Exhibit No:

Issue: Updated Plant, Impermissible

ISRS Issue; Effect of Incidental

Plastic Pipe Replacement

Witness: Glenn W. Buck
Type of Exhibit: Rebuttal Testimony
Sponsoring Party: Laclede Gas Company

Case Nos.: GO-2016-0332; GO-2016-0333

Date Prepared: December 23, 2016

LACLEDE GAS COMPANY MISSOURI GAS ENERGY

GO-2016-0332 GO-2016-0333

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

GLENN W. BUCK

December 2016

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REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF GLENN W. BUCK

- 2 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
- 3 A. My name is Glenn W. Buck, and my business address is 700 Market St., St. Louis,
- 4 Missouri, 63101.

- 5 Q. WHAT IS YOUR PRESENT POSITION?
- 6 A. I am presently employed as Director, Regulatory and Finance, for Laclede Gas Company
- 7 ("Laclede" or "Company").
- 8 Q. ARE YOU THE SAME GLENN W. BUCK WHO PREVIOUSLY FILED DIRECT
- 9 TESTIMONY IN THESE PROCEEDINGS?
- 10 A. I am.
- 11 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 12 A. The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to respond to portions of the direct testimony
- filed on behalf of the Office of the Public Counsel ("OPC") by Charles R. Hyneman.
- Specifically, I will address two issues raised by Mr. Hyneman and one component of a
- third issue. The first issue concerns Mr. Hyneman's assertion that two months of updated
- ISRS plant was inappropriately included in these ISRS filings. This claim by OPC has
- been rejected twice by the Commission in the past year or so and I will explain why Mr.
- 18 Hyneman has offered nothing new in his direct testimony that would warrant a departure
- from these decisions. Indeed, it is difficult to understand why the parties' and the
- 20 Commission's resources are being squandered yet again on this issue.
- The second issue involves Mr. Hyneman's attempt to raise an impermissible
- 22 "revenue requirement or ratemaking" issue relating to a small portion of the payroll
- expenses that have routinely been capitalized and included in ISRS plant. This is the

very kind of issue that Mr. Hyneman himself has previously recognized cannot be addressed in an ISRS proceeding but instead must be considered in a general rate case proceeding. Finally, I will briefly address the favorable financial impact on customers of recognizing the retirements of the plastic facilities replaced as a result of the Laclede Gas and MGE's cast iron and steel main replacements projects. This issue is also addressed by Laclede witness Mark Lauber.

<u>Updated Plant</u>

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- Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE ISSUE RAISED BY MR. HYNEMAN IN HIS DIRECT
 TESTIMONY.
- 10 A. In his testimony, Mr. Hyneman takes issue with the Staff's and Company's inclusion in 11 their ISRS recommendations in this proceeding of two months of updated ISRS plant 12 amounts incurred during September and October of 2016 (Hyneman Direct, Page 12, 13 Line 8 – Page 14, line 19).
- 14 Q. IS THIS THE SAME ISSUE THAT HAS BEEN LITIGATED AND DECIDED BY
 15 THE COMMISSION THE LAST TWO LACLEDE / MGE ISRS CASES?
- The updating issue involves a practice that has twice been affirmed by the A. 16 Yes. 17 Commission in the Company's two most recent ISRS proceedings. The Commission's decision in the first case was also affirmed by the Western District Court of Appeals. 18 OPC appealed that decision to the Missouri Supreme Court which declined to hear the 19 20 case on December 20, 2016, thus judicially affirming the Commission's decision. Given this, I have been advised by counsel that there is no justification for using the 21 22 Commission's and party's resources to litigate the same issue, with the same facts, for a 23 third time.

- Q. DOES THIS MEAN THAT YOU HAVE NOT BEEN ABLE TO IDENTIFY ANY

 NEW FACTS OR CIRCUMSTANCES RAISED BY OPC IN EITHER ITS

 PLEADINGS OR IN MR. HYNEMAN'S TESTIMONY THAT WOULD

 WARRANT A RE-EXAMINATION OF THIS ISSUE?

That is correct.

A.

