

Exhibit No.: \_\_\_\_\_  
Issues: Depreciation  
Witness: John J. Spanos  
Exhibit Type: Direct  
Sponsoring Party: Missouri-American Water Company  
Case No.: WR-2007-XXXX  
SR-2007-XXX  
Date: December 15, 2006

**MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**

**CASE NO. WR-2007-XXXX  
CASE No. SR-2007-XXX**

**DIRECT TESTIMONY**

**OF**

**JOHN J. SPANOS**

**ON BEHALF OF**

**MISSOURI-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY**

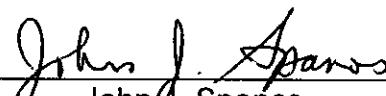
**JEFFERSON CITY, MISSOURI**

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION  
OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

IN THE MATTER OF MISSOURI-AMERICAN )	
WATER COMPANY FOR AUTHORITY TO )	
FILE TARIFFS REFLECTING INCREASED )	CASE NO. WR-2007-XXXX
RATES FOR WATER AND SEWER )	CASE NO. SR-2007-XXX
SERVICE )	

**AFFIDAVIT OF JOHN J. SPANOS**

John J. Spanos, being first duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the witness who sponsors the accompanying testimony entitled "Direct Testimony of John J. Spanos"; that said testimony and schedules were prepared by him and/or under his direction and supervision; that if inquires were made as to the facts in said testimony and schedules, he would respond as therein set forth; and that the aforesaid testimony and schedules are true and correct to the best of his knowledge.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
John J. Spanos

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
County of Cumberland

SUBSCRIBED and sworn to  
Before me this 11th day of December 2006.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Notary Public

My commission expires: February 20, 2007

NOTARIAL SEAL CHERYL ANN RUTTER, Notary Public Camp Hill Boro, Cumberland County My Commission Expires Feb. 20, 2007
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**DIRECT TESTIMONY  
JOHN J. SPANOS  
MISSOURI-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY  
CASE NO. WR.2007.XXXX  
SR.2007.XXX**

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## INTRODUCTION

**1. Q. Please state your name and address.**

A. John J. Spanos. My business address is 207 Senate Avenue, Camp Hill, Pennsylvania.

**2. Q. With what firm are you associated?**

A. I am associated with the firm of Gannett Fleming, Inc.

**3. Q. How long have you been associated with Gannett Fleming?**

A. I have been associated with the firm since college graduation in June 1986.

**4. Q. What is your position in the firm?**

A. I am Vice President of the Valuation and Rate Division.

**5. Q. What is your educational background?**

A. I have Bachelor of Science degrees in Industrial Management and Mathematics from Carnegie-Mellon University and a Master of Business Administration from York College of Pennsylvania.

**6. Q. Are you a member of any professional societies?**

A. Yes. I am a member of the Society of Depreciation Professionals and the American Gas Association/Edison Electric Institute Industry Accounting Committee.

**7. Q. Have you taken the certification examination for depreciation professionals?**

A. Yes. I passed the certification examination of the Society of Depreciation Professionals in September 1997 and was recertified in August 2003.

**8. Q. Will you outline your experience in the field of depreciation?**

A. In June 1986, I was employed by Gannett Fleming Valuation and Rate

1 Consultants, Inc. as a Depreciation Analyst. During the period from June  
2 1986 to December 1995, I took part in the preparation of numerous  
3 depreciation and original cost studies for utility companies in various  
4 industries. Depreciation studies of telephone companies were performed for  
5 United Telephone of Pennsylvania, United Telephone of New Jersey and  
6 Anchorage Telephone Utility. My work in the railroad industry included  
7 depreciation studies for Union Pacific Railroad, Burlington Northern Railroad  
8 and Wisconsin Central Transportation Corporation.

9 Assignments in the electric industry included depreciation studies for  
10 Chugach Electric Association, The Cincinnati Gas and Electric Company, The  
11 Union Light, Heat & Power Company, Northwest Territories Power  
12 Corporation and the City of Calgary - Electric System. Pipeline industry  
13 assignments included studies for TransCanada Pipelines Limited, Trans  
14 Mountain Pipe Line Company Ltd., Interprovincial Pipe Line Inc., Nova Gas  
15 Transmission Limited and Lakehead Pipeline Company.

