302 Exhibit No.:

Witness: Charles D. Laderoute

Type of Exhibit: Rebuttal
Issue: Cost of Service Study,

Rate Design and Tariff Issues

Sponsoring Party: Midwest Gas Users'

Association

Case No.: GR-2001-292

## MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

MISSOURI GAS ENERGY

CASE NO. GR-2001-292

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF

CHARLES D. LADEROUTE

May 22, 2001

Exhibit No. 305

Date 6-25-01 Case No. 62-2001-292 Reporter Stewart

# BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Missouri Gas  Energy's tariff sheets designed to increase rates for gas service in the Company's Missouri service area.  CR-2001-292
AFFIDAVIT OF CHARLES D. LADEROUTE
STATE OF MISSOURI ) ) ss COUNTY OF JACKSON )
Charles D. Laderoute, of lawful age, on his oath states: That he has reviewed the attached written testimony in question and answer form, all to be presented in the above case, that the answers in the attached written testimony were given by him; that he has knowledge of the matters set forth in such answers; that such matters are true to the best of his knowledge, information and belief.
Charles D. Laderoute
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 215 day of May, 2001.
Carolyn R. Belden Notary Public
[SEAL]  My Commission expires: 11 03 03  CAROLYN R. BELDEN Jackson County My Commission Expires November 3, 2003

## REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF CHARLES D. LADEROUTE

- 1 Q. Please state your name, occupation and address.
  - A. My name is Charles D. Laderoute. I am an energy consultant and President of Charles D. Laderoute, Ltd., 5114 Amazonia Road, St. Joseph, Missouri 64505.
  - Q. Are you the same Charles D. Laderoute who has previously filed testimony in this case?
- 7 A. Yes.

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- Q. What is the purpose of your Rebuttal Testimony in this proceeding?
- A. I will address the Direct Testimony and cost of service allocation studies ("COSS") prepared by Staff Witness Beck and Office of the Public Counsel ("OPC") Witness Busch. I also address certain issues raised by OPC Witness Hu, OPC Witness Colton and MGE Witness Cummings. I am also sponsoring Revised Schedules (Schedule CDL-Reb-1) which were distributed to all parties at the May 8, 2001 Prehearing Conference. Finally, I am proposing an alternative method for setting the rate class revenue levels in this case.

Schedule

CDL-Reb-1 p. 1

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Q. Please identify the Schedules which you are sponsoring in this Rebuttal testimony.

A. I am sponsoring the following Schedules, all of which are part of this exhibit and all of which were prepared by me:

## Description

Schedule CDL-6 Revised Page 1 of 3

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CDL-Reb-1 p. 2
                 Schedule CDL-6 Revised Page 2 of 3
CDL-Reb-1 p. 3
                 Schedule CDL-6 Revised Page 3 of 3
CDL-Reb-1 p. 4 Schedule CDL-7 Revised Page 1 of 26 CDL-Reb-1 p. 5 Schedule CDL-7 Revised Page 2 of 26
CDL-Reb-1 p. 6
                 Schedule CDL-7 Revised Page 3 of 26
CDL-Reb-1 p. 7
                 Schedule CDL-7 Revised Page 10 of 25
CDL-Reb-1 p. 8
                 Schedule CDL-7 Revised Page 19 of 25
CDL-Reb-1 p. 9
                 Schedule CDL-10 Revised Page 1 of 1
CDL-Reb-1 p. 10 Schedule CDL-14 Revised Page 1 of 3
CDL-Reb-1 p. 11 Schedule CDL-14 Revised Page 2 of 3
CDL-Reb-1 p. 12 Schedule CDL-14 Revised Page 3 of 3 CDL-Reb-1 p. 13 Schedule CDL-15 Revised Page 1 of 26
CDL-Reb-1 p. 14 Schedule CDL-15 Revised Page 2 of 26
CDL-Reb-1 p. 15 Schedule CDL-15 Revised Page 3 of 26
CDL-Reb-1 p. 16 Schedule CDL-15 Revised Page 10 of 25
CDL-Reb-1 p. 17 Schedule CDL-15 Revised Page 19 of 25
CDL-Reb-1 p. 18 Schedule CDL-16 Revised Page 1 of 26
CDL-Reb-1 p. 19 Schedule CDL-16 Revised Page 2 of 26
CDL-Reb-1 p. 20 Schedule CDL-16 Revised Page 3 of 26
CDL-Reb-1 p. 21 Schedule CDL-16 Revised Page 10 of 25
CDL-Reb-1 p. 22 Schedule CDL-16 Revised Page 19 of 25
CDL-Reb-2 Comparison of Cost of Service Studies Assuming
           Revenue Neutrality
CDL-Reb-3 p. 1 Comparison of Parties COSS - Revenue Neutral
                COSS Percents-Exclude UMGL
CDL-Reb-3 p. 2 Comparison of A/C 376 Mains Allocation
CDL-Reb-4 p. 1 Determination of Difference Between MGUA &
                OPC COSS-Margin Revenue
CDL-Reb-4 p. 2 Distribution PIS Allocation - MGUA
CDL-Reb-4 p. 3 Distribution PIS Allocation - MGUA COSS Modi-
                fied for OPC Mains Allocation
CDL-Reb-4 p. 4 MGUA Revenue Neutral Summary Page
CDL-Reb-4 p. 5 MGUA Revenue Neutral Summary Page reflecting
                MGUA COSS Modified for OPC Mains Allocation
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- CDL-Reb-5 p. 1 Differences Between COSS- MGUA vs Staff & OPC - LVS Class
- CDL-Reb-5 p. 2 Impact Upon MGUA COSS Costs Allocated to LVS Class of Using Various Staff Allocation Meth-
- CDL-Reb-5 p. 3 Impact Upon MGUA COSS Costs Allocated to LVS Class of Using Various OPC Allocation Methods
- CDL-Reb-6 p. 1 Summary of Proposed Revenue Changes
- CDL-Reb-6 p. 2 Summary of COSS and Proposed Revenue Spread Fractions
- CDL-Reb-6 p. 3 Proposed First Year Revenue Spread
- CDL-Reb-6 p. 4 Proposed Second Year Revenue Spread
- CDL-Reb-6 p. 5 Proposed Third Year Revenue Spread
- CDL-Reb-6 p. 6 Summary of Revenue Change from Years 1 to 2 and 2 to 3
- CDL-Reb-6 p. 7 Revenue Requirement Spread on MGUA Mod I Revised COSS - Full
- CDL-Reb-6 p. 8 MGE Original Proposal Spread on Current Revenue
- Please describe the Revised Schedules which were distributed Q. to all parties at the May 8, 2001 Prehearing Conference.
- While preparing for the May 8, 2001 prehearing conference Α. (hereafter "prehearing conference"), reviewing my work, and beginning to prepare material for Rebuttal, I discovered two errors that traced back to my original COSS that was submitted as Schedule CDL-7. Unfortunately, these were carried forward to the later COSS studies and also affected other I made the necessary changes to correct the schedules. errors, duplicated the affected sheets of the schedules and distributed them to all parties. The material has been included as Schedule CDL-Reb-1. Within this schedule are the various pages of the other schedules that were affected.

- Q. Please summarize the most important portions of this Rebuttal Testimony.
- A. The key areas that I address in this testimony are:
  - o The Staff COSS allocates more Mains Plant in Service ("PIS") to the Residential class than my study.
  - o The Staff COSS allocates approximately the same amount of Mains PIS to rate class LVS as my study.
  - O Cost items other than Mains are the driving force behind the difference between the amount of costs allocated to the LVS class in my study versus that of Staff.
  - o Contrasting the OPC COSS with my study, the allocation of Mains accounts for only about 28% of the difference for the two studies of costs allocated to the LVS class.
  - o The RSUM method used by OPC to allocate demand related Mains PIS does not properly reflect cost causation.
  - o Based upon analysis of 16 items in my COSS using Staff allocation methods, I am able to explain 96% of the difference of costs allocated to the LVS class.
  - O Based upon analysis of 17 items (including Mains) in my COSS using OPC allocation methods, I am able to explain 91% of the difference of costs allocated to the LVS class.
  - o My COSS is more accurate than either the OPC or Staff studies because: it more closely reflects cost causation, for the LVS and LGS classes it reflects actual costs for Services, Meters and Regulators and it specifically assigns other costs correctly to the rate classes causing the costs.
  - o I also propose an alternative method to spread the revenue increase in this case.

- Q. Turning to your rebuttal of other party's COSS, there are significant differences between the results of the three COSS studies submitted in your Direct and Supplemental Direct and that of Staff Witness Beck and OPC Witness Busch, is that correct?
- A. Yes.

- Q. Have you prepared a schedule to compare and contrast the results?
- A. Yes. Actually, I have prepared two schedules which serve to illustrate the differences. The first is shown on Schedule CDL-REB-2. This schedule is exactly like that sponsored by Staff Witness Beck in Case No. GR-98-140 where he included his Schedule 1 in Rebuttal Testimony. Schedule CDL-Reb-2 contrasts the "revenue neutral" COSS results for the three parties preparing COSS in the instant case. One problem with this approach is that my COSS was based on the numbers originally filed by Missouri Gas Energy ("MGE") while the Staff and OPC used the Staff numbers prepared by Staff for the revenue requirements portion of this case. Lines 1 and 2 compared with Line 3 is not a valid comparison an "apples and oranges "situation.

To account for the difference, I adjusted the Midwest Gas Users' Association ("MGUA") numbers to synchronize with the Staff numbers. On my schedule, I have identified all of the data sources and beginning at Line 6 I show how I made this synchronization. The approach at Lines 8 - 11 is analogous to the method that Mr. Beck used in Case No. GR-98-140 against the MGE numbers in that case. The calculations shown at Lines 13 - 19 are analogous to the method used by Mr. Beck in this case on Schedule 1 of his Direct Testimony.

- Q. Is there a better approach to compare the COSS results from different parties?.
- A. I believe that an approach based on each rate class's proportion of total cost responsibility is a better approach. This approach is known as cost of service fractions. It is nothing new. Mr. Beck shows cost of service fractions on Schedule 1 of his Direct Testimony at the bottom line entitled "Class' Share of Total Margin Revenues" which should have the word Required inserted after the word Total. Mr. Busch on Schedule JAB-RD2 shows cost of service fractions at Line 33, though the line is labeled as Margin Revenue it is actually Total Operating Revenue which is the sum of Margin Revenue and Other Operating Revenue.

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At least one benefit of using cost of service fractions is that it facilitates comparisons when two or more parties are using different Revenue Requirements values. It is unitless. Looking at Schedule CDL-Reb-2 Line 3, the values by rate class are driven by the numbers MGE filed and are a function of the revenue neutral margin revenue. For my original numbers, the values shown at Line 3 are a function of the existing margin revenue value of \$131,882,802 (Line 8 Column b). Using my values applied against the Staff's Margin Revenue value of \$135,461,461 (Line 11 Column b), gives the different units shown on Line 4. The cost of service fractions method has the added benefit that it facilitates other determinations as I will illustrate.

On Schedule CDL-Reb-3, I illustrate this approach. At the top of this schedule, I show the COSS required values for the three COSS studies. Under the values at Lines 1, 8 and 13 (MGUA, Staff and OPC respectively) I have calculated the COSS fractions. These simply take each rate class's revenue requirements as a fraction of the total requirements. One interprets these values as follows: the Residential required revenue requirements are 74.4710377% of total revenue requirements based on my COSS while they are 70.7673321% based on the Staff study.

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At Lines 16 - 19, I show the difference between my study and that of Staff and OPC. At Lines 22 - 25, I show the values as percents to two decimals rather than fractions. Much of the balance of my analyses and comparison will use this approach which will further illustrate how cost of service fractions can be used.

