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Exhibit No.:

Service Commission

Issue: Fuel Adjustment Clause, Residential Energy

Efficient Pilot Programs, Lake Road Allocation, Clean Charge Network and Energy Crossroads

Center.

Witness: Tim M. Rush

Type of Exhibit: Direct Testimony

Sponsoring Party: KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company

Case No.: ER-2018-0146

Date Testimony Prepared: January 30, 2018

#### MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

CASE NO.: ER-2018-0146

#### **DIRECT TESTIMONY**

OF

#### TIM M. RUSH

#### ON BEHALF OF

#### KCP&L GREATER MISSOURI OPERATIONS COMPANY

Kansas City, Missouri January 2018

Certain Schedules Attached To This Testimony Designated "(CONFIDENTIAL)"
Also Contain Confidential Information.
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Pursuant To 4 CSR 240-2.135.

Date 9-25-18 Reporter TV File No IR-2018-0145 +0144

#### DIRECT TESTIMONY

### OF

#### TIM M. RUSH

### Case No. ER-2018-0146

1	Q:	Please state your name and business address.
2	A:	My name is Tim M. Rush. My business address is 1200 Main Street, Kansas City,
3		Missouri 64105.
4	Q:	By whom and in what capacity are you employed?
5	A:	I am employed by Kansas City Power & Light Company ("KCP&L") as Director,
6		Regulatory Affairs.
7	Q:	On whose behalf are you testifying?
8	<b>A:</b>	I am testifying on behalf of KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company ("GMO" or
9		the "Company").
10	Q:	What are your responsibilities?
11	A:	My general responsibilities include overseeing the preparation of the rate case, class cost
12		of service ("CCOS") and rate design of both KCP&L and GMO. I am also responsible
13		for overseeing the regulatory reporting and general activities as they relate to the
14		Missouri Public Service Commission ("MPSC" or "Commission").
15	Q:	Please describe your education, experience and employment history.
16	A:	I received a Master of Business Administration degree from Northwest Missouri State
17		University in Maryville, Missouri. I did my undergraduate study at both the University
18		of Kansas in Lawrence and the University of Missouri in Columbia. I received a

- 1 Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration with a concentration in
- 2 Accounting from the University of Missouri in Columbia.
- 3 Q: Please provide your work experience.
- 4 A: I was hired by KCP&L in 2001 as the Director, Regulatory Affairs. Prior to my
  5 employment with KCP&L I was employed by St. Joseph Light & Power Company
- employment with KCP&L, I was employed by St. Joseph Light & Power Company
- 6 ("Light & Power") for over 24 years. At Light & Power, I was Manager of Customer
- 7 Operations from 1996 to 2001, where I had responsibility for the regulatory area, as well
- 8 as marketing, energy consultant and customer services area. Customer services included
- 9 the call center and collections areas. Prior to that, I held various positions in the Rates
- and Market Research Department from 1977 until 1996. I was the Manager of that
- department for 15 years.
- 12 Q: Have you previously testified in proceedings before the MPSC?
- 13 A: I have testified on many occasions before the MPSC on a variety of issues affecting
- 14 regulated public utilities.
- 15 Q: What is the purpose of your testimony?
- 16 A: The purpose of my testimony is to:
- 17 I. Address the Company's request to continue the Fuel Adjustment Clause ("FAC");
- a. Address changes to the FAC tariff;
- 19 II. Address the proposed Residential Energy Efficiency Pilot Program and how they
- 20 fit into the Company's MEEIA programs.
- 21 III. Address and support the Company's allocation of Lake Road plant and expenses
- between electric and steam operations as a result of the cessation of the use of
- coal at the Company's Boiler 6 unit; and

1		IV. Address the Company's proposed Electric Vehicle (EV) charging tariff.
2		V. Address and support the Company's position regarding the Crossroads Energy
3		Center and transmission expenses for Crossroads.
4		I. FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE FILING REQUIREMENTS
5	Q:	Does the Company currently have an approved FAC?
6	A:	Yes. The FAC was initially approved for GMO in Case No. ER-2007-0004 on May 17,
7		2007. Several modifications and clarifications have been made to the FAC in subsequent
8		rate cases, all with the intent to improve the FAC and its processes.
9	Q:	What are the rules for continuing an FAC?
10	A:	The requirements for continuing an FAC are found in Section 386.266 RSMo and
11		Commission Rules 4 CSR 240-20.090 and 4 CSR 240-3.161(3)(A) through (T). The
12		supporting information is summarized in the attached schedules TMR-1 through TMR-4.
13	Q:	Are you providing any other support for continuation of your FAC?
14	A:	Yes. 4 CSR 240-20.090 (9) requires a line loss study be conducted no less than every
15		four (4) years to be used in the general rate proceeding necessary to continue to utilize a
16		RAM. While the Company has utilized the existing line loss study currently in rates, a
17		new line loss study is currently in process which will provide updated information and
18		reflect to consolidation of rates that occurred in our last rate case. It should be completed
19		in February, 2018, and will be filed in this case well in advance of the case true-up or
20		Staff's and other parties direct or rebuttal testimony.
21	Q:	Has the Company met all of the filing requirements to continue the FAC in 4 CSR
22		240-20.090 and 4 CSR 240-3.161?
23	A:	Yes.

Q: Is th	e Company	requesting to	o continue	the	FAC	$\mathbb{C}$ ?
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Yes. The FAC applies to fuel and purchased power expenses, including a credit for off
 system sales revenues.

#### 4 Q: Is the Company proposing to make any changes in the FAC tariff?

A: Yes, See Schedule TMR-1, part D for a description of changes proposed in the FAC. Two Riders designed to provide renewable energy for customers are discussed in the Direct Testimony of Kimberly Winslow and Bradley Lutz. One program is titled Solar Subscription Pilot Rider and the second titled Renewable Energy Rider. While these Riders will not offset the energy directly billed to the customer, the Renewable Energy Rider will require modification to the current FAC. The Company proposes to add language to the FAC tariff to carve the costs and revenues of the Renewable Energy Rider out of the costs and revenues in the FAC. The phrases to be added will be included in both revenue account 456.1 - "amounts associated with portions of Power Purchase Agreements dedicated to specific customers under the Renewable Energy Rider" and purchased power expense account 555 - "excluding (a) amounts associated with portions of Power Purchase Agreements dedicated to specific customers under the Renewable Energy Rider".

Additionally, the Company proposes some minor changes to add specific additives that have either been added or deleted from use at the plants.

Q:Will the Renewable Energy Rider and the changes to the FAC cause any problems with the computation or administration of the FAC?

A: No. Both the costs and revenues that will be taken out of the FAC are easily identified and will not cause any problems with the FAC.

#### Q: Does the FAC help both customers and Company?

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2 A: Yes. The FAC is a balanced recovery mechanism which provides the Company with 3 recovery of the majority of its fuel and purchased power costs, a portion of transmission 4 costs net of off system sales and transmission revenues above a base amount that is 5 included in base rates, but also provides customers assurance that GMO is not over-6 recovering net fuel and purchased power costs. The FAC is needed to help address 7 volatile and uncertain net fuel and purchased power costs, and to ensure the Company has 8 an opportunity to earn a fair return in order to generally preserve the financial health of 9 the Company. The net fuel and purchased power and transmission costs contained in the 10 FAC for GMO represent approximately 28% of the overall costs of serving customers.

## 11 Q: Do you believe that the absence of an FAC is potentially harmful to the Company and/or the Customer?

13 A: Yes. Without the proposed FAC, under increasing fuel cost scenarios, the Company
14 would not have a reasonable opportunity to earn the rate of return authorized in this case.
15 Conversely, if net fuel and purchased power, and transmission costs and revenues turn
16 out to be lower after the setting of base rates, then the presence of an FAC will protect
17 customers from paying higher prices than the Company's actual experience.

This serves as GMO's explanation, compliant with Commission rule 4 CSR 240-3.161(3)(E), of how the FAC proposed by GMO is designed to provide GMO with a sufficient opportunity to earn a fair return on equity.

### 21 Q: What protections exist for customers with regard to the FAC?

A: Beyond the semi-annual reviews performed for each filing of the FAC changes, the FAC is also audited through a detailed prudence review by the Staff no less frequently than at

eighteen (18)-month intervals. OPC participates in the review process. To date, no disallowances have occurred where the Company has been found to be imprudent in any aspects of the FAC.

#### II. RESIDENTIAL ENERGY EFFICIENT PILOT PROGRAM

#### 5 Q: What is the Company requesting in this proceeding?

- 6 A: The Company is proposing three new residential rate pilot programs as described in the
  7 testimony of Company witnesses Marisol Miller and Kimberly Winslow. The three rates
  8 are:
  - 1.) Residential Time of Use Rate
  - 2.) Residential Time of Use with Demand Rate
- 11 3.) Residential Demand Rate

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### 12 Q: Please describe how you propose to implement these new rate pilot programs?

The three rates are being proposed as pilots and are limited to 1,000 residential customer participants for each rate. Residential customers may select to be on one of the three rates instead of the standard residential rate. Customers selecting one of these pilot program rates will need to have new AMI metering available at their residence. The three rate pilot programs are designed to allow the residential customer to take more control of their electric bill by modifying usage patterns or installing equipment that results in a lower energy bill. It will also likely result in savings to the Company and non-participating customers as well. For example, instead of running the clothes dryer during the peak period when energy costs are high, the customer could wait until later in the evening or early in the morning. By altering the time for certain tasks, a customer would be billed at a lower rate when the clothes dryer is in operation than if they had run

1	the dryer during the peak period. Another example would be where the customer starts
2	the dishwasher in the evening, rather than during the peak period.

The Company considers these rate pilot programs "Energy Efficiency" rates. By taking advantage of the different types of rates, customers energy consumption and demand will be affected. As a result, the Company considers these rate pilot programs to be MEEIA programs and proposes that they be included in its next MEEIA portfolio of programs.

# 7 Q: If the Company considers these rate pilot programs MEEIA programs, then why 8 are they included in this rate case?

A: The primary reason is these three rate pilot programs affect revenues and are better addressed in a rate case that will then allow these three rate pilot programs to be reviewed as a rate design issue in this case while the revenues flow through the recovery mechanism in the Company's next MEEIA program portfolio.

#### 13 Q: Please explain how you anticipate these rates being implemented?

A:

14 A: The Company proposes that the rates be approved in this case, but not made effective until the next MEEIA program cycle, which should happen several months after the effective date of rates in this case. It is anticipated that MEEIA Cycle 3 will go into effect in April, 2019.

#### 18 Q: Why wait until the MEEIA Cycle 3 is approved before these rates are implemented?

The primary reason is the uncertainty of approval of the pilot programs in the context of MEEIA 3 plan. Additionally, billing modifications are necessary to be able to properly bill these rates. Lastly, customer marketing and education is necessary to solicit customers for the different pilots.

1 Q: You mentioned that it is anticipated that usage and demand will be modified and
2 that customers will save money. Likewise, you anticipate that the Company will see
3 some benefit from these usage changes. How do you anticipate handling the
4 reduced revenues and the savings to the Company?

A:

A:

First, it is expected that customers who select to go on the rates will likely save money initially, without any modification of the current usage or usage pattern. For example, customers whose usage pattern is such that they currently use a predominant amount of energy during the off-peak periods will likely save money without any change in their behavior. As a result, the Company requests that those savings be included in the program cost portion of the DSIM rate, beginning for Cycle 3.

Second, it is expected that customers will change usage patterns to take advantage of the rates. These savings will not be accounted for until they are measured. The Company proposes to account for these customer savings through an evaluation, measurement and verification (EM&V) process, consistent with the other MEEIA programs. These savings would be reflected in the net shared benefits portion of the DSIM rate.

Third, any earnings opportunity from these programs would be addressed in the Cycle 3 MEEIA filing.

#### Q: Why isn't the Company offering these rate programs to all customers?

The first reason is that we do not have enough information regarding customer behavior to determine if the programs will be successful. We intend to use the sample of customers to help better understand the behavioral changes that may result from the pilot programs. Second, we are just completing our new Customer Information System which has a number of new options to customers and will provide the Company substantial

1		flexibility in the future. As a result, implementing a substantial pilot in the MEEIA
2		program portfolio will give us greater flexibility for the future.
3		III. LAKE ROAD ALLOCATION
4	Q:	In this case, are you recommending changes to the allocation methodology between
5		the industrial steam and electric operations at the Lake Road plant?
6	A:	Yes. As a result of the substantial changes at the Lake Road plant, it was necessary to
7		modify the allocations methodology to fit the current and future operating characteristics
8		of the plant.
9	Q:	Have you previously testified on this subject?
10	A:	Yes. In GMO's previous rate case, Case No. ER-2016-0156, the Company proposed a
11		modification to the existing allocation methodology.
12	Q:	Was it accepted by the Commission in that proceeding?
13	A:	The overall case was ultimately settled and the Commission never had to make a decision
14		on this subject. Staff witness Alan Bax addressed the issue and recommended a review
15		of all allocations attributable to Lake Road steam and electric operations once more
16		operational data was available in order to understand the allocation methodology.
17	Q:	Has the Company completed a review?
18	A:	Yes. The Company has performed a review and is recommending an allocation
19		methodology. The Company has provided the allocation procedural manual attached to
20		my testimony as Schedule TMR-5 which contains the allocation procedures the Company
21		proposes to utilize.

Q: Would you describe the industrial steam and electric operations at the Lake Road

2 plant?

A:

A:

Yes. The Lake Road plant provides GMO electric generation with multiple units which burn coal, natural gas and fuel oil. The Lake Road plant also serves five industrial steam customers that take steam service from the 900 lb. side of the plant. The 900 lb. side of the plant consists of 6 boilers, numbered 1 through 5 and 8. Boiler 5 is capable of burning coal and natural gas. Boilers 1 through 4 and 8 can burn either natural gas or fuel oil. The 900 lb. side also produces electricity from three electric turbines supported by the above mentioned boilers. The Lake Road plant also has an 1800 lb. system that consists of one boiler and one turbine. The 1800 lb. system's primary fuel was coal until June 2016, when it ceased burning coal due to environmental regulation compliance issues. It is capable of burning natural gas or fuel oil. The remainder of the plant is made up of three combustion turbines.

The discontinuance of burning coal on the 1800 lb. system has a significant impact on current plant allocations and is the primary reason for changing the method for allocating

current plant allocations and is the primary reason for changing the method for allocating costs at the Lake Road plant between the industrial steam and electric jurisdictions. The current allocation method for allocating plant, operation and maintenance expenses relies heavily on a coal burn allocation between industrial steam and electric jurisdictions.

Q: Are there other reasons why you are recommending changes to the allocation between the steam and electric utility services?

Yes. Outside factors in recent years have changed how the units at the Lake Road plant are dispatched for electricity. Some of those factors are the increased use of wind generation in the area, the abundance of natural gas along with lower gas prices and the

Southwest Power Pool's ("SPP") launch of the Integrated Marketplace on March 1st of 2014.

Current electric dispatching by the SPP of the 900 lb. side is typically for peak generation, ancillary services and spinning reserve. When the units are online they are typically operated at low loads. This results in multiple turbines and boilers being operated at low loads to cover the potential for full load generation.

The Company has determined that due to the way that the SPP is dispatching the 900 lb. side, the current steam demand allocation factor should be changed to reflect how the plant is now being utilized. Currently the 900 lb. steam demand allocation factor is based on a percentage of maximum steam sales over the sum of maximum steam sales and generation. The maximum steam sales and generation includes sales to industrial steam customers and electric generation on the 900 lb. side.

With the changes at the Lake Road plant, outside factors and changes in the SPP's dispatching, a more accurate method to determine the 900 lb. steam demand allocation factor should consider the maximum steam sales demand and the electric demand capability of the steam turbines. By taking the monthly maximum steam sales demand and dividing the sum of the maximum steam sales demand and the capability of the steam turbines demand for electric generation, the percentage would be representative of the percent of steam demand for the 900 lb. side. This method will better reflect how the 900 lb. plant is currently maintained and operated and better recognized the potential for full load generation. Below is a description of the allocation methodology the Company is proposing.

#### 900 lb ELECTRIC/STEAM DEMAND ALLOCATION FACTOR

1a. Determine the average of the maximum coincident peaks of the steam sales customers in mmBtu/Hr in a 36 month period. The average of these peaks is multiplied by a weighted average boiler efficiency of 81.5% to convert to a calculated fuel in mmBtus/Hr needed to support steam sales by the Lake Road boilers. This number represents the Calculated Fuel for Steam Sales (Fuel<sub>Steam</sub>) Average Peak hour in mmBtus/hr.

1b. Determine the amount of mmBtus/Hr of fuel needed to support full electric load on the 900 lb. steam turbines, take the capability rating in gross MWs for each turbine, (1, 2 and 3) and multiply by their respective gross turbine heat rate and then multiply by a weighted average boiler efficiency of 81.5 %. Add these three numbers together to obtain the fuel energy in mmBtus/Hr needed to operate the 900 lb. turbines at full electric load. This number represents the Calculated Fuel for Max Electric Generation (Fuel Gen potential) for the 900 lb. Steam Turbines in mmBtus/Hr.

1c. Determine the 900 lb. Steam Demand Allocation Factor, divide the Calculated Fuel for Steam Sales Average Peak hour (Fuelsteam) in mmBtu/hr by the sum of the Calculated Fuel for Steam Sales Average Peak (Fuelsteam) and the Calculated Fuel for Max Electric Generation (FuelGen potential) for the 900 lb. Steam Turbines in mmBtus/Hr and convert to a percentage. By taking 1 minus this percentage, the result is the electric allocation factor.

1	Q:	Has the Company made any changes to other plant, administrative and general
2		("A&G") and operations and maintenance ("O&M") allocation factors used to

3 allocate expenses between electric retail and industrial steam services?

4 A: Yes, All changes are reflected in the Allocation Procedural Manual attached to my Direct
5 Testimony as Schedule TMR-5.

#### IV. CLEAN CHARGE NETWORK

7 Q: What is the Clean Charge Network ("CCN") program?

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- 8 A: KCP&L and GMO launched an initiative to install and operate more than 1,000 Electrical

  9 Vehicle Charging Stations ("EVCS") throughout their respective service territories.
- 10 Company witness Chuck Caisley describes the CCN program in greater detail.
- 11 Q: What is the Company seeking regarding the Clean Charge Network ("CCN")?
- 12 A: The Company is requesting recovery in rate base of its electric vehicle charging
  13 stations ("EVCS") as well as approval of the tariff that will be used to charge end users of
  14 the EVCS. The Company believes that the EVCS meet the definition of "electric plant"
  15 under Missouri law and therefore must be regulated by the Commission when owned by a
  16 public utility.
- 17 Q: Hasn't this issue already been decided by the Commission?
- Yes, in KCP&L's last rate case the Commission determined that EVCS are not "electric plant" and therefore it lacks statutory authority over the equipment. The Commission determined that the CCN was not a regulated service but should be operated as a competitive service and denied KCP&L's proposed tariff rate. KCP&L has appealed the Commission's Report and Order to the Missouri Court of Appeals and a decision will likely occur during the pendency of this rate case. The Company believes that the

charging service it provides must be recognized as a regulated service under Missouri law.

The Commission also determined that KCP&L may include in rate base any equipment, such as distribution lines, transformers, and meters, necessary to provide electric service to an owner of an EV charging station, whether that owner is affiliated with KCP&L or not.

#### O.Why is KCP&L requesting recovery of the EVCS?

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The Company disagrees with the Commission's determination that EVCS are not electric plant and therefore does not have jurisdictional authority over EV charging stations. There is no basis for treating this investment different from other investments incurred to allow the Company to provide efficient service to its customers. All of KCP&L's customers, both EV users and non-EV users alike, will benefit from the CCN. Benefits include increased off-peak electricity usage, environmental benefits from reduced CO2 emissions and lower ozone-reducing pollutants, economic impacts resulting in job creation, improved customer programs, and lower costs and efficiency by having the utility install, own and operate the EVCS. The increase in home-based usage to charge EVs will also provide a broader base over which to spread system costs. These facilities are part of the KCP&L system, as any other they are infrastructure. The investment is necessary to provide electric service to our mobile customers and should be recovered like other prudent infrastructure investments. Furthermore, data gathered since the conclusion of the last rate case shows that the CCN is achieving its intended goals of expanding the adoption of electric vehicles in the service territory relative to other markets without such a utility-led effort. Company Witness Chuck Caisley describes

- 1 these activities, changing market conditions and developments on utility programs in 2 other jurisdictions.
- 3 Are the costs for EVCS currently included in GMO's rates? Q:
- 4 A: No. These costs are not currently in rates. The costs to date have been treated below the 5 line and borne by the Company's shareholders.
- 6 Q: How has GMO treated its EVCS expenses and revenues?
- 7 A: GMO has treated both revenues and expenses consistent with the Order in Case No. ER-
- 8 2016-0285.

