FILED
August 28, 2007
Data Center
Missouri Public
Service Commision

Exhibit No.:

Issues:

Capital Structure

Embedded Cost of Preferred Stock American Water Capital Corp, Customer Rate Design

Witness:

James M. Jenkins

Exhibit Type:

Rebuttal

Sponsoring Party: Missouri-American Water Company

Case No.:

Date:

WR-2007-0216 SR-2007-0217

July 13, 2007

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

CASE NO. WR-2007-0216 CASE NO. SR-2007-0217

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

JAMES M. JENKINS

ON BEHALF OF

MISSOURI-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

Case No(s). De Reptres

NP

OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

IN THE MATTER OF MISSOURI-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY FOR AUTHORITY TO FILE TARIFFS REFLECTING INCREASED RATES FOR WATER AND SEWER SERVICE

CASE NO. WR-2007-0216 CASE NO. SR-2007-0217

AFFIDAVIT OF JAMES M. JENKINS

James M. Jenkins, being first duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the witness who sponsors the accompanying testimony entitled "Direct Testimony of James M. Jenkins"; that said testimony and schedules were prepared by him and/or under his direction and supervision; that if inquires were made as to the facts in said testimony and schedules, he would respond as therein set forth; and that the aforesaid testimony and schedules are true and correct to the best of his knowledge.

James M. Jenkins

State of Missouri County of St. Louis

SUBSCRIBED and sworn to

Before me this 101 day of

__ 2007.

Notary Public

My commission expires:

REBECCA ACTON
Notary Public - Notary Seal
STATE OF MISSOURI
St. Louis County

My Commission Expires: Aug. 25, 2008

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY JAMES M. JENKINS MISSOURI-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY CASE NO. WR-2007-0216

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REBUTTAL TESTIMONY JAMES M. JENKINS

1		I. INTRODUCTION
2		
3	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, TITLE AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
4	A.	James M. Jenkins, 727 Craig Road, St. Louis, Missouri 63141.
5		
6	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED TESTIMONY IN THIS
7		PROCEEDING?
8	A.	Yes, I have submitted direct testimony in this proceeding.
9		
10	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
11	A.	The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to rebut certain aspects of the direct
12		testimony of Michael Gorman, witness for the Missouri Industrial Energy
13		Consumers ("MIEC") and David Murray, witness for the Missouri Public
14		Service Commission Staff ("Staff") concerning capital structure, preferred
15		stock, American Water Capital Corporation ("AWCC"), and authorized returns
16		from other jurisdictions. I will also address the Company's rate design
17		position based on the direct testimony of Staff and Office of Public Counsel
18		(OPC), as well as positions expressed by other parties at the
19		prehearing/settlement conference. Finally, I will respond to James Merciel,
20		witness for Staff, regarding the proposed disallowance of certain investments

in sewer plant in Warren County and Cedar Hill.

II. REBUTTAL TO MICHAEL GORMAN A. CAPITAL STRUCTURE

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- Q. What is Mr. Gorman's position regarding an appropriate capital
 structure in this proceeding?
- 6 A. It appears Mr. Gorman accepts the Company's proposed capital structure as 7 shown in Schedule JMJ-1 of my direct testimony.

8

- 9 Q. Does Mr. Gorman propose any adjustments to the Company's proposed capital structure?
- 11 A. Mr. Gorman does not propose any adjustments to the Company's proposed
 12 capital structure as shown in Schedule JMJ-1 of my direct testimony and
 13 summarized in Table 1 on page 5 of Mr. Gorman's testimony.

14

15

- Q. How did you arrive at the capital structure reflected in Schedule JMJ-1?
- As discussed on page 8 of my direct testimony in this proceeding, I started with the actual capital structure that existed at June 30, 2006. I then adjusted the capital structure to reflect changes expected to occur by the end of the true-up period.

Q. When was the end of the true-up period?

2 A. The end of the true-up period in this proceeding was May 31, 2007.

- Q. Is the capital structure shown in Schedule JMJ-1 of your direct
 testimony and in Table 1 of Mr. Gorman's testimony consistent with the
 actual capital structure as of May 31, 2007?
 - A. No, it is not. As discussed above, the capital structure shown in Schedule JMJ-1 of my direct testimony and in Table 1 of Mr. Gorman's testimony included changes that were expected to occur by May 31, 2007. As with any pro forma, the actual results may differ slightly from the expected changes. The actual May 31, 2007 capital structure is shown in Schedule JMJ-5 attached to this testimony. The following is a summary of the actual May 31, 2007 capital structure:

Missouri-American's
Capital Structure at 5/31/2007

Description	Percent
Short-Term Debt	7.26%
Long-Term Debt	44.50%
Preferred Stock	0.44%
Common Equity	47.81%
Total	100.00%

2	Q.	Why does the actual May 31, 2007 capital structure include short-term
3		debt?

A. The Company expected to place \$47,000,000 of long-term debt by May 31, 2007 and use the proceeds to repay short-term debt. However, the Company did not complete this transaction by May 31, 2007. The short-term debt reflected in Schedule JMJ-5 is the net short-term debt adjusted for items not included in rate base in this proceeding.