- Q. Mr. Laderoute, a significant portion of the difference between the three COSS is due to allocation of Mains, is that correct?
- A. No.

- Q. But isn't the allocation of Mains, Account 376, one of the differences between the three studies?
- A. Yes, that is correct. Mr. Busch, in the OPC COSS, used the Relative System Utilization Method ("RSUM") method. I used Peak Month's consumption. Mr. Beck, in his Direct Testimony, did not indicate how he allocated anything. He indicated that he updated the model used in MGE's Case No. GR-98-140 with data that Staff updated based on the numbers that Staff developed in the instant case. In Case No. GR-98-140, Mr. Beck also did not provide much information as to how he performed his COSS, but indicated that it was an update of the study that he had prepared for Case No. GR-96-285. So,

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unfortunately, in order to find out how Mr. Beck's COSS was performed, one has to go back and review his testimony in Case No. GR-96-285. There, we find that he allocated Mains Plant in Service ("PIS") based on two components - a standalone component and an integrated system component. The impact of the stand-alone component is much like that of a minimum system and the costs, determined by class, are assigned by class. Mr. Beck indicated in his Rebuttal Testimony in Case No. GR-98-140 at page 5 that:

Staff's "Underlying Cost" mains allocator determined the percentage of the cost of mains that could be considered to be standalone costs (which are similar to customer related costs) versus integrated system costs (which are similar to capacity related costs) to be 28% and 72% respectively.

Presumably this is still the case. According to his Direct Testimony in Case No. GR-96-285 at pages 7-8:

Because the integrated system is sized to meet the coincident peak demand of all customers, it is allocated to all rate classes in direct proportion to each class' coincident peak demand.

Presumably this is also still the case. At the pre-hearing conference, Mr. Beck confirmed that he used this approach in the instant case.

Q. So, although the three different COSS in this case use a different demand allocation method for Mains PIS A/C 376,

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you state that a significant portion of the difference between the three is not due to the allocation of Mains?

Between my study and that of Staff, yes, that is correct. The different demand allocation method for Mains accounts for only about 22% of the difference between my study and that of the OPC for the residential class. The major differences between the three is not due to the allocation of Mains PIS, but is due to the allocation of other cost items. In fact, comparing the allocation of Mains in the Staff COSS with that in my COSS, the Staff allocates more Mains to the Residential rate class. Our allocations to the LVS class are almost identical. No doubt, some will find that surprising. See Schedule CDL-Reb-3 Page 2 where I have summarized the amount of Mains allocated to each class in the three COSS. Note that for Mains, all three studies are using the same dollar value. Moreover, the actual impact of the Staff value versus mine is even more on a relative basis considering the levels of total Rate Base in the three COSS. The amounts are, \$518,824,134, \$486,933,326 and \$486,933,-326, for MGUA, Staff and OPC, respectively. (Taken from Schedule CDL-15 Page 1, Beck Direct Schedule 1 and Busch Schedule JAB-RD2, respectively.)

Focusing on the Staff values versus my values, considering just Residential and LVS, clearly my study's Mains allocation is **not** what is causing the Residential class to bear a higher relative portion of costs in my study compared to the Staff study. For the LVS class, the difference of Mains allocation is trivial.

- Q. Looking at your COSS results versus that of the OPC study, given that the results of the RSUM allocation is so much dramatically different than your allocation, is that the primary driving force between your study's results and that of the OPC?
- A. Again, the answer is no. Certainly the level of Mains PIS that are allocated to the Residential class is more in my study versus the amount reflected in the OPC study. However, only about 22% of the COSS difference between the two studies is a function of the difference in the allocation of Mains related costs. Please see Schedule CDL-Reb-4 Page 1. At Line 1, I indicate the level of revenue neutral margin revenue from my Mod I COSS as revised. Within my COSS, I allocate Mains Accumulated Depreciation and Mains Distribution Expense on the basis of Mains PIS (see Supplemental Testimony Schedule CDL-15 Page 9 Line 4 and Schedule CDL-15 Page 17 Line 9, respectively). Therefore, if the Mains PIS

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is allocated on a different basis and everything else in the COSS is held the same (aside from internal calculations that flow through the allocation), the impact on revenue neutral margin revenue will reflect the change caused only by using the different Mains allocation factor.

Thus, I modified my Mod I Revised COSS by allocating Mains PIS on the basis of the OPC Mains allocator. Schedule CDL-Reb-4 Page 2 shows the results of the allocation of Distribution PIS as I described in my original prefiled Direct Testimony. This page comes from my Supplemental Testimony and reflects the modifications discussed there. At Page 3 of Schedule CDL-Reb-4, I have modified the page in two ways so as to use the OPC Mains allocator. First, while both the OPC COSS and my COSS reflects assigning the Mains less than 3 inches to Residential and SGS, the manner in which we did it differs. I did it directly (see previous page 2 of Schedule CDL-Reb-4) and allocated to the two classes. As described in the Testimony of OPC Witness Hu at Pages 6, 13 and Schedule DIR HH-1, OPC assigned these costs indirectly by modifying their RSUM allocator. Therefore, I zeroed out the value in the Total column at Line 5 on Schedule CDL-REB-4 Page 3. Second, I input the OPC RSUM allocator directly

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at Line 31. The COSS then reallocated the values at Line 7 based on the OPC Mains allocator.

The only other page of importance to see the impact is the summary page. Schedule CDL-Reb-4 Page 4 shows the Revenue Neutral bottom up page for the Mod I Revised COSS before the change. Page 5 of Schedule CDL-Reb-5 shows this summary page after the change for the Mains allocator had flowed through the COSS. The highlighted lines show all the changes, though only Line 27 is of importance. These values were then carried back to Line 4 of Schedule CDL-Reb-4 page 1. Focusing on Residential and LVS, this shows at Line 6 the difference in my COSS for revenue neutral margin revenue by simply changing the Mains allocator to the OPC RSUM method. The changes are roughly the same - a decrease to Residential of \$1,639,893 and an increase to LVS of \$1,776,714. ring back to Schedule CDL-Reb-2 Line 3, clearly the \$1,639,893 is not the driving force in the cost differences.)

At Lines 9 - 17, I have simply copied the information from above and determined cost of service fractions. At Line 21, I show the impact in terms of the differences of the fractions. This difference is caused by the change to the OPC

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Mains allocator. At Line 25, I have brought the information from Schedule CDL-Reb-3 Page 1 Line 19 which is the difference between the cost of service fractions from my COSS and the OPC COSS. Line 26 is the difference due to the Mains allocator change determined at Line 21. Line 27, therefore, shows the cost of service fractions that are different due to other cost allocations; that is, cost differences between the two COSSs are not due to the different allocator being used for Mains. At Lines 30 and 31, I show the percent amounts due to the Mains allocation and other factors. For Residential, this shows that approximately 22% of the difference between revenue requirements in my study and the OPC are due to the different Mains allocation factor used while about 78% is due to other allocations within the respective studies.

### Q. What conclusions do you draw?

A. With respect to my COSS versus Staff's, my Mains allocator allocates less costs to Residential than Staff does - therefore, the Mains allocator is not the cause of my COSS showing a larger revenue deficiency than Staff for Residential. Regarding LVS, the two studies are not too far different, so the differences in revenue sufficiency for LVS is not due to my Mains allocator used. With respect to my study versus

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the OPC study, for Residential, less than 25% of the difference is due to the Mains allocator while approximately 28% of the difference between the studies for LVS is due to the Mains allocator. Thus, with respect to either of the other studies, the major cost differences are caused by allocations other than Mains.

- Q. Do you have some thoughts as to what might be causing the major differences in the COSS results?
- Α. There are many differences between our studies other than the method used to allocate Mains. Within my study, for many items, I specifically assigned costs. cherry pick and just load assignments to classes other than LVS. On the contrary, I assigned costs to just the LVS class for costs that they incur - e.g. Electronic Gas Measuring equipment in Account 385. Other costs were assigned only to rate classes other than LVS. This is part of the differences. Additional differences are clearly a function of allocations per se -- that is, the method and the resulting allocator. For example, both OPC and Staff allocated costs associated with AMR equipment to the LVS class. is no logical reason for doing so. There is no regulatory precept that would lead one to do this. The numbers are easily and clearly identifiable and the amount of time to

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> allow for an analyst to model this in a COSS is trivial particularly given the level of dollars involved. unfair and unjust. The LVS customers have paid up to \$5,000 per customer specifically for their own automated meter reading devices referred to as Electronic Gas Measurement ("EGM") equipment. And just as LVS customers should not pay any of the costs of AMR equipment, so too the classes other than LVS should not pay for any of the costs of EGM equipment. In sum, the LVS class could never use the AMR meters even if they wanted to. So they are not a cost causer of these costs. Some might rejoin that AMR reduced Meter Reading costs. That may well be, but is immaterial. LVS meters have been automatically read since first installed beginning in 1993. Further, the LVS is being allocated in my study Meter Reading costs as well. That item is weighted using a weight of 45 for LVS in my COSS. Beck and Busch both used a weight of 8.76 for LVS.

In total, I have identified 8 specific areas which includes 16 items where I have significant concern as to how costs were allocated within the OPC and Staff studies - aside from the method that they used to allocate Mains. These areas of concern are:

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AMR related costs - General plant, Intangible plant, Depreciation, et cetera

Storage Gas Inventory in Working Capital

Working Cash for Purchased Gas in Working Capital

Utilization of specific investment information for assignment of Meters, Services and Regulators

Allocation of Other Operating Revenues

Gas Supply related costs included in A&G Expenses

Gas component of Uncollectibles Expense

Sales Expenses

- Q. Have you analyzed these differences and if so, what conclusion can be drawn?
- A. Yes. Please see Schedule CDL-Reb-5. At the bottom of this schedule, I show that by analyzing 16 different cost items, I can account for approximately 96% of the difference between my COSS and that of Staff and 91% for OPC. At page 2 of Schedule CDL-Reb-5, I show the determination of the effect upon my COSS of using the allocation methods (allocators) used by Staff. That is, using the COSS that I prepared, what change to the amount allocated to the LVS class is brought about when changing from my allocation method to that used by Staff. The same values for OPC has been determined on Schedule CDL-Reb-5 Page 3. I have provided source

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explanation on the schedules which explains where the numbers came from or how they are developed.

I will walk through this for AMR to explain what I did. First, note that there are four separate entries for cost items pertaining to AMR shown at the following Lines: 1, 2, 19 and 20. As indicated above, the LVS class should bear none of the costs of AMR equipment. It is simply a fluke that they are accounted for as General plant rather than in a Distribution Plant account (e.g. Meters). They are after all, a metering device. Regardless, the costs are easily identifiable in the original MGE Schedules and workpapers and should be allocated to Rate classes Residential, SGS and LGS only. My allocations are shown on Schedule CDL-15 of the Supplemental Testimony at Page 8 for both AMR General Plant A/C 397.1 and Intangible-AMR related, and Page 17 for AMR Beta Amortization and Depreciation of General Plant Account 397.1. At Page 8, you can see that I assigned the costs to Sales customers (Rates: Residential, SGS and LGS) and then allocated to those classes on the basis of number of customers. (My study in Schedule CDL-16 described in my Supplemental Testimony accounts for the one Sales customer in the LVS rate class.) Note that while I also separately allocated Accumulated Depreciation for AMR equipment in my

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COSS at Page 9, it was not necessary for my analysis here, which I will explain below.