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- 9 Q: What is the approximate revenue requirement impact of the EVCS?
- 10 A: GMO is asking for Commission approval to include the costs, both capital and O&M, of 11 its EVCS in base rates as part of this case. Any off-setting tax credit would be a 12 reduction to its revenue requirement. The Company is also asking for approval of a 13 tariff, Schedule CCN, to allow for charging the electric vehicle (attached to my testimony 14 as Schedule TMR-6). The capital cost for the project to be included in rates is net plant 15 of \$2.6 million. This amount would be offset by the revenues from the charging stations.
- 16 O: What has been the growth in kWh sales since the initial installations of the EVCS?
- 17 The growth in kWh sales at the charging stations for GMO is significant. Sales in 2015 A: 18 were 10,651 kWh. That grew to 58,356 in 2016 and 2017 kWh sales reached 176,897 19 kWh's. If you priced 2017 sales at \$0.20 per kWh, it would provide revenues of \$35,379. 20 However, sales are expected to continue to grow as the market continues to develop. 21 Growth at customers residence is not measured directly, but has materially grown over 22

this same period as demonstrated by the growth in the number of electric vehicles

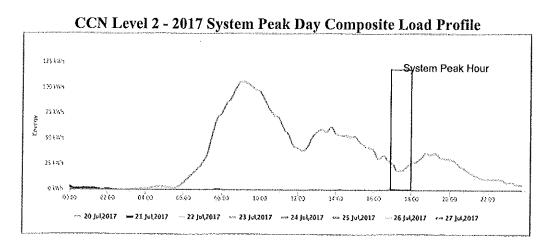
discussed in the Direct Testimony of Chuck Caisley.

- 1 Will Commission approval of the CCN and related tariff provide GMO the Q: 2 opportunity to continue to add charging stations beyond those currently envisioned? 3 A: No. The CCN involves just over 1,000 charging stations throughout KCP&L's service 4 territories in both states. The actual number of charging stations located in GMO 5 territory will be determined, in part, by host interest. GMO has proposed a cap in 6 Schedule CCN of 400 charging stations. Commission approval is required for additional 7 stations under the tariff.
- Q: Do you believe that the cost recovery mechanisms and resulting rates proposed by
  GMO in this application are fair, just and reasonable for GMO's Missouri
  customers?
- 11 A: Yes, I do.
- 12 Q. What else did the Commission order with respect to the CCN?
- 13 A. The Commission ordered KCP&L to accumulate data regarding the appropriate electric rate to charge owners of EVCS and provide that data during its next general rate case.<sup>1</sup>
- 15 Q. Has the Company accumulated the data?
- 16 A. Yes. The Company used ChargePoint to record and collect session level data for every charging session at the EVCS. The Company developed and analyzed a composite system level, 15-minute, load profile for all Level 2 and Level 3 (Fast DC) charging stations throughout the GMO and KCP&L service territories.
- 20 Q. What did this analysis conclude?
- A. The following graphs illustrate each load profiles for the 2017 system peak day,

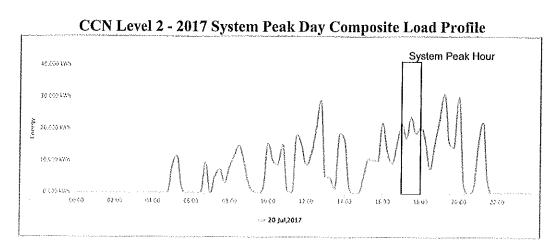
  July 22. For the month of July 2017, the Level 2 stations had a composite non-coincident

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Cite order ER-2016-0285 Report and Order 5-3-2017 page 46

peak (NCP) of 512.4 kW with a monthly load factor 18.8%. As illustrated in the figure below, the composite Level 2 station demand had little coincidence with the system peak hour (5-6 p.m.), with an average of 89.7 kW (17.7% of the composite NCP) occurring during the system peak hour.



The Level 3, Fast DC, stations had a composite non-coincident peak (NCP) of 171.5 kW with a monthly load factor 13.6%. As illustrated in the figure below, the composite Level 3 station demand had significantly more coincidence with the system peak hour (5-6 p.m.), with an average of 81.9 kW (47.8% of the composite NCP) occurring during the system peak hour.



Q.	Based on this analysis, what can you conclude as the appropriate electric rate to
	charge owners of EV Charging Stations?

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In general, we see the Level 2 charging stations use occurring in the early daytime period when users either come to work or are doing daily activities. Level 3 charging stations have a more up and down load pattern during the day, but are more likely to have a load on the system at the peaking period.

Based on the data currently available, I believe the most appropriate electric rate to charge owners of EVCS for service to locations serving only EVCS is the Small General Service rate, Schedule SGS. The structure of this tariff is well suited for service to both Level 2 or Level 3 charging stations.

For commercial service with demands less than 25 kW, the SGS rate is comprised of a Service Charge and an Energy Charge. The 25 kW limit of the SGS rate will accommodate the majority, if not all, of the CCN Level 2 charging locations where the owner of the Station which is only serving electrical charging. The Company's analysis also shows that the CCN Level 2 stations have minimal impact on overall system peak capacity and therefor the SGS energy only rate is appropriate.

The SGS rate is also appropriate for Level 3 (Fast DC) charging stations which have demands greater than 25 kW. For service with demands greater than 25 kW, the SGS rate is comprised of a Service Charge, an Energy Charge, and a Facilities Charge for all kW in excess of 25 kW. As the Company's analysis shows, the CCN Level 3 charge station demands have a level of coincidence with the Company system peak, thereby justifying the additional demand charges.

Again, this addresses electrical service which is connected to an EVCS. If the EVCS is combined with other usages, such as a convenience stores, then the appropriate rate to charge would be dependent on the overall load characteristics of the location.

#### Is this consistent with the Company's current practice?

A:

Q:

A:

Yes. As a result of the 0285 Order, the Company began charging the EVCS at each of its locations the SGS retail rate. The Company began charging electric vehicles \$0.20 per kWh for Level 2 charging stations and \$0.25 per kWh for Level 3 charging stations, where the host site no longer wished to pay for the service. For host sites that wished to continue paying for electric vehicle charging, the Company still charged the per kWh rate of \$0.20 and \$0.25, but accumulated this for the month and reflected it on the hosts bill.

The SGS revenues were collected from the Company and reflected in the regulated revenues of the Company. The sales revenues from vehicle charging at \$0.20 and \$0.25 per kWh were reflected "below the line" and were used to offset the EVCS costs consistent with what was not allowed in the KCP&L rate case.

#### Q: Please describe what you are proposing to charge customers in this case?

Schedule TMR-6 presents the proposed new tariff titled Public Electric Vehicle Charging Station Service, Schedule CCN. It is specific to GMO-owned charging stations available to EV drivers throughout its service territory. The proposed tariff does not address charging of EVs at customer single-family residences or at privately owned and operated charging stations like some businesses have provided at their sites specifically for their employees and guests.

#### O: How is the tariff designed?

**A**:

A:

The Schedule CCN rate tariff establishes a flat rate per kWh for both Level 2 and Level 3 EVCS. The tariff does not specifically identify and separate out the current riders, such as the FAC, DSIM or RESRAM rate riders at the price "at the pump". However, those amounts would be included in the rate and backed out of the revenues to appropriately include them in the Company's reporting in its books and records. The rate is intended to recover investment and expenses in the EVCS. This includes a flat rate of \$0.20 per kWh for Level 2 EVCS and a flat rate of \$0.25 for Level 3, Fast DC EVCS. Taxes and fees would be applied separately.

In addition to the Energy Charge rates, the tariff also includes guidelines for application of Session Overstay Charges, at the discretion of the Company, to incent charging station users to move their vehicles promptly after charging to improve utilization of the stations.

# O: Does the tariff recover costs related to the charging stations from the users of the charging stations?

16 A: Yes. The flat rate incorporates a driver contribution to defray a portion of the costs for the
17 EVCS. As more and more electric vehicles utilize the services, the contribution would be
18 increased.

#### Q: How did GMO determine the kWh rates set forth in Schedule CCN?

First, the Company wanted to have a price that was consistent throughout the GMO and KCP&L service territories. Second, the rate should be simple to understand. Therefore, we propose not to specifically identify the various riders on the price at the charging station. Thirdly, we wanted the price to be reflective of our SGS rates as best as possible.

And lastly, to recover the cost of service as more users begin to utilize the service. The rates proposed are flat kWh rates that are intended recover the investment in the facilities overtime as additional vehicles utilize the service, The Company is also proposing to include an optional Session Overstay Fee in the tariff.

- Q: Can you explain the concept of the Session Overstay Fee contained in the proposedtariff?
- 4: Under the proposed tariff, the Company has the discretion to impose a Session Overstay

  Fee to incent customers to move their vehicles once the charging process is completed so

  that other customers can have access to charging station. With the Session Overstay Fee,

  the driver would be provided a grace period after the EV has completed charging before

  the Session Overstay Fee would be imposed. The grace period allows the EV driver to

  receive notification (via text or e-mail) and move their vehicle to avoid these charges.
- How does the Company intend to determine if a Session Overstay Fee should be applied?
- 15 A: The Company plans to only implement the Session Overstay Fee when needed at
  16 charging station locations based on the occupancy and availability of charging ports at
  17 each host site location. Initially, the Company does not plan to implement the Session
  18 Overstay Fee on any of the charging stations. The Company will monitor charge port
  19 availability and overstay times and implement Session Overstay Fee at host locations
  20 where the additional inducement is needed to get drivers to move their vehicle.
- Q. Will the Session Overstay Fee be the same at all Clean Charge Network locations?
- A. No. Schedule CCN sets a cap of \$6.00 per hour for Session Overstay Charge and care must be taken to ensure they are set high enough to incent drivers to move their vehicle

but not so high as to discourage customers from using the stations. The Company set the 2 maximum of the range of Session Overstay Charge at \$6.00 per hour based on the maximum rate of charge provided by the Level 3 charging station - the fastest charger. The lost revenue potential of a Level 2 charge port is significantly less (approximately \$1/hr.) and the Session Overstay Charge should reflect this differential. The Company wants to establish the minimum number of Session Overstay Charges levels but recognizes that higher overstay charges may be needed at some locations compared to other.

#### 9 What type of other notification can a driver receive? Q.

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- 10 A: Notifications are available to make drivers aware of their EV charging status at all times. 11 Text and email notifications can be set up to notify drivers when their car is fully 12 charged, when charging is interrupted, when a Session Overstay grace period is ending, 13 and when charging stations become available for use.
- 14 O: Has GMO begun an analysis on EV home charging and possible rate designs that 15 may be beneficial?
- 16 Α. The majority of EV charging is at the home. With GMO's late system peak occurring in 17 the late afternoon, at home charging could have substantial system peak coincidence. 18 Typically, EV charging in the home would occur when the vehicle owner arrives, which could add extra load to the peak periods of the Company. 19

#### 20 Q. Has GMO evaluated TOU rates for home charging?

21 Yes. As described in the Direct Testimony of Marisol Miller, GMO contracted with A. 22 Burns & McDonnell (B&McD) to perform a Residential Rate Design Strategy Study, in 23 order to prepare a general long term plan for implementing Residential rate designs that align with the utility's internal goals and objectives, reflect good rate making principles, and align with future technologies being implemented. One of the outcomes of the study was the design of a residential TOU rate that can be used by and marketed to EV owners to shift EV load off-peak in a cost-efficient manner in all. This study is discussed further in her testimony and the report from B&McD. The TOU rate proposed in this proceeding can easily be used to incentivize EV drivers to charge their vehicles during off-peak periods during the late night hours.

#### V. CROSSROADS ENERGY CENTER

#### What is the Crossroads Energy Center?

considered.

Q:

A:

Crossroads Energy Center is a 300 MW GMO natural gas-fired peaking facility that is part of GMO's regulated supply portfolio located in Clarksdale, Mississippi and consists of four gas-fired 75 MW combustion turbines. The facility was constructed in 2002 and added to the GMO supply portfolio in 2008.

Crossroads generates electricity from natural gas that is supplied by pipelines that are geographically remote from the resources that supply gas to GMO's other gas-fired generators and provides capacity equivalent to 15% of GMO's 2017 peak load. Transmission service is currently provided by MISO and SPP. Prior to Entergy joining MISO, transmission service was provided by Entergy and SPP.

When GMO capacity needs were evaluated in 2007, Crossroads was found to be the lowest cost option for GMO customers, even when the cost of transmission was

Q: Why was Crossroads added to the GMO regulate	d portfolio?
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A: In 2007 when the decision to add this asset to GMO's supply portfolio was evaluated, it was the lowest cost supply option for GMO customers. The Company concluded that this was the appropriate asset to add the generating asset to its portfolio. GMO also entered into a 20-year transmission agreement with Entergy in 2009 to move the power from Crossroads to GMO's service territory in Missouri. The transmission is required in order to claim Crossroads in meeting its generation and reserve requirements. The overall cost of the facility and transmission expense still met the lowest cost supply option for GMO customers.

- 10 Q: In 2007 when the capacity needs of GMO were evaluated and Crossroads was identified as the lowest cost option, what was the assumption on transmission costs?
- 12 A: In the 2007 evaluation, the Company included \$12 million per year in transmission costs

  13 for the Crossroads option.
- Q: Is Crossroads and the transmission expense in getting power to the GMO territory
   included as part of GMO's regulated rate base in Missouri?
- 16 A: Yes and no. Even though presented with evidence that this plant and transmission costs
  17 were the lowest cost option at the time it was added to the GMO generation fleet, a
  18 significant portion of the plant was disallowed by the Commission in the 2010 rate case,
  19 Case No. ER-2010-0356. Additionally, the Commission disallowed the entire amount of
  20 Crossroads transmission expense. As a result, GMO does not recover FERC-approved
  21 transmission rates associated with Crossroads.

#### Q: What was the value of the transmission disallowance in the 2012 rate case?

- A: At the time of the decision in 2012 in Case No. ER-2012-0156, the Commission disallowed transmission costs of over \$4.9 million per year. This was the cost of transmission on the Entergy system.
- Q: Please provide some background of what has transpired since the Commission's
   rate order that in Case No. ER-2012-0175 regarding Crossroads?
- A: In December 2013 Entergy, with whom GMO entered into a 20-year agreement for transmission service for Crossroads in 2009, joined the regional transmission organization ("RTO") known as MISO. As a result, transmission costs necessary to move Crossroads power to GMO's service territory immediately increased to approximately \$12 million per year and those costs have since grown to approximately \$13 million per year.
- 13 Q: Was Entergy's decision to join MISO in 2013 expected?
  - A: No. In fact, prevailing thought at the time GMO entered into the transmission agreement in 2009 was that Entergy would join Southwest Power Pool ("SPP"), in which case the transmission cost paid by GMO to move Crossroads power to GMO's market area would have fallen to \$0 per year. Entergy's move to MISO occurred subsequent to the MPSC disallowance of Crossroads transmission service related costs. Even with this increase in transmission expense, Crossroads remains the low cost option for GMO customers even if the Commission would have allowed the full cost of the plant and the transmission expenses in rates.

1 Q: This issue has been going on since 2008, when the decision was made to include
2 Crossroads as part of the regulated operations and to enter into a 20-year
3 agreement with Entergy to purchase transmission service. What are you asking this
4 Commission to do in this case?

The Company is not asking the Commission to reverse any of its prior decisions. GMO proposes to continue the disallowance levels adopted by the Commission in Case Nos. ER-2010-0356 and ER-2012-0175 with respect to rate base and transmission costs. GMO proposes to include in rates the incremental increase in transmission cost above \$4.9 million, which was the amount disallowed in Case ER-2012-0175. The transmission cost dollar amounts are detailed in the Direct Testimony of GMO witness Ronald Klote.

#### Q: Why is this proposal reasonable?

A:

A:

Crossroads is an incredibly good asset for GMO's customers. It was the least cost option in GMO's 2007 IRP, and even with Entergy-related transmission costs it remains the least cost option. Crossroads thus provides low-cost capacity equal to 15% of GMO's 2015 peak demand in addition to operational benefits resulting from its location outside of GMO's service territory. For example, during the polar vortex of January-February 2014, gas was available at Crossroads when it was unavailable for gas-fired generation located near GMO's market area.

In light of the value Crossroads provides to GMO customers and GMO's acceptance of the rate base and transmission cost disallowance levels determined by the Commission in Case Nos. ER-2010-0356 and ER-2012-0175, I believe it is reasonable to include the incremental transmission costs above \$4.9 million in GMO customer rates.

1	Q:	What has been the impact on both customers and the Company since Crossroads
2		was included in GMO operations?

Q:

A:

A:

While Crossroads costs about \$132 million, the Commission disallowed nearly \$70 million of gross plant from the actual costs. As a result, GMO customer have had the capacity of the Crossroads facility at a bargain price and had reflected in rates since 2008, approximately \$40 million to pay for the facility. On the other hand, GMO shareholders have lost \$70 million in plant disallowance and the entire transmission expenses since 2008. As a result, GMO shareholders will have lost over \$100 million from recovery in rates in both plant disallowances and transmission expense disallowances. To put this into an annual perspective, GMO customers will pay about \$5 million annually for the right to have 300 MW of an incredibly reliable and efficient peaking unit, while GMO shareholders will lose about \$17 million annually.

If the Commission accepts the position of the Company in this case, this will result in the Company losing about \$10 million annually and customers paying about the same \$12 million in rates on an annual basis.

## Is the recovery of transmission costs related to an out-of-state generating facility unprecedented in Missouri?

No. Like GMO, The Empire District Electric Company has a generating asset (Plum Point) located in Arkansas within the MISO region. Also like GMO, Empire is in SPP so Empire must pay MISO for transmission service for their generation within MISO. Empire pays the same exact MISO rate for transmission service as GMO pays to MISO. However, unlike GMO, Empire has been allowed recovery of these transmission service costs in its Missouri rates.

- 1 Q: Does that conclude your testimony?
- 2 A: Yes, it does.

### BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of KCP&L Greater Missouri  Operations Company's Request for Authority to Implement A General Rate Increase for Electric Service  )  Case No. ER-2018-0146 )			
AFFIDAVIT OF TIM M. RUSH			
STATE OF MISSOURI ) ) ss COUNTY OF JACKSON )			
Tim M. Rush, being first duly sworn on his oath, states:			
1. My name is Tim M. Rush. I work in Kansas City, Missouri, and I am employed			
by Kansas City Power & Light Company as Director, Regulatory Affairs.			
2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my Direct Testimony			
on behalf of KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company consisting of twenty-eight			
( <u>28</u> ) pages, having been prepared in written form for introduction into evidence in the above-			
captioned docket.			
3. I have knowledge of the matters set forth therein. I hereby swear and affirm that			
my answers contained in the attached testimony to the questions therein propounded, including			
any attachments thereto, are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, information and			
belief.  Tim M. Rush			
Subscribed and sworn before me this 29th day of January 2018.  Notary Public			
My commission expires: $\frac{4/2\sqrt{2021}}{}$			

ANTHONY R WESTENKIRCHNER Notary Public, Notary Seal State of Missouri Platte County Commission #17279952 My Commission Expires April 26, 2021

#### Requirements to Continue or Modify the Fuel Adjustment Clause

4 CSR 240-3.161 (3) When an electric utility files a general rate proceeding following the general rate proceeding that established its RAM as described by 4 CSR 240-20.090(2) in which it requests that its RAM be continued or modified, the electric utility shall file with the commission and serve parties, as provided in sections (9) through (11) in this rule the following supporting information as part of, or in addition to, its direct testimony:

(A) An example of the notice to be provided to customers as required by 4 CSR 240-20.090(2)(D):

See Schedule TMR-2.

(B) If the electric utility proposes to change the identification of the RAM on the customer's bill, an example customer bill showing how the proposed RAM shall be separately identified on affected customers' bills, including the proposed language, in accordance with 4 CSR 240-20.090(8):

No change is proposed.

(C) Proposed RAM rate schedules:

See Schedule TMR-3.

(D) A general description of the design and intended operation of the proposed RAM:

The design and intended operation of the Fuel Adjustment Clause (FAC) is the same as approved in Case No. ER-2016-0156. The changes proposed in this filing are for the amounts contained in base rates as well as the addition of new additives that the Company is now using, and the addition of wording related to the Renewable Energy Rider tariff. Some key features of the FAC include:

- The FAC factor is based upon historical differences between the cost of fuel, energy
  and certain transmission costs net of off-system sales revenue built into base rates and
  the actual net costs of these items as incurred during the two six-month accumulation
  periods.
- There is 95% recovery of the difference between these actual net costs and the amounts built into base rates.
- Items considered in the FAC are non-labor generating plant fuel costs, purchased
  power energy and short-term capacity charges, emission allowance costs and revenue
  amortizations, transportation costs, and certain transmission costs. These costs are
  offset by off system sales revenues, and the revenues from the sale of renewable
  energy credits. Carrying costs are calculated monthly at the Company's short term
  debt rate.

- The under or over recovery will be accumulated for 6 months. The collection period for the accumulation is 12 months.
- The base amount in the current tariff is \$0.02055
- The proposed base amount for GMO FAC base rate is \$0.02465 per kWh.
- (E) A complete explanation of how the proposed RAM is reasonably designed to provide the electric utility a sufficient opportunity to earn a fair return on equity:

See the Direct Testimony of Tim M. Rush.

(F) A complete explanation of how the proposed FAC shall be trued-up to reflect over or under-collections, or the refundable portion of the proposed IEC shall be trued-up, on at least an annual basis:

Each month there is an accrual to reflect the over/under recovered current month FAC fuel costs in General Ledger Account 182380-Accrued Fuel Clause. The accrual calculation is Total FAC Actual Energy Costs less Base Energy Costs times 95%.

After the defined 6-month accumulation periods (June-November and December-May) a filing in accordance with 4 CSR 240-20.090(4) is made with the Missouri Public Service Commission requesting a new cost adjustment factor. The collection/return periods for these FAC factors are 12 month periods (March-February and September-August).

Activity in account 182380 is manually tracked by accumulation period and separately identifies the accrual recovery, interest and over/under recovery balance for each open accumulation period.

After the 12-month recovery period is complete, a true-up filing is made, and any remaining over/under recovery identified is included as part of the next FAC filing.