B. EMBEDDED COST OF PREFERRED STOCK

- 11 Q. On pages 5-6 of Appendix B, attached to his Direct Testimony, MIEC

 12 witness Michael Gorman expressed concern regarding Missouri
 13 American's cost of preferred stock. Please comment.
- 14 A. Mr. Gorman noted that MAWC's embedded cost of preferred stock is 9.16%
 15 in this proceeding. Although he did not propose an adjustment to this cost,
 16 Mr. Gorman stated that this cost is "inordinately high" and "well above
 17 market." He recommended that the "Commission direct Missouri-American to
 18 explain and justify its preferred stock cost."

1 Q. With respect to Mr. Gorman's recommendation, what is the justification 2 for Missouri-American's preferred stock cost?

The preferred stock issuance that drives the overall cost of preferred is a 9.18% series with a face amount outstanding of \$2,500,000. While this issuance represents 95% of total preferred stock outstanding, it comprises less than one-half of one percent of the Company's total capitalization. This stock was issued in 1991, in accordance with the approval of the Commission in its Case No. WF-92-5. Though the interest rate of 9.18% on this series may seem high, given current market conditions, the rate reflects market conditions at the time it was issued. In addition, Mr. Gorman acknowledged that there may be restrictions that preclude Missouri-American from redeeming this issuance, which is indeed the case. Although this issuance carries a mandatory redemption in 2031, it is not callable prior to 2011. Thus, Missouri-American does not have the ability to retire any portion of this issuance until 2011. At that time the Company will consider redemption of this issuance in accordance with the terms of the Preferential Stock Purchase Agreement, if doing so will produce a net cost savings.

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III. REBUTTAL TO DAVID MURRAY

2		A. CAPITAL STRUCTURE
3	Q.	Are you familiar with the testimony of MoPSC witness David Murray in
4		this proceeding?
5	A.	Yes I am.
6		
7	Q.	What capital structure does Mr. Murray propose using in this
8		proceeding?
9	A.	Referring to page 15 of his direct testimony, Mr. Murray proposes using
10		American Water's consolidated capital structure of as June 30, 2006, which
11		consists of 28.18 percent common equity, 46.36 percent long-term debt,
12		19.42 percent preferred stock, and 6.36 percent short-term debt. On pages
13		15 through 20 of his direct testimony, Mr. Murray explains why he proposes
14		using American Water's consolidated capital structure rather than Missouri-
15		American's capital structure.
16		
17	Q.	Do you agree with Mr. Murray's use of American Water's consolidated
18		capital structure in place of Missouri-American's capital structure?
19	A.	No, I do not. Ms. Pauline Ahern's rebuttal testimony will address the
20		problems/deficiencies with Mr. Murray's rationale for using American Water's

capital structure. Among other considerations, Mr. Murray disregards the fact that the majority of the Company's present debt is issued under its own indentures and not through AWCC.

4

- 5 Q. Do you have any comments on Schedule 8 of Mr. Murray's direct testimony?
- Yes. Notwithstanding my objection to Mr. Murray's use of American Water's capital structure, I have updated the consolidated capital structure for Thames Water Aqua US Holdings, Inc., the Company's ultimate United States parent. The following table shows the parent company consolidated capital structure, based on May 31, 2007 financial information.

Thames Water Aqua US Holdings, Inc. and Consolidated Subsidiaries Consolidated Capital Structure As of 5/31/2007

•	
-	-

B. AMERICAN WATER CAPITAL CORP.

2	Q.	In his direct testimony, MoPSC witness David Murray states that
3		"MAWC is not operating as an independent entity at least when
4		considering MAWC's procurement of financing and the cost of that
5		financing." Do you agree with Mr. Murray?
6	A.	No, I do not. Mr. Murray attempts to support this argument by citing MAWC's
7		response to Staff Data Request No. 0102, which noted that AWCC is the
8		primary source of long and short-term debt for MAWC. (Murray DT, p. 16).
9		While it is true that MAWC utilizes AWCC for much of its debt financing, it is
10		important to note that MAWC does not issue Notes to AWCC unless it can
11		determine that, based on market conditions applicable at the time, such

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Q. Are there other factors involved in MAWC's financing decisions that suggest MAWC manages its capital structure independently of its parent?

compared to securities of comparable type, maturity, and terms.

issuance will result in the lowest overall cost available to MAWC when

18 A. Yes, there are. In conjunction with all of its financing requirements, MAWC

19 considers the appropriate mix of debt, preferred stock and common equity

20 appropriate for its capital structure. This decision is made independently of its

21 parent's target capital structure. Thus, the decision of whether to issue equity