Focusing on Line 1 of Schedule CDL-Reb-5 Page 2, AMR Equipment A/C 397.1 was allocated by Staff using Total P, T & D PIS. Since MGE has no Production or Transmission PIS, this means that this item was allocated by Staff on the basis of each class' portion of Total Distribution PIS. they used is shown at Column d. The amount in Column b to be allocated was taken from my COSS. That value may be found in Supplemental Testimony Schedule CDL-15 Page 8, Line 2, Total column. At Column e on Page 2 of Schedule CDL-Reb-5, I indicate the amount that would be allocated using the Staff allocator. At Column f, I indicate the amount of zero as the value from my COSS, since the class should bear none of these costs. (See Schedule CDL-15 Page 8 Line 2.) Column g, I indicate the fraction that my allocator is of the Total for the LVS class. I show at Column h the extra amount that is allocated using the Staff allocator compared to the amount that I have allocated for each item. Negative values mean that my COSS allocates more costs for an item than the Staff COSS. For the Rate Base related items shown on Lines 1 - 8, I have calculated Fixed Charge Factors in the Footnote 3 at the bottom of the schedule. Two factors

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are shown since the Working Capital items have Return and FIT, but no associated Depreciation. The Fixed Charge Factors are then carried to Column i and multiplied by the values in Column h to determine the Revenue Requirements related values shown at Column j. I then applied this methodology to all of the Rate Base cost items. For items other than Rate Base, the values determined in Column h are carried to Column j. This same approach was used on Page 3 of Schedule CDL-Reb-5 to determine the difference between my COSS results and that shown in the OPC COSS.

The final values on Pages 2 and 3 were carried forward to Page 1 of this schedule where I simply added the amounts for Staff and OPC to my values. Note that while we were using different Total Revenue Requirements inputs, my values shown at Lines 5 and 12 on Page 1 of Schedule CDL-Reb-5 are in the vicinity of those determined by Staff and OPC in their Direct Testimony, respectively, Schedule 1 C-O-S Margin Revenue @ 0% and Schedule JAB-RD2 Line 32 (excluding the \$323,207 of Other Revenue at Line 9). In the middle portion of Page 1 of Schedule CDL-Reb-5, I have determined COSS fractions. I then compare my COSS values for COSS Fractions adjusted for Staff and OPC allocators against the Staff and OPC fractions shown. As a result, my COSS for revenue

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neutral costs adjusted for Staff and OPC allocators for the LVS are nearly identical to the fractions for the Staff and OPC. While many different values can be grouped, the cost items that I selected for this analysis were key to me since, for each, I believe that the Staff and OPC methods are inappropriate.

- Q. Mr. Laderoute, in general are the differences between the COSS caused by the choice of some method or allocator to allocate a common cost item?
- Aside from the differences between the OPC and MGUA study Α. with respect to the Mains allocator - No. Definitionally, within a COSS, common cost items are those for which there is no one unique allocator; e.g. Mains PIS. As I discussed in my Supplemental Direct Testimony at Pages 8 and 9, when a cost analyst can assign costs, they should. In practice, cost assignment is done in several ways. One of the most important factors used is the process of elimination. is, can one assign costs specifically to one or more rate class? If so, those costs should be specifically assigned to that class or classes. The foundation upon which this is based is cost causation. While it is a revenue item rather than a cost item, current Residential revenue is accounted for in a COSS since it offsets the required revenue require-

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ment - for example, existing revenue is \$100,000, but \$150,000 is needed. Would it make any rational or logical sense to assign or allocate some portion of Residential revenue to the LGS or LVS rate classes? Of course not! And that holds for costs as well. Does it make any sense to allocate costs for EGM equipment, which is in place to serve only LVS customers, to any other class? No.

A second important factor in cost assignment is determining the appropriate costs to assign. In some cases, a special study may be performed to determine the costs by rate class. Sometimes a direct approach is not available, so some indirect approach must be used. In my experience, I have found several problematical or key areas here with respect to assignment of cost and special studies: ignorance, lack of effort and lack of data. Ignorance is not meant in a derogatory sense, but in the sense that an analyst just is not aware of how to do something. Lack of effort means that the analyst does not take the time necessary to make a determination whose end result is more accurate than some other In some cases this just may be that they are approach. In other cases, for whatever reason, they just do not take the time necessary to perform a study to determine an appropriate methodology. Or they do something simply be-

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cause that is the way it has always been done - regardless of whether it is right or wrong. Finally, there are times when data is simply not available. For larger companies such as MGE, I have seldom seen this to be a legitimate issue. Usually it boils down to asking the question the right way or finding the right person in order to get requisite data.

- Q. Could you please elaborate and give an example of what you are describing?
- A. Certainly. Let's focus on Services Distribution PIS A/C 380. In a perfect world we would have the cost of Services or Meters for every customer. In the real world that is not possible. However, it is often the case that some data for certain classes may be available. In my experience, I usually find that detailed information for larger customers is often available if one asks the right question to the right person. When I performed my initial COSS, there were many outstanding Data Requests to MGE including a request for actual Meters and Services cost by rate class. In order to get my COSS done, I had to determine costs in the form of weights for Services, Meters, Regulators and Meter Installations. Messrs. Busch and Beck also used a weighted customer approach, though our methods differed. I initially used the

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weighted costs supplied by MGE to Witness Hu in Case No. GR-98-140. I had reservations in using that data. See my Direct Testimony at Pages 40 - 43. This is the same data that OPC Witness Busch used in his COSS - compare his Direct Testimony Schedule JAB-RD1 data with the data I show on Schedule CDL-11 attached to my Supplemental Testimony. For example, we both used \$14,524.80 as Services cost for LVS.

As it turned out, my reservations were on the mark. As I discussed in my Supplemental Testimony, MGE supplied actual cost information for Meters, Services and Regulators for the actual LGS and LVS customers (Response to DR Nos. 181 and 221.) See Schedule CDL-12 in my Supplemental Testimony. The actual average cost per Meter, Service and Regulator for LGS and LVS data is more accurate since it in fact represents the actual average embedded historical cost. Therefore, applying the number of customers in my COSS for LGS and LVS multiplied by the average cost per item gives me the assignable costs. See Schedule CDL-12. After assigning the costs for LGS and LVS any residual costs for Meters, Services and Regulators are a result of Residential and SGS customers.

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At Schedule CDL-7 Page 25 of my Direct and Schedule CDL-15 Page 25 of My Supplemental Direct, I show the per customer unit costs for Services, Meters, Meter Installations and House Regulators. Comparing the numbers you can see the dramatic impact that using the actual data has. For LVS Services, the cost per customer was reduced from \$11,396.77 to \$2,784.74. The latter is based on actual embedded historical costs. And those costs are what are used for setting revenue requirements in this State and for this utility.

Note that in doing this, I assigned costs to two classes because MGE was able to provide me with actual data for those two classes. Whatever costs remain after assigning the costs to those two classes are costs attributable to Residential and SGS customers.

- Q. Please describe why you think the Staff and OPC allocation methods are inappropriate for each of the 16 items identified on Pages 2 and 3 of Schedule CDL-Reb-5.
- A. I have already clearly stated why Staff and OPC COSS are incorrect with respect to the four items related to AMR equipment. Note from Schedule CDL-Reb-5 Pages 2 and 3, Staff and OPC, respectively, allocate \$340,876 and \$428,095

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of AMR costs to the LVS class. These values should be zero.

I will discuss the more important differences for the other items.

Working Capital Gas Inventory, shown at Line 3, should not be allocated to Transportation customers. These costs are associated with gas held in inventory to serve Sales custom-Transportation customers provide their own gas and, moreover, have no right to use Storage Gas. If they did, they would get hit with a penalty charge from MGE. and Staff allocated costs associated with Working Capital Gas Inventory to the LVS class, respectively, \$321,870 and \$731,633. There is no logical reason for doing so. There is no regulatory precept that would lead one to do this. This is unfair and unjust. The LVS customers pay for their own gas and cannot use gas in storage without incurring penalties. They are not a cost causer of these costs. cost causers are the Sales customers on Rates Residential, SGS and LGS. And while there may be one Sales customer in the LVS class, I have already identified the cost to serve him in my Supplemental Testimony Schedule CDL-16 as Revised in Schedule CDL-Reb-1 at Pages 18-22. MGE wanted to close the LVS rate class in their last case. I have accounted for the cost to serve that customer in my Schedule CDL-16.

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can be seen at Schedule CDL-Reb-1 Page 12, this one customer causes \$109,603. The customer came to LVS from LGS during 2000. Given that the additional cost to serve this customer is \$0.79 per Mcf, they should be placed back on LGS and LVS should be closed to Sales customers. Moreover, for whatever reason Staff had in the last case to argue (and prevail) for retaining Sales customers on LVS, this is no reason that costs attributable to Sales classes Residential, SGS and LGS should be borne by the other 440 LVS customers. In the balance of this testimony, I will not address this customer, because I believe that this customer properly should not be on this rate and because I would otherwise have to insert a provisio on each comment. The existence of this customer should not deflect attention from the issues of proper costs for the other 440 LVS customers who are transporters.

Like Working Capital Gas Inventory, Working Capital Working

Cash - O&M Purchased Gas, shown at Line 4, should not be

allocated to Transportation customers. These costs are

associated with gas purchased to serve Sales customers.

Transportation customers provide their own gas and, more
over, have no right to use any gas purchased by MGE. If

they did use MGE gas, they would get hit with a penalty

charge from MGE. Both OPC and Staff allocated costs associ-

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ated with this item to the LVS class. There is no logical reason for doing so. There is no regulatory precept that would lead one to do this. This is unfair and unjust. The LVS customers pay for their own gas and cannot use gas purchased by MGE for its Sales customers without incurring penalties. They are not a cost causer of these costs. The cost causers are the Sales customers on Rates Residential, SGS and LGS. And yet, the Staff and OPC respectively, allocate \$145,681 and \$72,641 of these costs to the LVS class.

The difference in the allocation of Services, Line 5, is significant with respect to the value used by OPC. In our case, as I describe in my Supplemental Testimony and above, MGE provided us with the actual cost incurred for LGS and LVS customers with respect to Meters, Services and Regulators. That is, we have not had to rely on weights - we used the actual embedded costs that MGE has incurred, costs caused by LGS and LVS customers, to determine their costs for these three items.

In addition to my earlier comments, here is the impact of the difference between my assignment/allocation for Services and that of the OPC. At Schedule CDL-Reb-5 Page 3 Line 5

Column h, I show that the OPC allocation method, when applied to my data, allocates \$3,897,398 more costs than my COSS to LVS. In total, Column e, their approach allocates/assigns \$5,209,009. Based on LVS customer count of 471 (441 plus additional 30 Meters & Services), their approach results in a per customer unit cost of \$11,059.47 for Services. Clearly this is inaccurate when the actual average cost of Services for LVS customers is actually \$2,784.74. Their method imputes \$8,274.73 of additional cost of Services per customer that just simply does not exist. Column j of this schedule shows that the OPC method inappropriately allocates \$480,608 of revenue requirements to the LVS class for just this item alone.

My biggest concern with Meters PIS A/C 381, is the Meter per Customer ratio used by OPC Witness Busch. At Page 6, Line 23 of his Direct Testimony, he indicates that a large percent of LGS and LVS customers have multiple meters. Yet on Schedule JAB-RD1 he shows a meter per customer ratio of 1.00 for LVS and .86 for LGS. The latter implies that there is only 86/100ths of a meter for an LGS customer or conversely 1.16 customers per meter for LGS. This is illogical as these are large customers who one would expect would have at least one meter per customer. His own calculations show 412

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meters for 482 LGS customers. And the ratio of 1.00 does not support his statement that LVS customers have multiple meters. Throughout my study, I acknowledged that there were 441 LVS customers with 471 Meters and Services.