(G) A complete description of how the proposed RAM is compatible with the requirement for prudence reviews:

4 CSR 240-20.090 sets forth the definitions, structure, operation, and procedures relevant to a Fuel Adjustment Clause. Section (7) is specific to prudence reviews, requiring a review no less frequently than at eighteen (18)-month intervals.

The Company agrees that prudence reviews should occur no less frequently than at 18 month intervals. This requirement is also in the FAC tariff.

It is anticipated that parties to any prudence review proceeding would apply the standard of determining whether decisions were prudent given the facts known at the time those decisions were made, as opposed to a "hindsight" review. If Staff or other parties believe

that the evidence supports a prudence adjustment, they have the opportunity to bring that proposal to the Commission for an evidentiary hearing and decision.

(H) A complete explanation of all the costs that shall be considered for recovery under the proposed RAM and the specific account used for each cost item on the electric utility's books and records:

The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Code of Federal Regulations is the basis for the Company's accounting codes. Fuel used in the production of steam for the generation of electricity (Coal Plants) is included in FERC account 501. Fuel used in other power generation (Combustion Turbines) is included in FERC account 547. Purchased Power is in FERC account 555. Transmission of electricity by others is included in FERC account 565. Emission Allowance costs and amortizations are in FERC account 509.

Please see the proposed tariff sheets included in Schedule TMR-3 for the complete listing of all costs that need to be considered for recovery under the propose continuation of the RAM along with the specific accounts that will be used for each cost item on the Company's utility books and records.

Accounts provided were known as of the time of this filing; however, they may be revised in the future as business needs arise.

(I) A complete explanation of all the revenues that shall be considered in the determination of the amount eligible for recovery under the proposed RAM and the specific account where each such revenue item is recorded on the electric utility's books and records:

The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Code of Federal Regulations is the basis for the Company's accounting codes. Sales for resale are recorded in FERC account 447. Revenues from the sale of emission allowances and renewable energy credits are recorded in FERC account 509 as an offset to expense.

Please see the proposed tariff sheets included in Schedule TMR-3 for the complete listing of all revenue accounts that need to be considered in the determination of the amount eligible for recovery under the propose continuation of the RAM along with the specific accounts that will be used for each revenue item on the Company's utility books and records.

This accounting process, and the information used to support the recording of these entries, creates a paper audit trail to enable the audit of the accounts.

(J) A complete explanation of any incentive features designed in the proposed RAM and the expected benefit and cost each feature is intended to produce for the electric utility's shareholders and customers:

In the Report and Order for Case No. ER-2007-0004 issued May 17, 2007, the Commission explains the reasoning for allowing only 95% of FAC eligible costs to be collected from customers,

"The Commission also finds after-the-fact prudence reviews alone are insufficient to assure Aquila will continue to take reasonable steps to keep its fuel and purchased power costs down, and the easiest way to ensure a utility retains the incentive to keep fuel and purchased power costs down is to not allow a 100% pass through of those costs.

The Commission finds allowing Aquila to pass 95% of its prudently incurred fuel and purchased power costs, above those included in its base rates, through its fuel adjustment clause is appropriate. With a 95% pass-through, the Commission finds Aquila will be protected from extreme fluctuations in fuel and purchased power cost, yet retain a significant incentive to take all reasonable actions to keep its fuel and purchased power costs as low as possible, and still have an opportunity to earn a fair return on its investment." (page 54)

"The Commission concludes that a 95% pass-through would not violate Section 386.266.4(1), in that it would still afford Aquila a sufficient opportunity to earn a fair return on equity." (page 55)

The 95% pass-through feature remained unchanged in the settlement of Rate Case. Nos. ER-2009-0090, ER-2010-0356, ER-2012-0175, and ER-2016-0156.

### (K) A complete explanation of any rate volatility mitigation features in the proposed RAM:

See the Direct Testimony of Jessica L. Tucker in this case for a discussion of the FAC and mitigation of market risk/price volatility. In addition, accumulating the FAC adjustment for a 6-month period with a corresponding 12-month revenue recovery period lessens rate volatility.

(L) A complete explanation of any feature designed into the proposed RAM or any existing electric utility policy, procedure, or practice that can be relied upon to ensure that only prudent costs shall be eligible for recovery under the proposed RAM:

The Company's FAC expenses are subject to periodic Prudence Reviews to ensure that only prudently-incurred fuel and purchased power costs are collected from customers through the FAC.

Rules and procedures for contracts are outlined in the Sarbanes Oxley documentation.

The Company's books and records are audited annually by an independent public accounting firm.

The Company's internal audit staff performs periodic audits on the controls in place associated with the FAC.

(M) A complete explanation of the specific customer class rate design used to design the proposed RAM base amount in permanent rates and any subsequent rate adjustments during the term of the proposed RAM:

The rate design for base rates reflects the fuel and purchased power costs, revenues and transmission costs recovered on a per kWh basis, consistent with the current FAC. The rate design for the FAC is to bill all retail customers on a per kWh basis for the incremental costs above

or below base rates.

As required, the FAC allocates cost by voltage level using commission approved allocation methods.

(N) A complete explanation of any change in business risk to the electric utility resulting from implementation of the proposed RAM in setting the electric utility's allowed return in any rate proceeding, in addition to any other changes in business risk experienced by the electric utility:

See Direct Testimony of Robert B. Hevert.

(O) A description of how responses to subsections (B) through (N) differ from responses to subsections (B) through (N) for the currently approved RAM:

The definitions of the costs and revenues included in the FAC have been updated in the actual proposed tariffs and therefore, sections (H) and (I) now reference those tariff sheets. Changes made to the tariff sheets are as follows:

127.14: 501000 - Removed "alternative fuels (i.e. tires, bio-fuel)" (the Company no longer has the air burn permits for these fuels); Added ", broker commissions and fees (fees charged by an agent, or agent's company to facilitate transactions between buyers and sellers)," (to be consistent with KCP&L); 501300 - Added "limestone inventory adjustments" (to be consistent with wording in 501000); Added calcium bromide to the description (AQCS additive used by the Company); Removed trona (no longer used); Added propane (used with Urea to make Urea work);

127.15: 547000 - Added "broker commissions and fees (fees charged by an agent, or agent's company to facilitate transactions between buyers and sellers)," (for consistency with KCP&L); 547300 - Added "and consumable costs for Air Quality Control Systems ("AQCS") operations, such as ammonia or other consumables which perform similar functions." (to be consistent with 501300); 509000 - Re-ordered section 509 to be costs, offset by revenues; 555000 - Added "broker commissions and fees (fees charged by an agent, or agent's company to facilitate transactions between buyers and sellers)," (to be consistent with KCP&L); Added wording to exclude purchased power agreements dedicated to specific customers under the Renewable Energy Rider tariff (new service, the cost of which, should be excluded from the

FAC); Removed subaccounts 555021 and 555031 (no longer needed with a combined GMO)

127.16: 565000 - Updated SPP transmission percentage allowed in the FAC (new FERC Form 1 information available); Added wording relating to customers participating in the Renewable Energy Rider tariff (new service, the cost of which, should be excluded from the FAC); 447020 - Added wording relating to customers participating in the Renewable Energy Rider tariff (new service the cost of which should be excluded from the FAC)

127.21; B Factor - Updated base rate factor based upon current rate case levels.

127.21-127.23 Added expansion factors for transmission and substation levels (agreed to in previous case)

- (J) was changed to include the settlement information from case number ER-2016-0156. In (L) the discussion of hedging has been removed and the discussion of annual internal and external audits has been added.
- (P) The supply-side and demand-side resources that the electric utility expects to use to meet its loads in the next four (4) true-up years, the expected dispatch of those resources, the reasons why these resources are appropriate for dispatch and the heat rates and fuel types for each supply-side resource; in submitting this information, it is recognized that supply- and demand-side resources and dispatch may change during the next four (4) true-up years based upon changing circumstances and parties will have the opportunity to comment on this information after it is filed by the electric utility:

See Direct Testimony of Burton L. Crawford.

(Q) The results of heat rate tests and/or efficiency tests on all the electric utility's nuclear and non-nuclear steam generators, HRSG, steam turbines and combustion turbines conducted within the previous twenty-four (24) months:

See Direct Testimony of Burton L. Crawford.

(R) Information that shows that the electric utility has in place a long-term resource planning process, important objectives of which are to minimize overall delivered energy costs and provide reliable service:

GMO has a long-term resource planning process. The electric utility resource plan produced by the process is also known as an integrated resource plan or IRP. An objective of this planning process is to identify the least cost alternatives and select a preferred resource plan that maintains adequate capacity reserves for reliability. GMO prepared and filed its latest triennial IRP report in April 2015. Updates to that IRP report were filed March 15, 2016, and June 1, 2017. Under the current IRP rule, the next triennial IRP is to be filed April 1, 2018.

(S) If emissions allowance costs or sales margins are included in the RAM request and not in the electric utility's environmental cost recovery surcharge, a complete explanation of forecasted environmental investments and allowances purchases and sales; and

See Direct Testimony of Jessica L. Tucker for the discussion of the allowance purchases and sales and the direct testimony of Burton L. Crawford for the explanation of forecasted environmental investments.

(T) Any additional information that may have been ordered by the commission to be provided in the previous general rate proceeding:

No additional information was ordered by the commission to be provided in Rate Case No. ER-2016-0156.

#### **Important Notice**

KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company ("Company" or "GMO") has filed a rate increase request with the Missouri Public Service Commission ("PSC"). The increase would total approximately percent in the Missouri Retail Service Area.
For the average residential customer the proposed increase would be approximately \$ per month.
The Company has also asked the PSC to continue the Fuel Adjustment Clause ("FAC"). The FAC allows the Company to adjust customers' bills two times per year based on the varying cost of fuel and power purchased in the current volatile market. Any increase or decrease in fuel costs is reflected in the FAC. This means the customer bill is based on more current fuel costs.
A local public hearing (or evidentiary hearing) has been set before the PSC ato'clock, on (date) at, (address), City, Missouri. The hearing will be held in a facility that meets the accessibility requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act. Any person who needs additional accommodations to participate in this hearing should call the Public Service Commission's hotline at 1-800-392-4211 (voice) or Relay Missouri at 711 before the hearing.
Consumers wishing to comment on the rate proposal may also: Mail a written comment to the Public Service Commission, P.O. Box 360, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102; Electronically submit a comment to the PSC through the Internet by accessing the PSC's Electronic Filing and Information System at <a href="https://www.efis.psc.mo.gov/mpsc">https://www.efis.psc.mo.gov/mpsc</a> (please reference case number); or Contact the Office of the Public Counsel, P.O. Box 2230, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102, telephone 573-751-4857 or toll-free 866-922-2959, opcservice@ded.mo.gov. Comments are viewable by the public. Do not include any information in a public comment that you do not wish to be made public.

	P.S.C. MO. No.	1	3rd	Revised Sheet No	127.1
Canceling	P.S.C. MO. No.	1	2nd	Revised Sheet No	. 127.1
				For Missouri Retail Se	rvice Area

FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE – Rider FAC
FUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE
(Applicable to Service Provided February 22, 2017 through Effective Date of This Tariff)

#### **DEFINITIONS**

#### ACCUMULATION PERIODS, FILING DATES AND RECOVERY PERIODS:

An accumulation period is the six calendar months during which the actual costs and revenues subject to this rider will be accumulated for the purposes of determining the Fuel Adjustment Rate ("FAR"). The two six-month accumulation periods each year through December 21, 2020, the two corresponding twelvementh recovery periods and the filing dates will be as shown below. Each filing shall include detailed work papers in electronic format to support the filing.

Accumulation Periods	Filing Dates	Recovery Periods
June – November	By January 1	March – February
December – May	By July 1	September – August

A recovery period consists of the months during which the FAR is applied to customer billings on a per kilowatt-hour (kWh) basis.

#### **COSTS AND REVENUES:**

Costs eligible for the Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment ("FPA") will be the Company's allocated Jurisdictional costs for the fuel component of the Company's generating units, purchased power energy charges including applicable Southwest Power Pool ("SPP") charges, emission allowance costs and amortizations, cost of transmission of electricity by others associated with purchased power and off-system sales, all as incurred during the accumulation period. These costs will be offset by jurisdictional off-system sales revenues, applicable SPP revenues, and revenue from the sale of Renewable Energy Certificates or Credits ("REC"). Eligible costs do not include the purchased power demand costs associated with purchased power contacts in excess of one year. Likewise revenues do not include demand or capacity receipts associated with power contracts in excess of one year.

#### **APPLICABILITY**

The price per kWh of electricity sold to retail customers will be adjusted (up or down) periodically subject to application of the Rider FAC and approval by the Missouri Public Service Commission ("MPSC" or "Commission").

The FAR is the result of dividing the FPA by forecasted Missouri retail net system input ("S<sub>RP</sub>") for the recovery period, expanded for Voltage Adjustment Factors ("VAF"), rounded to the nearest \$0.00001, and aggregated over two accumulation periods. The amount charged on a separate line on retail customers' bills is equal to the current annual FAR multiplied by kWh billed.

Issued: January 30, 2018

Issued by: Darrin R. Ives, Vice President

P.S.C. MO. No1_	 3rd	Revised Sheet No	127.2
Canceling P.S.C. MO. No1	 - 2nd	Revised Sheet No	127.2
	F	or Missouri Retail Se	rvice Area

FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE – Rider FAC
FUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE
(Applicable to Service Provided February 22, 2017 through Effective Date of This Tariff)

#### FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS

FPA = 95% \* ((ANEC - B) \* J) + T + I + P

ANEC = Actual Net Energy Costs = (FC + E + PP + TC - OSSR - R)

FC = Fuel Costs Incurred to Support Sales:

The following costs reflected in Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") Account Number 501:

Subaccount 501000: coal commodity and transportation, side release and freeze conditioning agents, dust mitigation agents, accessorial charges as delineated in railroad accessorial tariffs [additional crew, closing hopper railcar doors, completion of loading of a unit train and its release for movement, completion of unloading of a unit train and its release for movement, delay for removal of frozen coal, destination detention, diversion of empty unit train (including administration fee, holding charges, and out-of-route charges which may include fuel surcharge), diversion of loaded coal trains, diversion of loaded unit train fees (including administration fee, additional mileage fee or out-of-route charges which may include fuel surcharge), fuel surcharge, held in transit, hold charge, locomotive release, miscellaneous handling of coal cars, origin detention, origin re-designation, out-of-route charges (including fuel surcharge), out-of-route movement, pick-up of locomotive power, placement and pickup of loaded or empty private coal cars on railroad supplied tracks, placement and pick-up of loaded or empty private coal cars on shipper supplied tracks, railcar storage, release of locomotive power, removal, rotation and/or addition of cars, storage charges, switching, trainset positioning, trainset storage, and weighing], applicable taxes, natural gas costs, alternative fuels (i.e. tires, bio-fuel), fuel quality adjustments, fuel adjustments included in commodity and transportation costs, oil costs for commodity, propane costs, storage, taxes, fees, and fuel losses, coal and oil inventory adjustments, and insurance recoveries, subrogation recoveries and settlement proceeds for fuel expenses in the 501 Accounts.

Subaccount 501020: the allocation of the allowed costs in the 501000, 501300, and 501400 accounts attributed to native load;

Subaccount 501030: the allocation of the allowed costs in the 501000, 501300, and 501400 accounts attributed to off-system sales;

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FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE – Rider FAC
FUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE
(Applicable to Service Provided February 22, 2017 through Effective Date of This Tariff)

#### FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS (continued)

Subaccount 501300: fuel additives and consumable costs for Air Quality Control Systems ("AQCS") operations, such as ammonia, hydrated lime, lime, limestone, powder activated carbon, urea, sodium bicarbonate, trona, sulfur, and RESPond, or other consumables which perform similar functions;

Subaccount 501400 and 501420: residual costs and revenues associated with combustion product, slag and ash disposal costs and revenues including contractors, materials and other miscellaneous expenses.

#### The following costs reflected in FERC Account Number 547:

Subaccount 547000: natural gas, and oil costs for commodity, transportation, storage, taxes, fees and fuel losses, and settlement proceeds, insurance recoveries, subrogation recoveries for fuel expenses,

Subaccount 547020: the allocation of the allowed costs in the 547000 and 547300 accounts attributed to native load;

Subaccount 547030: the allocation of the allowed costs in the 547000 and 547300 accounts attributed to off-system sales; Subaccount 547300: fuel additives.

#### E = Net Emission Costs:

The following costs and revenues reflected in FERC Account Number 509: Subaccount 509000: NOx and SO<sub>2</sub> emission allowance costs and revenue amortizations offset by revenues from the sale of NOx and SO<sub>2</sub> emission allowances including any associated broker commissions and fees (fees charged by an agent, or agent's company to facilitate transactions between buyers and sellers).

#### PP = Purchased Power Costs:

The following costs or revenues reflected in FERC Account Number 555:

Subaccount 555005: capacity charges for capacity purchases one year or less in duration;

Subaccount 555000: purchased power costs, energy charges from capacity purchases of any duration, insurance recoveries, and subrogation recoveries for purchased power expenses, charges and credits related to the SPP Integrated Marketplace ("IM").

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FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE – Rider FAC
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#### FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS (continued)

Subaccount 555021: the allocation of the allowed costs in the 555000 account attributed to intercompany purchases for native load;

Subaccount 555030: the allocation of the allowed costs in the 555000 account attributed to purchases for off-system sales;

Subaccount 555031: the allocation of the allowed costs in the 555000 account attributed to intercompany purchases for off system sales.

#### TC = Transmission Costs:

The following costs reflected in FERC Account Number 565:

Subaccount 565000: non-SPP transmission used to serve off-system sales or to make purchases for load, excluding any transmission costs associated with the Crossroads Power Plant and 39.62% of the SPP transmission service costs which includes the schedules listed below as well as any adjustments to the charges in the schedules below:

Schedule 7 – Long Term Firm and Short Term Point to Point Transmission Service

Schedule 8 - Non Firm Point to Point Transmission Service

Schedule 9 - Network Integration Transmission Service

Schedule 10 - Wholesale Distribution Service

Schedule 11 - Base Plan Zonal Charge and Region Wide Charge

Subaccount 565020: the allocation of the allowed costs in the 565000 account attributed to native load;

Subaccount 565027: the allocation of the allowed costs in the 565000 account attributed to transmission demand charges;

Subaccount 565030: the allocation of the allowed costs in account 565000 attributed to off-system sales.

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#### FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS (continued)

#### OSSR = Revenues from Off-System Sales:

The following revenues or costs reflected in FERC Account Number 447:

Subaccount 447020: all revenues from off-system sales. This includes charges and credits related to the SPP IM. Off-system sales revenues from full and partial requirements sales to municipalities that are served through bilateral contracts in excess of one year shall be excluded from OSSR component; Subaccount 447012: capacity charges for capacity sales one year or less in

Subaccount 447030: the allocation of the includable sales in account 447020 not attributed to retail sales.

#### R = Renewable Energy Credit Revenue:

duration;

Revenues reflected in FERC account 509000 from the sale of Renewable Energy Credits that are not needed to meet the Renewable Energy Standard.

Costs and revenues not specifically detailed in Factors FC, PP, E, TC, OSSR, or R shall not be included in the Company's FAR filings; provided however, in the case of Factors PP, TC or OSSR, the market settlement charge types under which SPP or another centrally administered market (e.g., PJM or MISO) bills/credits a cost or revenue need not be detailed in Factors PP or OSSR for the costs or revenues to be considered specifically detailed in Factors PP or OSSR; and provided further, should the SPP or another centrally administered market (e.g. PJM or MISO) implement a new market settlement charge type not listed below or a new schedule not listed in TC:

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(Applicable to Service Provided February 22, 2017 through Effective Date of This Tariff)						

#### FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS (continued)

- A. The Company may include the new schedule, charge type cost or revenue in its FAR filings if the Company believes the new schedule, charge type cost or revenue possesses the characteristics of, and is of the nature of, the costs or revenues listed below or in the schedules listed in TC, as the case may be, subject to the requirement that the Company make a filing with the Commission as outlined in B below and also subject to another party's right to challenge the inclusion as outlined in E. below;
- B. The Company will make a filing with the Commission giving the Commission notice of the new schedule or charge type no later than 60 days prior to the Company including the new schedule, charge type cost or revenue in a FAR filing. Such filing shall identify the proposed accounts affected by such change, provide a description of the new charge type demonstrating that it possesses the characteristics of, and is of the nature of, the costs or revenues listed in factors PP, TC or OSSR as the case may be, and identify the preexisting schedule, or market settlement charge type(s) which the new schedule or charge type replaces or supplements;
- C. The Company will also provide notice in its monthly reports required by the Commission's fuel adjustment clause rules that identifies the new schedule, charge type costs or revenues by amount, description and location within the monthly reports;
- D. The Company shall account for the new schedule, charge type costs or revenues in a manner which allows for the transparent determination of current period and cumulative costs or revenues;

If the Company makes the filing provided for in B above and a party challenges the inclusion, such challenge will not delay approval of the FAR filing. To challenge the inclusion of a new schedule or charge type, a party shall make a filing with the Commission based upon that party's contention that the new schedule, charge type costs or revenues at issue should not have been included, because they do not possess the characteristics of the schedules, costs or revenues listed in Factors PP, TC or OSSR, as the case may be. A party wishing to challenge the inclusion of a schedule or charge type shall include in its filing the reasons why it believes the Company did not show that the new schedule or charge type possesses the characteristics of the costs or revenues listed in Factors TC, PP or OSSR, as the case may be, and its filing shall be made within 30 days of the Company's filing under B above. In the event of a timely challenge, the Company shall bear the burden of proof to support its decision to include a new schedule or charge type in a FAR filing. Should such challenge be upheld by the Commission, any such costs will be refunded (or revenues retained) through a future FAR filing in a manner consistent with that utilized for Factor P;

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#### FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS (Continued)

F. A party other than the Company may seek the inclusion of a new schedule or charge type in a FAR filing by making a filing with the Commission no less than 60 days before the Company's next FAR filing date of January 1 or July 1. Such a filing shall give the Commission notice that such party believes the new schedule or charge type should be included because it possesses the characteristics of, and is of the nature of, the costs or revenues listed in factors PP, TC or OSSR, as the case may be. The party's filing shall identify the proposed accounts affected by such change, provide a description of the new schedule or charge type demonstrating that it possesses the characteristics of, and is of the nature of, the schedules, costs or revenues listed in factors PP, TC or OSSR as the case may be, and identify the preexisting schedule or market settlement charge type(s) which the new schedule or charge type replaces or supplements. If a party makes the filing provided for by this paragraph F and a party (including the Company) challenges the inclusion, such challenge will not delay inclusion of the new schedule or charge type in the FAR filing or delay approval of the FAR filing. To challenge the inclusion of a new schedule or charge type, the challenging party shall make a filing with the Commission based upon that party's contention that the new schedule or charge type costs or revenues at issue should not have been included, because they do not possess the characteristics of the schedules, costs or revenues listed in Factors PP, TC, or OSSR, as the case may be. The challenging party shall make its filing challenging the inclusion and stating the reasons why it believes the new schedule or charge type does not possess the characteristic of the costs or revenues listed in Factors PP, TC or OSSR, as the case may be, within 30 days of the filing that seeks inclusion of the new schedule or charge type. In the event of a timely challenge, the party seeking the inclusion of the new schedule or charge type shall bear the burden of proof to support its contention that the new schedule or charge type should be included in the Company's FAR filings. Should such challenge be upheld by the Commission, any such costs will be refunded (or revenues retained) through a future FAR filing in a manner consistent with that utilized for Factor P.