22 or debt, and the type of debt, is made based on MAWC's target capital

1		structure and capital market conditions at the time the security is to be issued.
2		In addition, MAWC attempts to obtain the most favorable financing terms
3		possible.
4		
5	Q.	Please describe AWCC.
6	A.	AWCC is a corporation organized under Delaware law with its principal office
7		in Voorhees, New Jersey. AWCC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of American
8		dedicated to providing financial services to American's water and wastewater
9		service subsidiaries by pooling the financing requirements of such
10		subsidiaries, and creating larger and more cost efficient debt issues at more
11		attractive interest rates and lower transaction costs than would otherwise be
12		available for the subsidiaries.
13		
14	Q.	Does Missouri-American have an agreement with AWCC for the
15		provision of financial services?
16	A.	Yes. Missouri-American and AWCC have executed a Financial Services
17		Agreement (the "Agreement") dated as of June 15, 2000.
18		
19	Q.	Please describe the types of financial services provided to Missouri-
20		American under the Agreement.
21	A.	The Agreement enables the Company to participate in a financial services
22		program (the "AWCC Program") in which American's utility subsidiaries,

American, and American Water Works Service Company ("Participants") participate. Under the AWCC Program, AWCC provides Missouri-American and the other Participants with access to short-term and long-term debt.

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9 Please describe how Missouri-American and the other Participants
9 obtain access to short-term and long-term debt under the AWCC
9 Program.

Under their respective agreements with AWCC, each Participant (including Missouri-American) provides AWCC with an estimate of its borrowing requirements for the coming year and, on a rolling basis, for one to three years in advance. On the basis of this information, AWCC arranges to obtain funds necessary to meet the Participants' short- and long-term debt requirements. AWCC loans the proceeds of its borrowings and debt issuances to the Participants, including Missouri-American, on the same terms (including maturity and interest rates) as those obtained by AWCC. The indebtedness of Missouri-American to AWCC is evidenced by notes in one of the two forms attached to the Agreement. The form of short-term note in the amount of the maximum anticipated short-term borrowings over the course of a year evidences Missouri-American's obligation in respect to shortterm indebtedness. The form of long-term note attached to the Agreement evidences long-term borrowings, which have a specific maturity, amount and The debt of each Participant, including Missouripayment schedule. American, to AWCC is unsecured.

2	Q.	Does the AWCC Program provide a cost-effective means for Missouri
3		American to engage in short-term and long-term financing?
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4 A. Yes. AWCC is able to arrange for the issuance of short- and long-term debt
5 on terms more favorable than Missouri-American could obtain if it issued its
6 own debt outside of the AWCC Program. Missouri-American also incurs
7 lower transaction costs because of its participation in the AWCC Program.

8

Q. Does the Agreement require Missouri-American to obtain all of its short term and long-term debt financing from AWCC?

11 A. No. The Agreement gives Missouri-American the option to borrow from any source. However, Missouri-American expects to continue its participation in the AWCC Program because of the benefits mentioned above.

14

15

16

Q. How does the Company determine which source to use for its financing needs?

17 A. The Company seeks to match its financing needs with the types of financing
18 that are available at the time and that will produce the lowest overall cost of
19 debt available to Missouri-American.

- Q. Why would the Company issue Notes to AWCC rather than do a separate financing with an unrelated lender?
 - Missouri-American does not have as ready access to capital markets as does AWCC. AWCC funds the Notes it issues to Missouri-American through longterm senior unsecured debt instruments ("AWCC Securities") issued in a public offering or private placement by AWCC. In addition, the AWCC Securities are typically issued in a transaction of a sufficient size to ensure that AWCC is able to obtain the most favorable market rate possible given the circumstances. The interest rate or rates that Missouri-American pays in connection with the Notes issued to AWCC, which are in turn funded by AWCC through the AWCC Securities, are usually no greater, and may be lower, than the rate or rates it can obtain if it issues its own securities. Further, the total transaction costs incurred by MAWC in a transaction through AWCC are typically lower than the total transaction costs incurred by MAWC in a transaction where MAWC issues its own securities. In any event, as previously noted, Missouri-American does not issue Notes to AWCC unless it believes at the time of issuance that doing so will result in the lowest overall cost to MAWC when compared to securities of comparable type, maturity, and terms.

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C. AUTHORIZED RETURNS FROM OTHER JURISDICTIONS

- Q. On pages 31 and 32 of his direct testimony, Mr. Murray discusses his examination of the returns on equity and overall rates of return that have been authorized or agreed to in American Water's other jurisdictions since January 1, 2004. Please comment.
- A. While I might question the relevance of considering, in this proceeding, the returns of companies for which the risk profile has not been assessed relative to that of MAWC's, I would note that a number of the returns reviewed by Mr. Murray are from cases whose final Orders or Stipulations occurred 2 to 3 years ago. If historical authorized or agreed-to returns in American Water districts outside of Missouri are to be analyzed, it may be more appropriate to focus on a more recent time period.

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- 14 Q. Have you done such an analysis of returns for other American Water15 operating companies?
- 16 A. Yes, I have. I have modified and updated Mr. Murray's sample by including
 17 cases that were completed in 2006 and 2007¹. Using that time period results
 18 in a sample of seven cases, for which the average authorized or agreed-to
 19 return on common equity is 10.19%, with a range of 9.63% to 10.70%. The

¹ It should be noted that Mr. Murray's sample does not include the authorized returns from four rate orders entered in 2007. The Company provided Mr. Murray with the latest information available in response to his data request No. 104, but at that time the Company did not yet have the results of those 2007 cases. The Company will be submitting an updated response to Mr. Murray's data request which includes those four cases.