At Page 7, Lines 14 - 22 of his testimony, OPC Witness Busch describes his approach to spreading "unaccounted for" meters to non-residential classes. Aside from providing no rationale for this, it is just plain wrong. MGE holds meters in inventory for a variety of reasons, two of the most important being replacements and growth. Since the most dramatic growth (and the largest number of customers) is in the Residential class, a large number of Meters is held there for growth and replacement in the Residential class. So his meter/customer ratio is just plain wrong.

Regarding Electronic Gas Measurement Equipment A/C 385, this is only used by, and as is required for, LVS customers.

These costs should be assigned only to the LVS rate class.

The Staff allocated these costs to LGS and LVS. OPC allocated these costs to all rate classes other than Residential which is incorrect. In fact, for their allocator applied against my costs, they would only allocate \$2,218 to LVS

since they allocate these on the basis of C & I customers which loads the costs almost entirely on SGS customers.

As I noted earlier, I wanted to assign costs appropriately and as part of my Data Requests, I asked MGE numerous questions in an attempt to get costs that could be assigned including the assignment of costs to the LVS class. With respect to Accounts 920-1, MGE identified \$35,208 attributable to customers on rate LVS. I assigned these to the LVS customers and neither Staff nor OPC made a similar assignment.

I asked MGE to provide costs associated with Gas Supply and Gas Accounting in Account 923 as part of Data Request Number 150. I specifically assigned these costs to the classes Residential - LGS since these costs are associated with providing commodity gas for sales. These costs are not caused by LVS customers. These costs are associated with personnel related to activities to serve Sales customers. Transportation customers provide their own gas and, moreover, have no right to use MGE's gas. Neither the OPC nor Staff acknowledged this in their allocated costs. There is no logical reason that the LVS customers should pay any costs associated with the supply of commodity gas. There is

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no regulatory precept that would lead one to do this. This is unfair and unjust. The LVS customers pay for their own gas and cannot use gas procured by MGE. They are not a cost causer of these costs. The cost causers are the Sales customers on Rates Residential, SGS and LGS.

Uncollectibles A/C 904 should be broken down into two components - a portion due to gas commodity cost and a portion due to margin revenue. I did so in my study, while OPC and Staff did not. While I subscribe to the notion that this is an overhead cost that must be borne by all customers, I also subscribe to the notion that only Sales customers should bear the cost responsibility for the Uncollectibles costs associated with commodity gas. LVS customers provide their own gas. They do not buy gas from MGE. Therefore, the portion of Uncollectibles attributable to the gas commodity portion should only be allocated to those who buy MGE's gas - rate classes Residential, SGS and LGS. Due to their allocation of Uncollectibles in toto, Staff and OPC allocate respectively, \$212,589 and \$279,900 to LVS class that should be borne by the other classes.

Other Operating Revenues are a cost offset. That is, they serve to offset the costs within a COSS. These are however,

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treated as a line item in a COSS - they are not treated as a cost of service class or column. Because of that, there are costs allocated to rate classes within a COSS which underlie the cost of providing the service that generates these Other These costs are buried in the COSS at various locations and are allocated across rate classes. It sometimes helps to think of Other Operating Revenues as similar to Uncollectibles except that rather than being an overhead cost, these Other Operating Revenues are an overhead bene-Since the costs are allocated elsewhere to the various classes, the benefit should also be shared across the rate In order to provide some matching between the costs and the benefits, all rate classes should share. my COSS, I allocated these Other Operating Revenues across all classes on the basis of a 50-50 weighting between volumes and customers. In my mind this is a fair apportion-Staff on the other hand assigned these revenues to Residential and SGS and allocated them to those classes on the basis of Residential and SGS bills. I understand the The logic for that is that most of these Other Operating Revenues are generated by the Residential and SGS classes. BUT, most Uncollectibles are generated by the same In order to be logically consistent between Uncollectibles and Other Operating Revenues, the benefit of

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the latter must also accrue to other rate classes. In fact, there is even more of a case to be made with respect to Other Operating Revenue since the customer accounting costs and other operating costs for the personnel who deal with disconnects, reconnects and so on have been allocated elsewhere in the to all classes. The Staff approach allocates \$660,825 less of cost offsetting Other Operating Revenue to LVS than my study. It all boils down to cost (in this case benefit) causation. The impact of the OPC allocation is not quite as dramatic as they use the more broad based "cost of service" allocator.

- Q. Mr. Laderoute, let's return to the RSUM allocator that the OPC used to allocate Demand related Mains PIS. Did you invent the Relative System Utilization Method (RSUM)?
- A. Yes, in the early 1980s.
- Q. And yet you do not believe that it is a reasonable method for the allocation of Demand related Mains PIS? Please explain.
- A. Like Staff, which used estimated Peak Coincident day demand for the allocation of demand related Mains PIS, I believe that the most appropriate allocator for demand related Mains is a measure of Peak loads. The Mains system is sized to

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meet the coincident demands of all customers. In my case, I used the coincident monthly Mcf consumption for the month of the system peak. Thus, to allocate demand related Mains, I used each rate class' Mcf contribution to peak month's total consumption.

I categorically believe that when directly applied, RSUM does not result in a fair apportionment of demand related Mains cost. It imputes loads that simply do not exist in terms of cost causation. It results in costs being borne by others than who caused the cost in the first place. The system is in fact designed and sized based on coincident loads - not some fabricated loads. In the case of the data that I used, the LVS class causes 20.27% of the peak month load. See Schedule CDL-8 in my Direct Testimony. Based on its workpapers, the Staff used a Coincident Day demand allocator of 19.25% for the LVS rate class. The OPC unadjusted RSUM allocator for the LVS class is 24.77%. From a pure cost causation point of view, the OPC allocator imputes or attributes an additional 4.5% (24.77-20.27) of load that a system planner would not take into consideration.

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As Professor Bonbright states in his <u>Principles of Public</u>

<u>Utility Rates</u> (1969) at page 354 when comparing various demand allocation methods:

Of the three formulas just described, the one that would probably come closest to receiving support from the economists, at least viewed from the standpoint of cost analysis, is the system-peak responsibility method.

Indirectly, there are uses of RSUM where it might be appropriate. In the case where demand related costs have been allocated to rate classes on the basis of some notion of peak responsibility, the class demand related costs could be allocated to costing periods on the basis of RSUM. Thus, these costs, be they LDC Mains costs or pipeline Reservation Charges could be allocated to say, an On Peak and Off Peak period on the basis of relative RSUM weights after the costs have been allocated to classes on the basis of a peak responsibility method.

- Q. Turning to some specific issues addressed in Staff Witness Beck's Testimony, do you agree with his conclusion at Page 3 Lines 16-17 that most of the rate classes are at or near their class revenue responsibility?
- A. No. My COSS is much more accurate than both the Staff and OPC in terms on reflecting cost causation. At Page 13 of Schedule CDL-Reb-1 (Schedule CDL-15 Revised Page 1), my Top

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Down analysis based on the numbers filed by MGE, shows that with a total Rate of Return ("ROR") of 5.88%, Residential is earning 4.85% while LVS is earning 11.43%. LVS is earning an Index of 194 or 1.94 times the system actual ROR while Residential is earning .82 times the overall ROR. The next page shows that for a Revenue Neutral position, the LVS class would have to be reduced by \$3,220,603 and Residential increased by \$6,369,575 for all rate classes to earn the same (held constant) overall Return of 5.88%. Even at the total revenue increase requested by MGE, Page 15 of Schedule CDL-Reb-1 shows that the LVS revenues should be decreased.

- Q. Staff Witness Beck indicates in his Testimony at Page 4

  Lines 7 13, that most current Customer Charges are at or

  above the indicated customer related costs from the COSS.

  Do you agree?
- A. No. My COSS is much more accurate than either the Staff or OPC studies particularly with respect to Customer Related Costs. The unit Customer related costs are driven in large part by the amount of investment in Services, Meters and Regulators. Moreover, the costs associated with AMR equipment should be included in the Customer Charge since they are a Customer Related cost no different that the costs associated with a Meter. Schedule CDL-17 of my Supplemental

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Testimony contrasts the results of my COSS modifications to costs based on assigning actual costs for Meters, Services and Regulators for the LVS and LGS rate classes. Compared with my original results shown at Line 1, the adjusted values based on the Modifications 3-8 described in my Supplemental Testimony show higher Customer related costs for Residential and SGS and lower values for LGS and LVS. In fact, my results show that Residential through LGS Customer Charges can be supported at <a href="https://linear.com/higher-levels">higher levels</a>, while the level for LVS could be reduced. Please note that these values were unaffected by the revisions that I included in Schedule CDL-Reb-1.

- Q. OPC Witness Busch indicates in his Direct Testimony at Page 5, Lines 15 16 that he tried to allocate costs to the "actual cost causers" with respect to Meters, Regulators and Services. Please comment.
- A. As I indicated earlier in this testimony, in fact my study does attribute these costs much more accurately than either the OPC study (in particular) or the Staff study based on who is causing the costs. It is one thing to state that costs should be allocated to who causes costs, yet quite another to actually perform a COSS that actually reflects proper cost causation.

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- In his Direct Testimony at Page 1, Lines 21 22 and Page 2 Q. Lines 22 - 23, OPC Witness Busch states that the COSS should provide an estimate of the cost of providing service and that he used allocators to distribute a reasonable share of costs to each customer class. Do you agree that his study does that?.
- As I indicated at length above, his study in fact allo-Α. cates unfairly much too many costs to the LVS class. Based on my study using his allocation methods and allocators, he allocates over \$3 million inappropriately to the LVS class excluding the allocation of Mains.
- Q. Turning to the Testimony of OPC Witness Hu, at Page 15 Lines 1 - 9, she indicates a number of factors that should be considered in setting a just and reasonable rate level. Please comment.
- Α. I will address each of the factors that she has identified. With respect to these, she gives us no indication of the relative weight that cost should bear in a Commission deci-I will. A cost of service study should serve as the sion. primary input in determining rate class revenue levels. Otherwise, why waste all the time performing such studies? In my opinion and in general, the cost of service study should weigh no less than 80 to 90% in the final balancing

of factors. The other factors might be weighted at 10 to 20% of the final decision.

With respect to value of service, this is a term that is often misused. In actual practice for a gas LDC, it is of most importance when there are competitive alternatives. For example, if oil is a valid alternative for some customers and the cost of service is too high relative to the costs for those customers to use oil, based on value of service, if it desired to keep those customers on system, some discount from cost based rates is necessary. The same holds true in cases where a customer or customers may bypass the system and attach directly to a pipeline. Most often, the term value of service is misused in the sense of charging some class whatever the traffic will bear.

Affordability is a term that is so twisted and turned it becomes meaningless. Affordable to who and in what circumstances? This past winter the price of gas went up for everyone - transporters and residential customers alike. Should that be a factor in this case? No, it isn't an issue. If there were a recession, should rate levels be set lower for C & I customers because they have a hard time affording to pay their gas bills? No. Usually,

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affordability becomes a political issue directed at residential customers. The notion is typically that residential customers cannot afford the service, but somehow C & I customers can. This issue, in my mind, has no place in regulation. If society sees fit to subsidize one group over another - i.e. income transfers - that is a political issue that should be left to the legislators.

Rate impact is another term that is confusing or often misused or abused. Assume that a rate class (Class A) revenue levels should go up by 25% in order to reflect That may or may no be viewed as a large impact. gardless, if that class is not brought up by 25%, then by definition, some other class or classes must intentionally subsidize that class in order for the company to remain Moreover, this is an issue that can have a self whole. fulfilling prophecy and create a systemic problem. Assume that rate levels are not set at allocated costs - the reason being rate impact. The next time the utility files for a rate case the hole gets deeper as revenues are not recovering costs and the disparity between costs and revenues gets So, perhaps rather than requiring a 25% increase to get rate levels to costs, the class chosen to be the recipi-

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ent of intentional subsidization, Class A, now would require a 32% increase.