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#### FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS (continued)

SPP IM charge/revenue types that are included in the FAC are listed below:

Day Ahead Regulation Down Service Amount

Day Ahead Regulation Down Service Distribution Amount

Day Ahead Regulation Up Service Amount

Day Ahead Regulation Up Service Distribution Amount

Day Ahead Spinning Reserve Amount

Day Ahead Spinning Reserve Distribution Amount

Day Ahead Supplemental Reserve Amount

Day Ahead Supplemental Reserve Distribution Amount

Real Time Contingency Reserve Deployment Failure Amount

Real Time Contingency Reserve Deployment Failure Distribution Amount

Real Time Regulation Service Deployment Adjustment Amount

Real Time Regulation Down Service Amount

Real Time Regulation Down Service Distribution Amount

Real Time Regulation Non-Performance

Real Time Regulation Non-Performance Distribution

Real Time Regulation Up Service Amount

Real Time Regulation Up Service Distribution Amount

Real Time Spinning Reserve Amount

Real Time Spinning Reserve Distribution Amount

Real Time Supplemental Reserve Amount

Real Time Supplemental Reserve Distribution Amount

Day Ahead Asset Energy

Day Ahead Non-Asset Energy

Day Ahead Virtual Energy Amount

Real Time Asset Energy Amount

Real Time Non-Asset Energy Amount

Real Time Virtual Energy Amount

Transmission Congestion Rights Funding Amount

Transmission Congestion Rights Daily Uplift Amount

Transmission Congestion Rights Monthly Payback Amount

Transmission Congestion Rights Annual Payback Amount

Transmission Congestion Rights Annual Closeout Amount

Transmission Congestion Rights Auction Transaction Amount

Auction Revenue Rights Funding Amount

Auction Revenue Rights Uplift Amount

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# FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE – Rider FAC FUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE

(Applicable to Service Provided February 22, 2017 through Effective Date of This Tariff)

#### FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS (continued)

SPP IM charge/revenue types that are included in the FAC (continued)

Auction Revenue Rights Monthly Payback Amount

Auction Revenue Annual Payback Amount

Auction Revenue Rights Annual Closeout Amount

Day Ahead Virtual Energy Transaction Fee Amount

**Day Ahead Demand Reduction Amount** 

Day Ahead Grandfathered Agreement Carve Out Daily Amount

Grandfathered Agreement Carve Out Distribution Daily Amount

Day Ahead Grandfathered Agreement Carve Out Monthly Amount

Grandfathered Agreement Carve Out Distribution Monthly Amount

Day Ahead Grandfathered Agreement Carve Out Yearly Amount

Grandfathered Agreement Carve Out Distribution Yearly Amount

Day Ahead Make Whole Payment Amount

Day Ahead Make Whole Payment Distribution Amount

Miscellaneous Amount

Reliability Unit Commitment Make Whole Payment Amount

Real Time Out of Merit Amount

Reliability Unit Commitment Make Whole Payment Distribution Amount

Over Collected Losses Distribution Amount

Real Time Joint Operating Agreement Amount

Real Time Reserve Sharing Group Amount

Real Time Reserve Sharing Group Distribution Amount

Real Time Demand Reduction Amount

Real Time Demand Reduction Distribution Amount

Real Time Pseudo Tie Congestion Amount

Real Time Pseudo Tie Losses Amount

Unused Regulation Up Mileage Make Whole Payment Amount

Unused Regulation Down Mileage Make Whole Payment Amount

Revenue Neutrality Uplift Distribution Amount

Should FERC require any item covered by components FC, E, PP, TC, OSSR or R to be recorded in an account different than the FERC accounts listed in such components, such items shall nevertheless be included in component FC, E, PP, TC, OSSR or R. In the month that the Company begins to record items in a different account, the Company will file with the Commission the previous account number, the new account number and what costs or revenues that flow through the Rider FAC to be recorded in the account.

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В	=						n in the last general rate case
							the calculation of the FPA. Net
		Base E	Energy co	osts will	be calc	culated as shown be	ow:
			Sap x E	Base Fa	ctor ("B	β <b>F</b> ")	
					•	•	
			SAP	=	Net s	vstem input ("NSI") i	n kWh for the accumulation period, at
				neration		jotom input ( 1101 ) i	a with or the decamatation period, at
			ine ger	icration	ICVGI.		
			BF	=	Comr	oany base factor cos	ts per kWh: \$0.02055
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J	=	Missou	ri Retail	Energy	Ratio =	Retail kWh sales/to	ital system k\Mh
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							full and partial requirement sales
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		- <del></del>					
Т	=	ı rue-u <sub>l</sub>	o amoun	it as def	ined be	low.	

P = Prudence adjustment amount, if any.

FAR = FPA/S<sub>RP</sub>

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Single Accumulation Period Secondary Voltage FARSec = FAR \* VAFSec Single Accumulation Period Primary Voltage FARPrim = FAR \* VAFPrim

month-end balance of items (i) through (iii) in the preceding sentence.

Annual Secondary Voltage FAR<sub>Sec</sub> = Aggregation of the two Single Accumulation Period Secondary Voltage FARs still to be recovered Annual Primary Voltage FAR<sub>Prim</sub> = Aggregation of the two Single Accumulation Period Primary Voltage FARs still to be recovered

Interest applicable to (i) the difference between Missouri Retail ANEC and B for all kWh

recovered; (ii) refunds due to prudence reviews ("P"), if any; and (iii) all under- or overrecovery balances created through operation of this FAC, as determined in the true-up filings ("T") provided for herein. Interest shall be calculated monthly at a rate equal to the weighted average interest paid on the Company's short-term debt, applied to the

of energy supplied during an accumulation period until those costs have been

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FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE – Rider FAC
FUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE
(Applicable to Service Provided February 22, 2017 through Effective Date of This Tariff)

#### FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS (continued)

Where:

FPA = Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment

S<sub>RP</sub> = Forecasted recovery period retail NSI in kWh, at the generation level..

VAF = Expansion factor by voltage level

VAFSec = Expansion factor for lower than primary voltage customers VAFPrim = Expansion factor for primary and higher voltage customers

#### TRUE-UPS

After completion of each recovery period, the Company shall make a true-up filing by the filing date of its next FAR filing. Any true-up adjustments shall be reflected in component "T" above. Interest on the true-up adjustment will be included in component "I" above.

The true-up amount shall be the difference between the revenues billed and the revenues authorized for collection during the RP as well as any corrections identified to be included in the current FAR filing. Any corrections included will be discussed in the testimony accompanying the true-up filing.

#### PRUDENCE REVIEWS

Prudence reviews of the costs subject to this Rider FAC shall occur no less frequently than every eighteen months, and any such costs which are determined by the Commission to have been imprudently incurred or incurred in violation of the terms of this Rider FAC shall be returned to customers. Adjustments by Commission order, if any, pursuant to any prudence review shall be included in the FAR calculation in component "P" above unless a separate refund is ordered by the Commission. Interest on the prudence adjustment will be included in component "I" above.

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#### **DEFINITIONS**

#### ACCUMULATION PERIODS, FILING DATES AND RECOVERY PERIODS:

An accumulation period is the six calendar months during which the actual costs and revenues subject to this rider will be accumulated for the purposes of determining the Fuel Adjustment Rate ("FAR"). The two six-month accumulation periods each year through December 29, 2022, the two corresponding twelvemonth recovery periods and the filing dates will be as shown below. Each filing shall include detailed work papers in electronic format to support the filing.

Accumulation Periods	<u>Filing Dates</u>	Recovery Periods
June – November	By January 1	March - February
December – May	By July 1	September – August

A recovery period consists of the months during which the FAR is applied to customer billings on a per kilowatt-hour (kWh) basis.

#### COSTS AND REVENUES:

Costs eligible for the Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment ("FPA") will be the Company's allocated Jurisdictional costs for the fuel component of the Company's generating units, purchased power energy charges including applicable Southwest Power Pool ("SPP") charges, emission allowance costs and amortizations, cost of transmission of electricity by others associated with purchased power and off-system sales, all as incurred during the accumulation period. These costs will be offset by jurisdictional off-system sales revenues, applicable SPP revenues, and revenue from the sale of Renewable Energy Certificates or Credits ("REC"). Eligible costs do not include the purchased power demand costs associated with purchased power contracts in excess of one year. Likewise revenues do not include demand or capacity receipts associated with power contracts in excess of one year.

#### **APPLICABILITY**

The price per kWh of electricity sold to retail customers will be adjusted (up or down) periodically subject to application of the Rider FAC and approval by the Missouri Public Service Commission ("MPSC" or "Commission").

The FAR is the result of dividing the FPA by forecasted Missouri retail net system input ("SRP") for the recovery period, expanded for Voltage Adjustment Factors ("VAF"), rounded to the nearest \$0.00001, and aggregated over two accumulation periods. The amount charged on a separate line on retail customers' bills is equal to the current annual FAR multiplied by kWh billed.

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FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE – Rider FAC FUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (Applicable to Service Provided Effective date of This Tariff Sheet and Thereafter)

#### FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS

FPA = 95% \* ((ANEC - B) \* J) + T + I + P

ANEC = Actual Net Energy Costs = (FC + E + PP + TC - OSSR - R)

FC = Fuel Costs Incurred to Support Sales:

The following costs reflected in Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") Account Number 501:

Subaccount 501000: coal commodity and transportation, side release and freeze conditioning agents, dust mitigation agents, accessorial charges as delineated in railroad accessorial tariffs [additional crew, closing hopper railcar doors, completion of loading of a unit train and its release for movement, completion of unloading of a unit train and its release for movement, delay for removal of frozen coal, destination detention, diversion of empty unit train (including administration fee, holding charges, and out-of-route charges which may include fuel surcharge), diversion of loaded coal trains, diversion of loaded unit train fees (including administration fee, additional mileage fee or out-of-route charges which may include fuel surcharge), fuel surcharge, held in transit, hold charge, locomotive release, miscellaneous handling of coal cars, origin detention, origin re-designation, outof-route charges (including fuel surcharge), out-of-route movement, pick-up of locomotive power, placement and pick-up of loaded or empty private coal cars on railroad supplied tracks, placement and pick-up of loaded or empty private coal cars on shipper supplied tracks, railcar storage, release of locomotive power, removal, rotation and/or addition of cars, storage charges, switching, trainset positioning, trainset storage, and weighing], applicable taxes, natural gas costs, natural gas reservation charges, fuel quality adjustments, fuel adjustments included in commodity and transportation costs, broker commissions and fees (fees charged by an agent, or agent's company to facilitate transactions between buyers and sellers), oil costs for commodity, propane costs, storage, taxes, fees, and fuel losses, coal and oil inventory adjustments, and insurance recoveries, subrogation recoveries and settlement proceeds for fuel expenses in the 501

Subaccount 501020: the allocation of the allowed costs in the 501000, 501300, and 501400 accounts attributed to native load;

Subaccount 501030: the allocation of the allowed costs in the 501000, 501300, and 501400 accounts attributed to off-system sales;

Subaccount 501300: fuel additives and consumable costs for Air Quality Control Systems ("AQCS") operations, such as ammonia, hydrated lime, lime, limestone, limestone inventory adjustment, powder activated carbon, urea, propane, sodium bicarbonate, calcium bromide, sulfur, and RESPond, or other consumables which perform similar functions;

Subaccount 501400 and 501420: residual costs and revenues associated with combustion byproducts, slag and ash disposal costs and revenues including contractors, materials and other miscellaneous expenses.

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# KCP&L GREATER MISSOURI OPERATIONS COMPANY P.S.C. MO. No. \_\_\_\_\_1 Original Sheet No. \_\_\_\_127.15

Canceling P.S.C. MO. No. \_\_\_\_\_ Sheet No. \_\_\_\_

For Missouri Retail Service Area

FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE – Rider FAC
FUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE
(Applicable to Service Provided Effective date of This Tariff Sheet and Thereafter)

#### FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS (continued)

The following costs reflected in FERC Account Number 547: Subaccount 547000: natural gas, and oil costs for commodity, transportation, broker commissions and fees (fees charged by an agent, or agent's company to facilitate transactions between buyers and sellers), storage, taxes, fees and fuel losses, and settlement proceeds, insurance recoveries, subrogation recoveries for fuel expenses,

Subaccount 547020: the allocation of the allowed costs in the 547000 and 547300 accounts attributed to native load;

Subaccount 547030: the allocation of the allowed costs in the 547000 and 547300 accounts attributed to off-system sales;

Subaccount 547300: fuel additives and consumable costs for Air Quality Control Systems ("AQCS") operations, such as ammonia or other consumables which perform similar functions.

#### E = Net Emission Costs:

The following costs and revenues reflected in FERC Account Number 509: Subaccount 509000: NOx and SO<sub>2</sub> emission allowance costs, including any associated broker commissions and fees (fees charged by an agent, or agent's company to facilitate transactions between buyers and sellers) offset by revenue amortizations and revenues from the sale of NOx and SO<sub>2</sub> emission allowances.

#### PP = Purchased Power Costs:

The following costs or revenues reflected in FERC Account Number 555: Subaccount 555005: capacity charges for capacity purchases one year or less in duration;

Subaccount 555000: purchased power costs, energy charges from capacity purchases, insurance recoveries, and subrogation recoveries for purchased power expenses, broker commissions and fees (fees charged by an agent, or agent's company to facilitate transactions between buyers and sellers), and charges and credits related to the SPP integrated Marketplace ("IM") or other IMs, excluding amounts associated with portions of purchased power agreements dedicated to specific customers under the Renewable Energy Rider Tariff.

Subaccount 555030: the allocation of the allowed costs in the 555000 account attributed to purchases for off-system sales;

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#### FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE – Rider FAC FUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE

(Applicable to Service Provided Effective date of This Tariff Sheet and Thereafter)

FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS (continued)

#### TC = Transmission Costs:

The following costs reflected in FERC Account Number 565:

Subaccount 565000: non-SPP transmission used to serve off-system sales or to make purchases for load, excluding any transmission costs associated with the Crossroads Power Plant and 50.50% of the SPP transmission service costs which includes the schedules listed below as well as any adjustments to the charges in the schedules below:

Schedule 7 – Long Term Firm and Short Term Point to Point Transmission Service

Schedule 8 - Non Firm Point to Point Transmission Service

Schedule 9 - Network Integration Transmission Service

Schedule 10 - Wholesale Distribution Service

Schedule 11 – Base Plan Zonal Charge and Region Wide Charge excluding amounts associated with portions of purchased power agreements dedicated to specific customers under the Renewable Energy Rider tariff.

Subaccount 565020: the allocation of the allowed costs in the 565000 account attributed to native load;

Subaccount 565027: the allocation of the allowed costs in the 565000 account attributed to transmission demand charges;

Subaccount 565030: the allocation of the allowed costs in account 565000 attributed to offsystem sales.

#### OSSR = Revenues from Off-System Sales:

The following revenues or costs reflected in FERC Account Number 447:

Subaccount 447020: all revenues from off-system sales. This includes charges and credits related to the SPP IM, excluding (a) amounts associated with portions of purchased power agreements dedicated to specific customers under the Renewable Energy Rider tariff, and (b) amounts associated with generation assets dedicated, as of the date BF was determined, to specific customers under the Renewable Energy Rider tariff. Off-system sales revenues from full and partial requirements sales to municipalities that are served through bilateral contracts in excess of one year shall be excluded from OSSR component;

Subaccount 447012: capacity charges for capacity sales;

Subaccount 447030: the allocation of the includable sales in account 447020 not attributed to retail sales.

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	P.S.C. MO. No.	1		Original Sheet No. 127.17
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			1	For Missouri Retail Service Area
		FUEL ADJUSTME	NT CLAUSE - Rider F	AC
	FUEL A	AND PURCHASED	POWER ADJUSTMEN	T CLAUSE
	(Applicable to Se	rvice Provided Effec	tive date of This Tariff	Sheet and Thereafter)

FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS (continued)

R = Renewable Energy Credit Revenue:

Revenues reflected in FERC account 509000 from the sale of Renewable Energy

Credits that are not needed to meet the Renewable Energy Standard.

Costs and revenues not specifically detailed in Factors FC, PP, E, TC, OSSR, or R shall not be included in the Company's FAR fillings; provided however, in the case of Factors PP, TC or OSSR, the market settlement charge types under which SPP or another centrally administered market (e.g., PJM or MISO) bills/credits a cost or revenue need not be detailed in Factors PP or OSSR for the costs or revenues to be considered specifically detailed in Factors PP or OSSR; and provided further, should the SPP or another centrally administered market (e.g. PJM or MISO) implement a new market settlement charge type not listed below or a new schedule not listed in TC:

- A. The Company may include the new schedule, charge type cost or revenue in its FAR filings if the Company believes the new schedule, charge type cost or revenue possesses the characteristics of, and is of the nature of, the costs or revenues listed below or in the schedules listed in TC, as the case may be, subject to the requirement that the Company make a filing with the Commission as outlined in B below and also subject to another party's right to challenge the inclusion as outlined in E. below;
- B. The Company will make a filing with the Commission giving the Commission notice of the new schedule or charge type no later than 60 days prior to the Company including the new schedule, charge type cost or revenue in a FAR filing. Such filing shall identify the proposed accounts affected by such change, provide a description of the new charge type demonstrating that it possesses the characteristics of, and is of the nature of, the costs or revenues listed in factors PP, TC or OSSR as the case may be, and identify the preexisting schedule, or market settlement charge type(s) which the new schedule or charge type replaces or supplements;
- C. The Company will also provide notice in its monthly reports required by the Commission's fuel adjustment clause rules that identifies the new schedule, charge type costs or revenues by amount, description and location within the monthly reports:
- D. The Company shall account for the new schedule, charge type costs or revenues in a manner which allows for the transparent determination of current period and cumulative costs or revenues;
- E. If the Company makes the filing provided for in B above and a party challenges the inclusion, such challenge will not delay approval of the FAR filing. To challenge the inclusion of a new schedule or charge type, a party shall make a filing with the Commission based upon that party's contention that the new schedule, charge type costs or revenues at issue should not have been included, because they do not possess the characteristics of the schedules, costs or revenues listed in Factors PP, TC or OSSR, as the case may be. A party wishing to challenge the inclusion of a schedule or charge type shall include in its filing the reasons why it believes the Company did not show that the new schedule or charge type possesses the characteristics of the costs or revenues listed in Factors TC, PP or OSSR, as the case may be, and its filing shall be made within 30 days of the Company's filing under B above. In the event of a timely challenge, the Company shall bear the burden of proof to support its decision to include a new schedule or charge type in a FAR filing. Should such challenge be upheld by the Commission, any such costs will be refunded (or revenues retained) through a future FAR filing in a manner consistent with that utilized for Factor P; and

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	P.S.C. MO. No.	1	Original Sheet No. 127.18
Canceling	P.S.C. MO. No.		Sheet No
			For Missouri Retail Service Area
		FUEL ADJUSTME	ENT CLAUSE – Rider FAC
	FUEL	AND PURCHASE	POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE
	(Applicable to Se	rvice Provided Effe	ctive date of This Tariff Sheet and Thereafter)

FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS (Continued)

F. A party other than the Company may seek the inclusion of a new schedule or charge type in a FAR filing by making a filing with the Commission no less than 60 days before the Company's next FAR filing date of January 1 or July 1. Such a filing shall give the Commission notice that such party believes the new schedule or charge type should be included because it possesses the characteristics of, and is of the nature of, the costs or revenues listed in factors PP, TC or OSSR, as the case may be. The party's filing shall identify the proposed accounts affected by such change, provide a description of the new schedule or charge type demonstrating that it possesses the characteristics of, and is of the nature of, the schedules, costs or revenues listed in factors PP, TC or OSSR as the case may be, and identify the preexisting schedule or market settlement charge type(s) which the new schedule or charge type replaces or supplements. If a party makes the filing provided for by this paragraph F and a party (including the Company) challenges the inclusion, such challenge will not delay inclusion of the new schedule or charge type in the FAR filing or delay approval of the FAR filing. To challenge the inclusion of a new schedule or charge type, the challenging party shall make a filing with the Commission based upon that party's contention that the new schedule or charge type costs or revenues at issue should not have been included, because they do not possess the characteristics of the schedules, costs or revenues listed in Factors PP, TC, or OSSR, as the case may be. The challenging party shall make its filing challenging the inclusion and stating the reasons why it believes the new schedule or charge type does not possess the characteristic of the costs or revenues listed in Factors PP, TC or OSSR, as the case may be, within 30 days of the filing that seeks inclusion of the new schedule or charge type. In the event of a timely challenge, the party seeking the inclusion of the new schedule or charge type shall bear the burden of proof to support its contention that the new schedule or charge type should be included in the Company's FAR filings. Should such challenge be upheld by the Commission, any such costs will be refunded (or revenues retained) through a future FAR filing in a manner consistent with that utilized for Factor P.

