&V of each commission-approved demand-side program in accordance with 4 CSR 240-20.094 Demand-Side Programs. The commission shall hire an independent contractor to audit and report on the work of each utility's independent EM&V contractor.
- (A) Each utility's EM&V budget shall not exceed five percent (5%) of the utility's total budget for all approved demand-side program costs.
  - (B) The cost of the commission's EM&V contractor shall:
    - 1. Not be a part of the utility's budget for demand-side programs; and
    - 2. Be included in the Missouri Public Service Commission Assessment for each utility.
- (C) EM&V draft reports for each approved demand-side program shall be delivered simultaneously to the utility and to parties of the case in which the demand-side program was approved.
  - (D) EM&V final reports of each approved demand-side program shall:
- 1. Be completed by the utility's EM&V contractor on a schedule approved by the commission at the time of demand-side program approval in accordance with 4 CSR 240-20.094(3); and
- 2. Be filed with the commission and delivered simultaneously to the utility and the parties of the case in which the demand-side program was approved.
- (E) Electric utility's EM&V contractors shall use, if available, a commission approved statewide technical reference manual when performing EM&V work.
- (8) Demand-side program annual report. Each electric utility with one or more approved demand-side programs shall file an annual report—providing information by no later than sixty (60) days after the end of each calendar year in the form and having the content provided for by 4 CSR 240-3.163(5), and serve a copy on each party to the case in which the programs were last established, modified or continued. Interested parties may file comments with the commission concerning the content of the utility's annual report within sixty (60) days of its filing.
- (9) Submission of Surveillance Monitoring Reports. Each electric utility with an approved DSIM shall submit to staff, Public Counsel and parties approved by the commission a Surveillance Monitoring Report in the form and having the content provided for by 4 CSR 240-3.163(6).
- (A) The Surveillance Monitoring Report shall be submitted within fifteen (15) days of the electric utility's next scheduled United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) 10-Q or 10-K filing with the initial submission within fifteen (15) days of the electric utility's next scheduled SEC 10-Q or 10-K filing following the effective date of the commission order establishing the DSIM.

- (B) If the electric utility also has an approved environmental cost recovery mechanism or a fuel cost adjustment mechanism, the electric utility shall submit a single Surveillance Monitoring Report for all mechanisms.
- (C) Upon a finding that a utility has knowingly or recklessly provided materially false or inaccurate information to the commission regarding the surveillance data prescribed in 4 CSR 240-3.163(6), after notice and an opportunity for a hearing, the commission may suspend a DSIM or order other appropriate remedies as provided by law.
- (10) <u>Prudence reviews</u>. A prudence review of the costs subject to the DSIM shall be conducted no less frequently than at twenty-four (24)-month intervals.
- (A) All amounts ordered refunded by the commission shall include interest at the electric utility's short-term borrowing rate.
- (B) The staff shall submit a recommendation regarding its examination and analysis to the commission not later than one hundred eighty (180) days after the staff initiates its prudence audit. The timing and frequency of prudence audits for DSIM shall be established in the general rate proceeding in which the DSIM is established. The staff shall file notice within ten (10) days of starting its prudence audit. The commission shall issue an order not later than two hundred ten (210) days after the staff commences its prudence audit if no party to the proceeding in which the prudence audit is occurring files, within one hundred ninety (190) days of the staff's commencement of its prudence audit, a request for a hearing.
- 1. If the staff, OPC or other party auditing the DSIM believes that insufficient information has been supplied to make a recommendation regarding the prudence of the electric utility's DSIM, it may utilize discovery to obtain the information it seeks. If the electric utility does not timely supply the information, the party asserting the failure to provide the required information must timely file a motion to compel with the commission. While the commission is considering the motion to compel the processing timeline shall be suspended. If the commission then issues an order requiring the information to be provided, the time necessary for the information to be provided shall further extend the processing timeline. For good cause shown the commission may further suspend this timeline.
- 2. If the timeline is extended due to an electric utility's failure to timely provide sufficient responses to discovery and a refund is due to the customers, the electric utility shall refund all imprudently incurred costs plus interest at the electric utility's short-term borrowing rate.
- (11) Tariffs and regulatory plans. The provisions of this rule shall not affect:
- (A) Any adjustment mechanism, rate schedule, tariff, incentive plan, or other ratemaking mechanism that was approved by the commission and in effect prior to the effective date of this rule; and
- (B) Any experimental regulatory plan that was approved by the commission and in effect prior to the effective date of this rule.
- (12) Nothing in this rule shall preclude a complaint case from being filed, as provided by law.
- (13) Variances. Upon request and for good cause shown, the commission may grant a variance from any provision of this rule.

(14) Rule review. The commission shall complete a review of the effectiveness of this rule no later than four (4) years after the effective date, and may, if it deems necessary, initiate rulemaking proceedings to revise this rule.

AUTHORITY: section 393.1075, RSMo 2009

• If it is determined that annual adjustments of DSIM rates between general rate proceedings are unlawful, the words in italic and underlined font will be deleted from the body of this rule.