This can be a particular problem when one considers who is in fact causing the costs to be incurred. As I indicated in my Direct Testimony and on Schedule CDL-3, AMR costs are a significant factor in this case; well over \$5,000,000 in revenue requirements. Those costs were not caused by the LVS class. In reviewing the rate impact of this case, the Commission should surely consider that those costs are not attributable to LVS - regardless of the impact on Rates Residential, SGS and LGS.

Since its last rate case, MGE has added substantially to Mains with most of the customer growth being in the classes Residential and SGS. While impact of the growth related Mains may have a substantial rate impact, the Commission should in fact consider that most of the associated costs for the growth related Mains was added not to serve LGS and LVS, but the other two classes. So while the rate impact may be significant, the cost causers should bear the costs.

Rate Continuity is a term that is more appropriate in view of the actual rate structure - not the rate level. In this

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case, a rate continuity issue would be the proposal by MGE to move the Residential rate class from a Customer charge to a Minimum Bill. The former includes no consumption, while MGE has proposed a Minimum bill that includes the first 20 Ccf.

- Q. OPC Witness Hu in Direct Testimony at Page 15, Lines 19 21 proposes that "no customer class should receive a net decrease as the combined result of the revenue neutral shift that is applied to that class and the share of the total revenue increase that is applied to that class". Do you agree?
- A. There are a couple of problems with this logic. First, it is a function of accepting a two step process premised on accepting someone's definition of a revenue neutral shift in concert with a revenue increase. Second, it depends on how one approaches the revenue neutral shift. In this case, OPC recommends 50% movement or revenue shift based on the revenue neutral shift shown in their study. There is nothing magic about this 50%. Further, it is based on their study. As I have indicated above, their revenue neutral COSS is inaccurate. Finally, and most importantly the overall approach is illogical. Essentially, it suggests that no class can get a net rate decrease while another class is

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> getting a rate increase. (Witness Hu has stated just that at Page 19, Lines 6 - 7.) This approach certainly benefits if there are lots of classes. What would happen if there were only two rate classes? One could never set rate levels at cost - even if they wanted to. So if an approach is illogical when there are only two rate classes, it suddenly becomes logical when there are four rate classes? Of course not.

- Are there portions of MGE Witness Dr. Cumming's Direct Q. Testimony that you wish to address?
- Α. Yes, three areas: cost causation relative to Other Operating Revenue items, the Company proposal to spread the revenue increase on the basis of existing class revenues, and Dr. Cumming's list of factors other than cost that should be considered in setting rate levels.
- At Page 7 Lines 6 18 of MGE Witness Dr. Cumming's Direct Q. Testimony, he discusses "cost causation" with respect to setting the levels of charges that are booked to Other Operating Revenues. Please comment.
- I simply find it interesting that the Company thinks that Α. setting the levels for miscellaneous service charges should be set based on cost causation, yet cost causation in their

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opinion should mean essentially nothing in setting margin revenues. As proposed by MGE in this case, the former amount to \$4,858,301 while the latter amounts to \$131,-882,267, including an increase of \$39,882,003.

Please note that I am not suggesting that their proposed levels of charges for these miscellaneous service charges are inappropriate. On the contrary, I am all for setting utility services to levels based on costs.

- Q. Like OPC Witness Hu, MGE Witness Dr. Cumming's in his Direct Testimony at Page 9, Lines 13 16 lists factors other than costs that in his opinion should be taken into consideration in setting rate class revenue levels. Please comment.
- Dr. Cummings list five factors other than costs that should be considered in setting rate levels. Of his list, there is probably only one that I share to any degree fairness. In my mind, the level of revenues for a rate class should be fair. But in my mind, they can only be fair if they are based on a reasonable cost of service study. Otherwise, how does one decide what is in fact fair? One cannot when not measured against the cost benchmark.

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With respect to customer acceptance, obviously all customers hate to see their rates go up. But how does one measure the level of customer acceptance? No doubt, in this case the Residential customers (numbering something on the order of 431,000) would be happy to see the rate increase spread to the C & I customers in SGS, LGS and LVS. But is sheer numbers of customers in a class an important factor in setting rate levels? In my mind, this is one of the least important "other" factors to consider in setting rate levels.

Stability perhaps is a noble goal. Unfortunately, it is a function of how frequently a utility files rate cases. To the extent that the rate levels do not in fact recover the correct amount of costs by rate class, the utility will be in with a general rate increase more often.

Gradualism is an important factor when tied in with the goal of moving rate levels to the levels indicated in a cost of service study. In order to do this, though, there must be a goal of setting rates on costs.

Social considerations have no place in regulation. They are purely a political issue. Customers do not have a chance to

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vote for Commission members. Moreover, one of the goals of regulation is to bring about a result that one might expect from a competitive market. Most consumers look to their legislators, not the business marketplace for solutions to society's problems.

- Q. What issue do you take with MGE's proposal to spread the increase on the basis of existing class revenues?
- A. There is no evidence in this case that such a proposal would bring the rate levels of this company any closer to a cost basis. In fact, the Company did not even file a cost study. If all of these other factors indicated by Dr. Cummings (and OPC Witness Hu for that matter) are so important and existing class revenue levels are viewed as fair, then the entire second portion of a rate case should be disbanded as a waste of time, resources and effort. Since all of these other factors and existing class revenues have nothing to do with costs, how can one set up a benchmark against which to measure rate levels? In short, one cannot.

With respect to the Residential and LVS classes, the former's percentage of current revenues is 69.6% while their costs are 74% of total. The same values for LVS are 8.2% and 5.7% respectively. Thus, the ratio of current revenue

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fractions to costs are 94.2% and 136.6% for Residential and LVS, respectively. See Schedule CDL-Reb-6 Page 2.

- Q. Do you take issue with any of the Testimony of OPC Witness Colton?
- A. Yes, several points. While there may be significant merit in MGE changing its business practices, of course introducing his low income rate is in fact social ratemaking.

  Colton testimony at Page 38 Line 31. His proposal would take money out of the pocket of other Residential (this class only at this point) ratepayers and use it to subsidize a subgroup of Residential customers. This is a political decision best left in the hands of the legislators.

While he has provided quite a rationale to create a specific class of customers, one could do the same for many subgroups. For example, in the community that I live (MGE service territory), the area that I live in is older while the other side of town has new expensive houses where newer Main has been laid to reach these customers. There is no reason that MGE could not have a separate rate for the part of town that I live in and a higher rate for the other side of town. Mr. Colton himself points out similar thoughts at pages 48 and 49 of his testimony.

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Though this is a different cost issue and presented in a different manner, there is little difference between the issue here and the issues in GE-2001-393. The only difference is a different pool of dollars, different subsidizors and different recipients.

Finally, while the subsidizing group may be proposed to be other Residential customers in this case (an issue of fairness in and of itself) there is little reason to believe that another Commission at a later date might not decide that all rate classes should be providing the subsidy.

- Q. Mr. Laderoute, MGE, OPC and you in your Direct Testimony
  have proposed methods to spread the increased revenues to
  rate classes while the Staff did not make a specific proposal. Please comment.
- A. I have addressed the other proposals earlier. With respect to the proposal that I laid out in My Direct Testimony, I wish to replace that with an alternative. Schedule CDL-Reb-6 lays out a proposed method that I think would be reasonable, given the historical background for this Company. Essentially, what I propose is phasing in over a 3 year period cost based rates based on my cost study. The results for each of the three years is shown at Page 1 of this

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schedule for various levels of rate increase. At the lower portion of Page 2, I show the values to use for each year. In the first year, revenue requirements would be spread on the basis of a weighted factor - 75% current revenue and 25% The values used in the derivation are shown at full COSS. the top of this page. In the second year there would be a Company revenue neutral reallocation between the classes. In this year the factor would be weighted at 40% current revenue and 60% full costs. In the third year there would be another reallocation based on the full COSS fractions. Pages 3 - 5 shows the determinations for each year. that these show how the values would be allocated by year not the year by year changes. Page 6 shows the year by year changes. Page 7 shows how the revenues would be spread based on using just my COSS results at this time. Page 8 shows the MGE proposal in contrast.

Note on Pages 1 and 6, the Residential class receives the largest impact in the first year. Using the Point of Reference of a \$10,000,000 increase, the first year share is so significant because they represent 69.6% of current revenues. (Schedule CDL-Reb-6 Page 2 Line 2) Under the MGE proposal shown at Page 8 of this schedule, the Residential class would receive \$6,964,131. The additional amount of

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\$1,532,203 reflected in my proposal (8,496,334 - 6,964,131) is due to the weighting in an attempt to match revenues with costs. The net result of this proposal is that over a three year period, the rates would be set on costs as they exist at this point.

- Q. Is it your opinion that this proposal is better than the alternatives that have been suggested in this case?
- A. Yes. And it reflects what I view as a reasonable compromise in heading toward cost based rates.
- Q. Does this conclude your Rebuttal testimony?
- A. Yes, at this time it does. But there are outstanding responses to several data requests that we made to other parties including Staff and Public Counsel on May 2. I would respectfully reserve the ability to supplement this testimony and certain schedules as might be indicated when these responses are received.

- 51 ~

Case No.\_\_\_\_ Exhibit No.\_\_\_ Witness: CD Exhibit CDL-\_c Page #\_\_\_\_\_

Missouri Gas Energy

Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study
Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000

Normalized - Peak Month

Laderoute, Ltd. COSt Analyst I v. 6 (tm) (c) 1986-2001

SCHED. # PAGE # SCH1A

## TITLE: SUMMARY - PAGE 1 - REALIZED or TOP DOWN

FILE: MGE\_COSfix DATE: 08-May-01

NAME: SUMPAGE1

NR: SCHIA

LINE	<u>A/C #</u>	ITEM	ALLOCATION BASIS	CR	SYSTEM <u>TOTAL</u>	Residential <u>Service</u>	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Service	Large <u>Vol Service</u>
2	480-489	Sales of Gas & Transport Revenue	Schedule 2		131,882,267	91.844.916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,815,512
3	400-403	Sales of Gas & Transport Revenue	Schedule 2		131,862,201	91,644,910	20,298,066	2,923,131	10,613,512
4	488-495	Tot Other Operating Revenue	Schedule 2		4,858,301	3,259,231	730,025	77,988	791,057
5					•		·		
6		Total Gas Operating Revenue Excl GCR	Schedule 2		136,740,568	95,104,147	27,028,113	3,001,739	11,606,569
7									
8		Expenses			62 00T 020	16.240.666	11 202 170	1 024 156	4 221 020
9 10		Gas O&M Exp Excl Gas Costs	Schedule 14 Schedule 15		62,907,928 26,966,363	46,248,665	11,393,178 4,188,741	1,034,156 344,762	4,231,929
11		Depr & Amort Expense Interest on Customer Deposits	Schedule 16		20,960,363 791,258	20,859,379 449,265	224,634	344,702 24,974	1,573,481 · 92,384
12		Taxes Other than Inc Taxes	Schedule 16		9,063,142	6,428,627	1,630,529	158,538	845,448
13		Taxes One than the Taxes	Schedule 10		7,005,142	0,426,027	1,030,329	150,550	
14		Total Op Exp Before Inc Taxes	Sum (L.9-13)		99,728,691	73,985,936	17,437,082	1,562,431	6,743,242
15			,		,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		-,- ,	
16		Net Income Before Inc Taxes	L. 6 - L. 14		37,011,877	21,118,211	9,591,031	1,439,308	4,863,327
17									
18		Total Income Taxes	Schedule 17-B		6,502,977	2,636,446	2,268,575	418,398	1,179,558
19			<u></u>				***********	0.0 0.0	
20		Total Op Expenses Plus Inc Taxes Excl Gas	L. 14 + L. 17 + L. 18		106,231,668	76,622,382	19,705,657	1,980,829	7,922,800
21 22		Not Hillie Consuling Income	L. 6 - L. 20		20 509 000	10 401 765	7 200 466	1.020.010	2 602 760
22		Net Utility Operating Income	L. 6 - L. 20		30,508,900	18,481,765	7,322,456	1,020,910	3,683,769
24		Rate Base	Schedule 8		518,824,134	371,872,699	98,252,944	10,144,114	38,554,376
25		Nato Dase	Genedate 6		510,024,104	371,072,077	70,232,777	10,144,114	30,337,370
26		Rate of Return Before Income Taxes	L. 16/L. 24		7.13%	5.68%	9.76%	14.19%	12.61%
27		Index of Return Before Income Taxes			100	80	137	199	177
28									
29		Rate of Return - Realized	L. 22/L. 24		5.88%	4.97%	7.45%	10.06%	9.55%
30		Index of Return - Realized			100	85	127	171	162

