Exhibit No.: 127NP

Issue(s): Nuclear Fuel Costs;

Callaway Outages Randall J. Irwin

Witness: Randall J. Irwin
Sponsoring Party: Union Electric Company
Type of Exhibit: Rebuttal Testimony

Case No.: ER-2010-0036

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MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION CASE NO. ER-2010-0036

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

RANDALL J. IRWIN

ON

BEHALF OF

UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a AmerenUE

> Date 3-20-10 Reporter 45 File No. 56-2010 -0036

St. Louis, Missouri February, 2010

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1		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY	
2		OF	
3		RANDALL J. IRWIN	
4		CASE NO. ER-2010-0036	
5	Q.	Please state your name and business address.	
6	A.	My name is Randall J. Irwin. My business address is One Ameren Plaza, 1901	
7	Chouteau Avenue, St. Louis, MO 63103.		
8	Q.	By whom and in what capacity are you employed?	
9	A.	I am employed by Union Electric Company d/b/a AmerenUE ("AmerenUE" or	
10	the "Company") as Supervising Engineer, Fuel Cycle Management in Nuclear Generation.		
11	Q.	Please describe your employment history and the nature of your duties with	
12	AmerenUE.		
13	A.	I was employed by Union Electric Company in January 1973. In July 1973, I was	
14	assigned to the	ne nuclear group. My primary duties since that time have involved the procurement,	
15	design, fabri	cation, and management of nuclear fuel for the Callaway Nuclear Plant.	
16	Q.	Please describe your current duties and responsibilities as Supervising	
17	Engineer.		
18	A.	I am responsible for the procurement of nuclear fuel goods and services to support	
19	the operation of the Callaway Nuclear Plant. In this regard, I am responsible for the		
20	determination of nuclear fuel requirements, development of nuclear fuel procurement strategies,		
21	negotiation and administration of the various nuclear fuel-related contracts, monitoring the		
22	nuclear fuel markets, and maintaining business relations with the numerous suppliers in the		
23	nuclear fuel	industry. In addition, I am responsible for the preparation of fuel cycle economic	

- studies and projections of nuclear fuel costs. I previously had responsibility for reactor core fuel
- 2 management activities necessary to support reload design, licensing, and plant operation.
- Q. Please describe your educational background.
- 4 A. I graduated from the University of Oklahoma in 1972, receiving a Bachelor of
- 5 Science Degree in Engineering Physics. I have also taken graduate courses in nuclear
- 6 engineering from the University of Missouri Rolla. I am a registered professional engineer in
- 7 the State of Missouri.
- 8 Q. Have you previously filed written testimony concerning nuclear fuel costs
- 9 before this Commission?
- 10 A. Yes, I have submitted testimony in prior AmerenUE rate cases which involved the
- 11 Callaway Nuclear Plant and nuclear fuel costs. Most recently, I submitted testimony in Case No.
- 12 ER-2008-0318, AmerenUE's last rate case.
- 13 Q. What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?
- 14 A. The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to discuss the appropriateness of using
- nuclear fuel costs that will actually be incurred by AmerenUE during the time that rates to be set
- in this case will be in effect, and, more specifically, to respond to the Staff's failure to include
- known and measurable nuclear fuel costs that will be incurred during such time in its production
- 18 cost modeling. I will also address the similar exclusion of these known and measurable nuclear
- 19 fuel costs as discussed in the direct testimony of Missouri Industrial Energy Consumers
- 20 ("MIEC") witness James R. Dauphinais. Finally, I will provide a correction for the improper
- 21 inclusion of Westinghouse credits in nuclear fuel costs and respond to Mr. Dauphinais's
- 22 arguments related to the length of planned Callaway outages that were used in the production

- cost modeling completed by AmerenUE witness Timothy D. Finnell and by the Staff. Mr.
- 2 Finnell also addresses the Callaway outage length issue in his rebuttal testimony.
- 3 Q. What nuclear fuel costs did the Staff and Mr. Dauphinais use in their direct
- 4 cases?

19

- 5 A. The Staff has used nuclear fuel costs for the period November 2008 through
- 6 September 2009 (54.87 cents per MMBtu), which are not representative of the nuclear fuel costs
- 7 that will be incurred when rates to be set in this case take effect in June 2010. Mr. Dauphinais
- 8 indicated that he used actual and projected nuclear fuel costs for the period February 2009
- 9 through January 2010 (which at the time he filed his testimony in December 2009 would be
- approximately 55.04 cents per MMBtu). Again, these nuclear fuel costs will not be reflective of
- 11 costs when rates in this case are in effect.
- 12 Q. How are nuclear fuel costs determined?
- 13 A. The Callaway Plant undergoes a refueling every 18 months. During each
- refueling, about one-half of the fuel assemblies in the reactor core are removed and a similar
- 15 number of new assemblies are added. Fuel costs for the subsequent cycle are based on both the
- 16 unamortized value of the fuel assemblies remaining in the reactor and the original cost of the
- 17 new fuel assemblies added. The cost of the new fuel assemblies typically has increased when
- compared to the original cost of the assemblies currently in the reactor.
 - Q. In view of that process what nuclear fuel cost will be most reflective of actual
- 20 nuclear fuel costs when rates from this case take effect?

