From SimpleScanStation 6/14/2024 10:09:35 Total Pages:25

Fax

To: Sarah Fontaine

Fax Number: 15735261500

From: Merlon Jonee Ragland

Subject: EVERGY IN DISHONOR/DEFAULT

Note: EVERGY HAS BEEN PAID

Merlon- Jonee: Ragland

[redacted]

June 13, 2024

Evergy
1200 Main Street
Kansas City, Missouri 64105
816-556-2200

RE: Cease & Desist

Dear Evergy:

Any and all actions according to Evergy surrounding payment of utility bills. Evergy has been paid and agreed that they have been paid because they have accepted the endorsed security in full value without correction or returning the cash instrument/security. (according to the Bills of Exchange Act of 1882, and 2023.) I, Merlon Jonee Ragland, Secured Creditor have sent EVERGY lawful United
States currency, remedy for discharge that has been accepted.
EVERGY sent me a bill in my name. I accept for full value, then I became the holder in due course once I endorsed it. Then I became the payee/drawee. I gave instruction on the cash instrument (Bill of Exchange). Once endorsed it became a bond security with a dividend and to be paid to the ACCEPTOR/DRAWEE/PAYEE/BEARER

I demand that you cease and desist from this activity immediately from your receipt of this letter. If you do not take action to cease and desist within the given time frame, I will have no choice but to take appropriate legal action against you.

Sincerely,

Merlon- Jonee: Ragland

Certified Mail # 7014 2120 0004 1308 5839

From: Merlon- Jonee: Ragland
[redacted]
Secured Party

Attention: Kirkland B. Andrews, CFO
To: EVERGY
1200 MAIN STREET
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64105
Respondent

Fourth or Fifth letter June 13th , 2024

RE: Account Number [redacted], [redacted], [redacted]

AFFIDAVIT OF NOTICE OF DEFAULT

State of Missouri)
)ss
Jackson County)

NOTICE TO AGENT IS NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL.
NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL IS NOTICE TO AGENT.

"Indeed, no more than (affidavits) is necessary to make the prima facie case."
United States v. Kis, 658 F. 2nd, 526, 536 (7th Cir. 1981); Cert Denied, 50 U.S. L.W. 2169; S. Ct. March 22, 1982

I, Merlon-Jonee: Ragland, herein 'Affiant', an Indigenous woman, Non- United States Citizen National of the United States for America (USA), being first duly sworn, depose, say, and declare by my signature that the following facts are true, correct, and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

1. THAT Affiant is competent to state the matters included in her declaration, has knowledge of the facts, and declared that to the best of her knowledge, the statements made in this affidavit are true, correct, and not meant to mislead.

2. THAT Affiant is the secured party, fiduciary, agent, superior claimant, holder in due course, and principal creditor having a registered priority lien hold interest to all property held in the name of the Debtor, MERLON JONEE RAGLAND, evidenced by UCC-1 Financing Statement # [redacted] filed with the Kansas Secretary of State and notification given to the Missouri Secretary of State.

3. Subject to the provisions of this Act, when a bill has been dishonored by nonacceptance or by non-payment, notice of dishonor must be given to the drawer and each endorser, and any drawer or endorser to whom such notice is not given is discharged: **EVERGY HAS BEEN PAID**

4. The International Bill of Exchange is legal tender as a national bank note, note of a national Banking Association, by legal and /or statutory definition (UCC 4-105, 12CFR 229.2, 210.2, 12 USC 1813, issued under authority of the United States Code 31 USC 392, 5103, which officially defines this as a statutory legal tender of THE UNITED STATES, and is issued in accordance with 31 USC 3123 and HJR-192 (1933) which establish and provide for the issuance as "Public Policy" in remedy for discharge of

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3. Subject to the provisions of this Act, when a bill has been dishonored by nonacceptance or by non-payment, notice of dishonor must be given to the drawer and each endorser, and any drawer or endorser to whom such notice is not given is discharged: **EVERGY HAS BEEN PAID**

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5. THAT the Respondent is in Default, failed to contest acceptance and is in agreement through silence/acquiescence.

Violation of Laws Listed:

400.3-301.Person entitled to enforce Instrument.

400.3-302. Holde, In due course.

400.3•306. Claims to an instrument

400.1 ·308. Performance or acceptance under reservation of rights.

400.3-308. Proof of signature and status as holder In due course.

400.3 ·419. Instrument signed for accommodation.

(EXTREMELY IMPORTANT)400.3-420. CONVERSION OF INSTRUMENT.

400.4-211. When Bank gives value for purposes of holder In due course.

400.3-501 Presentment.

400.3-401. Signature.

400.3-402. Signature by representative.

400.4-201. Status of collecting bank as agent and provisional status of credits • applicability of article • item endorsed • pay any bank •.

400.4-204. Methods of sending and presenting • sending directly to pay or bank.

400.4-203. Effect of Instn.1C1ion1.

400.3-602. Payment.

400.3-603. Tender of payment.

400.3-605. Discharge of endorsers and accommodation parties.

400.4-105. Bank. Depositary Bank. payor Bank - intermediary Bank. collecting bank. presenting bank.

400.4-106. Payable through or payable at bank• collecting bank.

400.3-601. Discharge and effect of discharge.

400.3-604 Discharge by cancellation or renunciation. Also, additional options when or if necessary

400.4-110 Electronic presentment

400.2a-501 Default-procedure

400.3-307 Notice of breach of fiduciary duty.

31 USC 3123 Payment of Obligations and interest on the public debt

6. "I declare, certify, verify, or state under pain penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct." Executed 13TH, day of June 2024.

Without Prejudice
Authorized Representative, Attorney-in-Fact,

Merlon-Jonee: Ragland, Affiant
Secured Creditor

NOTICE

Using a notary on this document does not constitute any adhesion, nor does it alter my status in any manner. The purpose for notarization is verification and identification only and not for entrance into any foreign jurisdiction.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

As a Notary Public for said County and State, I do hereby certify that on this 14th day of , 2024, that Merlon- Jonee: Ragland, the above-mentioned, appeared before me and executed the foregoing. Witness my hand and seal:

BENNETT MILLER
Notary Public-Notary Seal
STATE OF MISSOURI
Jackson County
My Commission Expires 01/02/2028
Commission # 24592759

_____

NOTARY PUBLIC

My Commission Expires: 01/02/2028

Notary Signature: Bennett Miller

AFFIDAVIT OF TRUTH
BILL OF EQUITY, EXCLUSIVE EQUITY, &
EQUITY IN LAW

The State of Missouri)
) S.S.
County of Jackson)

I, Merlon- Jonee: Ragland, of [redacted] in [redacted] [redacted] MAKE OATH AND SAY THAT:

1. I, Merlon- Jonee of the House of Ragland, the undersigned affiant, a living woman upon the land of Missouri, and not a corporation or legal fiction, etc., born upon the land in the republic of Missouri on the 11th day of December 1965, declare that I am of majority and competent to state the matters set forth herein with first-hand knowledge of the facts and that they are true, correct, not misleading, and certain, admissible as evidence.

2. On April 19, 2024, Merlon Jonee Ragland, complainant, agent, Investor, Trustee, Authorized Representative filed with the Missouri Public service Commission ('Commission") a formal complaint against EVERGY METRO, INC. d/b/a EVERGY MISSOURI METRO (

Merlon- Jonee: Ragland is the secured creditor, TTE, POA, and Authorized Representative of MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST, (Common Law, and Irrevocable) The Trust is not setup as a corporation, Limited Liability Company. It is a private trust.