- 6 Q. IS THE ISRS ELIGIBLE UTILITY PLANT INCLUDED IN THESE UPDATED
- 7 AMOUNTS "IN SERVICE" AND "USED AND USEFUL" WITHIN THE
- 8 MEANING OF THE ISRS STATUTE AND RULES?
- 9 A. Yes. In fact, the September plant was in service and used and useful before Laclede Gas
 10 and MGE even filed their ISRS petitions in this case on September 30, while the October
 11 plant was in service and used and useful at various dates ranging from four to eight weeks
 12 before the Staff filed its November 29 Recommendations and Memoranda in these
 13 proceedings.
- Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY COMMENTS REGARDING MR. HYNEMAN'S CLAIM
 THAT PROVIDING "SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION SO LATE IN THE
 PROCESS HARM OPC'S ABILITY TO EFFECTIVELY AUDIT THE ISRS
 PETITIONS"? (Hyneman Direct, p. 14, l. 6-14)
- 18 A. Yes. These projects are the same sort of projects, with similar scopes of work, as were
 19 submitted to Staff and OPC when the applications were first filed on September 30, 2016.
 20 As indicated by the Staff in its Memoranda in these proceedings, Staff had adequate time
 21 to audit the supporting documentation. Further, as demonstrated by the 50+ data requests
 22 received from OPC (many with multiple parts), OPC had an adequate amount of time to
 23 seek and receive discovery responses, and to submit a report, at the same time Staff made

its recommendation. It is my firm opinion that if an ISRS audit is performed in the manner intended by the statute, there is sufficient time to audit the updated information.

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Q. IS THE PERIOD OF TIME AVAILABLE TO REVIEW THE UPDATED ISRS INFORMATION SUBSTANTIALLY DIFFERENT THAN THE PERIOD OF TIME AFFORDED TO REVIEW UPDATED OR TRUED-UP INFORMATION IN A RATE PROCEEDING?

No, they are comparable. The complete updated information related to the ISRS-eligible property for September 2016 was provided to Staff and OPC on October 19 and 20, 2016, for the Laclede and MGE operating units respectively, which is 40 days or nearly six weeks before the November 29, 2016 due date for filing recommendations. The actual figures for October were provided to Staff and OPC on November 10, 2016 which is 19 days prior to the due date for Staff's Recommendation. In my experience, this interval of time between providing updated information and the reviewing party filing its recommendation is consistent with the time intervals for providing and reviewing updated information in rate cases where Staff or OPC had filing deadlines. For example, in Laclede's 2007 general rate case proceeding, the Staff filed its revenue requirement testimony and accounting schedules on May 4, 2007 based on updated information that was provided on April 20, 2007 (for the period ending March 31, 2007). This two week period for auditing updated information in the 2007 rate case was actually shorter than the 19 day audit period provided for in this case. Similarly, in the Company's 2010 general rate case proceeding, the Staff filed its revenue requirement testimony and accounting schedules on May 10, 2010 based, in part, on updated information that had been supplied by the Company as late as April 28, 2010. Again, this was a shorter audit

interval than the one afforded in these cases, and, as discussed later in this testimony,

ISRS filings require a less burdensome audit process because the scope of that process is

less expansive and so well defined by the ISRS Statute and Rules.

Q.

A.

ARE THERE ANY OTHER REASONS THE COMMISSION SHOULD NOT GIVE ANY WEIGHT TO MR. HYNEMAN'S CLAIMS REGARDING HIS SUPPOSED INABILITY TO AUDIT THE UPDATED PLANT AMOUNTS?

Yes. I think it is important to keep in mind that the Commission Staff is the party that is authorized by the ISRS Statute to evaluate the ISRS information supplied by the Company and make recommendations to the Commission regarding the costs that should be authorized in an ISRS proceeding. That statutorily authorized party has done its audit and *timely* submitted recommendations to the Commission verifying the accuracy and eligibility of the updated plant amounts in this case. The fact that another party like OPC claims to be unable to conduct a second and duplicative audit of such information should be of no consequence. The statute does not even contemplate that OPC would play a role in the audit process, let alone one that renders meaningless the recommendations made by the party that is given that role. It is even more unfortunate that while it wishes to play this duplicative role, OPC has not bothered to also abide by the 60 day deadline prescribed by the ISRS Statute for making recommendations regarding potential adjustments to ISRS filings – a failure that places the Commission and other parties at a distinct disadvantage in being able to assess and respond to OPC's concerns.

Impermissible ISRS Issue

Q. DOES MR. HYNEMAN RAISE ANY IMPERMISSIBLE ISSUES IN DIRECT VIOLATION OF THE ISRS STATUTES?

A. Yes. On page 14, line 20 through page 18, line 1, Mr. Hyneman raises an issue he refers to as "...prohibited compensation costs in its ISRS surcharge". Mr. Hyneman's testimony suggests that the Commission should "order Laclede to remove all earnings and equity-based incentive compensation costs from the work orders included in this ISRS" (p.17, 1. 23-24).