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Issued by: Darrin R. Ives, Vice President 1200 Main, Kansas City, MO 64105

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Canceling	P.S.C. MO. No.					Sheet No	
	P.S.C. MO. No.		1			Original Sheet No	127.19

FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE – Rider FAC
FUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE
(Applicable to Service Provided Effective date of This Tariff Sheet and Thereafter)

#### FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS (continued)

SPP IM charge/revenue types that are included in the FAC are listed below:

Day Ahead Regulation Down Service Amount

Day Ahead Regulation Down Service Distribution Amount

Day Ahead Regulation Up Service Amount

Day Ahead Regulation Up Service Distribution Amount

Day Ahead Spinning Reserve Amount

Day Ahead Spinning Reserve Distribution Amount

Day Ahead Supplemental Reserve Amount

Day Ahead Supplemental Reserve Distribution Amount

Real Time Contingency Reserve Deployment Failure Amount

Real Time Contingency Reserve Deployment Failure Distribution Amount

Real Time Regulation Service Deployment Adjustment Amount

Real Time Regulation Down Service Amount

Real Time Regulation Down Service Distribution Amount

Real Time Regulation Non-Performance

Real Time Regulation Non-Performance Distribution

Real Time Regulation Up Service Amount

Real Time Regulation Up Service Distribution Amount

Real Time Spinning Reserve Amount

Real Time Spinning Reserve Distribution Amount

Real Time Supplemental Reserve Amount

Real Time Supplemental Reserve Distribution Amount

Day Ahead Asset Energy

Day Ahead Non-Asset Energy

Day Ahead Virtual Energy Amount

Real Time Asset Energy Amount

Real Time Non-Asset Energy Amount

Real Time Virtual Energy Amount

Transmission Congestion Rights Funding Amount

Transmission Congestion Rights Daily Uplift Amount

Transmission Congestion Rights Monthly Payback Amount

Transmission Congestion Rights Annual Payback Amount

Transmission Congestion Rights Annual Closeout Amount

Transmission Congestion Rights Auction Transaction Amount

Auction Revenue Rights Funding Amount

Auction Revenue Rights Uplift Amount

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# KCP&L GREATER MISSOURI OPERATIONS COMPANY P.S.C. MO. No. 1 Original Sheet No. 127.20 Canceling P.S.C. MO. No. Sheet No. For Missouri Retail Service Area

FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE – Rider FAC FUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (Applicable to Service Provided Effective date of This Tariff Sheet and Thereafter)

#### FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS (continued)

SPP IM charge/revenue types that are included in the FAC (continued)

Auction Revenue Rights Monthly Payback Amount

Auction Revenue Annual Payback Amount

Auction Revenue Rights Annual Closeout Amount

Day Ahead Virtual Energy Transaction Fee Amount

Day Ahead Demand Reduction Amount

Day Ahead Grandfathered Agreement Carve Out Daily Amount

Grandfathered Agreement Carve Out Distribution Daily Amount

Day Ahead Grandfathered Agreement Carve Out Monthly Amount

Grandfathered Agreement Carve Out Distribution Monthly Amount

Day Ahead Grandfathered Agreement Carve Out Yearly Amount

Grandfathered Agreement Carve Out Distribution Yearly Amount

Day Ahead Make Whole Payment Amount

Day Ahead Make Whole Payment Distribution Amount

Miscellaneous Amount

Reliability Unit Commitment Make Whole Payment Amount

Real Time Out of Merit Amount

Reliability Unit Commitment Make Whole Payment Distribution Amount

**Over Collected Losses Distribution Amount** 

Real Time Joint Operating Agreement Amount

Real Time Reserve Sharing Group Amount

Real Time Reserve Sharing Group Distribution Amount

Real Time Demand Reduction Amount

Real Time Demand Reduction Distribution Amount

Real Time Pseudo Tie Congestion Amount

Real Time Pseudo Tie Losses Amount

Unused Regulation Up Mileage Make Whole Payment Amount

Unused Regulation Down Mileage Make Whole Payment Amount

Revenue Neutrality Uplift Distribution Amount

Should FERC require any item covered by components FC, E, PP, TC, OSSR or R to be recorded in an account different than the FERC accounts listed in such components, such items shall nevertheless be included in component FC, E, PP, TC, OSSR or R. In the month that the Company begins to record items in a different account, the Company will file with the Commission the previous account number, the new account number and what costs or revenues that flow through the Rider FAC to be recorded in the account.

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P.S.C. MO. No1	Original Sheet No. 127.21
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	For Missouri Retail Service Area
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	ive date of This Tariff Sheet and Thereafter)

#### FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS (continued)

B = Net base energy costs ordered by the Commission in the last general rate case consistent with the costs and revenues included in the calculation of the FPA. Net Base Energy costs will be calculated as shown below:

SAP x Base Factor ("BF")

S<sub>AP</sub> = Net system input ("NSI") in kWh for the accumulation period, at the generation level.

BF = Company base factor costs per kWh: \$0.02465

J = Missouri Retail Energy Ratio = Retail kWh sales/total system kWh
Where: total system kWh equals retail and full and partial requirement sales
associated with GMO.

T = True-up amount as defined below.

Interest applicable to (i) the difference between Missouri Retail ANEC and B for all kWh of energy supplied during an accumulation period until those costs have been recovered; (ii) refunds due to prudence reviews ("P"), if any; and (iii) all under- or over-recovery balances created through operation of this FAC, as determined in the true-up filings ("T") provided for herein. Interest shall be calculated monthly at a rate equal to the weighted average interest paid on the Company's short-term debt, applied to the month-end balance of items (i) through (iii) in the preceding sentence.

P = Prudence adjustment amount, if any.

FAR = FPA/SRP

Single Accumulation Period Secondary Voltage  $FAR_{Sec} = FAR * VAF_{Sec}$ Single Accumulation Period Primary Voltage  $FAR_{Prim} = FAR * VAF_{Prim}$ Single Accumulation Period Substation Voltage  $FAR_{Sub} = FAR * VAF_{Sub}$ Single Accumulation Period Transmission Voltage  $FAR_{Trans} = FAR * VAF_{Trans}$ 

Annual Secondary Voltage FAR<sub>Sec</sub> = Aggregation of the two Single Accumulation Period Secondary Voltage FARs still to be recovered

Annual Primary Voltage FAR<sub>Prim</sub> = Aggregation of the two Single Accumulation Period Primary Voltage FARs still to be recovered

Annual Substation Voltage FAR<sub>Sub</sub> = Aggregation of the two Single Accumulation Period Substation Voltage FARs still to be recovered

Annual Transmission Voltage FAR<sub>Trans</sub> = Aggregation of the two Single Accumulation Period Transmission Voltage FARs still to be recovered

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FUEL ADJUSTME	NT CLAUSE – Rider FAC
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(Applicable to Service Provided Effect	tive date of This Tariff Sheet and Thereafter)

#### FORMULAS AND DEFINITIONS OF COMPONENTS (continued)

Where:

FPA = Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment

S<sub>RP</sub> = Forecasted recovery period retail NSI in kWh, at the generation level.

VAF = Expansion factor by voltage level

VAF<sub>Sec</sub> = Expansion factor for lower than primary voltage customers
VAF<sub>Prim</sub> = Expansion factor for primary to substation voltage customers
VAF<sub>Sub</sub> = Expansion factor for substation to transmission voltage customers

VAF<sub>Trans</sub> = Expansion factor for transmission voltage customers

#### TRUE-UPS

After completion of each recovery period, the Company shall make a true-up filing by the filing date of its next FAR filing. Any true-up adjustments shall be reflected in component "T" above. Interest on the true-up adjustment will be included in component "I" above.

The true-up amount shall be the difference between the revenues billed and the revenues authorized for collection during the RP as well as any corrections identified to be included in the current FAR filing. Any corrections included will be discussed in the testimony accompanying the true-up filing.

#### PRUDENCE REVIEWS

Prudence reviews of the costs subject to this Rider FAC shall occur no less frequently than every eighteen months, and any such costs which are determined by the Commission to have been imprudently incurred or incurred in violation of the terms of this Rider FAC shall be returned to customers. Adjustments by Commission order, if any, pursuant to any prudence review shall be included in the FAR calculation in component "P" above unless a separate refund is ordered by the Commission. Interest on the prudence adjustment will be included in component "I" above.

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P.S.C. MO. No1	Original Sheet No127.23
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	For Missouri Retail Service Area

FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE – Rider FAC
FUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE
(Applicable to Service Provided Effective date of This Tariff Sheet and Thereafter)

Accu	mulation Period Ending:		
			GMO
1	Actual Net Energy Cost (ANEC) = (FC+E+PP+TC-OSSR-R)		\$0
2	Net Base Energy Cost (B)	-	\$0
	2.1 Base Factor (BF)		\$0.02465
	2.2 Accumulation Period NSI (SAP)		0
3	(ANEC-B)		\$0
4	Jurisdictional Factor (J)	х	0%
5	(ANEC-B)*J		\$0
6	Customer Responsibility	х	95%
7	95% *((ANEC-B)*J)		\$0
8	True-Up Amount (T)	+	\$0
9	Interest (I)	+	\$0
10	Prudence Adjustment Amount (P)	+	\$0
11	Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment (FPA)	=	\$0
12	Estimated Recovery Period Retail NSI (SRP)	÷	0
13	Current Period Fuel Adjustment Rate (FAR)	=	\$0.00000
14	Current Period FARsec = FAR x VAFsec		\$0.00000
15	Prior Period FARsec	+	\$0.00000
16	Current Annual FAR <sub>Sec</sub>	=	\$0.00000
17	Current Period FAR <sub>Prim</sub> = FAR x VAF <sub>Prim</sub>		\$0.00000
18	Prior Period FAR <sub>Prim</sub>	+	\$0.00000
19	Current Annual FAR <sub>Prim</sub>	=	\$0.00000
20	Current Period FAR <sub>Sub</sub> = FAR x VAF <sub>Sub</sub>		\$0.00000
21	Prior Period FAR <sub>Sub</sub>	+	\$0.00000
22	Current Annual FAR <sub>Sub</sub>	=	\$0.00000
23	Current Period FAR <sub>Trans</sub> = FAR x VAF <sub>Trans</sub>		\$0.00000
24	Prior Period FAR <sub>Trans</sub>	+	\$0.00000
25	Current Annual FAR <sub>Trans</sub>	=	\$0.00000
26	VAF <sub>Sec</sub> = 1.0709		
27	VAF <sub>Prim</sub> = 1.0419		
28	VAF <sub>Sub</sub> = 1.0419		
29	VAF <sub>Trans</sub> = 1.0419		

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Effective: March 1, 2018 1200 Main, Kansas City, MO 64105 Schedule TMR-3 Page 22 of 22

### **SCHEDULE TMR-4**

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# KCP&L GREATER MISSOURI OPERATIONS ELECTRIC/STEAM ALLOCATION PROCEDURES CASE NO. ER-2018-0146

August 1994 Revised October 1994 Revised December 1994 Revised January 2018

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#### I. CAPITAL PLANT ALLOCATION - Lake Road

- A. Lake Road Capital Plant Assigned 100% to Electric
  The following Lake Road capital plant is to be allocated 100% to Electric, with the noted exceptions:
  - Lake Road Unit 1 through 4 turbines (Account 310-316). Does not include the Boilers which are allocated or steam specific utility accounts ending in xxx09 listed in subsection B below.
  - All combustion turbine generators and associated equipment (Account 342-346).
  - Turbine building and other buildings and structures housing and/or associated with the 100% electric generation facilities (Account 311 & 341). Does not include steam specific utility accounts ending in xxx09 listed in subsection B below.
- B. Lake Road Capital Plant 100% Assigned to Industrial Steam The following Lake Road Capital plant is to be allocated 100% to Industrial Steam:
  - All steam specific plant utility accounts ending in xxx09 such as 31009, 31109, 31209, 31509, 37509, 37609, 37909, 38009 and 38109
- C. Lake Road Capital Plant Common to Electric and Industrial Steam
  The following Lake Road capital plant is to be allocated between Electric and Industrial Steam,
  using the allocation methods specified and applied to any balance to be allocated after allocations
  in subsections A and B above.
  - 1. All Boilers and Turbines in account 312, 314 and 316

Allocation — Property remaining to be allocated for account 312, 314 and 316 will be allocated first by applying the 900lb Steam Demand Allocation Factor as described below. Then each individual plant account, 312, 314 or 316, will be allocated based on the ratio derived from the total allocated to steam or electric over the sum total plant cost of each individual plant account 312, 314 or 316.

The 900lb Steam Demand Allocation Factor is determined using the average maximum hourly coincident peak for steam for each month over a 36 month period divided by the maximum capability of turbines 1-3 and the average maximum hourly coincident peak for steam. (See attached Schedule TMR-5, Wkpr 1).

2. Structures, Accessory Equipment, Software and General Plant (Account 303, 311, 315 and 391 through 398).

Allocation - Allocate based on the ratio derived from the total plant allocated to industrial steam and electric as calculated in subsections A, B and C above for Accounts 312, 314, 316 and 341 through 346 combined.

- D. Reserve for Depreciation Allocation Lake Road
  The following Lake Road reserve for depreciation will be allocated between Electric and
  Industrial Steam, using the allocation methods specified:
  - Structures, Accessary Equipment, Software and General Plant (Account 303, 311, 315 and 391 through 398). Does not include steam specific utility accounts ending in xxx09.

Allocation - Allocate based on the ratio derived from the total plant cost allocated to industrial steam and electric as calculated in subsections A, B and C above for Accounts 312, 314, 316, 341 through 346 combined.

 Boiler Plant (Account 312). Does not include steam specific utility accounts ending in xxx09.

Allocation – Allocate based on the ratio derived from the total plant cost allocated to industrial steam and electric for 312 Accounts only. See subsection C (1) Allocation above.

3. Turbogenerator Plant (Account 314)

Allocation – Allocate based on the ratio derived from the total plant cost allocated to industrial steam and electric for 314 Accounts only. See subsection C(1) Allocation above.

4. Miscellaneous Plant Equipment (Account 316)

Allocation — Allocate based on the ratio derived from the total plant cost allocated to industrial steam and electric for 316 Accounts only. See subsection C (1) Allocation above.

5. Combustion turbine generators and associated structures and equipment (Accounts 341-346)

Allocation - Allocate 100% to Electric

Steam specific plant utility accounts ending in xxx09 such as 31009, 31109, 31209, 31509, 37509, 37609, 37909, 38009 and 38109.

Allocation - Allocate 100% to Industrial Steam

#### II. INVENTORY - Fuel - Lake Road

The fuel inventory will be allocated based on the minimum fuel inventory levels required for each operation, recognizing the fact that the LR electrical load is not predictable and a larger fuel inventory is required to sustain system reliability during extended periods of abnormally high electrical generation at LR. The Coal fuel inventory quantities above and beyond the minimum coal inventory levels will be allocated based on a 50/50 split between electric and steam. This split is premised on the need to maintain a 60 day average burn on coal inventory, while electric

load is totally unpredictable. (See attached Schedule TMR-5, Wkpr 3 for fuel inventory analysis dated 11/1/2017)

Oil inventory is primarily a reserve fuel for both electric and steam load. Oil for electric generation covers each generating unit at the Lake Road Plant. As such, the allocation of oil should be based on the overall Plant Allocation Factor, which looks at electric capability of the entire plant and steam load. (See attached Schedule TMR-5, Wkpr 3 for fuel inventory analysis dated 11/1/2017). The plant allocation factor is calculated consistent with the 900lb steam demand allocation factor, but considers all turbines and boilers capable of burning oil. (See attached Schedule TMR-5, Wkpr 1 for the Fuel Oil Demand Factor calculation).

#### III. INVENTORY - Materials and Supplies - Lake Road

Materials and Supplies Inventory for Lake Road are allocated 100% to Electric.

#### IV. OTHER RATE BASE ITEMS – Lake Road

#### A. Prepayments

Prepayments for Lake Road are allocated 100% to Electric.

#### B. Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

Regulatory Assets and Liabilities will be allocated on the unique circumstance of each asset or liability.

- Missouri DSM Programs, Iatan 1 and Common, and Iatan 2 are allocated 100% to Electric.
- 2. ERISA Steam Tracker is allocated 100% to Steam.
- FAS87 Pension Tracker and OPEB Tracker are allocated based on Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G) factor. The A&G factor is based on a 50/50 weighting between the Allocated Plant Base factor and Allocated O&M factor described below in Section V11.

#### C. Deferred Taxes

Deferred taxes for Lake Road will be allocated based the Allocated Plant Base Factor. This factor is the Ratio of Total GMO Plant per the most current Form 1 filed excluding Asset Retirement plant accounts 317, 347 and 399. The adjusted Total will be reduced by the total Steam Allocated plant amount allocated in Section 1, subsections A, B and C above.

#### D. Customer Advances and Deposits

Customer Advances and Deposits for Lake Road will be allocated 100% to Electric.

#### V. EXPENSE - FUEL

#### A. Fuel and Daily Ash Expense Allocations

The procedure outlined in the January 1995, paper entitled "Exergy-Based Electric and Steam Allocation Procedure for Lake Road 900# Plant Fuel and Auxiliary Power" (hereinafter referred to as the "Exergy Approach") should be used for the basis of allocations. (See Attached Report Page 8-11 below).

Daily ash removal expenses will be allocated as described on the attached report dated April 14, 1994 on Page 12-13 below.

#### B. Auxiliary Electric Power Allocation

The method of determining the amount of auxiliary electric power to be allocated to industrial steam and to electric users will be that method presented in the January 1995, paper on the "Exergy Approach" (See attached Report Page 11 below). The auxiliary electric power will be priced using the average system energy cost (\$/MWH) for each month, which includes all Lake Road Plant and Iatan generation costs, fuel handing expenses, and all purchased power expenses. Additionally, the Company's average purchased capacity cost (\$/MW) will be used to price the demand. An average monthly demand of 2 MW will be used. Billing considerations and accounting for the auxiliary electric power charges will be treated through "steam transfer credits", rather than direct billings.

#### VI. EXPENSES – Non-Fuel O&M Expense Allocation

Operation and Maintenance (O&M) expenses refer to expenses associated with the production, transmission and distribution functions. O&M expenses are classified in FERC accounts 500-514 and 546-598. The allocation of O&M Expense Accounts are listed in Schedule TMR-5, Wkpr 2.

Non-Fuel O&M Accounts 500-514, the allocation is primarily based on the ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M for the most recent full calendar year referred to as the "Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M) factor. The allocated Steam Payroll is derived by multiplying the total non-fuel production Lake Road Payroll charged to O&M for the most recent full calendar year by the Equivalent Employment Pactor.

The Equivalent Employment Factor is the fraction of time spent by a typical Lake Road Plant operating crew on the operation of the industrial steam system, based upon a breakdown of each operator's time. See Schedule TMR-5, Wkpr 4.

#### VII. EXPENSES - A&G Expense Allocation

Administrative and General (A&G) expenses refer to expenses associated with administrative and general functions of the company, as contrasted with expenses directly associated with the production and transmission and distribution functions. A&G expenses include salaries and wages, outside services, injuries and damages, employee benefits, regulatory commission expenses, advertising, rents and maintenance. A&G expenses are classified in FERC accounts 901 through 935. The allocation of A&G Expense Accounts are listed in Schedule TMR-5, Wkpr 2.

Not all charges to A&G FERC accounts are allocable. Costs incurred which benefit only a particular utility operation are directly charged to that operation. Also, Customer Accounts, Customer Service and Sales Expense are allocated 100% to Electric.

However, the majority of A&G expenses accounts 920-935 are allocated between electric and industrial steam operations based on the Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G) Factor which is two allocation factors that are given 50/50 weighting described below:

- Allocated Plant Base Factor Ratio of Total GMO Plant per the most current Form
   1 filed excluding Asset Retirement plant accounts 317, 347 and 399. The adjusted
   Total is reduced by the total Steam Allocated plant amount allocated in Section 1,
   subsections A, B and C above.
- 2. Allocated O&M Factor The most current Annual Surveillance filed is updated for the "Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M) factor" described in Section VI above.

There should be reasonable correlation between the factor(s) used and the A&G costs incurred. The two factors selected include that correlation as A&G expenses primarily represent costs incurred in managing the Company's personnel and operating and maintenance activities and controlling the Company's investment in plant.