As I address further below, Mr. Dauphinais has also incorrectly included in the nuclear fuel costs used in his production cost modeling credits the Company receives due to a settlement with Westinghouse. Because those credits are accounted for separately as an accounting adjustment, they were not included in either the Company's or the Staff's production cost modeling, which causes the nuclear fuel costs used by Mr. Dauphinais in his modeling to be somewhat of an "apples to oranges" comparison to the numbers used by Staff and the Company.

1	A. The nuclear fuel cost that best reflects the costs that the Company will be		
2 .	incurring when rates take effect from this case is **** cents per MMBtu. This fuel cost		
3	incorporates the cost of the new fuel assemblies that will be loaded into the Callaway Plant		
4	reactor during Refuel 17. That refueling outage will start on April 17, 2010, and is scheduled to		
5	be complete well before the operation of law date in this case of June 21, 2010.		
6	Q. Please explain how the **** cents per MMBtu figure was determined.		
7	A. As I described generally above, nuclear fuel costs in 2010 are based on two major		
8	components: 1) the unamortized cost of nuclear fuel in the reactor as of December 31, 2009, and		
9	2) the cost of the new fuel assemblies that will be loaded into the reactor in April 2010 during		
0	Refuel 17. The unamortized cost of the fuel assemblies currently in the reactor is known. In		
1.	addition, the cost of the new fuel assemblies to be loaded into the reactor in April 2010 is also		
12	known because the fuel and fuel assemblies have been purchased and are on-site at the Callaway		
13	Plant. Consequently, the costs which form the basis for the 2010 nuclear fuel expense, both		
14	before and after the April refueling, are known and measurable as of January 2010.		
15	Q. The fuel assemblies for Refuel 17 will not be loaded into the reactor until		
16	April 2010. Why should the costs for such fuel be included now as a component of net fuel		
17	costs?		
18	A. It is my understanding that the rationale for setting rates is to establish rates that		
19	reflect, as closely as possible, the revenue and expense levels that can be expected when rates are		
20	actually in effect from a rate case. The nuclear fuel assemblies on-site at the Callaway Plant are		
21	a highly engineered and specifically designed product for use at Callaway. Those assemblies		
22	have been bought and paid for by the Company. There is no nuclear fuel that can be		
23	manufactured and available for use at Callaway in Refuel 17 other than those fuel assemblies		

1	currently on-s	ite. The use of the known costs for such fuel assemblies in the determination of	
2 .	nuclear fuel costs represents the most accurate reflection of the operating costs of the Callaway		
3	Plant for the period immediately subsequent to this rate case. Failure to use these known and		
4	measurable costs will, with certainty, understate the Company's fuel costs which will necessitate		
5	greater adjustments through the Company's fuel adjustment clause ("FAC"). An important		
6	aspect of re-basing the Company's net base fuel costs in a rate case is to minimize, to the extent		
7	possible, the magnitude of adjustments customers will experience through later FAC rate		
8	adjustments. The Company and the Staff are using the best information available (as of January		
9	31, 2010) regarding other fuel costs and power prices, in order to rebase the fuel costs as		
10.	accurately as possible. Those same considerations support including the known level of nuclear		
11	fuel costs after Refuel 17 is completed. As I noted earlier, the refueling will be completed before		
12	rates to be set in this case take effect.		
13	Q.	What nuclear fuel costs did the Company use when it filed its direct case in	
14	July 2009?		
15	. A .	As discussed in the direct testimony of Mr. Finnell, AmerenUE used projected	
16	nuclear fuel costs for the period June 2010 to October 2011. At the time Mr. Finnell filed his		
17	direct testimony, that projection estimated the nuclear fuel costs for that period would be 72.40		
18	cents per MMBtu.		
19	Q.	You noted that the known and measurable cost is now lower, *** cents	
2 0	per MMBtu.	What changed?	
21	Α.	During late summer 2009 as part of the Company's annual fuel budget process,	
22	updated reactor core physics information was developed and utilized. This new physics		
23	information more accurately reflects the current and expected operating parameters of the		