FILE: MGE\_COSfix DATE: 08-May-01

## Missouri Gas Energy

Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study

NAME: SUMPAGE2-A NR: SCHIB-A Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000
Normalized - Peak Month

Revenue (ROR) Neutral

SCHED. # PAGE # SCH1B-A

0011111

TITLE: SUMMARY - PAGE 2-A - REQUIRED or BOTTOM UP

LINE	A/C#	ITEM	ALLOCATION BA	ASIS <u>CR</u>	SYSTEM TOTAL	Residential <u>Service</u>	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Service	Large Vol Service
1 2 3		Rate Base Rate of Return - Ideal Target Index of Return - Ideal Target	Schedule 8	Actual ROR % 5.880 Request ROR % 10.562	518,824,134 5.880% 100	371,872,699 5.880% 100	98,252,944 5.880% 100	10,144,114 5.880% 100	38,554,376 5.880% 100
5 6 7		Return Required at Target ROR Realized Net Utility Op Income Change in Net Income Required	L. 1 * L. 2 Schedule 17 L. 5 - L. 6		30,508,900 30,508,900 0	21,867,578 18,481,765 3,385,813	5,777,660 7,322,456 (1,544,797)	596,514 1,020,910 (424,396)	2,267,149 3,683,769 (1,416,620)
8 9 10 11		Realized Tot Inc Taxes Change in FIT @ 0.628855 Required Total FIT	Schedule 17 * L. 7 L. 9 + L. 10		6,502,977 0 6,502,977	2,636,446 2,129,185 4,765,632	2,268,575 (971,453) 1,297,122	418,398 (266,884) 151,514	1,179,558 (890,849) 288,709
12 13 14 15		Change in Net Income Change in FIT	I 7 L. 10		0	3,385,813 2,129,185	(1,544,797) (971,453)	(424,396) (266,884)	(1,416,620) (890,849)
16 17 18		Total Revenue Change  Revenue Change Grossed up for Uncollectibles	Sum (L.13-15)	r 1.01030600	0	5,514,998 5,571,836	(2,516,250)	(691,280) (698,404)	(2,307,469)
19 20 21		Revenue Change Grossed down for Late Pay Fee  Gas Operating Revenue Excl PGA	Factor Schedule 2	r 0.997761	136,740,568	5,559,361 95,104,147	(2,536,490) 27,028,113	(696,841) 3,001,739	(2,326,030)
22 23 24		Required Gas Operating Rev Excl PGA Increased Operating Revenue - %	L. 19 + L. 21 L. 19/L. 21		136,740,568 0.00%	100,663,508 5.85%	24,491,623 -9.38%	2,304,899 -23.21%	9,280,539 -20.04%
25 26 27		Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Excl PGA Percent of Total Current Revenue Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA	Schedule 2 L. 19 + L. 25	Excludes Gas Lights	131,882,267 100.00 131,882,267	91,844,916 <b>69.64</b> 97,404,277	26,298,088 19.94 23,761,598	2,923,751 2.22 2,226,910	10,815,512 <b>8.20</b> 8,489,482
28 29 30		Percent of Total Cost of Service Increased Revenue - %	L. 19/L. 25		100.00 0.00%	<b>73.86</b> 6.05%	18.02 -9.65%	1.69 -23.83%	6.44 -21.51%
31 32 33 34		Ave Monthly Customers Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Ex PGA Increased Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA	Schedule 18-A L. 25/L. 31 L. 27/L. 31 L. 33 - L. 32	per Cust per year per Cust per year per Cust per year	492,190 268 268 0	431,374 213 226 13	59,903 439 397	472 6,198 4,721	441 24,506 19,236
35 36 37		PGA Revenue Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA	Schedule 2 L. 25 + L. 36	per Cust per year	307,289,585 439,171,852	211,738,095 303,583,011	(42) 81,377,305 107,675,393	(1,477) 14,174,185 17,097,936	(5,270) 0 10,815,512
38 39 40		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PGA Percent Increase Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA	L. 27 + L. 36 L. 37/L. 31	per Cust per year	439,171,852 0.00 892	309,142,372 1.83 704	105,138,903 (2.36) 1,798	16,401,095 (4.08) 36,245	8,489,482 (21.51) 24,506
41		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PGA	L. 38/L. 31	per Cust per year	892	717	1,755	34,768	19,236

Exhibit No. CD Ladero
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FILE: MGE COSfix DATE: 08-May-01

Missouri Gas Energy

Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study

NAME: SUMPAGE2-A Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000 NR: SCHIB-A

**Includes Requested ROR** 

SCHED.# PAGE #

SCH1B-A

Normalized - Peak Month

TITLE: SUMMARY - PAGE 2-A - REQUIRED or BOTTOM UP

LINE	<u>A/C#</u>	- PAGE 2-A - REQUIRED OF BOILTOM UP	ALLOCATION B	BASIS <u>CR</u>	SYSTEM <u>TOTAL</u>	Residential Service	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Service	Large Vol Service
1		Rate Base	Schedule 8		518,824,134	371,872,699	98,252,944	10,144,114	38,554,376
2		Rate of Return - Ideal Target	Delicació o	Actual ROR % 5.88	, ,	10.562%	10.562%	10.562%	10.562%
3		Index of Return - Ideal Target		Request ROR % 10.50		100	100	100	100
4		muon of feeting from 14-5-		100000000000000000000000000000000000000		• • •	= =		
5		Return Required at Target ROR	L. I * L. 2		54,798,205	39,277,194	10,377,476	1,071,421	4,072,113
		Realized Net Utility Op Income	Schedule 17		30,508,900	18,481,765	7,322,456	1,020,910	3,683,769
6 7		Change in Net Income Required	L. 5 - L. 6		24,289,305	20,795,430	3,055,020	50,511	388,344
8		and the control of th	Barrier Barrier			, ,	- • - •	•	•
9		Realized Tot Inc Taxes	Schedule 17		6,502,977	2,636,446	2,268,575	418,398	1,179,558
10		Change in FIT @ 0.628855	* L. 7	•	15,274,451	13,077,310	1,921,164	31,764	244,212
11		Required Total FIT	L. 9 + L. 10		21,777,428	15,713,756	4,189,739	450,162	1,423,770
12					, .	, -	• •	•	•
13		Change in Net Income	1 7		24,289,305	20,795,430	3,055,020	50,511	388,344
14		Change in FIT	L. 10		15,274,451	13,077,310	1,921,164	31,764	244,212
15		· ·			*				
16		Total Revenue Change	Sum (L.13-15)		39,563,756	33,872,740	4,976,184	82,276	632,556
17		-	•			•	•		
18		Revenue Change Grossed up for Uncollectibles	Facto	or 1.01030600	39,971,500	34,221,832	5,027,469	83,123	639,075
19		Revenue Change Grossed down for Late Pay Fee	Facto	or 0.997761	39,882,003	34,145,209	5,016,212	82,937	637,645
20									
21		Gas Operating Revenue Excl PGA	Schedule 2		136,740,568	95,104,147	27,028,113	3,001,739	11,606,569
22		Required Gas Operating Rev Excl PGA	L. 19 + L. 21		176,622,571	129,249,357	32,044,325	3,084,677	12,244,213
23		Increased Operating Revenue - %	L. 19/L. 21		29.17%	35.90%	18.56%	2.76%	5.49%
24									
25		Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Excl PGA	Schedule 2		131,882,267	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,815,512
26		Percent of Total Current Revenue			100.00	69.64	19.94	2.22	8.20
27		Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA	L. 19 + L. 25	Excludes Gas Lights	171,764,270	125,990,125	31,314,300	3,006,688	11,453,157
28		Percent of Total Cost of Service			100.00	73.35	18.23	1.75	6.67
29		Increased Revenue - %	L. 19/L. 25		30.24%	37.18%	19.07%	2.84%	5.90%
30								•	
31		Ave Monthly Customers	Schedule 18-A		492,190	431,374	59,903	472	441
32		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA	L. 25/L. 31	per Cust per year	268	213	439	6,198	24,506
33		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Ex PGA	L. 27/L. 31	per Cust per year	349	292	523	6,374	25,951
34		Increased Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA	L. 33 - L. 32	per Cust per year	81	79	84	176	1,445
35									
36		PGA Revenue	Schedule 2		307,289,585	211,738,095	81,377,305	14,174,185	0
37		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA	L. 25 + L. 36		439,171,852	303.583,011	107,675,393	17,097,936	10,815,512
38		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PGA	L. 27 + L. 36		479,053,855	337,728,220	112,691,605	17,180,873	11,453,157
39		Percent Increase			9.08	11.25	4.66	0.49	5.90
40		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA	L. 37/L. 31	per Cust per year	892	704	1,798	36,245	24,506
41		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PGA	L. 38/L. 31	per Cust per year	973	783	1,881	36,421	25,951

FILE: MGE\_COSfix DATE: 08-May-01 NAME: SUMPAGE1

NR: SCHIA

Missouri Gas Energy

Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000

Normalized - Peak Month

Laderoute, Ltd. COSt Analyst I v. 6 (tm) (c) 1986-2001

SCHED.# PAGE # SCHIA

TITLE: SUMMARY - PAGE 1 - REALIZED or TOP DOWN

LINE	<u>A/C</u> #	_ITEM	ALLOCATION BASIS	CR	SYSTEM <u>TOTAL</u>	Residential <u>Service</u>	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Service	Large Vol Service
1 ·									
2	480-489	Sales of Gas & Transport Revenue	Schedule 2		131,882,267	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,815,512
3		·				, ,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,	
4	488-495	Tot Other Operating Revenue	Schedule 2		4,858,301	3,259,231	730,025	77,988	791,057
5		mula a d D D Lagar							
0 7		Total Gas Operating Revenue Excl GCR	Schedule 2		136,740,568	95,104,147	27,028,113	3,001,739	11,606,569
8		Expenses							
9		Gas O&M Exp Excl Gas Costs	Schedule 14		62,907,928	46,248,665	11,393,178	1,034,156	4,231,929
10		Depr & Amort Expense	Schedule 15		26,966,363	20,859,379	4,188,741	344,762	1,573,481
11		Interest on Customer Deposits	Schedule 16		791,258	449,265	224,634	24,974	92,384
12		Taxes Other than Inc Taxes	Schedule 16		9,063,142	6,428,627	1,630,529	158,538	845,448
13								******	
14		Total Op Exp Before Inc Taxes	Sum (L.9-13)		99,728,691	73,985,936	17,437,082	1,562,431	6,743,242
15		N.I. D.C. I. T.							
16 17		Net Income Before Inc Taxes	L. 6 - L. 14		37,011,877	21,118,211	9,591,031	1,439,308	4,863,327
18		Total Income Taxes	Schedule 17-B		6,502,977	2,636,446	2,268,575	418,398	1,179,558
19		rom mono map	concedito 17 B			2,030,440	2,200,515	-10,570	1,177,556
20		Total Op Expenses Plus Inc Taxes Excl Gas	L. 14 + L. 17 + L. 18		106,231,668	76,622,382	19,705,657	1,980,829	7,922,800
21									
22		Net Utility Operating Income	L. 6 - L. 20		30,508,900	18,481,765	7,322,456	1,020,910	3,683,769
23									
24		Rate Base	Schedule 8		518,824,134	371,872,699	98,252,944	10,144,114	38,554,376
25		D. Ch. D.C. I. T.	1 167 04		<b>= 100</b>	d	- = -A		
26		Rate of Return Before Income Taxes	L. 16/L. 24		7.13%	5.68%	9.76%	14.19%	12.61%
27 28		Index of Return Before Income Taxes			100	80	137	199	177
28 29		Rate of Return - Realized	L. 22/L. 24		5.88%	4.97%	7 450/	10.029/	0.550/1
30		Index of Return - Realized	17. 22/17. 24		5.88% 100	4.97%	7.45% 127	10.06% 171	9.55% 162
2.0					100	. 93			104