16 My work for the gas industry included depreciation studies for  
17 Columbia Gas of Pennsylvania, Columbia Gas of Maryland, The Peoples  
18 Natural Gas Company, T. W. Phillips Gas & Oil Company, The Cincinnati Gas  
19 and Electric Company, The Union Light, Heat & Power Company,  
20 Lawrenceburg Gas Company and Penn Fuel Gas, Inc. Assignments in the  
21 water industry included depreciation studies for Indiana-American Water  
22 Company, Consumers Pennsylvania Water Company and The York Water  
23 Company; and depreciation and original cost studies for Philadelphia  
24 Suburban Water Company and Pennsylvania-American Water Company.

1           My participation in each of the above studies included assembly and  
2           analysis of historical and simulated data, field reviews, the development of  
3           preliminary estimates of service life and net salvage, calculations of annual  
4           depreciation, and the preparation of reports for submission to state or  
5           provincial public utility commissions or federal regulatory agencies. I  
6           performed these studies under the general direction of William M. Stout, P.E.,  
7           the President of Gannett Fleming Valuation and Rate Consultants, Inc.

8           In January 1996, I was assigned to the position of Supervisor of  
9           Depreciation Studies. In July 1999, I was promoted to the position of  
10          Manager, Depreciation and Valuation Studies. In December 2000, I was  
11          promoted to my current position as Vice President of Gannett Fleming  
12          Valuation and Rate Consultants, Inc., now the Valuation and Rate Division of  
13          Gannett Fleming, Inc. I am responsible for all depreciation, valuation and  
14          original cost studies, including the preparation of final exhibits and responses  
15          to data requests for submission to the appropriate regulatory body.

16          Since January 1996, I have conducted depreciation studies similar to those  
17          previously listed including assignments for Hampton Water Works Company,  
18          Omaha Public Power District, Enbridge Pipe Line Company, Inc., Columbia  
19          Gas of Virginia, Inc., Virginia Natural Gas Company, National Fuel Gas  
20          Distribution Corporation - New York and Pennsylvania Divisions, The City of  
21          Bethlehem - Bureau of Water, The City of Coatesville Authority, The City of  
22          Lancaster - Bureau of Water, Peoples Energy Corporation, The York Water  
23          Company, Public Service Company of Colorado, Reliant Energy-HLP,  
24          Massachusetts-American Water Company, St. Louis County Water Company,

1 Missouri-American Water Company, Chugach Electric Association, Alliant  
2 Energy, Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, Nevada Power Company,  
3 Dominion Virginia Power, NUI-Virginia Gas Companies, PSI Energy, NUI -  
4 Elizabethtown Gas Company, Cinergy Corporation – CG&E, Cinergy  
5 Corporation – ULH&P, Columbia Gas of Kentucky, SCANA, Inc., Idaho Power  
6 Company, El Paso Electric Company, Central Hudson Gas & Electric,  
7 Centennial Pipeline Company, CenterPoint Energy-Arkansas, CenterPoint  
8 Energy – Oklahoma, CenterPoint Energy – Entex, CenterPoint Energy -  
9 Louisiana, NSTAR – Boston Edison Company, Westar Energy, Inc., South  
10 Jersey Gas Company, Duquesne Light Company, MidAmerican Energy  
11 Company, Laclede Gas, Duke Energy Company, Bonneville Power  
12 Administration, NSTAR Electric and Gas Company, EPCOR Distribution, Inc.  
13 and B. C. Gas Utility, Ltd. My additional duties include determining final life  
14 and salvage estimates, conducting field reviews, presenting recommended  
15 depreciation rates to management for its consideration and supporting such  
16 rates before regulatory bodies.