1	Callaway Pla	Callaway Plant. As a result of this change, along with routine updates of economic and market		
2	parameters that have occurred since the summer of 2009, nuclear fuel costs for the period June			
3	2010 to Octo	2010 to October 2011 have decreased to **** cents per MMBtu. In response to the Staff's		
4	Data Request	Data Request No. 0065, the Company has been routinely providing updated nuclear fuel cost		
5	information o	information on a monthly basis as this case has progressed.		
6	Q.	How do we know that the **** cents per MMBtu cost won't change in		
7	the future?			
8	Α.	We know that this cost won't change because the fuel assemblies have been		
9	manufactured and delivered to the Callaway Plant site. The cost of these fuel assemblies is now			
0	known and measurable.			
1	Q.	How does the annual nuclear fuel expense using the Company's ****		
2	ents per MM	1Btu figure compare to the annual nuclear fuel expense using the Staff's cost of		
.3	54.87 cents 1	oer MMBtu and MIEC's cost of 55.04 cents per MMBtu?		
4	A .	Assuming a normalized level of generation for the Callaway Plant of 9,371 giga-		
5.	watt hours ("	GWHr"), the actual nuclear fuel costs, post-the April 2010 refueling, will be		
6	approximately \$10 million higher than if either the Staff's historical number through September			
17	2009 or the MIEC's historical/projected number through January 2010 is used. In other words,			
8	failure to use	the **65.85** cents per MMBtu nuclear fuel cost will result in a rebase of net fuel		
19	costs which	is both non-representative and understated by approximately \$10 million.		
20	. Q.	You noted earlier that Mr. Dauphinais incorrectly included Westinghouse		
21	credits in the nuclear fuel costs he used in his production cost modeling. Please explain.			
22	A.	As part of a settlement with Westinghouse regarding steam generator performance		
23	at the Callav	vay Plant, the Company receives certain discounts on fuel fabrication related		

- l services. The total dollar value of these discounts is credited to fuel costs, on a cycle specific
- 2 basis. The credits are reflected in fuel costs as a fixed dollar amount per month and are
- 3 independent of Callaway generation. Because of this process, it is inappropriate to consider the
- 4 Westinghouse credits in the same manner as fuel costs that are subject to generation related
- 5 factors. Consequently, these credits are taken into account by AmerenUE witness Gary S. Weiss
- 6 in his calculation of the Company's net base fuel costs (and accounted for in the same way by the
- 7 Staff), but are not included in the production cost modeling conducted by either the Staff or the
- 8 Company.
- 9 Q. What impact does the inclusion of the Westinghouse credits have on the 10 nuclear fuel costs presented by Mr. Dauphinais?
- 11 A. During the period February 2009 to January 2010, Mr. Dauphinais has included
- 12 approximately \$1.97 million of Westinghouse credits in his calculation of nuclear fuel costs.
- 13 This recognition of the credits results in an understatement of the nuclear fuel costs that should
- have been used in his production cost modeling by \$1.97 million.
- 15 Q. Mr. Dauphinais also had an issue with the length of the Callaway Plant
- refueling outages used by Mr. Finnell and by the Staff in its production cost modeling. Mr.
- 17 Dauphinais proposes to use a Callaway Plant refueling outage duration of 28 days,
- 18 reflective of the length of Refuel 16, rather than a normalized outage duration as used by
- 19 the Staff and Mr. Finnell. Can you provide any background information related to Refuel
- 20 16 and its duration of 28 days?
- A. Yes. Refuel 16 (which occurred in the Fall of 2008) at the Callaway Plant was
- somewhat unique in its scope. With the recent replacement of the steam generators and main
- turbine (in 2005), maintenance on these major components was not yet needed. However, the

Rebuttal Testimony of Randall J. Irwin

- 1 period of no maintenance is past and future outages will contain work scope on both the steam
- 2 generators and the main turbine. In addition, the number of plant modifications performed
- during Refuel 16 was at a reduced level. Subsequent refueling outages will have an increased
- 4 number of plant modifications. Taking all this into consideration, subsequent outages will have
- 5 durations longer than 28 days. As Mr. Finnell's rebuttal testimony shows, refueling outages
- 6 vary considerably in length over time, which is why the Company uses a normalized level of
- 7 outages in its production cost modeling.
- Q. Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony?
- 9 A. Yes, it does.

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Union Electric Company d/b/a AmerenUE's Tariffs to Increase its Annual Revenues for Electric Service. Case No. ER-2010-0036 Tracking No. YE-2010-0054 Tracking No. YE-2010-0055
AFFIDAVIT OF RANDALL J. IRWIN
STATE OF MISSOURI)
CITY OF ST. LOUIS)
Randall J. Irwin, being first duly sworn on his oath, states:
1. My name is Randall J. Irwin. I work in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, and I am
employed by Union Electric Company d/b/a AmerenUE as Supervising Engineer, Fuel Cycle
Management in Nuclear Generation.
2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my Rebuttal Testimony
on behalf of Union Electric Company d/b/a AmerenUE consisting of 8 pages, all of which
have been prepared in written form for introduction into evidence in the above-referenced
docket.
3. I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the attached testimony to
the questions therein propounded are true and correct.
Landel J. Acwer
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10 day of February, 2010.
My commission expires:
Debby Arizelone - Notary Public Notary Seal, State of Missouri - St. Louis County Commission #00435722 My Commission Expires 5/4/2010