#### VIII. EXPENSES - Property Taxes

Property Tax Expense is allocated based on the Allocated Plant Base Factor - Ratio of Total GMO Plant per the most current Form I filed excluding Asset Retirement plant accounts 317, 347 and 399. The adjusted Total is reduced by the total Steam Allocated plant amount allocated in Section I, subsection A, B and C above.

## Exergy-Based Electric and Steam Allocation Procedure for Lake Road 900# Plant Fuel and Auxiliary Power

#### January 1995

The Lake Road 900# Plant fuel allocation is performed between steam electric constituencies based upon the amount of fuel energy required to supply each on a daily basis. To determine this allocation, the fuel energy is tracked on an exergy! basis through the 900# plant. The fuel "cost" per unit of exergy of flow streams within the plant are determined by the "cost" of input streams and second law efficiencies of plant equipment. The use of this method is strongly supported in technical literature dealing with the allocation of costs in cogeneration facilities.<sup>2</sup>

Fuel energy is based upon the "higher heating value" of the fuels and is considered to be 100% available to the boilers. That is, the exergy content and heating value of the fuels are assumed to be equal. One mmBtu³ of fuel is defined as one cost unit. By tracking the exergy flow and it's "cost" through the plant, the quantity of fuel energy required to supply a given flow stream is simply the exergy flow of the stream multiplied by the unit cost of that stream. Exergy is measured relative to the reference state of water at 14.3 psia (corresponding to the plant evaluation of 812 feet above sea level) and the plant well water temperature, typically 60° F.

The procedure begins with the total daily fuel, steam, water, and electricity flows to, from and within the 900# plant, along with the average thermodynamic conditions. Using heat and mass balance equations, an approximate daily 900# plant heat balance is determined. The major components in the heat balance are: 900# boilers (1-5, 7), 900# turbines and condensers (1-3), industrial steam system (high pressure and low pressure), pressure reducing valves, attemperating equipment, flash tanks, water treatment plant, general plant (pumps, feedwater heaters, 900# auxiliary steam loads), and Unit 4/6 (auxiliary steam). The daily total mass and exergy flows in and out of the above components are determined. After these quantities are known, a set of simultaneous equations is solved to determine the cost of the various flow streams. These equations are determined by equating the total costs in and cost of the individual components. That is the following equation is solved for each components.

$$\sum (E_i c_i) = \sum (E_c c_c)$$
 (1)

The above equation states that the sum of the products of incoming exergy flows (E<sub>i</sub>) and their respective unit costs (c<sub>i</sub>) is equal to the sum of the products of the exiting exergy flows (E<sub>e</sub>) and their respective unit costs (c<sub>e</sub>). Generally, the equation (1) has the following form.

$$\sum (M_i E_i c_i) = \sum (M_e E_e c_e) + W_e c_e$$

In equation (2), the M's represents flow in pounds per day, E's represent exergy content of the fluid in Btu per pound, the W represents work generated by the device in Btu/day (i.e. turbine shaft work to a generator) and the c's represent the unit cost in Btu's of fuel per Btu of exergy.

As an example, consider a boiler consuming 100 mmBtu of fuel per hour at a cost of I (fuel Btu per exergy Btu), with a feedwater flow and exergy content of 100,000 lb/hr and 75 Btu/lb at a cost of 5, and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See "Definition of Exergy" on page 10.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Reference List on page 10.

<sup>3</sup> mmBtu = one million British thermal units = 106 Btu.

delivering 100,000 lb/hr of steam with an exergy content of 600 Btu/lb. The cost of the steam would be determined from the following equation.

$$\left[100(10^{6})\frac{Btu}{hr} \times 1 \frac{fuel Btu}{exergy Btu}\right] fuel +$$

$$\left[100(10^{3})\frac{lb}{hr} \times 75 \frac{Btu}{lb} \times 5 \frac{fuel Btu}{exergy Btu}\right] feedwater$$

$$= 100 (10^{3})\frac{lb}{hr} \times 600 \frac{Btu}{lb} \times c_{stm}$$
(3)

Solving for  $c_{stm}$ , the steam cost is 2.29 fuel Btu per exergy Btu. The total cost of the steam is 137 mmBtu of fuel per hour (100,000 lb/hr x 600 Btu/lb x 2.29 Btu fuel/Btu exergy).

In the case of multiple outputs from a plant component, it is necessary to establish one or more auxiliary equations which relate to the costs of the exergy flows. Usually, this consists of simply equating the exiting costs ( $c_{e1} = c_{e2} = c_{e3}$ ...). That is, the output streams all share the incoming costs in proportion to their exergy contents. This approach is used for Lake Road Turbine 1: the cost per unit of exergy of the extraction steam is set equal to the cost of the shaft work developed in the high pressure turbine section (shaft work is considered 100% available to the generator).

In some cases it is necessary to apply different costs to the output flows. This is true with a low pressure turbine and condenser combination. The two outputs are the shaft work to the generator and the condensate returning to the plant. If these two outputs were assigned the same cost, the condensate would become quite expensive as it would be charged with much of the exergy destruction and rejection in the condenser and cooling tower. However, these losses were incurred so that electric generation could take place, not for production of condensate. Therefore, the cost of the condensate should not reflect these losses. Generally in this situation the condensate "by-product" is priced at zero or is assigned a cost per unit of exergy equal to that of the steam to the turbine. This shifts the cost of losses to the electric generation function, where it belongs. In the Lake Road Plant, fuel allocation calculations, condensate is priced at the same cost per unit of exergy as the incoming steam.

Another special case in costing exergy flows at Lake Road is due to Boiler 7. Boiler 7 is a heat recovery steam generator (HRSG) that supplies steam to the 900 psi header using the exhaust of Turbine 5, a 60 megawatt combustion turbine, as its heat source. The fuel burned in Turbine 5 is charged totally to the electric system. Therefore, the Turbine 5 exhaust and the Boiler 7 steam exergy that it generates "belong" to the electric system. To handle this situation, Boiler 7 steam exergy is assigned a cost of zero and is computationally provided only to Turbines 1 and 2 (Turbine 3 uses lower pressure steam). This mathematically reduces the amount of exergy provided to these turbines from Boilers 1 – 5 and consequentially the amount of Boiler 1-5 fuel charged to electric. This approach properly assigns to the electric system the full benefit of all fuel burned in Turbine 5. Further, this approach is consistent with the 100% electric allocation of Boiler 7 capital, operating, and maintenance expenses.

Exergy flows which are consumed in the general plant for the benefit of both steam and electric (e.g. 900# auxiliary steam) are assigned a cost of zero. This effectively "raises the price" of those exergy flows which are ultimately delivered to the steam or electric consumers and forces all fuel costs to be charged to these consumers in proportion to the exergy used by them.

#### Fuel Energy Charged to Electric

The daily fuel energy charged to electric is the total cost (mmBtu of fuel) or the turbine shaft work which drives the 900# plant generators plus the total cost of steam and condensates transferred to Unit 4/6.

#### Fuel Energy Charged to Industrial Steam

The daily fuel energy charged to industrial steam is the total cost (mmBtu of fuel) delivered to the industrial steam system. This includes the steam supplied through the 12" and 12" header meters, the attemperating water supplied to the customer steam lines, and the steam delivered to the high pressure steam customer plus the cost of exergy losses between plant and the high pressure customer meter.

The daily steam fuel allocation factor, X<sub>5</sub>, is determined by dividing the mmBtu's of fuel charged to industrial steam from the above procedure by the total 900# boiler fuel mmBtu's consumed. This factor is used in the allocation of auxiliary power, described later.

#### FUEL ALLOCATION PROCEDURE REFERENCE LIST

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- "Exergy Costing in Multi-Product Plants"

#### **DEFINITION OF EXERGY**

Exergy is the thermodynamic quantity representing the maximum work than can be extracted from a given system or flow in an ideal, reversible process. It is calculated as  $E = H - H_0 - T_0(S-S_0)$  (neglecting kinetic and potential energy terms), in which H represents total enthalpy, S represents total entropy, and T represents absolute temperature. The subscript "0" indicates the property is at a reference states representative of ambient conditions or a "zero-energy level". Total exergy is measured in Btu and is often called "availability" or "available energy." (note that these terms are easily confused with other plant performance and thermodynamic quantities; "exergy" is more specific.) The term "exergy" often refers to specific exergy, which is the amount of exergy per unit of mass in a system or flow. Specific Exergy has units of Btu/lb and is calculated as  $E = h - h_0 - T_0(s - s_0)$  in which total enthalpy and entropy values are replaced with the corresponding specific enthalpy (h) and entropy (s). In practice, total exergy, E, of a fluid stream is usually calculated as the total mass flow, M, times specific exergy, or E = Me.

#### **AUXILIARY POWER ALLOCATION**

The allocation of auxiliary power is performed in the following manner. First, the auxiliary power can be attributed directly to industrial steam or electric is subtracted from the total 900 psi plant metered auxiliary power, leaving an allocable quantity. Auxiliary power which is metered elsewhere in the plant, but benefits the 900 psi plant is added to the allocable amount. This result is then allocated by the fuel allocation factor (x, see the fuel allocation procedure). Auxiliary power which is directly attributed to each demand is then added to the allocated quantities.

Included in the auxiliary power attributed directly to each constituency is a daily base power consumption. The base usage for the total 900 psi plant is approximately 7.5 MWhr per day. This corresponds to an idle but ready plant (no industrial steam sales and no electric generation). The 7.5 MWhr is allocated between steam and electric using the Steam Demand Allocation Factor, which is defined in Appendix II of the Plant and O&M Allocation Procedure.

The process is summarized in the following steps.

- 1. Meter the daily auxiliary power (kwhr) used by the 900 psi plant via house service transformers #1 and #2, and #3 standby transformer, call this P<sub>900</sub>.
- 2. Determine the 900 psi auxiliary power which is 100% electric (e.g. condensate and circulating water pump motors, cooling tower fans, substation power, and base station power for electric), call this P<sub>e1</sub>. These auxiliaries are estimated from hourly motor current readings, test data, and the allocation of the total base station power.
- 3. Determine the 900 psi auxiliary power which is chargeable directly to the industrial steam system, P<sub>si</sub>. The quantity is the sum of the base station power for team and the power consumed by various pumps for the benefit of industrial steam. The pump power consumption is that required for well water pumps, softener booster pumps, treated water make-up pumps, and attemperating water pumps. The total pumping energy quantities are calculated from water flows, pressures, and appropriate test data. Pumping energy for the water treatment function is allocated 96% to the industrial steam, based on the 1994 plant water use study for the MPSC Case EO-94-36.
- Determine the portion of P<sub>900</sub> which can be allocated, P'<sub>900</sub> = P<sub>900</sub> - P<sub>ei</sub> - P<sub>si</sub>
- 5. Determine the auxiliary power consumed by Boiler 5 precipitator (supplied from the Unit 5 auxiliary transformer), P<sub>5p</sub> = K1 x number hours Boiler 5 is on burning coal, where K1 is the average kilowatt load drawn by the Boiler 5 precipitator.
- 6. Estimate the power consumed by #3 and #8 coal belts to deliver coal to the Boiler 5 coal bunkers, P<sub>38</sub> = K2 x number of tons of coal delivered to Boiler 5 bunkers. K2 is the average kwh required to transport one ton of coal from the reclaim pit to the Boiler 5 bunkers.
- 7. Meter the daily auxiliary power used by the rotary dumper, #6 and #7 coal belts, and related equipment supplied by #7 auxiliary transformer. Determine the amount allocated to steam by multiplying by the Plant Coal Burn Allocation Factor. Designate this power as PSC.
- 8. Total auxiliary power charged to steam is calculated as  $P_S = X_S(P'_{900} + P_{5p} + P_{38}) + P_{s1} + P_{SC'}$  where  $X_s$  is the fuel allocation factor for steam,
- 9. Total auxiliary power charged to electric is the difference between the total plant auxiliary power and Ps.

# ST, JOSEPH LIGHT & POWER COMPANY CALCULATION OF ALLOCATION FACTORS FOR LAKE ROAD DAILY ASH REMOVAL EXPENSES Acct. 141-2501-119

## Report 4/14/94

Expenses to be allocated with these factors include the removal cost of all ash material sent to the ash tank; it does not include cost associated with cleaning of material sluiced to the ash ponds, or removal of materials temporarily stored at the west coal yard area.

It is assumed that the amount of removal cost incurred is directly proportional to the amount of ash material sent to the ash tank, on a moisture-free, carbon-free basis. This material includes all coal ash from Boiler 5.

The total amount of ash material produced in Boilers 5 is directly proportional to the amount of coal burned. This allows a steam/electric allocation factor for ash to be calculated using coal burn (mmBtu) data currently available in the Lake Road Monthly Results Summary. The factors are based on a three-year rolling average; this is consistent with other factors used in our allocation procedures.

The calculations are as follows:

AAFS = ASH ALLOCATION FACTOR FOR STEAM AAFE = ASH ALLOCATION FACTOR FOR ELECTRIC

AAFS = Total Coal mmBtu to Steam
Boiler 5 Coal mmBtu

## AAFE = 1 - AAFS

## 3-Year Coal Burn (mmBtu) Data from Results Summary

Year	Boiler 5 Coal Burn	Coal Btu To Steam
	(mmBtu)*	(mmBtu)*
2015	1,373,065	1,353,435
2016	1,853,331	1,805,706
2017	1,750,216	1,737,075
TOTAL	4,976,612	4,896,216

AAFS = 4,896,216 / 4,976,612 = 0.0983

AAFE = 1 - AAFS = 0.017

# Material Cleaned from Coal Yard Runoff Ditches

The Coal Yard at Lake Road Plant has a ditch system surrounding it to collect rain-water runoff material and to prevent it from encroaching on neighboring property. The layout of the ditch system directs all flow to the south side of the coal yard where it is eventually pumped into the ash ponds. Through the course of a year, a considerable amount of material settles out in the ditches and must be cleaned out. Also, part of the runoff material settles out in the ash ponds and must be cleaned out, similar to other pond inputs.

The total annual weight (including moisture, unburned carbon, dirt, and some coal) of this material which is cleaned out and placed in the West Coal Yard area is estimated to be approximately 300 tons. This value is based on weigh-ticket results from trucks hauling an observed amount of material cleaned from the ditches.

Since the activity associated with accumulating this material is related to the coal pile itself, it should be allocated in accordance with the Plant Coal Burn Allocation Factor.

## Boiler 5 Coal Mill Reject Material

A small amount of material is rejected from coal mills during the grinding process, and placed into a special chamber in the mill for periodic emptying. At Lake road, operators empty these chambers on the coal mills for Boiler 5 and haul the material by wheelbarrow to a collecting point outside the plant between 5 & 6 Boilers.

Every 3-4 weeks, coal handlers load this material on a dump truck and haul it to the West Coal Yard area where it is mixed with other temporarily stored material. Typically, they fill a dump truck during each of these cleanings. Based on this, the total annual weight of this material placed in the West Coal Yard area is estimated to be approximately 150 tons.

This material should be allocated according to the ratio of steam Btu's to total Btu's on Boiler 5.

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ectric/Ste	eam Allocation Factors	Electric	Steam		Notes
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2	Steam - 100%	0.0000 %	100.0000 %	100.000 %	
4	Land Factor	82.5407 %	17.4593 %	100.000 %	Tab A, Factor D
5	Structures Factor	82.5407 %	17.4593 %	100.000 %	Tab A, Factor D
6	Boiler Plant Factor	74.5543 %	25.4457 %	100.000 %	Tab A, Factor A
7	Turbogenerators Factor	97.9069 %	2.0931 %	100.000 %	Tab A, Factor B
8	Access Elec Eqpt Factor	82.5407 %	17.4593 %	100.000 %	Tab A, Factor D
9	Misc Steam Gen Egpt Factor	67.3379 %	32.6621 %	100.000 %	Tab B, Factor A
10	Electric/Steam Plant Factor	82.5407 %	17.4593 %	100.000 %	Tab A, Factor D
come St	atement Allocation Factors (Elec/Ste	eam)			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
13	Electric After Steam Alloc (O&M)	93.1605 %	6.8395 %	100.000%	Tab D, Factor A
14	Electric After Steam Alloc (A&G)	98.9907 %	1.0093 %	100.000%	Tab C, Factor A
actors Use	ed to Calculate Other Factors				
3	Allocated Plant Base Factor	99.1377 %	0.8623 %	100.000 %	Tab C, Factor B
11	900 lb Steam Demand Factor	67.3379 %	32.6621 %	100.000 %	Tab B, Factor A
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Time		2330	2055		7.2		986 2226		1404	200%	533	P34	133	1947	900	13:4	214	270	900	, be
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icke:				1		_						Cakette	ind Fuel for 6	ourn anies, the	S past Saxed	Calculated Fuel for elbern ontex my peak based on \$1,5% efficiency	(STC)			
The Mindfurth volume intend above are the energy in the alean, not the energy in the fuel. The fuel onergy value	en the steam, no	t the marsy	to the Seel. The	the the energy	value can be for	nd by dwidin	5 by 81, 5%, 13	can be found by dividing by 81, 5%, the weighted average bother oraclents	nage boller on	relendy.										-
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Note:								4			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Par 2010 SPP Capability Test			900lb St	900lb Steam Demand	ind Factor =	11	į				Calculated	Calculated fuel for max sales	ales				Ĺ			
For PSC Host Rate Tests				_							Fuel Ener	Fuel Energy for Generation	LO.							
				Steam Ent	rgy Fuel Energy	à					-		-							
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	Not May Rebrin Gross May Mensitunghama	Cross MW	MEMBERTAN	Vin Membru/P	tr MmSput						_	_		-		_			-	
	7,	23.2	9.4	27.0	202		81 5% Waigh	5% Waighted Average Bir	r Gr		_			_		-			-	
	76.4	28.0	17.6	386	430		S1 5% Welph	51 5% Weighted Average Bir Eff	r en		-		~	-						~
	- 11	12.2	17.	212	268		81 5% Walth	ted Average B	- 64											

North Coldana Missouri Operanoria		-	+	+	+			+	+	1	1	+	+				+	
Industrial Steam Allocation				+	+	+			-	-	1	-	+	+	+-	-	+	
900 lb Steam Demand Detail					-	-		-		-	-	-	ļ	-	-	- 	  - 	Ì
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Meeting South 1999 Steam as as	MmBiuth	3470	240.4	337 &	374.3	3763	375.4	3980	350.4	198	317.4	340.0	308 61	300.5	3307	108	0.28	-
Maximum hourly 155# steem sains	M)b9/Pr	759.4)	208.7	30,02	291 04	292.3	208.1	276.0	273.0	283 6)	246.5	230 7	207.8	738 1	280.7	267.0)	8 000	
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Time		2,102	1031	1750	1707	1012	227	1243	151	24622	PAG	1303	ES.	6222	ž	1020		Average MM
Mardrium hourly Total steam saise (183# + 8508)	Mmaturi	377.8	377.0	366.1	403 8	4124	405.0	302.1	11.0	288.7	367.6	333.0	333.0	338.9	307.8	O Page	- 77	304.5
Maximum houry Total steam enine (1859 + 6504)	1	7,605	203.81	284,83	314.8	319.8	315.5	301.2	302.0	304.63	2742	280.9	2692	284.4	286.3	O HOE	200	
Day		29	12	101	101	12	29	ş	11	G	\ -	Į.	502	B	33	30	ec.	
Time		2102	1644	331	17071	2012	727	1265	457	1452	943	1300	920	5239	ž	10201	990	
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Note:			7					471.5 mr	mmBtwnr					-		_		
The MMDuditir values listed above are the energy	n the steam, no			-				1		-					1			
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Fuel Oil Demand Allocation Factor									-		-	-	-										
Allocation of Fuel Inventory													-										
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				Maxit	шпул сол	Maximum coincident demai	nd for steam	CUSTOMOTE	and for steam customers in 2016, 2018 and 2017 (mmsture)	and 2017 (mm	(state)							H					
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		のだとないた	PROTEIN SECTION	Shrammy Market Street	のはないのは	Parameter and the	の記れ いのの	STORE STORE	经经验管理	No. of the last	はおはない	はまでいる。	September 1	三十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二	System State	組みでを対抗	製造の開発	60111001100100100	13.000000000000000000000000000000000000	2010	A CHARLES A	Control of the Contro	0.000
		January	February	March	April		May	June		August	September Oct	October No	Nowmber D	December 1	THURIN F	February M	Match	April	May Valve	Aut. and		August	September 5
													7 7			П	П						
Maximum hagray 155# steam sales	MmBtuntr	484.1	400		400 5	1.055		375.0	3330	355.1	336.7	236.5	252	250.3	7,000	291.3	3844	301.0	0 290	127.1	314.8	316.0	347
Madmum houry 155# steam sales	Mbs/ms	313.4			2,810	278,74	27.R.D	200	1000	275.7	323.0	2012	269,6	277.5	287.3	303,9	282 2	2002	272.0	253.2	244.0	321.3	200
Cary		14		æ	١	98	12	4	101	121	6	10	12	31	30	10	31	1	e.	8	1	٥	
Time		ZPGI.	1945		202	1747	1936	222	1130	1804	2000	1808	150	111	1947	300	346	099	150	Sog	1105	168	702
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Maximum hourly Total tite am sales (155.8 + 2504)	Мтевали	401.1	430.4		433.4	3,780	390.5	500%	7 (4)	282.5	270.8	308.0	384.7	304.2	409.E	424.1	3082	392.4	385.7	356.7	3443	1,000	377
Mindmum hourly Total steam anies (1558 + 8508)	MIDENH	235.2			3.25	301.6		319.4	202 71	297.0	343.3	287.0	200.5	280.1	320.0	330.0	3103	305.5	300.0	278.7	207.0	343.5	794.7
Day.		0	23	2	2	5	ţ	4	10)	17.	e	ã	23	1	\$	2	č	7	14	40	٥	ĕ	
Tune		2330	3000		723	1747	1936	222	1130	1304	2000	1533	150	(32)	(54)	900	1314	214	210	SOB	947	158	2102
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Note:													Ö	Outstact First	for aforting male	Calculated First for storm rates and peak based on 81,5% officiancy	21,5 co page	% afficiancy		471.8 mmBtufte	mBtuth		
The Middleth's values leded above are the everyp. In the steam, not the everyp in the steam, not the everyp in the steam of the everyp in the steam of the everyphise are the everyphise are the everyphise are the everyphise.	1 The stosm, O	Of the efforg	y in the funt	The fuel enon	TO OFFICE ASS.	a punoj og us	y dividing by B	1.5%, the wa	Ohled average	boller efficient	34.												İ
Generator 2 and Bollor 5 are not included in the ca.	outston tince	Bober 5 ts n.	of capable of	burning had a	of, Boller 5	and Turbine	7 ware installs	d logether a	presso page p	duby							-	-+		-			
Per 2010 SPP Capability Test										-							-		-	-	1	_	
Per PSC Heat Rate Tests		!			ö	Oil Demand factor	factor					Celouinted F	Calculated Fuel Of for Max States	nic Statem				ď	471.6	,	13,15%		
											Fluck	Fuel Oil for Cemeration and Max Sheam Sales	atten and Ma.	x Steam July	0				3587.4				
				Steam Energy	5	Fuel Energy					-					-					_		
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	Net MW Rating Gross AM MrcBurtawen	G Orose And	V MANABULGA	WIN MARKETHY		Mendanit																	
Cenerator 1	21.7	E E	8,6		L	208	9	5% Weighter	91.5% Weighted Average Bit Eff	je	-				-								
Canerator 2	20.4	26.0	12.5	See notes	_	See notee	8	5% Weighter	83 5% Weighted Average Br Eff														
Generator 3	£	44	17.8	222		8	, S	5% Welgate	83.5% Weighted Average Bit Eit	15	-  -	H				H							
Cenerato? 4	87.5	107.4				200				1 1													
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Cenerator 5	73	Ę		13,469		193				į		-		1		-							-
Certatol 7	r.	74	12,144			33.0	•	-		ł		-	-	-		ļ	1			1	1		
Total	200.0	274,4			_	3115.0				-	1	-		1	-	-	1		1	-	1		