I	average authorized overall rate of return is 7.95%, with a range of 7.24% to
2	8.85%. The results of this analysis are shown on Schedule JMJ-6.

4 Q. How do your results compare to those of Mr. Murray's?

5 A. The average return on common equity from Mr. Murray's sample was 10.04 percent and the average overall rate of return was 7.81 percent.

IV. REBUTTAL REGARDING RATE DESIGN

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- 9 Q. Please explain the Company's position on rate design.
- In its initial filing, the Company proposed an across-the-board increase of 10 A. 11 approximately 25% applied to the existing base rates for each district and 12 customer classification. This was proposed to avoid large increases for 13 certain districts that otherwise would be required under district specific 14 An across-the-board increase recovers the full cost of service pricing. proportionately among all districts and classes of users without any undue 15 16 hardship to any one class or district and maintains the revenue distribution 17 that was approved in the last rate case. The reasons for the Company's 18 across-the-board proposal are further described in more detail in my direct testimony. 19.

Q. What do you understand Staff's and OPC's positions to be regardingrate design?

A. It is my understanding that both Staff witness Jim Russo and OPC witness

Barb Meisenheimer generally propose district specific pricing. It is also my

understanding that most of the other parties to the case prefer district specific

pricing as well.

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8 Q. What is the impact of strict district specific pricing in this case?

Attached to my rebuttal testimony is a schedule marked JMJ-7, which I asked Mr. Paul Herbert to prepare, that shows the impact of moving from existing revenues by district and customer classification to the cost of service by district and classification, based on the \$41 million increase proposed by the Company and the allocation of cost of service set forth in Company Exhibit PRH-1, attached to Mr. Herbert's rebuttal testimony. The attached schedule illustrates the effect strict district specific pricing would have on each classification within each district. Four of the districts would require triple-digit percentage increases to recover their full cost of service.

Q. Are there rate design alternatives other than an across-the-board increase or strict district specific pricing?

A. Yes. Single-tariff pricing (STP) is one option that was approved by this Commission several proceedings ago. However, I am aware that district specific pricing is the over-all choice among most, if not all, of the

representatives of the various districts in this case. District specific pricing was also the direction the Commission decided to pursue in the Company's 2000 rate case.

Q.

- Is there an option to an across-the-board increase and strict district specific pricing that reduces the total number of districts, mitigates the large impacts on some districts and still maintains, as much as possible, the concept of district specific pricing?
- A. Yes. As an alternative to the across-the-board increase proposed and strict district specific pricing, I propose the following for the Commission to consider:

Since the St. Louis County and St. Charles districts are physically connected, I propose a single tariff applicable to both districts. This single tariff will be sufficient to recover the cost of service for those combined districts and also cover the deficits (approximately \$1.9 million) projected for Brunswick, Cedar Hill Sewer and Warren County Water and Sewer operations, after the proposed 25% increase is applied to these districts. This proposal will mitigate the extremely large increases that otherwise would be required under strict district specific pricing for these districts. All other districts would receive district specific pricing.

1	Q.	Have you prepared schedules that show the proposed single-tariff rate
2		structure for St. Louis and St. Charles Districts and the revenues
3		generated for each?

Yes, I asked Mr. Herbert to prepare these schedules and they are attached as Schedules JMJ-8, JMJ-9, and JMJ-10. JMJ-8 shows the cost of service for St. Louis County, St. Charles, Brunswick, Cedar Hill Sewer, Warren County Water and Warren County Sewer in column 2, the proposed revenues originally filed for in column 3, and the deficit between the cost of service and proposed revenue for Brunswick, Cedar Hill, Warren County Water and Sewer totaling \$1,897,302 in column 4. Column 5 shows the revised revenue based on a single tariff for St. Louis County and St. Charles that generates sufficient revenue to recover the total cost of service from these districts in column 2, including the deficit in column 4. Schedules JMJ-9 and JMJ-10 show the application of the single-tariff rates for St. Louis County and St. Charles, respectively, and support the revenues shown in column 5 of Schedule.JMJ-8.

V. REBUTTAL REGARDING SEWER PLANT INVESTMENTS IN WARREN COUNTY AND CEDAR HILL

A.

Q. Have you reviewed the Direct Testimony of Staff witness James Merciel in regard to the Company's waste water treatment improvements in the Warren County and Cedar Hill districts?

2		
3	Q.	What has Mr. Merciel recommended in regard to the investments that
4		have been made in those systems?
5	A.	Mr. Merciel recommends that plant in service related to the Warren County
6		sewer treatment facilities be reduced by 60%. He also recommends that the
7		entire cost of the Sand Creek waste water treatment plant expansion in the
8		Cedar Hill district be removed from plant in service.
9		
10	Q.	If those recommendations are followed by the Commission, what is the
11		impact for MAWC?
12	A.	The proposed Staff disallowance concerns approximately \$3.8 million of
13		investment that has been made by MAWC in these wastewater systems (\$1.6
14		million in Warren County and \$2.2 million in Cedar Hill). In addition to the
15		Company not receiving a return on or of this investment, Staff's
16		recommendation would require the Company to write-off this amount of
17		investment.
18		
19	Q.	Why did the Company make the investments in these systems?