FILE: MGE COSfix DATE: 08-May-01

Missouri Gas Energy
Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study

NAME: SUMPAGE2-A NR: SCHIB-A

Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000 Normalized - Peak Month

Revenue (ROR) Neutral

Residential

Small

SYSTEM

SCHED.#

Large

SCH1B-A

PAGE #

Large

TITLE: SUMMARY - PAGE 2-A - REQUIRED or BOTTOM UP

Rate Base   Schedule 8   Rate Actual ROR % 5.880   518,824,134   371,872,699   98,252,944   10,144,114   38,554,376   28,000   100	<u>LINE</u>	<u>A/C #</u>	<u>ITEM</u>		ALLOCATION I	BASIS CR	TOTAL	Service Service	Gen Service	Gen Service	Vol Service
Rate of Return - Ideal Target Index of Return - Ideal Target Index of Return - Ideal Target Request ROR % 10.562 Return Required at Target ROR I. 1 * I. 2 Request ROR % 10.562 Relative Net Utility Op Income Schedule 17 Relative Net Income Required I. 5 - I. 6 Relative Net Utility Op Income Required To Income Required I. 5 - I. 6 Relative Net Utility Op Income Required To Income Required I. 5 - I. 6 Relative Net Income Required I. 5 - I. 6 Relative Net Income Required I. 5 - I. 6 Relative Net Income Required II. 7 Request To Income Required II. 7 Required Total FT @ 0.62855 II. 7 Required Total FT @ 0.62855 II. 7 Required Total FT @ 0.62855 III. 7 Required Total FT	1		Rate Base		Schedule 8		518,824,134	371,872,699	98,252,944	10,144,114	38,554,376
Return Required at Target ROR   1.1*L.2   30,508,900   21,867,578   5,777,660   596,514   2,267,149   6   Realized Net Utility Op Income   Schedule 17   30,508,900   18,481,765   7,322,456   1,020,910   3,683,769   7   7   7   7   7   7   7   7   7	2		Rate of Return - Ideal Target			Actual ROR % 5.88	0 5.880%	5.880%			
Realized Net Utility Op Income   Schedule 17   30,508,900   18,481,755   7,322,456   1,020,910   3,583,769	3		Index of Return - Ideal Target			Request ROR %10.56	100	100	100	100	100
Realized Net Utility Op Income   Schedule 17   30,508,900   18,481,755   7,322,456   1,020,910   3,583,769	4					•					
Change in Net Income Required   1. 5 - 1. 6   0   3.385,813   (1.544,797)   (424,396)   (1.416,620)	5						30,508,900	21,867,578	5,777,660	596,514	2,267,149
Realized Tot Inc Taxes	<del>-</del>				Schedule 17		30,508,900	18,481,765	7,322,456	1,020,910	3,683,769
Realized Tor Inc Taxes	-		Change in Net Income Required		L. 5 - L. 6		0	3,385,813	(1,544,797)	(424,396)	(1,416,620)
Change in FIT @											
Required Total FIT							6,502,977	2,636,446	2,268,575	418,398	1,179,558
Change in Net Income				0.628855							(890,849)
Change in Net Income			Required Total FIT		L. 9 + L. 10		6,502,977	4,765,632	1,297,122	151,514	288,709
Change in FIT									-		
Total Revenue Change   Sum (L.13-15)   0   5,514,98   (2,516,250)   (691,280)   (2,307,469)											
Total Revenue Change   Sum (L.13-15)   0   5,514,998   (2,516,250)   (691,280)   (2,307,469)			Change in FIT		L. 10		0	2,129,185	(971,453)	(266,884)	(890,849)
Revenue Change Grossed up for Uncollectibles   Factor   1.01030600   0   5,571,836   (2,542,182)   (698,404)   (2,331,249)			<b>a</b>						****	<del></del>	
Revenue Change Grossed up for Uncollectibles   Factor   1.01030600   0   5,571,836   (2,542,182)   (698,404)   (2,331,249)			Total Revenue Change		Sum (L.13-15)		0	5,514,998	(2,516,250)	(691,280)	(2,307,469)
Revenue Change Grossed down for Late Pay Fee   Factor   0.997761   0   5,559,361   (2,536,490)   (696,841)   (2,326,030)   (2326,030)			D 01: " 0								
Cas Operating Revenue Excl PGA   Schedule 2   136,740,568   95,104,147   27,028,113   3,001,739   11,606,569											
Cas Operating Revenue Excl PGA   Schedule 2   136,740,568   95,104,147   27,028,113   3,001,739   11,606,569			Revenue Change Grossed down for La	te Pay Fee	racte	or 0.997761	0	5,559,361	(2,536,490)	(696,841)	(2,326,030)
Required Gas Operating Rev Excl PGA   L. 19 + L. 21   136,740,568   100,663,508   24,491,623   2,304,899   9,280,539     L. 19/L. 21   0.00%   5.85%   -9.38%   -23.21%   -20.04%     Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Excl PGA   Schedule 2   131,882,267   91,844,916   26,298,088   2,923,751   10,815,512     Percent of Total Current Revenue   100,00   69,64   19.94   2.22   8.20     Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Excl PGA   L. 19 + L. 25   Excludes Gas Lights   131,882,267   97,404,277   23,761,598   2,226,910   8,489,482     Percent of Total Cost of Service   100,00   73.86   18.02   1.69   6.44     Increased Revenue - %   L. 19/L. 25   Excludes Gas Lights   100,00   73.86   18.02   1.69   6.44     100,00   73.86   18.02   1.69     100,00   73.86   18.02   1.69   1.64     100,00   73.86   18.02   1.69     100,00   73.86   18.02   1.69     100,00   73.86			0 0 1 0 0 100								
Increased Operating Revenue - %   L. 19/L. 21   0.00%   5.85%   -9.38%   -23.21%   -20.04%											
Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Excl PGA Percent of Total Current Revenue Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA Percent of Total Current Revenue Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA L. 19 + L. 25 Excludes Gas Lights 131,882,267 100.00 69.64 19.94 2.22 8.20 8.20 100.00 69.64 19.94 2.22 8.20 8.20 8.20 8.20 8.20 8.20 8.20				1							
Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Excl PGA   Schedule 2   131,882,267   91,844,916   26,298,088   2,923,751   10,815,512   10,815			Increased Operating Revenue - %		L. 19/L. 21		0.00%	5.85%	-9.38%	-23.21%	-20.04%
Percent of Total Current Revenue			Palar of Car Day & Tanan Fred DC A		C-11 A		131 000 070	01.044.016	06 000 000	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA   L. 19 + L. 25   Excludes Gas Lights   131,882,267   97,404,277   23,761,598   2,226,910   8,489,482					Schedule 2						
Percent of Total Cost of Service					1 10 + 1 25	Entralizados Carelles No					
L. 19/L. 25   0.00% 6.05% -9.65% -23.83% -21.51%				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	L. 19 ⊤ L. 2J	Excludes Gas Lights					
30 31 Ave Monthly Customers Schedule 18-A 32 Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA 33 Required Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA 34 Increased Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA 35 PGA Revenue 36 PGA Revenue 37 Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA 38 Required Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA 39 Percent Increase 492,190 431,374 59,903 472 441 492,190 431,374 59,903 472 441 60 61,98 24,506			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		1 10/1 25						
31       Ave Monthly Customers       Schedule 18-A       492,190       431,374       59,903       472       441         32       Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA       L. 25/L. 31       per Cust per year       268       213       439       6,198       24,506         33       Required Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA       L. 27/L. 31       per Cust per year       268       226       397       4,721       19,236         34       Increased Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA       L. 33 - L. 32       per Cust per year       0       13       (42)       (1,477)       (5,270)         35         36       PGA Revenue       Schedule 2       307.289,585       211,738,095       81,377,305       14,174,185       0         37       Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA       L. 25 + L. 36       439,171,852       303,583,011       107,675,393       17,097,936       10,815,512         38       Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PGA       L. 27 + L. 36       439,171,852       309,142,372       105,138,903       16,401,095       8,489,482         39       Percent Increase       0.00       1.83       (2.36)       (4.08)       (21.51)         40       Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA       L. 37/L. 31       per Cu			mercased revenue - 70		L. 19/L. 23		0.00%	0.03%	-9.03%	-23.83%	-21.51%
32       Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA       L. 25/L. 31       per Cust per year       268       213       439       6,198       24,506         33       Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Ex PGA       L. 27/L. 31       per Cust per year       268       226       397       4,721       19,236         34       Increased Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA       L. 33 - L. 32       per Cust per year       0       13       (42)       (1,477)       (5,270)         35         36       PGA Revenue       Schedule 2       307.289,585       211,738,095       81,377,305       14,174,185       0         37       Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA       L. 25 + L. 36       439,171,852       303,583,011       107,675,393       17,097,936       10,815,512         38       Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PGA       L. 27 + L. 36       439,171,852       309,142,372       105,138,903       16,401,095       8,489,482         39       Percent Increase       0.00       1.83       (2.36)       (4.08)       (21.51)         40       Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA       L. 37/L. 31       per Cust per year       892       704       1,798       36,245       24,506			Ave Monthly Customers		Schedule 18-A		001 003	121 271	50.002	472	441 6
33 Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Ex PGA L. 27/L. 31 per Cust per year 268 226 397 4,721 19,236 10,000 13 (42) (1,477) (5,270) 19,236 10,000 1,000			-	PGA		ner Cust ner vear	•	,	•		
34     Increased Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA     I 33 - L. 32     per Cust per year     0     13     (42)     (1,477)     (5,270)       35       36     PGA Revenue     Schedule 2     307.289,585     211,738,095     81,377,305     14,174,185     0       37     Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA     L. 25 + L. 36     439,171,852     303,583,011     107,675,393     17,097,936     10,815,512       38     Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PGA     L. 27 + L. 36     439,171,852     309,142,372     105,138,903     16,401,095     8,489,482       39     Percent Increase     0.00     1.83     (2.36)     (4.08)     (21.51)       40     Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA     L. 37/L. 31     per Cust per year     892     704     1,798     36,245     24,506											
35 36 PGA Revenue Schedule 2 307.289,585 211,738,095 81,377,305 14,174,185 0 37 Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA L. 25 + L. 36 439,171,852 303,583,011 107,675,393 17,097,936 10,815,512 8439,171,852 309,142,372 105,138,903 16,401,095 8,489,482 9 39 Percent Increase 0.00 1.83 (2.36) (4.08) (21.51) 840 Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA L. 37/L. 31 per Cust per year 892 704 1,798 36,245 24,506											
36     PGA Revenue     Schedule 2     307.289,585     211,738,095     81,377,305     14,174,185     0       37     Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA     L. 25 + L. 36     439,171,852     303,583,011     107,675,393     17,097,936     10,815,512       38     Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PGA     L. 27 + L. 36     439,171,852     309,142,372     105,138,903     16,401,095     8,489,482       39     Percent Increase     0.00     1.83     (2.36)     (4.08)     (21.51)       40     Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA     L. 37/L. 31     per Cust per year     892     704     1,798     36,245     24,506			more said of cas or fran Rev Ex	. 0	17.00 0.02	por ousi per year	Ü	13	(42)	(1,477)	(3,270)
37 Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA L. 25 + L. 36 439,171,852 303,583,011 107,675,393 17,097,936 10,815,512 38 Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PGA L. 27 + L. 36 439,171,852 309,142,372 105,138,903 16,401,095 8,489,482 39 Percent Increase 0.00 1.83 (2.36) (4.08) (21.51) Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA L. 37/L. 31 per Cust per year 892 704 1,798 36,245 24,506			PGA Revenue		Schedule 2		307 289 585	211 738 095	81 377 305	14 174 195	0
38 Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PGA L. 27 + L. 36  39 Percent Increase  Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA L. 37/L. 31 per Cust per year  439,171,852 309,142,372 105,138,903 16,401,095 8,489,482 0.00 1.83 (2.36) (4.08) (21.51)  40 Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA L. 37/L. 31 per Cust per year 892 704 1,798 36,245 24,506				PGA				,			_
39 Percent Increase 40 Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA L. 37/L. 31 per Cust per year 892 704 1,798 36,245 24,506											
40 Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA L. 37/L. 31 per Cust per year 892 704 1,798 36,245 24,506			-	··- •							
D : 101 CG 0. T. D 1 100				PGA	L. 37/L. 31	per Cust per year	L .				
19,230 miles 100 miles 200 miles per seen per se									•		
<b>,</b>	. •					San and bar Jam	J/2	,,,	1,1,	57,700	19,230