Manual Paris   Corporate   Construent   Co	ACTOR CONTROL MISSORIA CONTROLS	_						-	-	-	_				-			i
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Property   Computer	Allocation of Fuel inventory									<del>}-}</del>	-	Ħ						
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m hostly 155# eftern mide         More fluids         More flu			100000000000000000000000000000000000000		20000000		20 Miles (1980)	On the state of th	Termina.	100	- Control	Political State of the	NO. OF THE PARTY O	TO COL	Systematics:	5000000	THE PARTY OF THE P	
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### No. Price   1904   2014   2015   2014   2015   2014   2015   2014   2015			1		Г-	1	1	١			Ì		l		1			
Major   1558   February   Milesofre   206.7   201.0   201.0   202.3   209.1   270.0	Musmum houry 155# eteam nales	MmBluffr	346.4			370.31	327	358.0	350.4	3618	347.6	3400	300.0	300 6	ļ	368.4	307.9	
The control of the	Maganum houly 1558 atom asies	Mibs/ht	206.7			2023	266.1	270.0	273.0	283 5	246.5	238.7	237.8	23R 1	ļ	287.0	308.8	
The contribution   The contrib	Clay		75	L		5	28	\$5	7	G	-	12	28	°		S	g	
The big Train glasm sales (1508 + 5508)         Windletch (1508 + 5509)         Windletch (1508 + 5509) <t< td=""><td>Time</td><td></td><td>1001</td><td></td><td></td><td>1012</td><td>22</td><td>355</td><td>454</td><td>1452</td><td>8</td><td>1303</td><td>335</td><td>922</td><td>ľ</td><td>Ę</td><td></td><td>Average MIM</td></t<>	Time		1001			1012	22	355	454	1452	8	1303	335	922	ľ	Ę		Average MIM
Part   Part										-								
The Destry Total training and those ask Table 314.0 \$16.6 \$10.2 \$30.2 \$30.6 \$20.2 \$20.0 \$20.7 \$20.4 \$2	Mosdmum houthy Total states solves (165# + 050#)	٤	377.0			412.4	400.6	302.1	387.1	3862	351.5	333.0	33.0	3388			423,5	384.5
1,000   1,00	Maximum hourly Total steam nains (1554 + 8500)		293.8			319.8	316.5	301.2	3526	304.B	274.2	2002	258.2	204.4		308.0	330 8	:
1707   1072   222   1455   2451   1452   2455   2220   2	Day		27			17	22	15	11	c	Ŧ	ĸ	338	K			30	
Idiglack's values lasked shows are this navary in the selection not to the control of the selection not be controlled in the chiculation where E	Three		3644			2101	727	1255	451	2452	848	1303	\$28	2220			558	
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	The MMBtuf-it values listed above are the energy									-								
Pag 2010 GFP Copusibity Tees           Pag 701 GFP Copusibity Tees           Canderdox 1         21.7           Canderdox 2         25.4           Generating 2         27.5           Generating 3         27.5           Generating 5         27.5           Generating 6         27.5           Generating 7         27.5           Generating 6         27.5           Generating 7         27.5           Generating 7         27.5	Generator 2 and Boller 5 are not included in the Ca																	
12.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.	Per 2010 GPP Capability Test																	
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	Generalor 2	ģ																
	Generator 3	<b>:</b>																
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	Generator 6	۶.		}														j
	Cenerator 7	Į,																
	Total	260.0							-									1
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KCP&L Greater	Missouri Operations									
A&G FACTOR				1		i				
	nt in-Service - 2016									
Per GMO Form 1,	Pg 204-207 excl ARO's									
	i I					: •			••••	i.,
Total GMO Electric F	Plant in-Service	3,669,155,425								.,
Less: ARO 317		24,010,288						••••		
Less: ARO 347	· : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	125,497					Manager of Agent Committee of the Commit	i 		
Less: ARO 399	:	16,950						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total GMO Electric F	Plant in-Service (excl ARO's)	3,645,002,690						hann ta a a a a a a a a a a a a		
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	The second of th									
	50% O&M/50% Pla	nt Allocation Metho	<u> </u>					<u>:</u>	<u>.</u>	
O&M Dec 2016 Sur	Andreas a grant for the second of the second	THE PROPERTY AND THE CONTROL				<u>.</u>	, ,			
Electric	98.8437%				E	lec & Steam	3,645,002,690	1		
Steam	1.1563%	50%	0.5782%		Stear	n After Alloc	\$ (31,430,255)		*	#3
	:					Electric	3,613,572,435	99.1377%	В	
		D		:			,	100.000%		
<u>Plant</u>						<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	<u>:</u>	
Elec	99.1377%	kan ang kananan ang kananan ang kananan kananan kananan kananan kananan kananan kananan kananan kananan kanana			<u></u>	· •	i • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. j	i	
Steam	0.8623%	50%	0.4311%	1.0093%	A	#14	)	<u> </u>		ļ
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	(** des l'accomment à l'éparte de l'épa	**************************************		1	j			(mm	1	
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	distribution of the control of the c	Annual transport of the second		**************************************	1					
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KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations O&M FACTOR			
UNIVERSE OF THE PROPERTY OF TH			
4			************
Industrial Steam Allocation		- trotanatan rang	
Source: Amy Murray - Regulatory Affairs			La 11 11
Andreas, they weren't reading to A Mirgita			
1 Days I Wassing Calley Co.			
1. Payroll Allocation Factors - Steam v Electric			
	1		
Annual SJLP tatan Payroll for O&M - 2018 Actual	\$ 2,485,259	(B)	
Annual SJLP Lake Road Payroll for O&M - 2016 Actual	5,915,992	(A)	
Annual MOPUS Sibley Jatan, JEC for O&M - 2016 Actual	13 222 127		
Total GMO 2016 Payroll charged to O&M	13,223,137	(¢)	
And amo to the paroli challed to odist	\$ 21,624,389	(************************************	
LR Payroll for Steam Business	! =		, 
LR Payroll for Steam Business	\$ 1,478,998		
	1		
Payroll Percentage for O&M Allocation	6.8395%	Α	#13
The state of the s		4	J
Annual Control of the		<b>∮ ∮ .</b>	 
2 Payroll Applicable to Carry During			
2. Payroli Applicable to Steam Business:	). Na tanàna ao ao ao ao ao ao ao ao ao ao ao ao ao		
l	2016 Payroli	1	
Lake Road Production Payroll by Account:	Charged to O&M	\	
1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\	i
500000	301,186		
502000	383,788	1	
502001	1,323,956	<b>/</b>	
502004	54,825		
502005	5,524		
502012			
502015	212,290	\	
505000	309	······································	
	3,165		
505007	4,912		
505010	957,206		
505011	2		mand or early specific
506000	836,774	······································	
510000	702,420		
511000	131,490		
511002			
1512000	11,534	\	La constituta de la constitución de la constitución de la constitución de la constitución de la constitución de
512001	124,732		
	26,453	·	
512002	9,855	,	
512004	30,540		
512005	10,956		V
512006	79,740	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
512007	39,274		
			. J
151200A			
512008 512010	186,366		
512010	186,366 126,737		
512010   512011	186,366 126,737 149,707		
512010 512011 512012	186,366 126,737 149,707 15,992		
512010 512011 512012 513000	186,366 126,737 149,707 15,992 190		4
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512010 512011 512012 513000 513001 513001 513003 513006	186,366 126,737 149,707 15,992 190 107,161 16,673	Steam	Total Second
512010 512011 512012 513000 513001 513001 513003 513006	186,366 126,737 149,707 15,992 190 107,161 16,673 50,452	Steam	Total Steam
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512010 512011 512012 513000 513001 513003 513008 514000	186,366 126,737 149,707 15,992 190 107,161 16,673 50,452	Percentage	
512010 512011 512012 513000 513001 513001 513003 513006 514000	186,366 126,737 149,707 15,892 190 107,161 16,673 50,452 11,784	Percentage	Payroli
512010 512011 512012 513000 513001 513001 513003 513006 514000  Allocated  Industrial Steam Distrib Accounts (588730 & 598730)	186,366 126,737 149,707 15,892 190 107,161 16,673 50,452 11,784	Percentage	Payroli
512010 512011 512012 513000 513001 513001 513003 513006 514000	186,366 126,737 149,707 15,892 190 107,161 16,673 50,452 11,784	Percentage	Payroli
512010 512011 512012 513000 513001 513001 513003 513006 514000  Allocated  Industrial Steam Distrib Accounts (588730 & 598730)	186,366 126,737 149,707 15,892 190 107,161 16,673 50,452 11,784	Percentage	Payroli
512010 512011 512012 513000 513000 513001 513006 513006 514000  Allocated  Industrial Steam Distrib Accounts (588730 & 598730) Total Steam	186,366 126,737 149,707 15,892 190 107,161 16,673 50,452 11,784	Percentage 25.00%	Payroli
512010 512011 512012 513000 513001 513003 513006 514000  Allocated  Industrial Steam Distrib Accounts (588730 & 598730) Total Steam	186,366 126,737 149,707 15,892 190 107,161 16,673 50,452 11,784	Percentage 25.00%	Payroli
512010 512011 512012 513000 513001 513003 513006 514000  Allocated  Industrial Steam Distrib Accounts (588730 & 598730) Total Steam	186,366 126,737 149,707 15,892 190 107,161 16,673 50,452 11,784	Percentage 25.00%	Payroli
512010 512011 512012 513000 513001 513003 513006 514000  Allocated  Industrial Steam Distrib Accounts (588730 & 598730) Total Steam  Note: Used the "Total Plant Coal Burn Allocation Factor" to (A) LR payroll to accounts 500, 502-507, 510-514 only	186,366 126,737 149,707 15,992 190 107,161 16,673 50,452 11,784 \$ 5,915,992	Percentage 25.00%	Payroli
512010 512011 512012 513000 513000 513001 513003 513006 514000  Allocated  Allocated  Industrial Steam Distrib Accounts (588730 & 598730) Total Steam  Note: Used the "Total Plant Coal Burn Allocation Factor to (A) LR payroli to accounts 500, 502-507, 519-514 on 502-	186,366 126,737 149,707 15,992 190 107,161 16,673 50,452 11,784 \$ 5,915,992	Percentage 25.00%	Payroli
512010 512011 512012 513000 513001 513003 513005 513008 514000  Allocated  Industrial Steam Distrib Accounts (588730 & 598730) Total Steam  Note: Used the Total Plant Coal Burn Allocation Factor to (A) LR payroll to accounts 500, 502-507, 510-514 only	186,366 126,737 149,707 15,992 190 107,161 16,673 50,452 11,784 \$ 5,915,992	Percentage 25.00%	Payroli

## O&M, A&G, OtherTaxes

Account		Factor		Allocation based on
No.	Description	No.	Allocator Factor	Allocation based on
	Operating Expenses	1		
	Electric Operating Expense	1	Ptania Agas Stans Allegation (OSM)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
500000	Prod-Steam Oper-Supy & Engint	3,13	Electric After Steam Affocation (O&M)	Ratio of the annualed offent a system to tell most dos production and annual an
00000E	Prod-S(sam Oper-Supy & Enginr-Elec	1,1	100% Electric	
501000 501020	Fuel Exp-Detr Cost Coal Burn Fuel on System Steam	4,1	100% Electric	
501030	Fuel Off-System Steam (bk20)	4,1	100% Electric	
501033	FuelSteamInterUN/IntraST(bk11)	4,1	100% Electric	<b>!</b> .
501300	Fuel Exp-Additives - Limestone	4,1	100% Electric	
501400	Fuel Exp-Residua's	4,1	100% Electric 100% Electric	
501420	Fuel Exp-Residua's Non FAC	4,1 4,1	100% Electric	
501450 501500	Fuel Exp-Residuals-Land®ls Fuel Handling Costs	4,1	100% Electric	
501500	Fuel Hn&g-Oil Purch Exp-Start	4,1	100% Electric	
501502	Fuel Hndig-Coal Pile Mgmt-Pwr	4,1	100% Electric	
501503	Fuel Handing Negot Transp Cnl	4,1	100% Electric	
	Fuel Hidig-Plan Fuel Req-Pwr P	4.1	100% Electric	
501508	Fuel Hidg-Receive Coal	4,1	100% Electric 100% Electric	}
501507 501508	Fuel Hratg-Fosst Fuel United Fuel Handfing - Stacker	4,1	100% Electric	
501509	Fuel Handing - Coal Pie	4,1	100% Electric	}
501510	Fuel Handing - Conveyor	4,1	100% Electric	
501700	Fuel Expense Industrial Steam	2,2	100% Steam	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
502000	Steam Oper-City Water	3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M) Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to UKM
502001	Steam Oper-Boiler	3,13 3,13	Electric After Steam Alocation (O&M)	IR atto of the alterated Steam Payroll to total pon-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to USM
502002 502004	Steam Oper-Mitrogen Steam Oper-Water	3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to U&M
502004	Steam Oper-Condensate	3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to UEM
	Steam Oper- Ash	3,13	Electric After Steam Afocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
502014	Steam Oper-Air Pollution Contr		Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M) Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
	Steam Oper-Water Podution Con	3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to UKM
502020	Steam Ops Apx Precipitator	3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Pario of the oliocated Steam Payroll in total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
502021 502022	Steam Ops ACQ Baghouse Steam Ops Wet Gas Scrubber	3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	IR at in of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-firel production GMO Payroll charged to U&M
502024	Steam Ops AQC Scr	3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
502025	Steam Ops Activated CO2 Inject	3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
504100	Steam Transfer Exp	2,2	100% Steam	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
505000	Steam Ops Elec Exp Other	3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M) Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroli to total non-fuel production GMO Payroli charged to O&M
505004	Steam Op Ele Exp Comp Air Sys	3,13 3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Igatio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
505005 505007	Steam Ops Ele Exp Cooling Sys Steam Ops Ele Exp Fackties		Electric After Steam Afocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroli to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll tharged to UKM
505010	Steam Ops Se Exp Turbine Gen	3,13	Electric After Steam Alocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to OSM
505011	Steam Ops Ele Exp Aux System	3,13	Electric After Steam Afocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
	Misc Steam Power Operations	3,13	Electric After Steam Aflocation (O&M)	Katio of the succased please Layron to total limit for broduction data a photographic action
	Steam Ops Misc Steam Power Exp - Elec	1,1	100% Electric	·
060008	Steam Ops Msc Steam Power Exp-Steam Steam Power Operations - Rents	2,2 3,13	100% Steam Electric After Steam Allocation (O8M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
507000 309000A	El Op Exp-Allowances	4.1	100% Electric	
	EI Op Exp-Asowances-Elec	1,1	100% Electric	
546000	Prod-Turbine Oper-Supv & Engry	3,1	100% Electric	
547000	Oth Prod Fuel	4,1	100% Electric	
547020	Fuel On-System Other Prod	4,1	100% Electric 100% Electric	
547027	Fuel OnSys Oth Prod-Demand	4,1	100% Electric	
547030 547033	Fuel Off-Sys Other Prod (bk20) Fuel OtherInterUN/IntraST(bk11)	4,1	100% Electric	1
547100	Oth Prod Fuet Handling	4,1	100% Electric	
547102	Comb Turbine-Gas Purch Exp	4,1	100% Electric	]
548000	Comb Turbine-City Water	3,1	100% Electric	
548002	Comb Turbine-AQC-	3,1	100% Electric 100% Electric	]
	Comb Turbine-Turb/Genr-CT CombTurbine Oper-Misc Other	3,1	100% Electric	
549000 - 549001	Comb Turbine Oper-Msc Ovrai Comb Turbine - Fac≷ties	3,1	100% Electric	
555000	Purch Pwr-Enrgy & Cpcty Pur-Al	4,1	100% Electric	
55005	Purch Pvr-Capacity Purch-Gardn	3,1	100% Electric	
55021	Base Pwr On-Sys Interco (b) 10)	4.1	100% Electric	
	Purchased Power Off-Sys Sales	4,1	100% Electric 100% Electric	
55031	Purch Pwr Off-System Interunit PurchasePower Intrastate(bk11)	4,1	100% Electric	
55032 55035	Purchased Power Rivasialeton 17	4,1	100% Electric	
56000	System Control and Load Dispath	4,1	100% Electric	
	Prod-Other-Other Expenses	4,1	100% Electric	
57100	Other Production Exp Riders	1,1	100% Electric	<b>!</b>
	Transm Oper-Supery & Enginency	8,1	100% Electric 100% Electric	
51000 64200	Transm Oper-Load Dispatching	8,1	100% Electric	
61200 61300	Trans Op-Ld Dispich-Mon&Oper Trans Op-Ld Dispich-Serv&Sched	8.1	100% Electric	
	Trans Op-Co Dispension Vascues (Trans Op-Schd, Contr & D's Serv	8,1	100% Electric	
	Trans Op-Service Studies	8,1	100% Electric	1
61800	Trans Op-Reli Plan&Std Dv-RTO	8,1	100% Electric	
62009	Transm Oper-Station Exp	8,1	100% Electric	
63000	Transm Oper-Overhead Line Oper	8,1	100% Electric 100% Electric	
63002	Transm Oper-inspect OH Lines-G	8,1	100% Electric	
	Transm Oper-Lost & Standby Tkn Trans Op Ug Lines	8,1	100% Electric	
	Transm Oper-Elec Tr-By Others		100% Electric	· ·