1 A. Yes, I have.

A. A more technical explanation of why the expansions were needed, as well as why the expansions were sized the way they were, will be provided by MAWC witness Alan DeBoy.

A.

Generally, what were the circumstances surrounding the Warren County
 system at the time it was acquired?

In the case of Warren County, MAWC purchased from a receivership a system that was in dire need of repair. The details of this situation can be found in Commission Case No. WM-2004-0122. The customers of MAWC's predecessor were found to not be receiving safe, adequate, and reliable water and sewer service. The Commission stated, in part, that "The Commission would not find the sale to be in the public interest unless it were assured that Missouri-American is capable of operating the system in a safe and adequate manner. The parties all agree that the system cannot be operated adequately without some improvements being made and that the major improvements will be made no matter what entity owns the system."

One of the improvements contemplated in the Report and Order was a new sewer treatment plant.

Q. What were the circumstances surrounding the Cedar Hill system at thetime of acquisition?

1	A.	MAWC purchased this system in 2004. The transaction was approved by the
2		Commission in Case No. SM-2004-0275. The plant, while handling the
3		existing customers, did not have any capacity for growth and an expansion of
4		the plant was contemplated at the time of the transaction. As the need for
5		expansion of the system presented itself, MAWC was able to invest the
6		dollars necessary to expand the Cedar Hill waste treatment facility so that it
7 ·		would continue to have sufficient capacity.

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- Q. Are both the Warren County and Cedar Hill waste water treatment plants currently in service and being used to serve customers?
- 11 A. Yes.

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- Q. Does the Staff's proposed disallowance of this Company investments create cause for concern?
- 15 A. Yes, it does. The proposed disallowance provides a fine example of a classic
 16 problem for a utility. If a utility is unable, or decides not, to build needed
 17 capacity, it is subject to complaints related to its ability, or inability, to provide
 18 safe and adequate service, either now or in the future when growth takes
 19 place. On the other hand, if a utility takes advantage of economies of scale
 20 and willingly builds sufficient capacity for both the present and the future, the

1		utility's investment stands a reasonable chance of being disallowed as
2		unnecessary or having created excess capacity.
3	Q.	What would you ask of the Commission in regard to this issue?
4	A.	I would ask the Commission to be mindful of the fact that capacity cannot be
5		added in infinite increments. It is much cheaper to add capacity in blocks with
6		a view toward growth. Balancing this relationship effectively results in
7		situations where there may be excess capacity for periods of time, but the
8		investments are still the most prudent course of action for the company and
9		the customer. A utility should not be penalized for taking actions that are in
10		the long term best interest of the utility's customers. This is especially true in
11		an environment where there is limited interest in making investments in small
12		water and sewer systems.
13	Q.	Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony?
14	A.	Yes, it does.
15		
16		

Missouri-American Water Company Capital Structure at 5/31/2007 Case No. WR-2007-0216

Class of Capital	<u>Amount</u>	Percent to Total	Cost <u>Rate</u>	Weighted Cost of Capital
Short-Term Debt	\$ 43,891,343	7.26%	5.39%	0.39%
Long-Term Debt	269,045,000	44.50%	5.87%	2.61%
Preferred Stock	2,644,000	0.44%	9.17%	0.04%
Accumulated Deferred ITC Post 1970	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Common Equity	289,077,389	47.81%	11.30%	5.40%
Total Capitalization	\$ 604,657,732	100.00%		8.44%

Note: The actual short-term debt balance at 5/31/2007 is \$56.9 million. This balance has been reduced to account for Construction Work in Progress.

Comparison of Rate Awards versus Filing Amount for American Water Subsidiaries for Rate Cases Since January 1, 2006

Final Orders

<u>Company/State</u>	Case ID Number	Order <u>Date</u>	Authorized/ Agreed-To ROE	Requested ROE	Awarded Overall <u>Return</u>	Requested Overall Return
Hawaii-American Arizona-American California-American Monterey/Felton Ohio-American New Jersey-American Tennessee-American	D&O 05-0103 Decision No. 68858 D06-11-050 06-0433-WS-AIR WR 06030257 06-00290 Decision No. 69440	July-06 July-06 November-06 March-07 April-07 May-07	10.60% 10.40% 9.97% 10.00% 9.63% 10.70%	10.60% 12.00% 11.00% 11.23% 11.50%	8.85% 7.24% 8.33% 7.65% 7.89% 7.71%	8.85% 7.84% 8.72% 8.03% 8.61% 8.03%
Average			10.19%		7.95%	