Merlon Jonee Ragland, complainant, agent, Investor, Trustee, Authorized Representative am foreign to the US Corporation and have the right to utilize the Bill of Exchange Act in tendering the EVERGY bill (short for Bill of Exchange) because it becomes a cash instrument, which is legal tender. and Payment has been sent and is PAID according to legislation of law. 400.3-603 Tender of Payment,400.3-301 Person entitled to enforce instrument, 400.3.302 Holder in due course, and 400.3-501 Presentment.

Evergy is in DEFAULT AND DISHONOR Subject to the provisions of this Act, when a bill has been dishonoured by nonacceptance or by non-payment, notice of dishonour must be given to the drawer and each indorser, and any drawer or indorser to whom such notice is not given is discharged. EVERGY is a corporation in Commerce that sent me a commercial instrument in

relation to electric bill not a true bill/ invoice of payment and I accepted at full value and returned for settlement. Evergy is in dishonor of being in acquiescence of the law/statute therefore the debt is considered discharged under Missouri law/statue 400.3-603. Evergy had to have had a lawful reason for not tendering the instrument and send it back to me with a stated and cited sworn statement under their unlimited liability. Time has passed and payment tendered according to the LAW. EVERGY has BEEN PAID!!! No rebuttals, time to cure

All forms of payments are promissory notes. Tendering payment with federal reserve notes, checks, money orders, debit/credit. Checks and Money Orders are most times hand- written and are promissory notes. The way the instrument was endorsed it became a security or the 1099-A is a legal tax form that should be turned into the IRS.

Does the United States have a bill of exchange Act?
Yes, the United States uses bills of exchange, which are negotiable instruments that are often used in international trade as an alternative to sight drafts. A bill of exchange is similar to an invoice that requires the buyer to pay a specific amount to the seller, either immediately or at a future date. The seller presents the bill to the buyer, who must sign it for it to be valid.
The Federal Reserve Act, also known as Act Dec. 23, 1913, ch. 6, 38 Stat. 251, allows Federal Reserve banks to buy and sell bills of exchange, both domestic and foreign. The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System can also impose regulations on these activities.
The United States Code also includes 12 U.S. Code § 373, which covers the acceptance of bills of exchange drawn by foreign banks or US dependencies for dollar exchange. This section states that member banks can accept bills of exchange drawn on them, as long as they meet certain conditions.
It has nothing to do with their acceptance because this is the LAW!!! EVERGY did not return the securities, therefore the bill is PAID!!!!
EVERGY is governed by the Securities Exchange Commission, Securities Exchange Act 1934, The Electronic Trade Documents Act 2023 (ETDA), Uniform Commercial Codes, Missouri Statues that surrounds Tender of Payment, Bill of Exchange Act of 1934, because EVERGY is a transferring paying agent. Corporation and a Publicly traded Corporation that has to follow all the laws, acts, bills, and statutes of operating in Commerce. The bill is PAID!!!! according to the congressional laws that govern them as a Corporation. When the bill was sent I created it into a security and sent to EVERGY, which made them the holder in due course and they should send to the Indentured Trustee for payment/credit. and send my portion to my bank /TDA Account (Monthly Dividend). EVERGY is a transferring paying agent for these security payment (s) (sec.gov) in which they use my name, social security number, and have created an account number connected to my principal's name MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST/ MERLON JONEE RAGLAND.

Additionally, the alleged invoices sent to every recipient are a dividend and/or a coupon to the recipient. The utilities companies all know this to be a fact.

The Comptroller of The Currency also knows all the above to be irrefutable facts, but is acting as a money laundering agency by/for/through/ the privately owned Federal Reserve, in All (50) fifty states of the unions, et al.

The Comptroller of the Currency at County, State, and Federal level all know the incorporated documents and testimony to be true but have yet to discharge any of the public debt, therefore have misappropriated funds through embezzlement, theft by deception, obtaining money through false pretenses, extortion, and other predicate acts since the date of Comptroller of the Currency inception of 1863.

All utility companies, which are private for-profit corporations, regardless of location, are knowingly participating in the fraud and Ponzi scheme with the intent to fraudulently convert this and every other country's wealth into private industry accounts by fraudulent conveyance, embezzlement, theft by deception, creating fraudulent debts, Ponzi scheme and fraud through the US Mail, just for starters.

Every judge and every attorney in America, especially those who hold positions with several direct connections into the utilities companies bank accounts and acting as attorneys for the banks, most presumably in all other countries as well, since they all get their instructions from England the same place that all the banks get their instructions through the Comptroller of The Currency headquarters in London England, each knowing the above and incorporated to be true, since they are well versed on the US Bankruptcy of 1933 and that America still remains to date in a state of Emergency and operates under English Law, though that also is supposed to be a well-kept secret.

This means "IS NO MONEY." It further means that since there are no money American's signatures are used as the credit to run this country. That in turn means that it is the American people who are the Creditors not the Debtors, as the banks and utilities companies would like everyone to believe.

The utilities companies have been operating with this knowledge with intent, forethought, and malice to commit the crimes mentioned herein but not limited to.

Due to the facts incorporated herein in entirety, all debts are to be charged off, including but not limited to every alleged utility invoice, which each/all have been a dividend, for which every utility company embezzled payment through fraud, using extortion and other. threats to discontinue service if "Payment is not made."

These alleged invoices were dividends that every utility company using deceptive business practice led the public to believe were debts owed, when it is a fact that it is the utilities companies who owe the American public all those fraudulently received ill-gotten gains plus the interest, stocks, bonds and other proceeds derived therefrom.

All utilities companies are now put on notice that all debts are to be charged pursuant to the stipulated and incorporated herein Acts et al.

Facts assembled and presented by:
"Without Prejudice"

as woman,

Merlon-Jonee Rayford-Authorized Representative]
All Natural Rights "Explicitly" Reserved
U.C.C.1-207/2-207/1-308/1-103.6

NOTICE AND WARNING TO UTILITY COMPANIES

NOTICE & WARNING TO: EVERY/ALL UTILITY COMPANIES FOR EMBEZZLEMENT, THEFT BY DECEPTION & EXTORTION FAILING TO DISCHARGE ALL DEBTS PURSUANT TO 73RD CONGRESS. SESS 1. CHS. 48 49. JUNE 5, 6,1933 HJR 192 HR 1491 PUBLIC LAW 1 48 STAT 1 PUBLIC LAW 10 CHAPTER 48 STAT 112 PUBLIC LAW 73-10 40 STAT 411 TRADING WITH THE ENEMY ACT (TWEA) OCT 6, 1917 but not limited to:

Since House Joint Resolution 192 (HJR 192) (Public law 7310) was passed in 1933 we have only had debt, because all property and gold was seized by the government as collateral in the bankruptcy of the United States.

In 1863 the first Bank Act was passed. The Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (or OCC) is a US federal agency established by the National Currency Act of 1863 and serves to charter, regulate, and supervise all national banks and the federal branches and agencies of foreign banks in the United States.

The OCC was created by Abraham Lincoln to fund the American Civil War but was later transformed into a regulatory agency to instill confidence in the National Banking system and protect consumers from misleading business practices.

The Lieber Code, or General Order 100 was also created by Abraham Lincoln in 1863.

The National Bank Act (ch. 58, 12 Stat. 665, February 25, 1863) was a United States federal law that established a system of national charters for banks, the United States national banks. It encouraged development of a national currency based on bank holdings of U.S. Treasury securities, the so-called National Bank Notes. It also established the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC) as part of the Department of the Treasury. This was to establish a national security holding body for the existence of the monetary policy of the state. The Act, together with Abraham Lincoln's issuance of "greenbacks", raised money for the federal government in the American Civil War by enticing banks to buy federal bonds and taxing state bank issued currency out of existence. The law proved defective and was replaced by the National Bank Act of 1864. The money was used to fund the Union army in the fight against the Confederacy. This authorized the OCC to examine and regulate nationally-chartered banks.