6 Q. IS THIS A PROPER MATTER TO BE BROUGHT UP IN AN ISRS 7 PROCEEDING?

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No. OPC has for the first time questioned the decade old practice of allocating to ISRS plant the capitalized portion of the Company payroll and benefits, a small portion of which may include some earnings-based incentive compensation. The amount of incentive compensation that should be in rates, however, is a general or base ratemaking issue that is properly determined in a general rate case. It is not a subject for the focused purpose of an ISRS filing. In fact, Section 393.1015.2(2) explicitly directs the Staff to examine the Company's information to determine two distinct matters: whether projects qualify as ISRS-eligible and whether the charges were properly calculated. The section goes on to state that "No other revenue requirement or ratemaking issues may be examined in consideration of the petition..." While Laclede looks forward to demonstrating the customer benefits of a compensation plan that includes incentives, that demonstration must occur in a general rate case, and not in an ISRS case. Indeed, when calculating ISRS charges, the ISRS Statute specifically directs the Commission to consider only income and property tax rates, capital structure, cost of capital and depreciation rates. (Section 393.1015.4 RSMo).

1	Q.	HAS THE STAFF OF THE COMMISSION RECOGNIZED THE LIMITED
2		NATURE OF THE AUDIT SCOPE IN ISRS PROCEEDINGS IN THE PAST?
3	A.	Yes. Staff accurately summarized its role in an ISRS audit in a Recommendation and
4		Memorandum filed on March 31, 2015 in a Laclede ISRS case, Case No. GO-2015-0178,
5		as follows:
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17		"While Section 393.1015.2(2) allows the Staff to perform an examination of an ISRS filing and make a report of its examination to the Commission, Section 393.1015.2(2) also places two significant restrictions on the Staff's ISRS examination. First, the Staff must submit a reportno later than sixty days after a utility files an ISRS application. The second significant audit scope restriction is that the Staff is prohibited from examining any other revenue requirement or ratemaking issues (such as increases in revenues or decreases in other costs that may offset the need for an ISRS)." (Staff Memorandum, p. 3)
18		appropriate capital structure and capital cost rates, income tax rates, return on plant,
19		depreciation expense, property taxes, depreciation reserve, and deferred income taxes."
20		(Id.)
21		Notably, this analysis of the Staff's audit function was authored by Charles Hyneman,
22		then of Staff's Audit Department. Yet Mr. Hyneman, now an auditor and witness for
23		OPC, is attempting to raise in these 2016 ISRS cases the very type of ratemaking issue
24		that he acknowledged did not belong in Laclede's 2015 ISRS case.
25	Q.	DOES MR. HYNEMAN'S PROPOSAL HAVE FARTHER REACHING
26		IMPLICATIONS FOR THE EFFECTIVE OPERATION OF THE ISRS PROCESS
27		IF THE COMMISSION ALLOWS IT TO BE CONSIDERED IN THIS
28		PROCEEDING?

A. Yes. Mr. Hyneman's recommendation appears to be nothing more than an impermissible tactic to introduce red herring issues that seemingly require Commission decisions so as to delay the implementation of new ISRS rates. It leads one to wonder what general rate case issues will be raised next in the context of an ISRS proceeding. Rate case issues are specifically prohibited from being considered so that ISRS filings can be processed in the timely manner contemplated by the ISRS statute.

Q. DOES MR. HYNEMAN'S OWN TESTIMONY INDICATE THAT THIS IS AN ISSUE THAT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED IN A RATE CASE?

A.

A. Yes. Each of the instances cited by Mr. Hyneman where this or a similar issue was considered by the Commission happened in a rate case. And that is exactly where the issue belongs, given the kind of information that would need to be developed to properly litigate such an issue, including the actual structure and purpose of any incentive compensation, any information on the actual impact of such incentive compensation, and how such compensation works in tandem with other forms of compensation. The complexity and breadth of these types of issues are precisely why the legislature excluded them from consideration in ISRS cases.

17 Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY OTHER COMMENTS ON MR. HYNEMAN'S 18 TESTIMONY REGARDING THIS MATTER?

