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Issue: Solar Subscription Pilot Rider

Witness: Kimberly H. Winslow Type of Exhibit: Rebuttal Testimony

Sponsoring Party: Kansas City Power & Light Company and

KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company

Case Nos.: ER-2018-0145 and ER-2018-0146

Date Testimony Prepared: July 27, 2018

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

CASE NOS.: ER-2018-0145 and ER-2018-0146

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

KIMBERLY H. WINSLOW

ON BEHALF OF

KANSAS CITY POWER & LIGHT COMPANY and KCP&L GREATER MISSOURI OPERATIONS COMPANY

Kansas City, Missouri July 2018

> Date 9-25-16 Reporter 74T File No SOLDIS- D145+0146

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

KIMBERLY H. WINSLOW

Case Nos. ER-2018-0145 and ER-2018-0146

ı	Ų:	Please state your name and business address.
2	A:	My name is Kimberly H. Winslow. My business address is 1200 Main Street, Kansas
3		City, Missouri 64105.
4	Q:	On whose behalf are you testifying?
5	A:	I am testifying on behalf of Kansas City Power & Light Company ("KCP&L") and
6		KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company ("GMO")(collectively, the
7		"Company").
8	Q:	Are you the same Kimberly H. Winslow who filed both Direct and Supplemental
9		Direct Testimony in both ER-2018-0145 and ER-2018-0146?
10	A:	Yes, I am.
11	Q:	What is the purpose of this portion of your testimony?
12	A:	I will respond to the testimony of Renew Missouri witness Phil Fracica regarding the
13		addition of a low-income component to the Company's solar subscription pilot rider
14		and on bill financing.
15	Q:	Please provide some background information.
16	A:	The Company proposed a solar subscription pilot rider as a way to provide customers
17		direct access to solar generation without having to own, install and maintain their own
18		solar generation. The pilot will provide the Company and the Commission with
19		information concerning the level of customer demand and feasibility of such a program.

1	Renew Missouri has proposed to add features that the Company does not believe are
2	well suited to a pilot program.

Q: What is Renew Missouri requesting in this case?

A:

- A: Renew Missouri wants to add a "low income component" to the program. As I will explain below, this option is not appropriate at this time, adds unneeded complexity to the pilot program and should be rejected by the Commission.
- Q: What are your concerns with the "low income component" that Renew Missouri proposes?
 - Mr. Fracica acknowledges on p. 4 of his direct testimony that the pilot is only available to customers who are willing and able to pay more to support the Company's investment in renewable energy and notes that it is not feasible for low income customers to pay more for solar access. Renew Missouri's solution is to use the weatherization, LIHEAP, or ERPP assistance programs, to subsidize low income customers' ability to participate in the program. Because the cost of meeting a customer's energy needs under the pilot program is higher than if the customer was served under traditional rates, a reduced number of customers will be assisted by weatherization, LIHEAP or ERPP funding if that funding is used so that a few customers can receive solar power. Additionally, I am concerned that Renew Missouri's proposal to utilize these funds may not be applicable as suggested and does not represent a sustainable approach to achieve low-income customer participation.
 - Q: Does Mr. Fracica provide any explanation how the proposed use of LIHEAP and ERPP funds would be used within the subscription process?
- A: Not specifically. Mr. Fracica suggests that these funds may be redirected to renewable energy. He further cites a number of programs in other jurisdictions that include low-

income provisions. Finally, Mr. Fracica mentions a number of conversations with Community Action Agencies and shares their expressed interest in a solar program.

Q: Do you agree with this recommendation?

A:

No, I do not. My reservations are due to a number of uncertainties. First, and foremost, based on review of the U.S. Department of Energy Memo 024 referenced on page 10 of Mr. Fracica direct testimony, there is no clear indication that funds can be used to pay for subscription in a utility solar program. On its face, any allocation of dollars to renewables is accomplished at the project level, within the grant processes. Individual grantees would be required to make an application, "Complete the required National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) impact assessment for the solar PV installation", and include this proposal in their "Grantee's Annual Plan". These steps are not suited for the subscription process proposed. Review of the Missouri Department of Social Services website concerning LIHEAP administration results in similar concerns as the site lacks any direction as to make this fund transfer. The only references found are included in grant applications, referring to specific projects. Given the administrative rigor associated with these programs, I have substantial doubts that the funds are as flexible as suggested by Renew Missouri.

Next, beyond knowing these Community Actions Agencies are "interested", are they willing to forego funds normally used to support their traditional efforts to subsidize customer participation in the solar program? There is no indication that this interest and the associated funds are stable and could support customers participating in the Solar Subscription Pilot Rider.