The above only partially begins to include the historical records and other Acts of Congress that proves the US bankruptcy of 1933 and that there is no money, only credit that the American people are the Creditors.

All utilities companies knowingly have been sending their (customers) dividends but, in fact, making each recipient believe that dividend was an invoice for services provided by the utilities companies.

The Utilities Companies have mailed through the US Mail an intentional misrepresentation of facts, unfair business practices and each utility company and agents thereof have knowingly with forethought and malice created a fraudulent debt, defrauding the Creditor, that is the recipient of said dividends, that the utilities companies lead the recipient to believe through deception is an invoice.

The utilities companies in turn then extract through extortionate measures payment from the customers instead of the utilities companies informing those same recipients that this dividend is in actuality payment to the recipient as a charged off debt pursuant to the incorporated in entirety documented evidence provided herein.

ALL utility companies have thus created a convertible and fraudulent debt.(see ANALYSIS OF A COUNTRY EMBEZZLED).

Every/all utilities companies have failed to pay off any of the public debt but rather unlawfully redirected ill-gotten gains into private corporate accounts through embezzlement, theft by deception, fraudulent conversion, and in violation to each all incorporated in entirety laws established through and as a result of the US Bankruptcy of 1933, wherein there is no money, only "bank Notes" which are but only a promise to pay.

Thus all debts are to be discharged as agreed, but the utilities companies (and banks) through their greed have not discharged any debt, fraudulently making the utility customer deeper in debt by utilities companies use of "Bank Notes" or "promissory Notes" that the utilities companies add to the public debt side of the books rather than discharging the debts as stipulated in Public Laws, House Resolutions, and House Joint Resolutions.

1. Rule 20 CSR 4240-13.015 (1)(V) as "cash, draft of good and sufficient funds, or electronic transfer.

   Legally there is no "cash" what we call "cash" is a Federal Reserve Note (promissory note)

   Federal Reserve Note

   A Federal Reserve note, also known as a dollar bill, is a type of paper currency issued by the Federal Reserve Banks and used as legal tender in the United States. They are non-interest-bearing promissory notes that are payable to the bearer on demand and come in denominations ranging from $1 to $10,000.

   Draft of Good

   Drafting a legal document (promissory note, check, money order, security) is a skill that can be achieved only through a lot of practice. Drafting itself means the process of writing a legal document either by pen and paper or by using a computer, laptop or other electronic devices, but the goal of a draft should focus on being accurate, concise and to the point when it comes to legal principles and the facts that are related or relevant to the particular situation or issue for which the draft is being prepared.

   Sufficient funds means such amounts as are sufficient to pay the principal of and premium, if any, and interest, due on the Notes(Promissory Notes) on the stated maturity date or on a redemption date, if applicable.

   EVERGY'S bill meets the definition of a negotiable instrument. It was registered in my name and mailed directly to me and I am entitled to enforce the instrument.

   I am an Indigenous American, Chahta Washitaw Moor and I am protected by the Supreme Law of the Land, The Constitution, as being the Organic Trust for the Sovereign People, which are the beneficiaries of that TRUST. There is no COrporation above the united States Constitution. It governs all events/commerce/business in this Republican Nation.

   Article IV

   Section. 4.

   The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a Republican Form of Government,

   United States of America Constitution

   Article. IV.

   Section. 1.

   Full Faith and Credit shall be given in each State to the public Acts, Records, and judicial Proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general Laws prescribe the Manner in which such Acts, Records and Proceedings shall be proved, and the Effect thereof.

Article. VI.

All Debts contracted and Engagements entered into, before the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution, as under the Confederation.

This Constitution, and the Laws of the United States which shall be made in Pursuance thereof; and all Treaties made, or which shall be made, under the Authority of the United States, shall be the supreme Law of the Land; and the Judges in every State shall be bound thereby, any Thing in the Constitution or Laws of any State to the Contrary notwithstanding.

When a bill is passed in identical form by both the Senate and the House, it is sent to the president for his signature. If the president signs the bill, it becomes a law. Laws are also known as Acts of Congress.

2. In light of the holding of Guaranty Trust Company vs. Henwood, 307 U.S. 247 (1939), a Federal US court of appeals ruled on Title 31 USC 5118. As of October 27, 1977, legal tender for discharge of debt is no longer required. That is because legal tenders are not in circulation at par with promises to pay credit. Requirement of repayment of debt is against Public Policy, since legal tender was not loaned [nor in circulation] they can not demand payment in any [particular] form of coin or currency or legal tender and repayment [or payment] need only be made in equivalent kind; A negotiable instrument. EVERGY has been PAID.

3. 31usc 3123

   (a)The faith of the United States Government is pledged to pay, in legal tender, principal and interest on the obligations of the Government issued under this chapter.

   (b)The Secretary of the Treasury shall pay interest due or accrued on the public debt. As the Secretary considers expedient, the Secretary may pay in advance interest on the public debt by a period of not more than one year, with or without a rebate of interest on the coupons.

4. Corporations are generally subject to the laws and regulations set forth in the United States Constitution, just like any other entity or individual. However, there may be specific laws and regulations that apply specifically to corporations based on their type of business or industry. It's important for corporations to comply with both the Constitution and any relevant laws and regulations to operate legally within the United States.

   Yes, corporations are required to follow laws adopted by Congress, as well as any other laws and regulations that apply to their specific industry or business. Congress has the

authority to pass laws that govern various aspects of corporate behavior, such as tax laws, antitrust laws, and regulations related to consumer protection and environmental standards. It is important corporations to comply with all applicable laws to operate legally and ethically.

Utility companies are typically regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and are subject to the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These acts require companies to provide accurate and transparent information to investors and the public when issuing securities.

As for the Bill of Exchange Act, this primarily deals with negotiable instruments such as checks, promissory notes, and bills of exchange used in commercial transactions. While utility companies may not be directly in these types of transactions, they are still required to comply with any relevant laws and regulations that apply to business operations.

Non-Citizen National: A person born in an outlying possession of the U.S. (e.g., American Samoa or Swain's Island) on or after the date the U.S. acquired the possession, or a person whose parents are U.S. non-citizen nationals. All U.S. citizens are U.S. nationals; however, not every U.S. national is a U.S. citizen.

Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 13 §241 of United States Codes of Law:

If two or more persons conspire to injure, oppress, threaten, or intimidate any person in any State, Territory, commonwealth, Possession, or district in the free exercise or enjoyment of any right or privilege secured to him by the Constitution or Laws of the United States, or because of his having so exercised the same; or…
If two or more persons go in disguise on the highway, or on the premises of another, with the intent to prevent or hinder his free exercise or enjoyment of any right or privilege so secured -
They shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both; and if death results from the acts commited in violation of this section, or if such acts include kidnapping or an attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual abuse or an attempt to commit aggravated sexual abuse, or an attempt to kill, they shall be fined under this title or imprisoned for any term of years or for life, or both, or may be sentenced to death.

Title 18, Part 1, Chapter 13 §242 of United States Codes of Law:

Whoever, under 'color' of any law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or custom, willfully subjects any person in any State, Territory, Commonwealth, Possession, or District to the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured or protected by the Constitution or Laws of the United States, or to different punishments, pains, or penalties, on account of such person being an alien, or by reason of his color, or race, that are prescribed for the citizens, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than one year, or both; and if bodily injury results from the acts committed in violation of this section, or if such acts include the use, attempted use, or threatened use of a dangerous weapon, explosives, or fire, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years or for life, or both, or may be sentenced to death.