I just want to note that Mr. Hyneman seems to make some spurious allegations regarding the Company's accounting practices (p. 17, l. 1-22). I can assure the Commission that the Company tracks its compensation costs, and all other costs for that matter, consistent with good accounting practices and in compliance with the FERC system of accounts. Mr. Hyneman was discussing only one small component of administrative and general

overheads capitalized. Overheads capitalized are clearly visible within our capital work orders but are not charged to capital work orders with the granularity that Mr. Hyneman is suggesting, nor should they be.

Effect of Incidental Plastic Pipe Replacement

- 9 HAVE YOU REVIEWED MR. HYNEMAN'S COMMENTS REGARDING THE
 ELIGIBILITY OF COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE LACLEDE'S AND MGE'S
 CAST IRON AND STEEL REPLACEMENT PROJECTS IN THOSE INSTANCES
 WHERE SOME PLASTIC FACILITIES ARE ALSO REPLACED AS PART OF
 THOSE PROJECTS (p. 5, l. 27 p. 11, l. 6)?
- Yes. I will discuss OPC's analysis of pipe additions and retirements for the specific work orders shown on the chart at the bottom of page 7 and will also discuss the effect "early retirements" have on the ISRS filings pending before the Commission. Company Witness Mark Lauber will discuss the operational, economic, and safety reasons that plastic mains and services are being retired as part of the cast iron and steel replacement programs ongoing in our Laclede and MGE operating units.
- 16 Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH OPC'S FOOTAGE INFORMATION PROVIDED ON
 17 THE CHART AT THE BOTTOM OF PAGE 7 OF MR. HYNEMAN'S
 18 TESTIMONY?
- 19 A. No. The chart is both incorrect factually as well as in the context of feet of main replaced
 20 by material type as compared to service line footage replaced.
- 21 Q. HOW IS THE CHART FACTUALLY INCORRECT?
- A. The Company has not been able to duplicate Mr. Hyneman's calculations, so I cannot determine the source of his inaccuracy. Unfortunately, OPC did not provide workpapers

related to the testimony as required by the Order Establishing Procedural Schedule. It is possible that the inaccuracy in the chart was caused at least in part by OPC's use of preliminary estimates rather than actual data.

4 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN.

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As part of the materials submitted to the Staff and OPC with the initial ISRS workpapers, the Company supplied all work order authorization lead (or top) sheets for work orders over \$50,000 in value. The Company supplies lead sheets because they are used to determine the ISRS eligibility of the project. In a DR, OPC asked for, and received, backup sheets behind the work order lead sheets. The figures on the backup sheets are based on preliminary estimates that are later supplemented with actual data.

Q. WHAT ARE THE ACTUAL FIGURES?

12 A. Rebuttal Schedule GWB-1 is based on actual, as completed, information and provides an
13 analysis of the work orders that OPC attempted to analyze on page 7 of its direct
14 testimony. For example, on work order 900547, 6,896 feet of cast iron main (and 2,125
15 feet of other main) was retired, while only 6,306 feet of new plastic main was installed.

16 Q. IS IT UNUSUAL IN THE ISRS FOR A SMALLER AMOUNT OF MAIN TO 17 REPLACE A LARGER AMOUNT OF MAIN?

No. As Company witness Lauber can discuss, it is not an uncommon occurrence that more main will be retired on a work order than is being installed due to more efficient installation methods as well as the reduced need to provide back-feed as the system is moved from low pressure to intermediate pressure. Similarly, on work order 900547, almost 3,000 more feet of service line was replaced than installed. Mr. Lauber is

providing testimony of why it is necessary to replace service lines (including plastic service lines) as part of the cast iron replacement program.

Q. DOES THE EARLY RETIREMENT OF PLASTIC MAINS CAUSE THE COMPANIES' ISRS REQUESTS TO INCREASE?

A. No. In fact its quite the opposite. By retiring newer vintages of plastic, our customers are receiving the benefit of reduced depreciation expense related to plastic pipe being retired. Rebuttal Schedule GWB-2 gives an example of how property accounting works for a plant investment that is retired early. As can be shown by the example, when an asset is retired, the net plant investment doesn't change but the amount of depreciation expense related to the retired plant goes down. This reduction in the depreciation expense related to the retired pipe is passed on to the consumer as part of the ISRS filing. For the nine work orders discussed in OPC testimony, the reduced depreciation expense related to the plastic pipe that was retired amounted to almost \$53,000 on an annual basis, thus reducing the ISRS request by this amount.