MISSOURI-AMERICAN WATER COMPARISON OF REVENUE TO COST OF SERVICE

		:		Public	Sales for	Fire Protection	stection	Other	
BRUNSWICK	Vesiceolie	Commercial	industrial	Authorities	Resale	Private	Public	Revenues	Total
PRESENT REVENUES	101,775	24,244	522	3.682	c	4 762	c	3.085	138 050
COST OF SERVICE	456,704	111,486	1,343	14,606	, c	11,795	0	3,065	599.000
INCREASE REQUIRED	354,930	87,242	821	10,924	0	7.033	0	0	460.950
% INCREASE REQUIRED	348.74%	359.85%	157.29%	296.70%	0.00%	147.69%	0.00%	0.00%	333.90%
JEFFERSON CITY									
PRESENT REVENUES	2,191,791	1,241,210	207 426	334 917	c	120.054	•	020 20	4 4 4 0 6 7 0
COST OF SERVICE	3,256,090	1.549.461	281.511	406 743	, C	80.242	O	27,272	6,010,070
INCREASE REQUIRED	1,064,299	308,252	74,085	71,826	0	-39.312	•	7/7'67	1 479 150
% INCREASE REQUIRED	48.56%	24.83%	35.72%	21.45%	0.00%	-32.75%	0.00%	0.00%	35.91%
JOPLIN									
PRESENT REVENUES	4 079 112	1 597 510	1 270 600	107 264	000		,	•	
COST OF SERVICE	F 286 720	016,186,1	0,070,000	167,361	200,198	244,802	0	239,184	7,918,755
INCREASE REQUIRED	2 202,120	1 266 432	1.050,729	339,749	463,650	198,447	0 (239 184	13,017,423
% INCREASE REQUIRED	54 12%	20+,002,1	147,002,1	132,300	203,452	-40,355	0	0	5,098,667
	04:12.0	0.07.67	91.08%	81.33%	131.60%	-18.94%	0.00%	0.00%	64.39%
MEXICO									
PRESENT REVENUES	1 223.689	330 756	372 202	185 010	900 000	300	•		6
COST OF SERVICE	1975 601	510 Aga	524 ABO	000,000	407.964	50,000	-	47,900	4,552,754
INCREASE REQUIRED	751 012	170 027	757 400	826,702	427,864	28,661	0	47,986	3,832,513
% INCREASE DECLINED	710107	100,611	132,188	91419	138,568	44,174	0	0	1,279,750
	61.45%	54.37%	40.88%	54.55%	47.90%	42.96%	0.00%	0.00%	50.13%
PARKVILLE WATER									
PRESENT REVENUES	2.313.628	654 724	20,634	47 14E	460	6	ć	•	
COST OF SERVICE	3.013.232	755 998	27.618	57.63	262,507	000,00	•	35, 193	3,324,996
INCREASE REQUIRED	699 603	101 274	30.0	1007	40,000	070,00	9 (35,193	4,178,585
% INCREASE REQUIRED	30.24%	15.47%	900.5	10,409	49,090	7,027	3	0	853,589
	27.50	9 / 1	-0.0070	%57.77	30.62%	-5.68%	0.00%	0.00%	25.67%
ST. CHARLES									
PRESENT REVENUES	7,749,744	921,076	2,429	165.791	c	136 606	C	265 173	0 240 840
COST OF SERVICE	10,112,716	952,783	2,072	167.045	C	186.315	· C	265 173	14 RBE 400
INCREASE REQUIRED	2,362,971	31,707	-357	1.254	¢	49 709	c	700	2 445 284
% INCREASE REQUIRED	30.49%	3.44%	-14.71%	0.76%	0.00%	36.39%	0.00%	0.00%	26.46%
ST. JOSEPH							•		?
PRESENT REVENIES	7 780 000	20000	2244 450	000					
COST OF SERVICE	10,600,587	3,903,818	2,411,162	651 423	1,871,755 2,408,757	201,248	0	389,356	16,167,885
INCREASE REQUIRED	2,810,588	810.855	700 050	240.634	200,000	100,622	> (389,336	21,304,750
% INCREASE REQUIRED	36.08%	26.23%	606.60	70,042	200,750	658.72	0	0	5,136,865
	8000	27.C7	34.10%	39.39%	28.69%	13.83%	0.00%	0:00%	31.77%

MISSOURI-AMERICAN WATER COMPARISON OF REVENUE TO COST OF SERVICE

2 LS	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Public Authorities	Sales for Resale	Fire Pr Private	Fire Protection te Protection	Other Revenues	Total
PRESENT REVENUES COST OF SERVICE INCREASE REQUIRED	100,449,288 117,851,324 17,402,036	1,987,396 2,122,768 135,372	6,158,095 6,966,663 808,568	000	000	1,326,062 1,023,671	6,081,874 10,429,994 4,348,120	4,403,825 4,403,825	120,406,541 142,798,245
% INCREASE REQUIRED	17.32%	6.81%	13.13%	0.00%	0.00%	-22.80%	71,49%	0.00%	18.60%
WARREN COUNTY WATER PRESENT REVENUES COST OF SERVICE	111,571 300,938	1,355	00	00	00	00	00	0 0	112,926
INCREASE REQUIRED % INCREASE REQUIRED	189,367 169.73%	435 32.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0 0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	189,802
WARRENSBURG PRESENT REVENUES COST OF SERVICE	1,372,655	500,354	56.501	332,428	176.746	66,176	0	72,750	2,577,610
INCREASE REQUIRED % INCREASE REQUIRED	582,872 42.46%	39,010 7.80%	9,688 17.15%	425,775 93,347 28.08%	198.380 21,634 12.24%	58,328 -7,848 -11,86%	0.000	72,750 0 0,00%	3,316,313 738,703 28,65%
CEDAR HILL PRESENT REVENUES COST OF SERVICE INCREASE REQUIRED % INCREASE REQUIRED	0.000	0.00.0	0.00%	0.00 0	0,00.0	0.00	0 %00 0	160.780 843.992 683.212 424.94%	160,780 843,992 683,212 474,646,4
PARKVILLE SEWER PRESENT REVENUES COST OF SERVICE INCREASE REQUIRED % INCREASE REQUIRED	0.000	0.00.0	0000	0.00	0.000	0.00	0000	49,374 69,787 20,413 41,34%	49,374 69,787 20,413 41,34%
WARREN COUNTY SEWER PRESENT REVENUES COST OF SERVICE INCREASE REQUIRED % INCREASE REQUIRED	0 0000	0 0	%00·0	0.00%	0.00%	0 0.00.0	%00.0 0	76,548 763,720 687,072 896.40%	76,648 763,720 687,072 896,40%