Therefore, in preservation of 'The Rights of Indigenous Peoples' and the Preservation of the Rights of the People, in accord and defense of the Constitution for the United States Republic of North America and its Republican Form of Government - being the 'Supreme Law of the Land'; and primal to the contractual liabilities, Oath - bound Obligations, and Fiduciary Duties of the Officers of the Courts - Federal, State, City, and Municipal, etc., I hereby, Demand the enforcement of the De jure Laws of the United States, and all Treaties made under the Authority of The United States, in accord with Article VI of the Constitution; The Bill of Rights; The Declaration of the Rights of the Child; The Rights of Indigenous Peoples; The Universal Declaration of Human Rights; The United Nations Charter, Article 55(c); The United States Supreme Court - 'Acts of State'; The Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act 28 USC 1601; et Sequa., The Convention on 'International Road Traffic'—Day 19, September 1949, The World Court Decisions, The Hague, Netherlands, Day 21, January 1958 A.D = 1378 M.C.; and "Executive Order 13107" - United States Republic, North America: The Implementation of Human Rights Treaties; The National Constitution for the Continental United States, Article III, Section 2; Amendment V - Liberty Clause; Amendment IX, etc., etc. I hereby, Demand a Dismissal of any and all unconstitutional sanctions, claims, or other warrants or charges made or issued, which are devoid of true identity personages; a denial of 'Due Process' of a 'Trial' by a Jury of my own National Peers; or absent of a verified and lawful Indictment, sanctioned by an assembled Grand Jury; and that I be availed all lawful Constitutional - secured safeguards, established by the Supreme Law; with documented proper Jurisdiction and Venue confirmed and in place.

Wherefore all parties of interest are Authorized by this Writ, pursuant to National and International Law, to honor all Substantive Rights and Constitutional Immunities reserved for, and to, this Aboriginal / Indigenous Free and Sovereign Moor / Muur*. All

Officials are to enlist all available and appropriate measures to ensure, and assure, that all My Substantive Rights and Constitutionally - secured Rights and Immunities are not violated, not breached, nor abridged. The Sovereign, Natural Being, named herein, is not to be Arrested nor held for Detention under any 'colorable' circumstances! You are to notify the active Ministers of the Aboriginal / Indigenous Moorish Nationals of the Territory (Organic Land). The Natural Person named herein is NON-OBLIGATORY and thus Exempt from Customs, Tariffs, Taxation, 'Owner in Fee' permit-deception Constructs, and from any other hindrance or restriction of His or Her Freedoms, Allodial Properties, Compensations, Rights of Travel, or Freedom of Movement on, in, or within, any member or non-member States of the United States Union, etc. The Moor / Muur (bearer of this Indigenous Peoples' Document) is to be treated with all due Respect and 'Due Process' Rights under the Law. All available and appropriate measures are to be taken to prevent injustice, harm, false arrest, trumped –up charges, or attack on the Natural Being's Person, Property, Personality, Conveyances, Freedoms, and / or Dignity.

Explicit Reservation and use of 'All Rights Reserved Without Prejudice' U.C.C. 1–207 / 308, U.C.C. 1-103, is Noted To All Federal, State, City, and Municipal Peace Officers; in harmony with State's Statutes, and indicates the Reservation of My Rights. Whereby I may Reserve My Substantive Rights and Constitutional - secured Rights and Immunities to 'NOT' be Compelled to perform under any Contracts or Agreements that I have not entered into knowingly, voluntarily, willingly, or unintentionally. I do not accept any actual or implied 'Liabilities' associated with any 'COMPELLED - BENEFITS' of any 'unrevealed' or deceptively-imposed commercial contracts. I, furthermore, do not sanction any 'unconstitutional' rules or policies, nor acts of Misprision committed by any U.S. Government or State Officials, at any level, claimed by any of them, in the name of the United States Republic, nor do I assent to any implied colorable policies made by alleged representatives, as being sanctioned by the People and Citizens. Consider any formerly-assumed constructs alleged to be related to me as being misrepresentations and thusly 'Cured' forthwith. Let it be known…:

Represent means to 'Depict' to 'Portray', to 'Symbolize' and to 'Stand for'. Let it be known that the Union States Society 'Bar Association' Lawyers, Esquires, and Attorneys of European Colonial descent, and foreign corporation, cannot depict, portray or symbolize a Free Moor; as they are not of the same Nation Jurisdiction, Customs, or National Peers; and cannot sit in judgment of any Free Moor (Acts of State). Europeans are not Indigenes to the Land (Americas) - Moors are Aboriginall Union States Lawyers

and Attorneys operate in Demo - political format, which is contrary to Article IV, Section 4 of the Constitution for the United States. Moors operate in a Republican Form of Government, conjoined with Isonomia Principles - being in harmony with the Constitution. Moors respect Constitution Principles. The unconstitutional Tribunals operating under the Union States Society conflicts with, and is repugnant to, "Due Process" under Constitution Principles, and functions primarily in 'colorable' procedures. Therefore, no 'Fair', 'Just' trial, or remedy is availed to the Natural Peoples of the Land, through such 'colorable' processes! These violating acts constitute a 'Conflict of Interest', a 'Conflict of Law' and clearly establishes the 'Federal Questions' of 'Diversity of Citizenship'; a Conflict of Identity; and of Nationality etc. Thus, a clear 'Averment of Jurisdiction' is also hereby proclaimed and advanced. Only Moors can 'Present' and 'Depict' themselves as being Moors / Al Moroccans, and Aboriginal /Indigenes of the Land! Thus, only Moors can 'Present' 'Self'!

I, Merlon- Jonee: Ragland, A real, live flesh and blood, breathing, non-fictional, and Natural Being, born of a natural Mother, do solemnly, sincerely, and squarely Affirm that the foregoing facts contained in this Constructive and Actual Judicial Notice and Proclamation, by Affirmed Affidavit, are true, to the best of my knowledge, Culture, Customs and Beliefs; being actual, correct, not misleading, etc.; and being the Truth, the whole Truth, and nothing but the Truth.

Hibu (Love), Haqq (Truth), Salaam (Peace), Hurryatun (Freedom), Adl (Justice),

I am Merlon- Jonee: Ragland Natural Person - In Propria Persona - Authorized Representative; All Rights Reserved

Aboriginal / Indigenous, free Sovereign Moor - Natural Person of the Land; 'In Propria Persona' (Not Pro Se Nor Colorable)

*Moors / Muurs: The Aboriginal and Indigenous Natural Peoples and True Inheritors of the Lands (Territories) - North America, Central America, South America, and the Adjoining Islands
Al Moroc / Ameru / Americana)

By Special Appearance, in Honor, the Divine Being, Your Free National Appellation

Here, Affirms that She is the Natural Person / Divine Being herein named, existing in Her own Proper Person; meeting the 'law of evidence' as required and defined in 'Identity'; affirmed by Lawful, Substantive Right; by Birthright; and respectively acknowledged - being lawfully qualified and competent to execute this Document. I therefore place my hand and seal thereto.

5. "I declare (or certify, verify, or state) under pain penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on June 13, 2024.
Done in Good Faith,

Merlon- Jonee: Ragland.