15 Q. ARE THERE OTHER ECONOMIC IMPLICATIONS OF LEAVING THE 16 INTERSPERSED PLASTIC MAIN IN PLACE?

As Company Witness Lauber can explain in further detail, it would be uneconomic from a construction standpoint to connect to plastic mains that are often buried at a lower depth than main that is being installed today. Further, most of the plastic that is woven into the current cast iron system is buried under pavement so the cost to uncover, reconnect, rebury and, repave the interspersed plastic would be much more costly than abandoning it in place, thereby putting upward pressure on ISRS rates.

Q. DOES THIS COMPLETE YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

1 A. Yes.

Summary of OPC Work Orders

	Mains					
Work	Footage	Cast Iron	Other	Total		
Order	Installed	Installed Retirements Retirements		Retirements		
900547	6,306	6,306 6,896 2,125		9,021		
900546	6,639	6,639 7,252 536		7,788		
900836	5,335	4,259	1,409	5,668		
900983	3,676	4,269	-	4,269		
900882	2,190	2,190 3,301 1,642		4,943		
900609	3,517	3,517 2,597 1,377		3,974		
900747	9,373	9,819	9,819 123			
901163	1,913	2,077	443	2,520		
901090	4,884	4,884 4,128 1,162		5,290		
Totals	43,833	333 44,598 8,8		53,415		

		Services					
	Steel /						
Work	Footage	Footage Copper Copper		Total			
Order	Installed	Retirements	Retirements	Retirements			
900547	6,390	2,604	6,654	9,258			
900546	3,903	2,364 4,022		6,386			
900836	6,793	3,691	3,909	7,600			
900983	5,926	2,307	3,568	5,875			
900882	15,624	1,151 6,66°		7,812			
900609	3,521	2,837	1,842	4,679			
900747	3,613	1,304	2,585	3,889			
901163	714	404	1,106	1,510			
901090	6,196	2,394	2,394 3,876				
Totals	52,680	19,056	34,223	53,279			

Note: WO 900882 Installed footage is not yet available for services, assumed installed amount was equal to amount retired

Example of Early Retirement on ISRS

Assumptions

Investment (Year 0)

Depreciation Rate (10 year life, no salvage)
Retired at the beginning of year 9

15,000 10%

							Depreciation Expense
		Gross I		Accum. Depr		Net	Paid by
Year		Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit	Plant	Customers
0		15,000					
	Bal	15,000			-	15,000	
1					1,500		1,500
	Bal	15,000			1,500	13,500	
2					1,500		1,500
	Bal	15,000			3,000	12,000	
3					1,500		1,500
	Bal	15,000			4,500	10,500	
4					1,500		1,500
	Bal	15,000			6,000	9,000	
5					1,500		1,500
	Bal	15,000			7,500	7,500	
6		,			1,500	•	1,500
	Bal	15,000			9,000	6,000	·
7		,			1,500	•	1,500
	Bal	15,000			10,500	4,500	·
8		,,,,,,,			1,500	,	1,500
	Bal	15,000			12,000	3,000	
9		, . 30	15,000	15,000	-,	-,	\$0
	Bal	-			(3,000)	3,000	

Net Plant Does Not Change

Annual Depreciation Expense decreases by: \$1,500

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of the Application of Lacledo Gas Company to Change its Infrastructure System Replacement Surcharge in its Missouri Gas Energy Service Territory	,)))	File No. G0-2016-0332	
In The Matter of the Application of Lacled Gas Company to Change its Infrastructure System Replacement Surcharge in its Laclede Gas Service Territory	e))))	File No. GO-2016-0333	
	AFFIDAY	VIT	-	
STATE OF MISSOURI)	a	a	
CITY OF ST. LOUIS)	S	S.	

Glenn W. Buck, of lawful age, being first duly sworn, deposes and states:

- 1. My name is Glenn W. Buck. My business address is 700 Market Street, St. Louis, MO 63101 and I am the Director, Regulatory and Finance for Laclede Gas Company, including its Laclede Gas and Missouri Gas Energy ("MGE") operating units.
- Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my rebuttal testimony on behalf of Laclede Gas Company and MGE.
- I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the attached rebuttal testimony to the questions therein propounded are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Glenn W Buch_

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22nd day of December, 2016.

MARCIA A. SPANGLER Notary Public - Notary Seal STATE OF MISSOURI St. Louis County My Commission Expires: Sept. 24, 2018 Marcia a. Spangler Notary Public