Missouri-American Water Company Combined St. Louis Co. and St. Charles Rate Design Required to Recover Shortfall in Brunswick, Cedar Hill Sewer and Warren Co Water & Sewer

<u>District</u> (1)	Proposed COS @ \$41 million Increase (2)	As-filed Proposed Revenue (uniform 25 %) (3)	Deficit to be <u>Recovered</u> (4)	Rev	evenues From ised Combined . & SCH Rates (5)
St. Louis County	\$ 142,909,008	\$ 150,384,107		\$	144,602,738
St. Charles	11,696,828	11,507,046			11,899,403
Brunswick	598,999	172,138	(426,861)		172,138
Cedar Hill Sewer	843,992	202,760	(641,232)		202,760
Warren Co. Water	302,902	141,412	(161,490)		141,412
Warren Co. Sewer	763,720	96,001	(667,719)		96,001
Total	\$ 157,115,449	\$ 162,503,464	\$ (1,897,302)	\$	157,114,451

Commonsory, Missouch-American Visitor Company Commonsory Missouch-American Visitor Company Company Missouch-American Visitor Company Visitor Company Company Missouch-American Visitor Company Visitor Company Company Visitor Company Visi								
Class/ Description Fresent Pro Forms Pales Proposed Pro Forms Pales Proposed Pro Forms Pales Process Class/ Pale B 2 3948 Total Sales Total COST) Process Rate B 2 339 84 \$100 079,339 \$3,131,878 \$119,603,874 \$19,603,874 \$19,001,001,001,001,001,001,001,001,001,0	Comp	vany: Missouri-American Wate ct: St. Louis	ar Company				Case No	. WR-2007-0216 Schedule JMJ-9
Description Sales Total CiCE Revenue CiCE Revenue CiCE CiCE Revenue CiCE	ine #	Clace/	Present Pro	Forma Rates	Proposed Pro	Forma Rates		rage 1 of
CCF) Revenue CCF) Revenue CCF) Revenue CCF) Revenue CCF) Revenue CCF) Revenue CDF	· }		Sales	Total	Sales	Total	Ooffer	GertananaG
Rate B 55,131,878 \$100,078,339 53,131,878 \$19,800,874 \$19,824,535 Rate B 2,389,846 1,987,336 2,389,846 2,448,397 461,000 23,838,846 2,448,397 461,000 23,838,846 2,448,397 461,000 23,838,846 2,448,397 461,000 23,44 33,41	~ CU 0		(CCF)	Revenue	(CCF)	Revenue	Change	Change
State Stat	? ~	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e						
Rate Control 1,235 846 1,237 376 2,338 846 2,448 746 1,445 87 74 Rate F and E 1,335 7,53,418 1,337 376 2,338 846 2,440,397 461,001 2 Rate F and E 81,303 7,477,956 1,337 376 9,828,266 2,460,330 3 Rate J 1,556,413 2,055,276 1,528,413 2,055,276 3 3 Rate J 8,656,832 6,158,055 1,653,280 2,460,330 3 3 Again Control 67,279,146 118,811,409 67,279,146 1,43,007,606 \$24,146,187 2 Miscellaneous Check Charge 883,722 883,722 883,722 883,722 883,722 0 Returned Check Charge 883,722 883,722 883,722 883,722 0 0 0 Misc Sales Unmetered 144,587 144,587 144,587 0 0 0	י נ	Cale A Data o	53,131,878	\$100,079,339	53,131,878	\$119,603,874	\$19,524,535	19.51%
Rie F and E 1,327,378 7,473,36 7,53,92 514 Rie F and E 1,321,100 7,477,348 1,927,376 7,58,92 2,65,276 <th< td=""><td>3 (2</td><td>Nate D Date G</td><td>2,389,846</td><td>1,987,396</td><td>2,389,846</td><td>2,448,397</td><td>461,001</td><td>23.20%</td></th<>	3 (2	Nate D Date G	2,389,846	1,987,396	2,389,846	2,448,397	461,001	23.20%
Rate H 1,526,413 2,005,278 1,526,413 2,055,278 2,40,330 3,88,246,330 3,88,244 1,526,413 2,005,278 1,526,413 2,005,278 3,504 3,	,	Rate in and in	6,37,370	7 103,418	1,927,376	753,932	514	0.07%
Reich (1.556.11 6.5501 6.158.22 6.158.22 7.205.21 6.158.22 7.205.21 7.205.21 7.205.21 7.205.21 7.205.21 7.205.21 7.205.21 7.205.22 7.205.21 7.205.22 7.205.2	- 00	Rate H	1 626 442	7,407,936	81,303	9,868,266	2,460,330	33.21%
Total	9	Bate	0,520,413 0,58,023	2,055,276	1,526,413	2,055,276	0	0.00%
Total 67.279.149 118.811.409 67.279.149 143.007.606 824.196.197 25.1871 80.00.00 80.	5	Rate K	165.501	0, 138,093 369 949	8,056,832	7,811,345	1,653,250	26.85%