STATE OF MISSOURI

[redacted]

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME, on the 14th day of June, 2024

Signature Bennett Miller
(Seal)
NOTARY PUBLIC
My Commission expires:
01/02/2028

BENNETT MILLER
Notary Public-Notary Seal
STATE OF MISSOURI
Jackson County
My Commission Expires 01/02/2028
Commission # 24592759

Merlon-Jonee: Ragland
(Signature)

Merlon- Jonee: Ragland

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I do hereby declare, certify, verify, or state under pain penalty of perjury that a true and correct copy of the foregoing document has been sent by electronic mail to all individuals on the

/s/ Merlon-Jonee: Ragland

Merlon- Jonee: Ragland

AFFIDAVIT that ALLACCOUNTS are PREPAID

Senate Document No. 43, 73rd Congress "The ownership of all property is in the State. Individual, so-called ownership is only by the virtue of the government, i.e., law, amounting to mere user, and use must be in accordance with law, and subordinate to the necessities of the state. "

Congressional Record, March 9th, 1933, on HR 1491, p.83 "Under the new law, the money is issued to the banks in return for government obligations, bills-of exchange, drafts, notes, trade acceptances, and bankers' acceptances. The money will be worth 100 cents on the dollar, because it is backed by the credit of the nation. It will represent a mortgage on all the homes and other property of the people of the nation.

Title 18 8. - Obligation or other security of the United States defined
The term "obligation or other security of the United States" includes all bonds, certificates of indebtedness, national bank currency, Federal Reserve notes, Federal Reserve bank notes, coupons, United States notes, Treasury notes, gold certificates, silver certificates, fractional notes, certificates of deposit, bills, checks, or drafts for money, drawn by or upon authorized officers of the United States, stamps and other representatives of value, of whatever denomination, issued under any Act of Congress, and canceled United States stamps.

FRN's are obligations of UNITED STATES: HJR 192: "The term "obligation" means Federal Reserve notes and circulating notes of Federal Reserve banks and national banking associations.
Title 31 3123 makes a statutory pledge of the United States government to payment of obligations and interest on the public debt.

Title 31 3123. Payment of obligations and interest on the public debt

(a) The faith of the United States Government is pledged to pay, in legal tender, principal and interest on the obligations of the Government issued under this chapter. (b) The Secretary of the Treasury shall pay interest due or accrued on the public debt. As the Secretary considers expedient, the Secretary may pay in advance interest on the public debt for a period of not more than one year, with or without a rebate of interest on the coupons. Therefore, the government pledges to pay government obligations which Federal Reserve Notes are, and pay them with FRNs, which is legal tender. Taxes and all bills associated with corporations are all government obligations which they must pay when we accept them for value and return them to the government that has an obligation to settle the debt, dollar for dollar. It is a fact:

Title 31 3130 further delineates in its definitions a portion of the total public debt, which is held by the public as the "Net public debt," 3130. Annual Public Debt Report
(a) General Rule. - On or before June 1 of each calendar year after 1993, the Secretary of the

Treasury shall submit a report to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate on-

(1) the Treasury's public debt activities, and
(2) the operations of the Federal Financing Bank.

For whatever reason we can associate with their actions and reasons they did so, we may benefit. We are beneficiaries, the government are trustees; Trustees pay debts, beneficiaries do not. Thus, government obligations are not taxable. These obligations of UNITED STATES under
Title 31 3124. Exemption from taxation:

(a) Stocks and obligations of the United States Government are exempt from taxation by a State or political subdivision of a State. The exemption applies to each form of taxation that would require the obligation, the interest on the obligation, or both, to be considered in computing a tax, except (1) a nondiscriminatory franchise tax or another non-property tax instead of a franchise tax, imposed on a corporation; and
(2) an estate or inheritance tax.
(b) The tax status of interest on obligations and dividends, earnings, or other income from evidence of ownership issued by the Government or an agency and the tax treatment of gain and loss from the disposition of those obligations and evidence of ownership is decided under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 1 et seq.). An obligation that the Federal Housing Administration had agreed, under a contract made before March 1, 1941, to issue at a future date, has the tax exemption privileges provided by the authorizing law at the time of the contract.
This subsection does not apply to obligations and evidence of ownership issued by the District of Columbia, a territory or possession of the United States, or a department, agency, instrumentality, or political subdivision of the District, territory, or possession.

The Constitution does not give us the people "rights." It forbids the government to ignore the "God given Rights of the people," as seen in the 9th Amendment: "The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people". In addition, the 10th Amendment: "The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people". There is no law to discourage people from creating credit instruments. In fact, by the 14th Amendment, 4, we need to. We must Accept for Value, the debt instruments/legal tender of the United States. If the debt exists, the Democracy exists. The Republican Form of Government, The United States of America, can only come back when the debt is gone. Since Federal Reserve Notes (FRN's) as legal tender are debt notes, an insufficient number exist, for their repayment in kind, will not cover the interest "owed. Using FRNs to "pay debts" only increases the government obligations on debt by their creation.
As it is a fact that all property in the United States because of the March 9. 1933 act is under the ownership of the United States, and/or it's designee, that the currency is underwritten by US Treasury notes, bills and/or obligations, it is impossible for me to be held liable for government obligations. The unconstitutionality of said act is expressed in Congress' own

words: "a. Since March 9, 1933, the United States has been in a state of declared national emergency. These proclamations give force to 470 provisions of federal law. These hundreds of statutes delegate to the President extraordinary power exercised by Congress, which affect the lives of American citizens in a host of all-encompassing manners. This vast range of powers, taken together, confer enough authority to rule this country without reference to normal constitutional processes. " Senate report 93-549 July 24, 1973.

Therefore, and per the above, let the trustee settle the claims, for which I do hereby give my permission. I do declare my willingness to offset public debt by accepting and returning for value, my private debts that created new currency into circulation and indebted the government thereby.

Avouchment

I, Merlon Jonee Ragland™, do hereby avow that based upon my firsthand knowledge and information relayed to me from research, this "AFFIDAVIT that ALL ACCOUNTS are PREPAID," is true, accurate, and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief and conveys the conditions set forth as intended by me. Done in good faith. Without prejudice and recourse.

By: Merlon-Jonee: Ragland, authorized representative

By: Merlon-Jonee: Ragland

By: Merlon- Jonee: Ragland, Beneficiary

"ALL RIGHTS RESERVED" UCC 1-308

Notary Republic

MO

[redacted] State:

County:

DYLAN TIPPIE
Notary Public-Notary Seal
STATE OF MISSOURI
Jackson County
My Commission Expires July 4, 2027
Commission # 23461487

Subscribed and sworn before me on this 1st Day.
Month of December Year 2023

My Commission expires: July 4th, 2027

Notary Public Written Signature: Dylan Tippie

Form **W-8BEN**
(Rev. February 2006)
Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service

Certificate of Foreign Status of Beneficial Owner for United States Tax Withholding

▶ Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code. ▶ See separate instructions.
▶ Give this form to the withholding agent or payer. Do not send to the IRS.

OMB No. 1545-1621

Do not use this form for: | **Instead, use Form:**

- A U.S. citizen or other U.S. person, including a resident alien individual — W-9
- A person claiming an exemption is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States — W-8ECI
- A foreign partnership, a foreign simple trust, or a foreign grantor trust (see instructions for exceptions) — W-8ECI or W-8IMY
- A foreign government, international organization, foreign central bank of issue, foreign tax-exempt organization, foreign private foundation, or government of a U.S. possession that received effectively connected income or that is claiming the applicability of section(s) 115(2), 501(c), 892, 895, or 1443(b) (see instructions) — W-8ECI or W-8EXP

Note: *These entities should use Form W-8BEN if they are claiming treaty benefits or are providing the form only to claim they are a foreign person exempt from backup withholding.*

- A person acting as an intermediary — W-8IMY

Note: *See instructions for additional exceptions.*

Part I Identification of Beneficial Owner (See instructions.)