## O&M, A&G, OtherTaxes

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Section   Prints Path Land College   Prints Pa		Doradinilad	Factor No.	Allocator Factor	Allocation based on
Seption   Company   Comp				100% Electric	
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1,000   1,00				100% Electric	
Section   Date Open Control State Repress   5.1   100% Electric   100% Elect					
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2007   100   2007   2	\$87000 [8				
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AG O Operating Expanse   1,1   100% Electric   1,1   100% Electr					
Customer Accordioses Son Expose   1,1   100% Electric   1,1   10	1	· .			,
Major Reading Djotts   1		A&G Operating Expense	44	100% Electric	· ·
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Content   Cont					
1			1,1	100% Electric	
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28 21929 AGG Aborth-oi JO Partners AGG Aborth-oi Jo Partners AGG Aborth-oi JO Partners AGG Aborth-oi Jo Partners AGG Abort	920000S [A	A&G Labor - Amort of Merger Trans Steam		100% Steam	Soreo wainteing of the Albertad Plant Base Factor and the Albertad O.S.M. Factor
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923000 Outside Services Employed 9 923000 Outside Services Employed 9 923000 Outside Services Employed 9 923000 Outside Services Employed 9 923000 Outside Services Employed 1,1 923000 Properly Insurance 9 924000 Properly Insurance 9 925000 Injuries and Damages 1 925000 Injuries and Damages 1 925000 Injuries and Damages 1 926000 Employee Pensions & Benefits 9 926000 Employee Pensions & Benefits 9 926000 Employee Pensions & Benefits - Steam Allocation (A&G) 9 926000 Em	922000 A	A&G Expenses Transferred	6,14		So/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor
2230005 Outside Services Employed Retal 2230005 Outside Services Employed Person of Merger Transition - Stand 223000 PCBS A&G trinsf-Dayr int Tax 225000 Property insurance 225000 Employee Pensions a Benefits 225000 Employee Pensions & Benefits 22	922050 H	KCPL Bit of Common Use Plant		Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G)	ISO/SO weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor
Duisde Services-Amort of Merger Transition - Steam 923000 GPES A&D Transition - Steam 923000 Injuries a Damages xfer Construct of Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G) 510 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa 925000 Injuries & Damages xfer Construct of Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G) 510 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa 925000 Injuries & Damages xfer Construct of Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G) 514 Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G) 5150 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa 925000 Injuries & Damages xfer Construct of Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G) 514 Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G) 5150 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa 925000 Injuries & Damages xfer Construct of Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G) 5150 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa 925000 Injuries & Damages xfer Construct of Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G) 5150 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa 925000 Injuries & Damages xfer Construct of Inju					Sway weighting of the reserved and a state of the state o
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925000 Injuries & Demages xier Constr Injury & Demages xier Constr Injury & Demages xier Constr Injury & Demages xier Constr Injury & Demages xier Constr Injury & Demages xier Constr Injury & Demages xier Constr Injury & Demages xier Constr Injury & Demages xier Constr Injury & Demages xier Constr Injury & Demages xier Constr Injury & Demages xier Constr Injury & Demages xier Constr Injury & Demages xier Constr Injury & Demages xier Constr Injury & Demages xier	924000 F				150/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor
### Part of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor in Commission Expense - Allocated O&M		hauries and Damages			150/50 weight my of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor
286005 Employee Pensions & Benešis-Rela? 286005 gestion 926500 gestion 926500 gestion 926501 gestion 626500 gestion 926501 ges	92505D {#	Injuries & Demoges Xier Consu Emolowe Pensions & Benefits		Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G)	50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor
## 100% Steam ## 200000   Pass and Bens Loadings   Bensefits on Construct   PR Tax, Pens & Briffs on O&M   Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G)   Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G)   Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G)   Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G)   Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G)   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa   50/50 weighting of the	9280008 [6	Employee Pensions & Benests-Relait	1,1	100% Electric	
926500 Benefits on Construct 926700 PR Tax, Pens & Boffits on O&M 926730 PR Tax, Pens & Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M 926730 PR Tax, Pens & Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M 926730 PR Tax, Pens & Pens Pens Pens Pens Pens Pens Pens Pens	926000S  E	Employee Pensions & Benefits - Steam		100% Steam	150/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor
928010 PR Tax, Pens & Boffs on O&M 928000 Regulatory Commission Expense - Alcoated Peoplatory Commission Expense - Alcoated Regulatory Commission Expense - All Electric P28001A PR Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment PR G Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Steam PR G Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Steam Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Steam Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Steam Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Steam Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Steam Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Steam Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Steam Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Proceeding Exp 928011E Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Proceeding Exp 928012 Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment Reg Comm	926500   6	Empl Pens and Bens Loadings		Efectric After Steam Alocation (A&G)	Usg/sn weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor
928730 928000A 928000E 928001E 928001E 928001E 928001A 928001E 928001A 928001A 928001B 928010 928011E 928011E 928011E 928011E 928011E 928012 928012 928012 928014 928016 928023 928017 928023 928033 928030 928040 928000 930200 930200 930200 930200 930200 930200 930201 930201 930201 930201 930200 930200 930200 930201 930201 930200 9				Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G)	50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor
Regulatory Commission Expense - Alfocated 28000E Regulatory Commission Expense - Alf Electric After Steam Allocated (A&G) 100% Electric 1.1 100% Electric 280015 Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Elec Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Steam Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Steam Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Steam Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Steam Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Steam Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Steam Reg Comm Exp-Msc Trainf Fish Dup/Scate Charges-Credit 928000 Postocom Exp-Msc Trainf Fish Dup/Scate Charges-Credit 6,14 6,14 Steam Allocated Advertising Expense Mscellaneous General Expense General Expense Mscellaneous General Expense General	926730 E	Empl Pens and Bens and Steam	2,2	100% Steam	Jensen weighting at the Albantad Plant Race Esting and the Albantad O.B.M. Factor
Reg Corm Exp-MPSC Assessment Elec 9280015 Reg Corm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Elec 928016 Reg Corm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Elec 928017 Reg Corm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Elec 928018 Reg Corm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Elec 928019 Reg Corm Exp-Mo Proceeding Exp - Elec 9280118 Reg Corm Exp-Mo Proceeding Exp - Elec 9280118 Reg Corm Exp-Mo Proceeding Exp - Elec 9280118 Reg Corm Exp-Mo Proceeding Exp - Steam Reg Corm Exp-Mo Proceeding Exp - Elec 928012 Reg Corm Exp-Mo Proceeding Exp Reg Corm Exp-Mo Proceeding Ex	928000A F	Regulatory Commission Expense - Alfocated			15/00 Methring of the Minester t wit pose t with and the symptotical events and a
Page Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Elec Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Steam Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment - Steam Reg Comm Exp-MPSC Assessment Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-Msc Tainf Fish DupScate Charges-Credi Reg Comm Exp-Msc Tainf Fish DupScate Charges-Credi Reg Comm Exp-Msc Tainf Fish DupScate Charges-Credi Reg Comm Exp-Msc Tainf Fish Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-Ms Proceeding Exp Reg Comm Exp-Msc Tainf Fish Reg Comm Exp-Msc Tainf Reg Comm Reg Comm Reg Comm Reg Comm Reg Comm Reg Comm Reg Comm R		Regulatory Commission Expense - All Electric	1,1	100% Electric	
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Page 115 Reg Comm Exp-Mo Proceeding Exp - Elec Page 1280115 Reg Comm Exp-Mo Proceeding Exp - Steam Reg Comm Exp-Mo Proceeding Exp - Steam Reg Comm Exp-FRC Proceeding Exp - Steam Reg Comm Exp-FRC Proceeding Exp - Steam Reg Comm Exp-FRC Proceeding Exp - Steam Reg Comm Exp-FRC Proceeding Exp - Steam Reg Comm Exp-FRC Proceeding Exp - Steam Reg Comm Exp-FRC Proceeding Exp - Steam Reg Comm Exp-FRC Proceeding Exp - Steam Reg Comm Exp-Most Proceeding	928003 F	Reg Comm Exp-FERC Assessment			
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930201 Mesc A&G-Board of Dir Feos 6,14 Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G) 50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa	930260 N	Miscesaneous General Expenso			150's to watching of the Allocated Flant Base Factor and the Allocated O.C.M. Factor
	930201 N		6,14	Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G)	150/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor
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S0022 Misc A&G-EPRI Research Subscri 6,14 Electric After Steam Adocation (A&G)   50/30 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated Own Fa	930232	Misc A&G-EPRI Research Subscri	6,14		30/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor 50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor
930242 Misc A&G-Bond Expense 6,14 Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G) (50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Fa	∋30242 A	Misc A&G-Bond Expense [	0,14	(Electric wifet oreatt) waysaton (ward)	land and in the succession of

## O&M, A&G, OtherTaxes

Account No.	Description	Juris Factor No.	Allocator Factor	Allocation based on
930250	Miscelaneous A&G	6.14	Electric After Steam Alocation (A&G)	50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor
931000A	A&G Rent Exp	6,14	Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G)	50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor
931000E	A&G Rent Expense - Elec	1,1	100% Electric	
931002	Rent of Equipment	6,14	Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G)	50'50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor
933000	Transportation Expense	6,14	Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G)	50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor
933100	Transportation & O Series Allo	6,14	Electric After Steam Aflocation (A&G)	50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor
935000	A&G Mice of General Plant	6,14	Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G)	50/50 weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor
	Maintenance Expenses	1		
510000	Steam Power Maint-Supv & Engin	3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
511000	Steam Power Maint-Structure	3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
511002	Steam Power Maint-Shuct-Fac-F	3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
512000	Boiler Pil Maint -	3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
512000E	Boller Pit Maint - Electric	1,1	100% Electric	
512001	Boller Pil Maint - FF Unload	3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
512002	Boller Pit Maint - Stacker		Electric After Steam Asocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
512003	Boiler Pit Maint - Coal Pite		Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
512004	Boiter Pit Maint - Ash		Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
512005	Boder PR Maint - Conveyor		Electric After Steam Aflocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
512006	Boiler Pt Maint - Fuel	3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
512007	Boller Pit Maint - Air	3,13	Electric After Steam Allocation (OSM)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to ORM
512008	Boiler Pit Maint - Water		Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
	Božer Pit Maint - Cond Sys		Electric After Steam Allocation (OSM)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M  Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to Intel non-fuel production GMO Payroll they are to O.6.1.
	Boder Pt Maint - Furnace		Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M) Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
	Boder Pit Maint - Aux Steam Boder Pit Maint-Default Proc		Electric After Steam Alocation (OSM)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
			Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	
	Maint Boil Pit Baghouse Maint Boiler Plant Wet Gas Scr		Electric After Steam Alocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
	Maint Boser Plant Sor		Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
	Maint Boller Plant Activated CO2 inj		Electric After Steam Afocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
	Elec Pit Maint -		Electric After Steam Afocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
	Elec Pit Maint • FF Turb/Gen		Electric After Steam Alocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
	Elec Pit Maint - FF Turb/Gen		100% Electric	Author of the process of the process of the process of the configuration
	Elec Fit Maint - FF Turb/Gen	2,2	100% Steam	
	Elec Pit Maint - Transfer FF		Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
	Elec Pli Maint - Aux Elec		Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
	Elec Pit Maint - Cooling		Electric After Steam Allocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroll to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
	Misc Steam Pit -		Electric After Steam Aflocation (O&M)	Ratio of the allocated Steam Payroli to total non-fuel production GMO Payroll charged to O&M
	Comb Turbine Mice-Supy & Engnr	3,1	100% Electric	The state of the s
	Othr Gen Maint of Structures	3,1	100% Electric	
	GT Mice Structure-Facilities	3,1	100% Electric	
	Comb Turbine Mice - Bulk Oli F	3,1	100% Electric	·
	Comb Turbine Mice - Fire CT		100% Electric	
	Comb Turbine Meict -		100% Electric	
	Comb Turbine Maint - Comb Turb	3,1	100% Electric	
553100	Oth Par Gen Maint Turb Gen	3,1	100% Electric	
54000	Comb Turbine Maint- Comp Air		100% Electric	
	Transm Mice-Supry & Engining		100% Electric	
	Transm Mice-Subst Bidg/Grounds		100% Electric	
	Transm Mice-Subst Equip		100% Electric	
	Transm Mice-Subst Teleco/SCADA		100% Electric	
	Transm Mice-Subst Breakers		100% Electric	
	Transm Mice-Subst Xirns/Reg*s		100% Electric	
	Transm Mice-Subst Bus/Groundin		100% Electric	
	Transm Mice-Subst Relay Panels Trans Maint Subst Capacir Bok		100% Electric	
	rrans Maint Subst Capactr Bink Trans Maint Subst Ego Bat Bkup		100% Electric 100% Electric	
	transm Mice-Overhead Lines		100% Electric	
	Frans Maint Oh Lines Two Lights		100% Electric	·
	Transm Mice-Overhead Structure		100% Electric	
	Transm Mice-Code/rs/Devices		100% Electric	
	Transm Mice-Tree-Hand Cutting		100% Electric	
	Transm Mice-Tree-Mech Cut		100% Electric	
	Transm Mice-Underground Lines		100% Electric	
	Frans Maint of Miso Trans Plan		100% Electric	
	Distr Mice-Supry & Engining		100% Electric	
	Xistr Mice-Structures		100% Electric	
	Distr Mice-Station Equip	5,1 1	00% Electric	
	Distr Mcce-Subst Welding	5,1	00% Electric	
	Xistr Mice-Tele/SCADA		00% Electric	
2003 [	Xstr Mice-Subst Breakers		00% Electric	
	Xstr Mice-Subst Transformers		00% Electric	;
	Distriblice-Subst Line/Bus		00% Electric	
	Xistr Mice-Subst Relay		00% Electric	
	Sist Mice Sub Capacitor		00% Efectric	
	Sistr Mice-Sub Battery Bkup		00% Electric	
	Str Mce-OH-Perform Line Cla		00% Electric	
	Pistr Mice-OH- Wood Poles		00% Electric	
	Distr Mice-OH-Poles/Fixtures		00% Electric	
	Sistr Mice-OH-Conductors/Devic		00% Electric	
	kistr Mice-OH-Prop Omg Uncote		00% Electric	•
	Pistr Mice-UG-Dist		00% Electric	
4001 E	histr Mice-UG-Dist Conduits		00% Electric	
	histr Mice-UG-Conductors/Devic	5,1 1	00% Electric	
1002  0				
1002 D	istr Mice-UG Prop Drig Uncol istr Mice-Transformers	5,1 1	00% Electric 00% Electric	

## O&M, A&G, OtherTaxes

Account		Juris Factor		
No.	Description	No.	Allocator Factor	Allocation based on
595001	Distr Mice-Transtm-Rep Dist Po	5,1	100% Electric	
595002	Distr Mice-Trans/m0Rep Dist Pa	5,1	100% Electric	
595003	Distr Mice-Transfm-Repair	5,1	100% Electric	·
595000	Distr Mice-Street Ltg & Signis	5,1	100% Electric	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
596001	Distr Mce-St Ltg & Sig-Rpr OH	5,1	100% Electric	
596002	Distr Mice-St Ltg & Sig-Ror UG	5,1	100% Electric	
596003	Distr Mice-St Ltg & Sig-Prop D	5,1	100% Electric	1
597000	Distr Mke-Meters	5,1	100% Electric	1
598000	Distr Mice-Misc Dist Pit	5,1	100% Electric	i i
598730	Dist Mice Ind Steam	2,2	100% Steam	
	OTHER TAXES			
408101	State Cap Sik Tax Elec	7,1	100% Electric	
	Earnings Tax Electric	6,1	100% Electric	
	Totit Elec	6,1	100% Electric	1
	Property Taxes - Elec		Allocated Plant Base	Ratio of Total GMO Plant excluding ARO's adjusted for the total Steam Allocated Plant
	TOTIT FICA FUTA SUTA		Electric After Steam Allocation (A&G)	SOVSO weighting of the Allocated Plant Base Factor and the Allocated O&M Factor

# Lake Road Fuel Inventory Analysis 11/1/17

	COAL	OIL		
	. + 9363754br	mBtus		
Burn Jan17-Oct17	Electric 11,954 0.83% Electric	6,462 99.17%		
	Steam 1,427,761 99.17% Steam	<u>54</u> 0.83%		
	Total 1,439,715 Total	6,516		
	(2000) (SAV	arrels \$\$		
inventory		21,428		
	Basemat 13,736	04-100-04-707-404		
	Total 35,736 \$1,235,394 Total	21,428 \$1,725,424		
	mmbtu's per ton 17.6 (8800 Btu's per lb. of coal) mmbtu's per barrel Total mmbtu's 628,954 Total mmbtu's 1	5.801 (138,139 Btu's per gallon, 42 gal per barrel)) 24,304		
Allocation	15/00/000	Oil is primarily a reserve fuel for Electricity and Steam. While use of oil for electricity covers generators beyond the 900 lb. system, the		
	Recommendation based on 35,736 tons allocation should be based Electric 50.00% Steam 50.00%	d on overall capability of the plant to use oil.		

## Steam Equivalent Employment Factor

From: John Janorschke
Sent: Friday, January 26, 2018 8:38 AM
To: Tim Rush <Tim.Rush@kcpl.com>
Cc: Aron Branson <Aron.Branson@kcpl.com>; Linda Nunn <Linda.Nunn@kcpl.com>
Subject: FW: Steam Equivalent Employment Factor

This documents the calculation for the Equivalent Employment Factor used in our Steam/Electric allocation procedures. Based on a review of each shift, time worked on steam saies for the 8 hour shift are as follows:

Control Operator Hi Side, 4/6 and combustion turbines	0.5 hours
Control Operator Rover, red holds, switching, plant rounds and misc, work	1.0 Hours
Control Operator Low Side, 900# boilers, 900# turbines and steam sales	4.5 Hours
Plant Equipment Operator, outside operator for 4/6, 900# steam turbines and misc.	1.5 Hours
Plant Equipment Operator, 900# boilers, CTs, water system and steam sales	2.5 Hours

Total time to steam sales for each 8 hour shift 10.0 Hours

Equivalent Employment Factors are as follows:

Steam: Equivalent Employment Factor = 10 Hrs. / 40 Hrs. = 0.25 Electric: Equivalent Employment Factor = 1 - 0.25 = 0.75

John Janorschke
Operations Superintendent
Karnags City freez park tugst.
Level Road Generation Section
81, pages to 0,4554
91,888,8884 51,813,481,7788

# P.S.C. MO. No. 1 Original Sheet No. 154 Canceling P.S.C. MO. No. Sheet No. For Missouri Retail Service Area CLEAN CHARGE NETWORK SCHEDULE CCN

## **PURPOSE**

The Company owns electric vehicle (EV) charging stations throughout its territory that are available to the public for purpose of charging an EV and may be used by any EV owner who resides either within or outside the Company's service territory.

#### **AVAILABILITY**

This rate schedule applies to all energy provided to charge EVs at the Company's public EV charging stations. EV charging service will be available at the Company-owned EV charging stations installed at Company and Host locations. The EV charging stations are accessed by using a card provided to users with an established account from the Company's third party vendor.

#### HOST PARTICIPATION

EV charging stations are located at Company and Host sites. A Host is an entity within the Company's service territory that applies for and agrees to locate one or more Company EV charging stations upon their premise(s). Host applications will be evaluated for acceptance based on each individual site and application. If a Host's application is approved, the Host must execute an agreement with the Company covering the terms and provisions applicable to the EV charging station(s) upon their premise(s). No Host shall receive any compensation for locating an EV charging station upon their premise(s).

The maximum number of EV charging stations identified by the Company under this Schedule CCN is 400. The Company may not exceed 400 EV charging stations under this tariff without approval of the State Regulatory Commission.

## PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION

Charges under this Schedule CCN will be administered and billed through either the Company's third party vendor on behalf of the Company, or directly by the Company depending on the Billing Option chosen by the Host.

## **BILLING OPTIONS**

The charges applicable to an EV charging station session shall include an Energy Charge for each kilowatt-hour (kWh) provided to charge an EV, and an optional Session Overstay Charge dependent on the Billing Option chosen by the Host.

A Host may choose between one of two Billing Options for all EV charging stations located upon their premise(s). The Host's agreement with the Company will identify the chosen Billing Option applicable to the EV charging stations located on its premise(s). The EV charging station screen, and third party vendor's customer web portal, identify the applicable Energy and Session Overstay Charges that will be the responsibility of the user at each EV charging station location.

Option 1: The Host pays the kilowatt-hour (kWh) Energy Charge plus applicable taxes and fees, and, if applicable, the EV charging station user pays the Session Overstay Charge.

Option 2: The EV charging station user pays the kilowatt-hour (kWh) Energy Charge plus applicable taxes and fees, and, if applicable, the Session Overstay Charge.

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# KCP&L GREATER MISSOURI OPERATIONS COMPANY P.S.C. MO. No. \_\_\_\_\_1 Original Sheet No. 154.1 Canceling P.S.C. MO. No. Sheet No.\_\_\_ For Missouri Retail Service Area **CLEAN CHARGE NETWORK** SCHEDULE CCN RATES FOR SERVICE

The EV charging station screen and third party vendor's customer web portal will identify both the: (1) per kWh rate as equal to the Energy Charge plus applicable taxes and fees; and (2) any Session Overstay Charge rate(s) applicable to that charging station.

A. Energy Charge (per kWh)

Level 2:

\$0.20000

Level 3:

\$0.25000

B. Session Overstay Charge (optional) (per hour):

\$0.00 - \$6.00

The Energy Charge shall be defined as a flat rate per kWh, and reflect the inclusion of the following riders: (1) Fuel Adjustment Clause (FAC); (2) Renewable Energy Standard Rate Adjustment Mechanism Rider (RESRAM); and (3) Demand-Side Investment Mechanism Rider (DSIM).

A Session shall be defined as the period of time an EV is connected to the EV charging station. The Session Overstay Charge is an option that can be implemented at the discretion of the Host and Company to promote improved utilization of the EV charging station(s) located upon their premise.

The optional Session Overstay Charge will be configured within the following guidelines as either Charge-Based or Time-Based at the discretion of the Host.

- Charge-Based A charge-based Session Overstay Charge starts when the EV has stopped (i) charging (but is still connected to the EV charging station) plus a defined grace period granting the user time to end the Charge Session and move the EV.
- (ii) Time-Based - A time-based Session Overstay Charge starts at either the time of initial EV plug-in, or a predefined time in an active Charge Session (e.g., two hours after initial plugin) at the Host's discretion and may increase to a higher rate at a subsequent predefined time in an active Charge Session (e.g., four hours after initial plug-in).

Session Overstay Charges for fractional hours will be prorated. The Session Overstay Charge rate may not exceed \$6.00 per hour.

## **BILLING**

All users of the Company's public EV charging stations must have an account with the Company's third party vendor. Information on opening an account can be found on the Company's website at http://kcpl.chargepoint.com.

All charges applicable to any user of an EV charging station under Billing Option 1, or 2, will be billed directly through the Company's third party vendor. All charges applicable to the Host under Billing Option 1 will be billed directly through the Company.

### ADJUSTMENTS AND SURCHARGES

The rates hereunder are subject to adjustment as provided in the Tax and License Rider.

## REGULATIONS

Subject to Rules and Regulations filed with the State Regulatory Commission.

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