17 **9. Q. Have you previously testified on the subject of depreciation?**

18 A. Yes. I have submitted testimony to the Pennsylvania Public Utility  
19 Commission, the Commonwealth of Kentucky Public Service Commission,  
20 the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, the Nevada Public Utility  
21 Commission, the Public Utilities Board of New Jersey, the Missouri Public  
22 Service Commission and the Massachusetts Department of  
23 Telecommunications and Energy, the Alberta Energy & Utility Board, the  
24 Idaho Public Utility Commission, the Louisiana Public Service Commission,

1 the State Corporation Commission of Kansas, the Oklahoma Corporate  
2 Commission, The Public Service Commission of South Carolina, Railroad  
3 Commission of Texas – Gas Services Division, the New York Public Service  
4 Commission, Illinois Commerce Commission, the Indiana Utility Regulatory  
5 Commission, the California Public Utilities Commission, The Federal Energy  
6 Regulatory Commission (FERC), the Arkansas Public Service Commission,  
7 the Public Utility Commission of Texas, the Regulatory Commission of  
8 Alaska, and the North Carolina Utilities Commission.

9 **10. Q. What is the extent of your formal instruction with respect to utility plant**  
10 **depreciation?**

11 A. I have completed the "Techniques of Life Analysis", "Techniques of Salvage  
12 and Depreciation Analysis", "Forecasting Life and Salvage", "Modeling and  
13 Life Analysis Using Simulation" and "Managing a Depreciation Study"  
14 programs conducted by Depreciation Programs, Inc. Also, I have completed  
15 the "Introduction to Public Utility Accounting" program conducted by the  
16 American Gas Association.

17 **11. Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?**

18 A. My testimony is in support of the depreciation study conducted under my  
19 direction and supervision for Missouri-American Water Company (the  
20 "Company"). Based upon that study, I am recommending that new  
21 depreciation accrual rates be adopted by the Company.



## OVERVIEW

**12. Q. Please describe what you mean by the term “depreciation”.**

A. “Depreciation” refers to the loss in service value not restored by current maintenance, incurred in connection with the consumption or prospective retirement of utility plant in the course of service from causes which can be reasonably anticipated or contemplated, against which the Company is not protected by insurance. Among the causes to be given consideration are wear and tear, decay, action of the elements, inadequacy, obsolescence, changes in the art, changes in demand, and the requirements of public authorities. Depreciation accrual rates are used to allocate, for accounting purposes, the cost of assets over their service lives.

In the study that I performed and that is the basis for my testimony, I used the straight line whole life method of depreciation, with the average service life procedure to develop recommended depreciation accrual rates. In addition, I calculated the amount required to amortize the variance between the book depreciation reserve and the calculated accrued depreciation. The total annual depreciation is based on a system of depreciation accounting which aims to distribute the cost of fixed capital assets over the estimated useful life of the unit, or group of assets, in a systematic and rational manner.

For General Plant Accounts 340.1, 340.2, 340.3, 340.5, 342, 343, 344, 346.1, 346.2, 347 and 348; I used the straight line method of amortization. The annual amortization is based on amortization accounting which distributes the unrecovered cost of fixed capital assets over the remaining amortization period selected for each account and vintage.

1 **13. Q. Have you prepared an exhibit presenting the results of your study?**

2 A. Yes. The report titled, "Depreciation Study – Calculated Annual Depreciation  
3 Accruals Related to Utility Plant as of December 31, 2005" which has been  
4 marked Exhibit No. JJS-1 sets forth the results of my study.

5 **14. Q. How did you determine the recommended annual depreciation accrual**  
6 **rates?**

7 A. The determination of annual depreciation accrual rates consists of two  
8 phases. In the first phase, service life and net salvage characteristics are  
9 estimated for each depreciable group, that is, each plant account or  
10 subaccount identified as having similar characteristics. In the second phase,  
11 the annual depreciation accrual rates are calculated based on the service life  
12 and net salvage estimates determined in the first phase.

13 **ESTIMATION OF SERVICE LIFE AND NET SALVAGE**

14 **15. Q. Please describe the first phase of the study, that is, the manner in which**  
15 **you estimated the service life and net salvage characteristics for each**  
16 **depreciable group.**

17 A. The service life and net salvage study consisted of compiling historical data  
18 from records related to the Company's plant; analyzing these data to obtain  
19 historical trends of survivor and salvage characteristics; obtaining  
20 supplementary information from management and operating personnel  
21 concerning the Company's practices and plans as they relate to plant  
22 operations; and interpreting the above data to form judgments of average  
23 service life and net salvage characteristics.