1 Name of individual or organization that is the beneficial owner
MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST

2 Country of incorporation or organization
UNITED STATES

3 Type of beneficial owner: ☐ Individual ☐ Corporation ☐ Disregarded entity ☐ Partnership ☐ Simple trust ☐ Grantor trust ☑ Complex trust ☐ Estate ☐ Government ☐ International organization ☐ Central bank of issue ☐ Tax-exempt organization ☑ Private foundation

4 Permanent residence address (street, apt. or suite no., or rural route)
[redacted]

City or town, state or province. Include postal code where appropriate
[redacted]

Country (do not abbreviate)
UNITED STATES

5 Mailing address (if different from above)
[redacted]

City or town, state or province. Include postal code where appropriate
[redacted]

Country (do not abbreviate)
united States of America

6 U.S. taxpayer identification number, if required (see instructions)
Not Required per W-8BEN Inst p 1,2 4,5 (Cat 25576H) W-8 Supp Inst p 1 2 6 (Cat 26698G) Pub 515 Inst p 7 Form 1042-s Inst P1 14, 31 CFR 103 34(a)(3)(x)

7 Foreign tax identifying number, if any (optional)

8 Reference number(s) (see instructions) 26 CFR 1.871-14(c)(2)(iii)

Part II Claim of Tax Treaty Benefits (if applicable)

9 **I certify that (check all that apply):**

a ☐ The beneficial owner is a resident of _____ within the meaning of the income tax treaty between the United States and that country.

b ☐ If required, the U.S. taxpayer identification number is stated on line 6 (see instructions).

c ☐ The beneficial owner is not an individual, derives the item (or items) of income for which the treaty benefits are claimed, and, if applicable, meets the requirements of the treaty provision dealing with limitation on benefits (see instructions).

d ☐ The beneficial owner is not an individual, is claiming treaty benefits for dividends received from a foreign corporation or interest from a U.S. trade or business of a foreign corporation, and meets qualified resident status (see instructions).

e ☐ The beneficial owner is related to the person obligated to pay the income within the meaning of section 267(b) or 707(b), and will file Form 8833 if the amount subject to withholding received during a calendar year exceeds, in the aggregate, $500,000.

10 **Special rates and conditions** (if applicable—see instructions): The beneficial owner is claiming the provisions of Article _____ of the treaty identified on line 9a above to claim a _____ % rate of withholding on (specify type of income): _____

Explain the reasons the beneficial owner meets the terms of the treaty article: _____

Part III Notional Principal Contracts

11 ☐ I have provided or will provide a statement that identifies those notional principal contracts from which the income is not effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States. I agree to update this statement as required.

Part IV Certification

Under penalties of perjury (from without the "United States" in accordance with 28 U.S.C. 1746(1)) I declare that I have examined the information on this form and to the best of my knowledge and belief it is true, correct, and complete when litigated only in a state court with a jury trial. I further certify under penalties of perjury that:

1 I am the nonresident alien (or am authorized to sign for the nonresident alien) of all the transactions to which this form relates.
2 The nonresident alien is NOT a U.S. person and is not liable for withholding or paying income taxes or filing returns under 26 U.S.C. or 26 C.F.R.
3 The income to which this form relates is not effectively connected with the conduct of a "trade or business" within the "United States" and is not subject to tax under an income tax law or treaty; and
4 For broker transactions or broker transaction, the nonresident alien is a "foreign estate" as defined in 26 U.S.C. 7701(a)(31).

The Internal Revenue Service does not require your consent to any provisions of this document other than the certifications required to establish your status as a non-U.S. person and, if applicable, obtain a reduced rate of withholding.

Sign Here ▶ Merlon-Jonee Ragland On behalf of MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST
Signature of beneficial owner (or individual authorized to sign for beneficial owner) — Date (MM-DD-YYYY) 10/5/2023 — Trustee [UCC 1-210 (35)]
Capacity in which acting

For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see separate instructions.

Cat. No. 25576Z Form **W-8BEN** (Rev. 2-2006)

Printed on Recycled Paper

W8BEN Affidavit

(International) Commercial Affidavit

This Affidavit in regards to the W-8BEN on the obverse side is executed as Lawful ***PUBLIC NOTICE*** [U.C.C. § 1-201(25)(26)(27)]. The Trustee/Secured Party signatory hereto is executing document under signature; expressly to ***declare trust/trustees stature as a Non-Resident-Alien in regards to U.S. Inc. (Id)"** with no duress, in accord the terms of the aforementioned. Therefore, I, the Trustee/Secured Party duly depose and says without recourse that, the foregoing is true, correct, and certain; and if called as a witness, I am One; who can "Testify" to the facts, evidenced, and subject-matter within Trust Documentation and supporting documents as well as the "W-8BEN" evidence(d) on the obverse side of this page; executed hereunder; and expressly supported by this Affidavit; executed as dated below, **nunc pro tunc to 12/11/1983** the date or original creation of trust.

NOTICE TO AGENT IS [imputed] NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL, NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL IS [Imputed] NOTICE TO ALL AGENTS OF THE SUBJECT MATTER HEREIN, and PRESENTED IN GOOD FAITH [UCC. § 1-201(19) UCC § 1-203; UCC § 1-202].

This Affidavit is executed under the penalty of perjury; [In nature of 28 U.S.C. § 1746(1)] expressly without UNITED STATES, [i.e., "28 U.S.C. § 3002(15)(A); U.C.C. § 9-307(B); U.S.C.A. Const. Art. 1:8:17- 18,"] Administered by a commissioned officer, i.e., Notary Public in accordance who is also acknowledging same [in accordance Fed.R.Evid. 902(1)(B)].

Trustee/Secured Party: Merlon- Jonee: Ragland
on behalf of MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST ©
All Rights Reserved, Without Prejudice. [UCC 1-308]

JURAT

County of JACKSON)
MISSOURI State) Scilicet

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me this 5TH day of OCTOBER A.D. 2023

Edward Sims Seal
Notary Public Signature
My Commission Expires 03/04/2025

EDWARD SIMS
NOTARY PUBLIC, NOTARY SEAL
STATE OF MISSOURI
JACKSON COUNTY
COMMISSION # 13456016
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: MARCH 4, 2025

(X) Notary Acknowledgment FRE 902(B); I the Notary hereto this (International) Commercial Affidavit, duly depose, that the person executing this document, is personally known to me, or he has presented sufficient evidence to establish his lawful identity & status; I accept same as evidence of the facts presented, I depose nothing more; executed by My signature & Seal, as authorized under My Commission.

Customer Name : MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST
Account Number : [redacted]
Notice Date : 03/08/2024

Due Upon Receipt : [redacted]
Payments must be received before : March 28, 2024

CHECK HERE
to indicate address or phone changes on back of stub

Amount Enclosed : $ [redacted]

[redacted]

MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST
[redacted]

MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST

EVERGY
PO BOX 219330
KANSAS CITY MO 64121-9330

r presentation to the United States Treasury of MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST, Fiscal Agent of the
ited States for redemption or exchange for securities of a new issue,
ccordance with written instructions by MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST

By: Merlon-Jonee: Ragland, Executor
by: Merlon-Jonee: Ragland, Executor

000613440487600009166200000160328240 0

Customer Name : MERLON RAGLAND
Account Number : [redacted]
Notice Date : 03/08/2024

Due Upon Receipt : [redacted]
Payments must be received before : March 28, 2024

CHECK HERE
to indicate address or phone changes on back of stub

Amount Enclosed : $ [redacted]

CURRENT OCCUPANT
[redacted]

MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST

EVERGY
PO BOX 219330
KANSAS CITY MO 64121-9330

presentation to the United States Treasury of MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST, Fiscal Agent of the
ted States for redemption or exchange for securities of a new issue,
ccordance with written instructions by MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST

By: Merlon-Jonee: Ragland, Executor
By: Merlon-Jonee: Ragland, Executor

000858507356800005603900000140326240 3

Please return this portion with your payment. Thank you.

