Exhibit No. 307

Issues: Need for the Project

Witness: Joseph J. Jaskulski, P.E.

Type of Exhibit: Surrebuttal

Sponsoring Party: MO Landowners Alliance

Case No.: EA-2016-0358

Date Testimony Prepared: February 21, 2017

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION CASE NO. EA-2016-0358

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Service Commission

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF

JOSEPH J. JASKULSKI

ON BEHALF OF

MISSOURI LANDOWNERS ALLIANCE

February 21, 2017

MA Exhibit No. 301NP
Date 3.24.11 Reporter AF
File No. EA. 2016-0358

NP

1	Q. Please state your name.
2	A. Joseph J. Jaskulski
3	Q. On whose behalf are you testifying?
4	A. I am testifying on behalf of the Missouri Landowners Alliance (MLA). I am
5	responding to the rebuttal testimony of Mr. John Grotzinger, who testified on behalf of
6	MJMEUC.
7	Q. What aspects of Mr. Grotzinger's rebuttal testimony will you be
8	addressing?
9	A. I will be addressing the estimate in his rebuttal testimony that the
10	Transmission Service Agreement with Grain Belt would save MJMEUC members \$10
11	million annually.
12	Q. Does the information in Mr. Grotzinger's rebuttal affect the rebuttal
13	testimony you filed on that same date?
14	A. Yes. My previous testimony addressed four issues.
15	First, I addressed the lack of firm commitments from wind generators, potential
16	utility customers, or load serving utilities to buy capacity on the proposed transmission
17	line. This part of my testimony is unchanged. I also stated that there were no
18	memorandums of understanding between wind farms and load serving customers, which
19	to my knowledge was true at the time. Mr. Grotzinger's rebuttal included a new PPA
20	between Infinity and MJMEUC. I discuss this PPA below.
21	Second, I addressed the purported \$10 Million in saving MJMEUC expects under
22	the Grain Belt Transmission Service Agreement. I contend that Mr. Grotzinger has
23	presented no legitimate analysis of the savings that MJMEUC can expect from the

- contracts with Grain Belt and Infinity. Finally, on this topic, I would like to retract my statement at Page 10 of my rebuttal testimony that MJM.13 contains an error. There is no error in MJM.13.
- Third, I addressed Production Tax Credits in the context of Grain Belt's schedule.

 Mr. Grotzinger did not address this issue in his own rebuttal, and therefore I make no

 further mention of that issue here.
- 30 Fourth, I addressed whether wind power generated in Kansas and transmitted to 31 Missouri over Grain Belt is cheaper than wind power generated in Missouri, My rebuttal 32 testimony based this comparison on generic Kansas wind power sources. This surrebuttal 33 now makes this comparison based on the new Infinity PPA included with Mr. 34 Grotzinger's rebuttal. I show that power delivered under the Infinity PPA and transmitted 35 over Grain Belt will save MJMEUC only a fraction of the \$10 Million claimed by Mr. 36 Grotzinger. Further, any savings are entirely due to MJMEUC's "first mover" discount 37 given by Grain Belt, which presumably will be unavailable to other Missouri users of the 38 proposed line.
 - Q. In your rebuttal testimony, you stated that based on the bids you reviewed, wind energy from Kansas delivered over Grain Belt was more expensive than wind energy generated in Missouri. Do you still hold that view?

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A. Generally, yes. However, the pricing in the new Infinity PPA is substantially less than the Kansas wind resource used in my rebuttal testimony. But even with the new Infinity contract, MJMEUC is projected to save only \$3 Million per year compared to purchasing at the least expensive Missouri wind bid price received by MJMEUC in 2016. My calculations are included as Schedule JJC-6 and discussed further below.

47	Q. Why does your calculation differ from the \$10M per year estimated by
48	MJMEUC?
49	A. MJMEUC's \$10 Million annual savings is the difference between the cost of
50	moving Kansas wind energy to Missouri under MJMEUC's Grain Belt TSA and the cost
51	of moving Kansas wind energy to Missouri over the existing AC transmission system
52	(Grotzinger Rebuttal, Page 5). Since these are not the only alternatives available, it would
53	be inappropriate to conclude on this basis that MJMEUC's customers would incur \$10
54	Million per year in additional costs if Grain Belt is not built.
55	MJMEUC also claims \$10 Million in annual savings compared to an existing and
56	expiring Illinois fossil fuel contract, referred to as IPM (Grotzinger Rebuttal, Page 7).
57	Unless MJMEUC was going to extend the IPM contract at the same price by another 25
58	years in the absence of the Grain Belt line, which they have never said was a
59	consideration, it would also be inappropriate to conclude on this basis that MJMEUC's
60	customers would incur \$10 Million per year in additional costs if Grain Belt is not built.
61	If an extension of the IPM contract was not a realistic consideration, then it cannot
62	logically be used to calculate any "savings" from the Grain Belt line.
63	Q. In determining any savings to members of MJMEUC from the Grain Belo
64	contract, what do you believe is the appropriate comparison?
65	A. The only fair analysis is to compare the Grain Belt contract to the next best
66	alternative available to MJMEUC.
67	Using this comparison, MJMEUC claims it would save \$9 Million to \$24 Million
68	annually when comparing the Grain Belt contract to MISO-based renewables. While this

69	is the appropriate comparison, I find the savings would be only \$3 Million per year as
70	shown in Schedule JJC-6.
71	Q. How did you quantify this level of savings?
72	A. I followed the methodology utilized in MJMEUC's Schedule JG-6, bringing
73	all values to a 135 MW Kansas wind farm basis. In my calculation of the costs of the two
74	alternatives, I used the pricing from the Infinity PPA for the Grain Belt alternative and
75	from the bid for the Missouri wind alternative.
76	Q. What is the Project, and what is the source of your
77	cost data for that project?
78	A. The Project submitted a bid for energy to MJMEUC in
79	in response to MJMEUC's Request for Proposals for wind
80	power (MJM.10, Page 421). I used the pricing from that bid in calculating the cost of
81	Missouri wind for MJMEUC.
82	Q. In comparing the cost of alternative sources of wind generation, is it
83	necessary that both projects have the same number of installed MW capacity?
84	A. No, it is not. Wind energy is generally purchased to meet renewable energy
85	goals. Often, this goal is expressed as a percent of a load serving entities total load.
86	Sometimes, a specific customer desires that its entire energy need be met by renewable
87	sources. In any event, what is important in comparing the cost of two sources is that the
88	energy, the MWhs, be the same from both projects.
89	Q. Please explain how you made the comparison between the Missouri
90	project and the Kansas Infinity project.