24 **16. Q. What historical data did you analyze for the purpose of estimating the**

**service life characteristics of the Company's plant?**

A. The data consisted of the entries made by the Company to record plant transactions through 2005. The transactions included additions, retirements, transfers and the related balances. The Company, in accordance with my instructions, classified the data by depreciable group, type of transaction, the year in which the transaction took place, and the year in which the plant was installed.

**17. Q. What method did you use to analyze this service life data?**

A. I used the retirement rate method. That method is the most appropriate when aged retirement data are available, because it develops the average rates of retirement actually experienced during the period of study. Other methods of life analysis infer the rates of retirement based on a selected type survivor curve.

**18. Q. Please describe the results of your use of the retirement rate method.**

A. Each retirement rate analysis resulted in a life table which, when plotted, formed an original survivor curve. Each original survivor curve as plotted from the life table represents the average survivor pattern experienced by the several vintage groups during the experience band studied. Inasmuch as this survivor pattern does not necessarily describe the life characteristics of the property group, interpretation of the original curves is required in order to use them as valid considerations in service life estimation. Iowa type survivor curves were used in these interpretations.

**19. Q. Please explain briefly what an "Iowa-type survivor curve" is and how you use it in estimating service life characteristics for each depreciable**

1           **group.**

2    A.       The range of survivor characteristics usually experienced by utility and  
3           industrial properties is encompassed by a system of generalized survivor  
4           curves known as the Iowa type curves. The Iowa curves were developed at  
5           the Iowa State College Engineering Experiment Station through an extensive  
6           process of observation and classification of the ages at which industrial  
7           property had been retired.

8                 Iowa type curves are used to smooth and extrapolate original  
9           survivor curves determined by the retirement rate method. The Iowa curves  
10          and truncated Iowa curves were used in this study to describe the forecasted  
11          rates of retirement based on the observed rates of retirement and the outlook  
12          for future retirements.

13                The estimated survivor curve designations for each depreciable  
14          group indicate the average service life, the family within the Iowa system and  
15          the relative height of the mode. For example, the Iowa 90-R2 indicates an  
16          average service life of ninety years; a right-moded, or R, type curve (the  
17          mode occurs after average life for right-moded curves); and a moderate  
18          height, 2, for the mode (possible modes for R type curves range from 1 to 5).

19   **20. Q.   What historical data did you analyze for the purpose of estimating net**  
20   **salvage characteristics?**

21          A.   The data consisted of the entries made by the Company to record  
22          retirements, cost of removal and gross salvage during the period 1974  
23          through 2005.

24   **21. Q.   What method did you use to analyze this net salvage data?**

1 A. The net salvage data were analyzed by expressing the net salvage and its  
2 two components, cost of removal and gross salvage, as percents of the  
3 original cost retired on annual, three-year moving average and most recent  
4 five-year average bases. The use of averages smooths the annual  
5 fluctuations and assists in identifying underlying trends.

6 **22. Q. Please describe the manner in which you used the analyses of net**  
7 **salvage to estimate net salvage percents.**

8 A. The results of the net salvage analyses provided indications of historical net  
9 salvage levels. The judgments of net salvage incorporated these historical  
10 indications and consideration of estimates made for other water companies.

#### 12 **CALCULATION OF DEPRECIATION**

13 **23. Q. Please describe the second phase of the process that you used, that is,**  
14 **the calculation of annual depreciation accrual rates.**

15 A. After I estimated the service life and net salvage characteristics for each  
16 depreciable group, I calculated annual depreciation accrual rates for each  
17 group in accordance with the straight line remaining life method, using the  
18 average service life procedure.

19 **24. Q. What group procedure is being used in this proceeding for depreciable**  
20 **accounts?**

21 A. The average service life procedure is used in the current proceeding for all  
22 depreciable accounts and installation years. The average service procedure  
23 also was used in the Company's last rate proceeding.