Total 67.279,149 143,007,606 \$24,196,197 2 Miscellaneous Revenues: 251,871 0 251,871 0 Reconnect Charges 251,871 0 0 0 Reconnect Charges 39,912 0 0 0 Application Fee 400 0 0 0 0 Miscellaneous Other Revenue 889,752 0 0 0 0 0 0 Rents from Water Property 144,587 144,587 0 148,587 0 <td< td=""><td>Ξ</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2000</td><td>916,904</td><td>/00°08</td><td>20.10%</td></td<>	Ξ				2000	916,904	/00°08	20.10%
Reconnect Charges 251.871 0 Reconnect Charges 38.912 0 Returned Check Charge 38.912 0 Application Fee 89.752 0 Miscellarion Fee 889.752 0 Rents from Water Property 265.010 0 Misc Sales Unmetered 148.587 0 \$120.406.541 \$144.602.738 24.196.197	2	Total	67,279,149	118,811,409	67,279,149	143,007,606	\$24,196,197	20.37%
Reconnect Charges 251,871 0 Returned Check Charges 39,912 0 Returned Check Charge 39,912 0 Application Fee 889,752 0 Application Fee 889,752 0 Rents from Water Property 285,010 0 Misc Sales Unmetered 148,587 \$144,602,738 24,196,187	∑ <u>4</u>							
Reconnect Charges 251,871 0 39,912 0 39,912 0 39,912 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	<u> </u>	Miscellaneous Revenues:						
Netronnect Charges 251,871 0	2 !							
Miscellaneous Other Revenue 889,752 0 0 265,010 0 265,010 0 148,587 0 0 265,010 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	<u>_ </u>	Reconnect Charges Returned Check Charge Application Fee		251,871 39,912		251,871 39,912	00	0.00% 0.00%
Rents from Water Property 265,010 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 148,587 0 0 148,587 0 148,	ន	Miscellaneous Other Revenue		889.752		088 752	00	%00.0
Misc Sales Unmetered 148.587 0 148.5	5	Rents from Water Property		265,010		265,732	0	0.00%
\$120,406,541	775	Misc Sales Unmetered		148,587		148,587	0	0.00%
187, 190, 197	3 %			\$120.406.541		\$144 500 720	20,000	
26 29 30 31 32 33 33 34 35 36 37	25					3 144,002,730	24,190,197	20.10%
28 30 32 33 34 35 35 36 37	56							
259 33 33 34 35 35 37 38	2 %							
33 33 34 35 37 37 38	2 6							
3.3 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.7 3.7 3.9	30							
33 34 35 35 37 37	31							
3.5 3.5 3.5 3.7 3.8 3.9	32							
35 36 37 38 39	3 \$							
35 37 38 39	35.							
37 39 39	36							
36	37							
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	2 5							

Missouri Public Service Commission Company: Missouri-American Water Company District: St. Charles	sion ater Company				Case No	Case No. WR-2007-0216 Schedule JMJ-10
	Present Pro	Present Pro Forma Rates	Proposed Pro	Proposed Pro Forma Rates		Page 1 of 1
Line # Class/						
Description 1	Sales	Total	Sales	Total	Doilar	Percentage
2 Monthly Billing:	100		(000 001)	Kevenue	Change	Change
	1					
	2,791,896	\$7,749,744	2,791,896	\$10,032,133	\$2,282,389	29.45%
_	418,058	921,076	418,058	1,232,389	311,313	33.80%
o Industrial	1,362	2,429	1,362	1,991	(438)	-18.03%
	66,512	165,791	66,512	196,895	31,104	18.76%
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%
	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%
	0	136,606	0	170.822	34.216	25.05%
	0	0	0	0		%00 U
12 Total	3,277,827	8,975,646	3.277.827	11.634.230	\$2 658 584	29 62%
13						200
14						
15 Miscellaneous Revenues:						
10		,				
		Φ		80	0	0.00%
10 Keturned Check Charge		2,988		2,988	0	0.00%
	9	0		0	0	0.00%
	מט	137,382		137,382	0	0.00%
		104,554		104,554	0	0.00%
22 MISC Sales Unmetered		20,240		20,240	٥	0.00%
24						
. 4		98,240,919		\$11,899,403	2,658,584	28.77%
96						
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7 %						
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