	A. Since Missouri wind has a lower capacity factor
92) than Kansas wind (50%, per Mr. Grotzinger's Schedule JG-6), all other
93	things being equal Missouri wind would deliver fewer renewable MWh. To yield the
94	same MWh, the capacity of the Missouri wind PPA can be increased. My analysis uses a
95	Missouri wind project, which will deliver the same annual production
96	(531,900 MWh) as the 135 MW Infinity project.
97	MJMEUC's Schedule JG-6 compares alternatives at the same annual MWh
98	production levels, but does so by adding system energy purchases to lower capacity
99	factor sources. This is a more expensive alternative than increasing a wind resource's
100	PPA amount (in MW) and also would not contribute toward meeting a renewable
101	resource MWh goal.
102	Q. What are the results of your analysis in comparing Missouri wind to the
103	Kansas Infinity project?
104	A. My analysis, attached as Schedule JJC-6, shows MJMEUC will save \$3
105	Million per year buying Kansas wind over Grain Belt compared to buying Missouri wind.
106	Q. Could the savings be less than the \$3 Million per year which you have
107	calculated?
108	A. Yes. The \$3 Million annual savings assumes that MJMEUC will purchase 135
109	MW of wind capacity to be delivered over the Grain Belt line. At this time, to the best
110	of my knowledge, MJMEUC members have not committed to taking 135 MW.
111	Q. How much is the "first mover" discount given MJMEUC worth?
112	A. The discount has two components, price and losses. On price, assuming
113	MJMEUC elects to buy 135 MW of capacity on the Grain Belt line, the discount is

114	worth \$7.2 Million per year. Grain Belt also covers MJMEUC's conversion and
115	transmission losses, which is worth an additional \$0.6 Million per year. So, in total, Grain
116	Belt is giving MJMEUC an annual discount of \$7.9 Million per year compared to its
117	normal rate for Kansas to Missouri service. Calculations are shown in Schedule JJC-7.
118	In other words, the value of the first mover discount exceeds MJMEUC's savings.
119	Without the first mover discount, MJMEUC would find that Kansas Wind using the
120	Grain Belt line is more expensive than Missouri wind.
121	Q. What does this mean regarding other potential users of the Missouri
122	converter station?
123	A. Other potential users who could not avail themselves of the first mover
124	discount would find that Missouri wind is financially more attractive than Kansas wind
125	over Grain Belt. Under that scenario, the only user of the Missouri Converter would be
126	MJMEUC, and the only savings to Missouri electric customers will be the \$3 Million per
127	year discussed above.
128	Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
129	A. Yes it does.

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of the Application of Grain Bel Clean Line LLC for a Certificate of Convenie		
Necessity Authorizing it to Construct, Own,	Operate,	iigaii🕉 (ang taratatana) a sa sagata a sa an a
Control, Manage, and Maintain a High Volta) Case No. EA-2016-0358
Current Transmission Line and an Associated	ter transfer and engine the vice of the con-	and the specific and the second of the contract of the contrac
Station Providing an interconnection on the M	Aaywood-)
Montgomery 345 kV Transmission Line		
Affidavit of Joseph J. Jaskulski		
STATE OF ILLINOIS)		
COUNTY OF COOK		
COUNTY OF COOK)		선생님은 사회들은 수 보안되자 하는데 이 사건이다. 사람이 나는 사람들
Joseph J. Jaskulski, being first duly s	worn on oath stat	es:
1. My name is Joseph J. Jaskulski.	aj kina Marioj de Ge	
2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof fo Missouri Public Service Commission.	r all purposes is 1	ny testimony submitted to the
3. I hereby swear and affirm that my answers therein asked are true and accurate to the best		
		M
		Joseph J. Juskulski
Subscribed and sworn before me this <u>20th</u> c	lay of Jehni	<u>avaj</u> , 2017.
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OFFICIAL SEAL BARBARA J EICHENLAUB	77	Notary Public
NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF ILLINOIS MY COMMISSION EXPIRES:05/21/17	•	

Calculation of MJMEUC Annual Savings – HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL

Entire table is Highly Confidential

Calculation of First Mover Discount at 135 MW

		Capacity	GBE Rate	Cost
		(MW)	(MW-month)	<u>(\$/year)</u>
MJMEUC				
Tranche 1 Price		100	\$ 1,167	\$ 1,400,400
Tranche 2 Price		35	\$ 1,667	\$ 700,140
Total		135		\$ 2,100,540
			į.	
Normal KS-MO Rate (Per DB.10)		135	\$ 5,760	\$ 9,331,200
First Mover Rate Discount				\$ 7,230,660
Power delivered (135 MW @ 50% CF)		591,300	MWh	
Losses		6%	per Schedule D	OAB-5, Page 1
Losses	. 1	35,478	MWh	
First Mover Loss Discount	at	\$ 16.50	per MWh	\$585,387
TOTAL FIRST MOVER DISCOUNT				\$ 7,816,047