24 **25. Q. Please describe briefly the amortization of certain General Plant**

**accounts.**

A. General Plant Accounts 340.1, 340.2, 340.3, 340.5, 342, 343, 344, 346.1, 346.2, 347 and 348 include a very large number of units, but represent less than four percent of depreciable utility plant. Depreciation accounting is difficult for these assets, inasmuch as periodic inventories are required to properly reflect plant in service. In amortization accounting, units of property are capitalized in the same manner as they are in depreciation accounting. However, retirements are recorded when a vintage is fully amortized rather than as the units are removed from service. That is, there is no dispersion of retirement. All units are retired when the age of the vintage reaches the amortization period.

## DESCRIPTION OF REPORT

**26. Q. Please outline the contents of your report.**

A. My report is presented in three parts. Introduction includes statements related to the scope and basis of the depreciation study. Methods Used in the Estimation of Depreciation includes descriptions of the estimation of survivor curves and net salvage and the calculation of annual depreciation accrual rates.

Results of Study presents a description of the results, summaries of the depreciation calculations, graphs and tables which relate to the service life and net salvage studies, and the detailed depreciation calculations.

Table 1 on pages III-4 and III-5 presents the estimated survivor curve, the net salvage percent, the original cost as of December 31, 2005, the calculated annual depreciation accrual amount and rate, book reserve, future

accruals and the composite remaining life for each account or subaccount. The section beginning on page III-7 presents the results of the retirement rate analyses prepared as the historical bases for the service life estimates. The section beginning on page III-164 presents the results of the analyses of historical net salvage data. The section beginning on page III-191 presents the depreciation calculations related to surviving original cost as of December 31, 2005.

**27. Q. Please use an example to illustrate the manner in which the study is presented in the report.**

A. I will use Account 331, Mains - Transmission and Distribution, as my example, inasmuch as it is a large depreciable group and is representative of the presentation.

The retirement rate method was used to analyze the survivor characteristics of this group. The life tables for the 1939-2005 and 1976-2005 experience bands are presented on pages III-101 through III-108 of the report. The life tables, or original survivor curves, are plotted along with the estimated smooth survivor curve, the 90-R2 on page III-100. The net salvage analysis for the period 1974 through 2005 is presented on pages III-178 and III-179.

The calculation of the annual depreciation accrual rate related to the original cost at December 31, 2005, of utility plant is presented on pages III-233 through III-236. The calculation is based on the 90-R2 survivor curve, negative thirty-five percent net salvage and the attained age. The tabulation sets forth the installation year, the original cost, calculated accrued

1 depreciation, allocated book reserve, future accruals, remaining life and  
2 annual accrual amount. The totals are brought forward to the table on page  
3 III-4.

#### 4 **RECOMMENDATION**

5 **28. Q. What is your recommendation regarding annual depreciation accrual**  
6 **rates for the Company?**

7 A. I recommend that the Company use a composite annual depreciation accrual  
8 rate for each account or subaccount. My recommended depreciation accrual  
9 rates, based on the depreciation study, are set forth for each account in  
10 column 6 of Table 1 on pages III-4 and III-5 of Exhibit JJS-1. In my opinion,  
11 these are reasonable and appropriate depreciation accrual rates for the  
12 Company.

13 **29. Q. Are your recommended depreciation accrual rates reasonable for plant**  
14 **added subsequent to December 31, 2005?**

15 A. Yes. The annual depreciation accrual rates calculated as of December 31,  
16 2005, can reasonably be applied to the total balance including new plant  
17 additions during the next several years.

18 **30. Q. Are the composite annual depreciation accrual rates from this**  
19 **Depreciation Study going to be implemented as of January 1, 2006?**

20 A. No, they are not.

21 **31. Q. Please explain why the depreciation study recommended rates are not**  
22 **being implemented.**

23 A. The recommended rates from the depreciation study require a large increase  
24 for many customers due to the consolidation of all districts into one study.



1           Therefore, in an effort to mitigate the large increase, the Company has  
2           decided to transition the rates from their current level to the proposed level  
3           over a few years.

4   **32. Q.   Is this a reasonable approach to mitigating the impact on customers?**

5       A.   Yes, it is. Although, this process may take a little longer for the actual reserve  
6       to align with the theoretical reserve, the methodology is the most appropriate  
7       for this type of system consolidation and customer equity.

8   **33. Q.   Does this complete your direct testimony?**

9       A.   Yes, it does.