Finally, review of the example programs suggested by Mr. Fracica offer little detail applicable to the Company's proposal. Each of the examples offered have

mandated or predefined funding sources to subsidize the low-income components.

Those policy provisions are not formalized in our jurisdiction at this time and addressing participant subsidy represents a significant hurdle to including a low-income provision.

A:

A:

Q: Would the solar pilot program prohibit low income customers from participating in the program?

No, they could participate if they meet the tariff requirements. The Company objects to Renew Missouri's proposal to have the pilot prioritize solar subscriptions for low-income households. The addition of a low income carve out does not improve the information that the pilot will provide, reduces the amount of overall help available to low income customers (because the rates are higher under the pilot program) and will make administration of the program more difficult.

Q: Do you object to a low-income provisions within a solar program?

Not in principle, but I do think low-income provisions must be carefully structured and applied. Renewable energy, particularly renewable energy that might be offered at a premium to generally available energy rates, is not a necessity for customers. Focus should be first made to help support the energy needs of low-income customers. Moving, in turn, to renewable energy could occur as opportunity and policy allows, but only to the extent the use of renewable energy can provide benefit to participants and non-participants. As noted in Mr. Fracica's direct testimony, the Company is working with the City of Kansas City to identify opportunities to achieve renewable goals. Whether through direct participation or indirect participation by receiving service through utility-scale projects, renewables have the promise to help all customers receive affordable energy. However, at this time, and for the program proposed, I

- cannot endorse inclusion of a low-income element and suggest that the Commission
 should not adopt Renew Missouri's proposal.
- 3 Q: What is Renew Missouri requesting in this case with respect to on-bill financing?
- A: Renew Missouri wants the Company to explore on bill financing. As I will explain below, this suggestion is premature and should be rejected by the Commission.
- Q: Renew Missouri proposes the Company offer on-bill financing to support energy
 efficiency. Should the Commission consider this proposal?

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A:

No. As stated in Brian A. File's testimony in ER-2016-0285, the Company believes that properly designed [emphasis added] financing vehicles should have a positive impact on programs. However, Renew Missouri's proposal is not well designed. In fact, Renew Missouri's proposal is premature as KCP&L is currently engaged with Cadmus for a PAYS ("Pay As You Save") study to evaluate whether PAYS or another on-bill financing program is the best approach to address unmet financing needs and an analysis of the process and requirements to launch and administer a PAYS program, including typical stakeholders, key roles and responsibilities, major obstacles and potential solutions, and itemized costs. This study is being undertaken following the Commission's order in ER-2016-0285 for KCP&L to consider whether to incorporate PACE and PAYS® programs in its next Missouri Energy Efficiency Investment Act ("MEEIA") filing. A similar study is being performed by The Empire District Electric Company as well as Ameren Missouri. It would be premature for the Commission to approve Renew Missouri's low-income suggestion for on bill financing until after this study is completed for the Company and fully evaluated. In addition, the Company has some concern with transferability of the loan should the customer sell their home prior to the loan being paid off.

- 1 Q: Does this conclude your testimony?
- 2 A: Yes, it does.

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Kansas City Power & Light Company's Request for Authority to Implement A General Rate Increase for Electric Service) Case No. ER-2018-0145)
In the Matter of KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company's Request for Authority to Implement A General Rate Increase for Electric Service) Case No. ER-2018-0146)
AFFIDAVIT OF	KIMBERLY H. WINSLOW
STATE OF MISSOURI)	
COUNTY OF JACKSON)	
Kimberly H. Winslow, being first duly swo	orn on her oath, states:
1. My name is Kimberly H. Winslow	v. I work in Kansas City, Missouri, and I am employed by
Kansas City Power & Light Company as Director,	Energy Solutions.
2. Attached hereto and made a part he	ereof for all purposes is my Rebuttal Testimony on behalf of
Kansas City Power & Light Company and KC	P&L Greater Missouri Operations Company consisting of
() pages, having been pr	repared in written form for introduction into evidence in the
above-captioned dockets.	
3. I have knowledge of the matters so	et forth therein. I hereby swear and affirm that my answers
contained in the attached testimony to the question	ns therein propounded, including any attachments thereto, are
true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, info	ormation and belief.
	•
<u>Sim</u> Kimb	ilus H. Wannerly H. Winslow
Subscribed and sworn before me this day of	July 2018.
Notár My commission expires: 4/24/では	ANTHONY R WESTENKIRCHNER Notary Public, Notary Seal State of Missouri Platte County Commission # 17279952 My Commission Expires April 26, 2021