Customer Name : MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST
Account Number : [redacted]
Billing Date : 03/07/2024

Due upon receipt : $ [redacted]
Payments must be received by : March 28, 2024

Amount Enclosed : $ [redacted]

☐ CHECK HERE
to indicate address or phone changes on back of stub

MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST
[redacted]

MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST

EVERGY
PO BOX 219330
KANSAS CITY MO 64121-9330

By: Merlon-Jonee: Ragland, Executor
By: Merlon-Jonee: Ragland, Executor

For presentation to the United States Treasury of MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST, Fiscal Agent of the United States for redemption or exchange for securities of a new issue, in accordance with written instructions by MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST

[redacted]

PAY TO THE ORDER OF MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUS
MINUS Eight-Hundred Forty-Eight
Dollars and 46/100
BY ORDER OF MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST
By: Merlon-Jonee Ragland, Executor
By: Merlon- Jonee: Ragland, Executor
" FOR DEPOSIT ONLY"
COMMERCE BANK
ACCOUNT NUMBER
[redacted]

PAY TO THE ORDER OF MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST
MINUS FIVE-Hundred TWENTY-NINE
Dollars and 41/100
BY ORDER OF MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST
By: Merlon-Jonee: Ragland, Executor
By: Merlon- Jonee: Ragland, Executor
" FOR DEPOSIT ONLY"
COMMERCE BANK
ACCOUNT NUMBER
[redacted]

PAY TO THE ORDER OF MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST
MINUS One-Hundred Forty-Eight
Dollars and 17/100
BY ORDER OF MERLON JONEE RAGLAND TRUST
By: Merlon-Jonee: Ragland, Executor
By: Merlon- Jonee: Ragland, Executor
" FOR DEPOSIT ONLY"
COMMERCE BANK
ACCOUNT NUMBER
[redacted]

Affidavit
Notice of Liability Regarding Trespass
Fee Schedule and Remedy

Acknowledgment
In the Nature of Supplemental Rules
for Administrative and Admiralty Claims Rules C (6)

for Personal Protection From
Federal/State/County/City/Municipal/Corporation Employees/Agents/Individuals

Notice to Agent is Notice to Principal.
Notice to Principal is Notice to Agent.
Notice to Individual, Natural Living Soul is Notice to All Human Beings.
Notice to All Human Beings is Notice to Individual, Natural Living Soul.

"Ignorance of the law does not excuse misconduct in anyone, least of all in a sworn officer of the law."
--- **In re McCowan (1917), 177 C. 93, 170**

Public Law § 97-280 acknowledges the Holy Bible as the Word of God.

Silence is Aquiesence, Agreement, and Dishonour
This is a Self-Executing Contract.

Notice

Daniel Chapter 4 verse 17 (K.J.V.)
"17 This matter is by the decree of the watchers and the demand by the word of the Holy ones: to the intent that the living may know that the most High ruleth in the kingdom of men and giveth it to whomsoever He will and setteth up over it the basest of men."

Before Me, the undersigned Notary, Edward Sims, on this day _____ of April 16, 2024, personally appeared Merlon- Jonee: Ragland©™, known to me to be credible natural person and of lawful age, who being duly sworn by me affirms, deposes, and says:

I, Merlon-Jonee: of the family, Ragland as a natural person / a People on the state known as [redacted] am hereby, as a gesture of peace, giving proper notice to the STATE OF [redacted] corporation and to the UNITED STATES corporation and to all municipal, county, and city corporations, and all other STATE CORPORATIONS, agents, employees, and all other individuals of the following:

As a peaceful, natural woman desiring to avoid conflict and to live lawfully with all of my freedoms, I am providing you with this Affidavit of Notice of Liability regarding Trespass **Fee Schedule and Remedy for personal protection from Federal / State / County / City / Municipal / Corporation employees** as a

courtesy to you and as a remedy should you decide to trespass upon me or other members of my Family. Failure to know or disobey any of your thousands of corporate regulations, statutes, or codes does not constitute a crime absent a victim or damaged property or fraud - no corpus delecti.

> "In every prosecution for crime it is necessary to establish the 'corpus delecti', i.e., the body or elements of the crime." *People v. Lopez.* "The corpus delecti consists of two elements, namely, 1) the injury of loss or harm; and 2) a criminal agency causing them to exist." *People v. Frey*

Please note that this self-defense **Notice of Fee Schedule and Remedy for personal protection from Federal/State/County/City/Municipal/Corporation employees** is just per *Trezevant v. City of Tampa*, 741 F.2d 336 (11th Cir. 1984) Motorist was illegally held for 23 minutes on a traffic charge and was awarded $25,000 in damages. This sets the foundation for $1,086.00 per minute or $1,800,000.00 per day. When an individual is detained without a signed lawful 4th amendment warrant and without having committed a crime (Traffic infractions are NOT crimes.), the detention is a false arrest and unlawful imprisonment.

WHEREAS this is a formal and lawful Notice of Fee Schedule and Remedy that is established for Merlon- Jonee: Ragland and her family members to include the lawful and unlawful matters relating to the Office of the Executor.

Written permission is required for the express use of my LEGAL NAME, and I do not authorize its use by you or your AGENTS / third parties.

Attorney fees and other remedies not listed in this fee schedule are determined under special circumstances and submitted via certified mail with return receipt to all parties involved.

1. **For every unlawful solicited / unsolicited interference and trespass in my private matters and/or commercial affairs including consumer reporting agencies, lending institutions, credit bureaus, brokerage firms, insurance agencies, depository institutions and the aforementioned officers, agents and employees therein, the following administrative fees apply: $250,000.00** (one hundred thousand) per offense.

2. **For every offense committed against entities, Merlon Jonee Ragland©™, Ragland, Merlon Jonee, Merlon J Ragland, Merlon Ragland,** and any and all derivations thereof on any document which is in any way associated with me, the living soul, Merlon- Jonee: Ragland©™, shall, by such document acting as *prima facie* evidence of violation, **become liable for penalties of $300,000.00** (three hundred thousand) per person per violation.

3. **For every offense or action taken against me: $1,000,000.00**

(one million) per person per violation of the RICO Act of 1970 for fraudulently and unlawfully under color of law misguiding natural persons to believe they are the entities (corporate fictions) to gain access to their TRUST ACCOUNTS.

4. **For each page of documents an agent, clerk or clerk of the courts refuses to file: $10,000.00** (ten thousand) per page per person per violation pursuant to **Federal Rules of Civil Procedures 5(d)(4))** –

Acceptance by the clerk.
[A clerk must not refuse to file a paper solely because it is not in the form prescribed by these rules or by a local rule or practice and **18 USC § 2071: '(a)** Whoever willfully and unlawfully conceals, removes, mutilates. Obliterates, or destroys, or attempts to do so, or, with intent to do so takes and carries away any record, proceedings, map, book, paper, document, or other thing, filed or deposited with any clerk or officer of any court of the United States, or in any public office, or with any judicial or public officer of the United States, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than three (3) years, or both; **(b)** Whoever, having the custody of any such record, proceedings, map, book, document, paper, or other thing, willfully and unlawfully conceals, removes, mutilates, obliterates, falsifies, or destroys the same, shall be fined under this titles or imprisoned not more than three (3) years or both; and shall forfeit his/her office and be disqualified from holding any office under the United States. As used in this subsection, the term "office" does not include the office held by any person as a retired officer of the Armed Forces of the United States. **It is settled law that delivery of a pleading to a proper official is sufficient to constitute filing thereof.** ***United States v. Lombardo***, 241 U.S. 73, 36 S. CL. 508, 60 L. Ed. 897 (1916); ***Milton v. United States***, 105 F.2d 253, 255 (5th Cir. 1939). In ***Greeson v. Sherman***, 265 F. Supp. 340 (D.C.Va. 1967), it was held that a pleading delivered to a deputy clerk at his home at night was thereby filed. [***Freeman v. Giacomo Costa Fu Adrea***, 282 F. Supp. 525 (E.D.Pa. 1968)]

5. **For each unsolicited / solicited phone call: $7,000** (seven thousand) per person per phone call per violation.

6. **For each unsolicited / solicited letter of harassment : $7,000.00** (seven thousand) per letter per person per violation.

7. **For each correspondence that I write to RESPONDENTS and/or AGENTS / third parties of due to solicited and/or unsolicited meetings, letters of harassment or breach of the Common Law : $2,000.00** (two thousand) per person per violation.

8. **For each correspondence I receive from the commissioner's office regarding RESPONDENTS / AGENTS / third parties or unlawful letters of harassment: $5,000.00** (five thousand) per person per violation.

9. **For each correspondence I write to the Office of Fair Trading: $2,000.00** (two thousand) per person per violation.

10. **For each correspondence I write to court services and agents: $2,000.00** (two thousand) per person per violation.

11. **For each correspondence I have to write to Trading Standards: $2,000.00** (two thousand) per person per violation.

12. **For each correspondence I have to write to the chief of police / sheriff agent after first notice sent: $2,000.00** (two thousand) per person per violation.

13. **For each court special appearance / general appearance :** $30,000.00 (thirty thousand) [illegible]

Fax transmission job no. V3_1718377954_WSQF_120876_H00ZPRYS-1311038133 from 18882994271 was interrupted at 6/14/2024 10:40:59 CDT after delivering 2 out of 21 pages. This fax is a continuation from page 3

(one million) per person per violation of the RICO Act of 1970 for fraudulently and unlawfully under color of law misguiding natural persons to believe they are the entities (corporate fictions) to gain access to their TRUST ACCOUNTS.

4. **For each page of documents an agent, clerk or clerk of the courts refuses to file: $10,000.00** (ten thousand) per page per person per violation pursuant to **Federal Rules of Civil Procedures 5(d)(4))**

   Acceptance by the clerk.
   [A clerk must not refuse to file a paper solely because it is not in the form prescribed by these rules or by a local rule or practice and **18 USC § 2071: '(a)** Whoever willfully and unlawfully conceals, removes, mutilates. Obliterates, or destroys, or attempts to do so, or, with intent to do so takes and carries away any record, proceedings, map, book, paper, document, or other thing, filed or deposited with any clerk or officer of any court of the United States, or in any public office, or with any judicial or public officer of the United States, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than three (3) years, or both; **(b)** Whoever, having the custody of any such record, proceedings, map, book, document, paper, or other thing, willfully and unlawfully conceals, removes, mutilates, obliterates, falsifies, or destroys the same, shall be fined under this titles or imprisoned not more than three (3) years or both; and shall forfeit his/her office and be disqualified from holding any office under the United States. As used in this subsection, the term "office" does not include the office held by any person as a retired officer of the Armed Forces of the United States. **It is settled law that delivery of a pleading to a proper official is sufficient to constitute filing thereof.** ***United States v. Lombardo***, 241 U.S. 73, 36 S. Ct. 508, 60 L. Ed. 897 (1916); ***Milton v. United States***, 105 F.2d 253, 255 (5th Cir. 1939). In ***Greeson v. Sherman***, 265 F. Supp. 340 (D.C.Va. 1967), it was held that a pleading delivered to a deputy clerk at his home at night was thereby filed. [***Freeman v. Giacomo Costa Fu Adrea***, 282 F. Supp. 525 (E.D.Pa. 1968)]

5. **For each unsolicited / solicited phone call: $7,000** (seven thousand) per person per phone call per violation.

6. **For each unsolicited / solicited letter of harassment : $7,000.00** (seven thousand) per letter per person per violation.

7. **For each correspondence that I write to RESPONDENTS and/or AGENTS / third parties of due to solicited and/or unsolicited meetings, letters of harassment or breach of the Common Law : $2,000.00** (two thousand) per person per violation.

8. **For each correspondence I receive from the commissioner's office regarding RESPONDENTS / AGENTS / third parties or unlawful letters of harassment: $5,000.00** (five thousand) per person per violation.

9. **For each correspondence I write to the Office of Fair Trading: $2,000.00** (two thousand) per person per violation.

10. **For each correspondence I write to court services and agents: $2,000.00** (two thousand) per person per violation.

11. **For each correspondence I have to write to Trading Standards: $2,000.00** (two thousand) per person per violation.

12. **For each correspondence I have to write to the chief of police / sheriff agent after first notice sent: $2,000.00** (two thousand) per person per violation.

13. **For each court special appearance / general appearance : $30,000.00** (thirty thousand) Federal Reserve notes per person per violation.

14. **For each phone call I make to relevant bodies / agents: $2,000.00** (two thousand) **plus $500 per hour or part thereof / $5.00 per minute** per person per violation.

15. **For each individual failure to provide per individual requested evidence, items, documents, proof of certified public oaths, or other lawfully required and requested items/documents for the inspection of the Undersigned, the fee of $5,000.00** (five thousand) per individual breach of this notice shall apply. It is your tacit agreement that these fees become automatically subscribed to by the RESPONDENT (named in due course) if all requested and named items are not sent to the Sovereign Beneficiary with proof of receipt by recorded delivery and signed for within (7) days after receipt of this notice payable per violation.

16. **For each individual failure to perform a directive given by**

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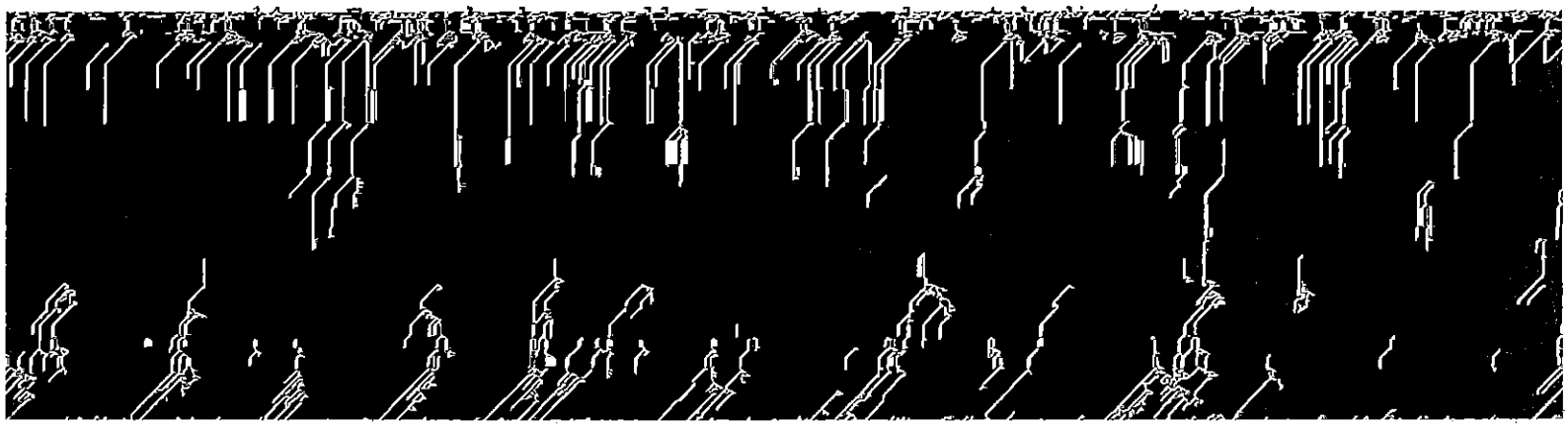

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