FILE: MGE\_COSfix DATE: 08-May-01 NAME: SUMPAGE2-A

NR: SCH1B-A

Missouri Gas Energy
Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study

Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000 Normalized - Peak Month

**Includes Requested ROR** 

SCHED, # PAGE # SCH1B-A

TITLE: SUMMARY - PAGE 2-A - REQUIRED or BOTTOM UP

LINE	<u>A/C #</u>	<u>ITEM</u>		ALLOCATION B	ASIS	<u>CR</u>	SYSTEM TOTAL	Residential <u>Service</u>	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Service	Large Vol Service	
1 2 3 4		Rate Base Rate of Return - Ideal Target Index of Return - Ideal Target		Schedule 8	Actual ROR % Request ROR %		518,824,134 10.562% 100	371,872,699 10.562% 100	98,252,944 10.562% 100	10,144,114 10.562% 100	38,554,376 10.562% 100	
5		Return Required at Target ROR		L. 1 * L. 2			54,798,205	39,277,194	10,377,476	1,071,421	4,072,113	
6		Realized Net Utility Op Income		Schedule 17			30,508,900	18,481,765	7,322,456	1,020,910	3,683,769	
7 8		Change in Net Income Required		L. 5 - L. 6			24,289,305	20,795,430	3,055,020	50,511	388,344	
, 9		Realized Tot Inc Taxes		Schedule 17			6,502,977	2,636,446	2,268,575	418,398	1,179,558	
10		Change in FIT @ 0.6	528855	* L. 7			15,274,451	13,077,310	1,921,164	31,764	244,212	
11		Required Total FIT		L. 9 + L. 10			21,777,428	15,713,756	4,189,739	450,162	1,423,770	
12												
13		Change in Net Income		L 7			24,289,305	20,795,430	3,055,020	50,511	388,344	
14		Change in FIT		L. 10			15,274,451	13,077,310	1,921,164	31,764	244,212	
15		T ( I D ) OI		0 (1.13.15)			30.563.866	22 052 540	4.054.104	00.006	(20.55)	
16 17		Total Revenue Change		Sum (L.13-15)			39,563,756	33,872,740	4,976,184	82,276	632,556	
18		Revenue Change Grossed up for Uncollection	oles	Facto	r 1.01030600		39,971,500	34,221,832	5,027,469	83,123	639,075	
19		Revenue Change Grossed down for Late Pa		Facto	-		39,882,003	34,145,209	5,016,212	82,937	637,645	
20					•		<u> </u>				· · · · · ·	
21		Gas Operating Revenue Excl PGA		Schedule 2			136,740,568	95,104,147	27,028,113	3,001,739	11,606,569	
22		Required Gas Operating Rev Excl PGA		L. 19 + L. 21			176,622,571	129,249,357	32,044,325	3,084,677	12,244,213	
23		Increased Operating Revenue - %		L. 19/L. 21			29.17%	35.90%	18.56%	2.76%	5.49%	
24		a		01116								
25 26		Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Excl PGA		Schedule 2			131,882,267	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,815,512	
26 27		Percent of Total Current Revenue Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA		L. 19 + L. 25	Excludes Gas Li	alsta	100.00 171,764,270	69.64 125,990,125	19.94 31,314,300	2.22 3,006,688	8.20	
28		Percent of Total Cost of Service		D. 19 T L. 23	Excilides Gas Li	Burz	100.00	73.35	18.23	1.75	11,453,157 6.67	
29		Increased Revenue - %		L. 19/L. 25			30.24%	37.18%	19.07%	2.84%	5.90%	
30		morousou revenue - 70		D. 17/L. 23			30.2470	37.1070	17.0770	2.0470	3.9070	•
31		Ave Monthly Customers		Schedule 18-A			492,190	431,374	59,903	472	441	q
32		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA		L. 25/L. 31	per Cust per yea	r	268	213	439	6,198	24,506	3
33		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Ex PGA	A	L. 27/L. 31	per Cust per yea		349	292	523	6,374	25,951	1
34		Increased Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA		L. 33 - L. 32	per Cust per yea		18	79	84	176	1,445	ŀ
35											-,	ſ
36		PGA Revenue		Schedule 2			307,289,585	211,738,095	81,377,305	14,174,185	0	I
37		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA		L. 25 + L. 36			439,171,852	303,583,011	107,675,393	17,097,936	10,815,512	I
38		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PG	Λ	L. 27 + L. 36			479,053,855	337,728,220	112,691,605	17,180,873	11,453,157	Ę
39		Percent Increase					9.08	11.25	4.66	0.49	5.90	ſ
40		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA		L. 37/L. 31	per Cust per year		892	704	1,798	36,245	24,506	1
41		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PG	A	L. 38/L. 31	per Cust per year	•	973	783	188,1	36,421	25,951	ľ

SCH7A

SCHED. # PAGE #

FILE: MGE\_COSfix DATE: 08-May-01 NAME: WORKCAP1 NR: SCH7A

39

Missouri Gas Energy Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000

Normalized - Peak Month

TITLE: WORKING CAPITAL

LIME	A (C) II	*****				SYSTEM	Residential	Small	Large	Large
LINE	<u>A/C #</u>	<u>ITEM</u>		ALLOCATION BASIS	<u>CR</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>Service</u>	Gen Service	Gen Service	Vol Service
1										•
2										
3		Materials & Supplies		Tot Dist PIS	DCU	2,036,063	1,450,079	375,685	36,271	174,028
4		Prepayments		Tot Dist PIS	DCU	415,611	295,997	76,687	7,404	35,523
5		Gas Inventory		Excess Gas Use-Sales	D	52,457,645	36,777,295	13,449,251	2,231,099	0
6		Working Cash - O&M-Purchased	Gas	Ccf-Sales Rates	CO	5,584,312	3,847,874	1,478,853	257,585	0
7		Working Cash - O&M-Other		Tot O&M Ex Gas Cost	DCC	3,788,576	2,785,286	686,144	62,281	254,864
8		Working Cash - Taxes - Property		Total PIS	DCU	(2,547,278)	(1,828,144)	(457,653)	(43,106)	
9		Working Cash - Taxes - Gross Red	ceipts	Ccf-Sales Rates	CO	(821,937)	(566,356)	(217,668)	(37,913)	, , ,
10		Working Cash - Taxes - FICA, FU	TA&SUTA	Tot O&M Ex Gas Cost	DCC	184,281	135,480	33,375	3,029	12,397
11		Working Cash - Taxes - Other		Total PIS	DCU	292,050	209,600	52,471	4,942	25,037
12		Est. Offsets		Total PIS	DCU	(3,080,319)	(2,210,700)	(553,421)	(52,126)	(264,073)
13		Prepaid Pension		Tot O&M Ex Gas Cost	DCC	7,822,837	5,751,195	1,416,785	128,601	526,256
14										***************************************
15		Total Working Capital			DCC	66,131,841	46,647,607	16,340,509	2,598,067	545,657
16										
17		Demand Related			D	53,105,233	37,127,227	13,596,308	2,251,536	130,162
18		Commodity Related			CO	10,647,519	7,548,555	2,376,579	333,665	388,720
19		Customer Related			CU	2,379,089	1,971,825	367,622	12,866	26,776
20					ck	66,131,841				
21				_						
22			Allocation l	<del></del>					•	
23			1 Sys 31	Tot Dist PIS	DCU	1.000000000	0.712197583	0.184515603	0.017814206	0.085472607
24 25			2 Sys 4	Excess Gas Use-Sales	D	1.000000000	0.701085520	0.256383040		0.000000000
2 <i>5</i> 26			3 Sys 38	Total PIS	DCU	1.000000000	0.717685260	0.179663463		0.085728989
20 27			4 Sys 44	Tot O&M Ex Gas Cost	DCC	1.000000000	0.735180227	0.181108786		0.067271786
28			5 Sys 74	Gas Sales&Trans+PGA Rev	C/C	1.000000000	0.691262451	0.245178266		0.024627061
28 29			6 Sys 70	Sales Rev Incl PGA	C/C	1.000000000	0.708716045	0.251368739		0.000000000
30			7 Sys 46 8 Sys 6	A & G Expenses Ccf-Sales Rates	DCC		0.726368860	0.182099765		0.074828104
31			9 G&TPT-13	Dem Rel-Dist PIS	CO		0.689050672	0.264822855		0.000000000
32			0 G&TPT-15	Cust Rel-Dist PIS	CU D		0.399989965	0.564027828		0.828474959
33			1 SUMOM-4	Dem Rel-Tot O&M & Gas		0.528631404	0.600010035	0.435972172		0.171525041
34			2 SUMOM-5	Comm Rel-Tot O&M & Gas	D CO		0.136437192	0.202492619		0.422810729
35			3 SUMOM-6				0.492049854			0.489869454
35 36			3 SUMUM-6 4 G&TPT-13	Cust Rel-Tot O&M & Gas Dem Rel-TotPIS	CU		0.371512954 0.399989965			0.087319816
30 37		•	5 G&TPT-15	Cust Rel-TotPIS	D CU		0.600010035			0.828474959
38		1.	J G0011-13	Cust Rei-10tr IS	CO	0.328031404	0.000010033	0.435972172	0.294292795	0.171525041
38										

SCH17A

SCHED.# PAGE #

FILE: MGE\_COSfix DATE: 08-May-01 NAME: TAXES1

NR: SCH17A

Missouri Gas Energy
Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study

Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000

Normalized - Peak Month

TITLE: INCOME TAXES - PAGE 1

ITTLE: IF	NCOME T	AXES - PAGE 1			SYSTEM	Residential	Small	Large	Large
LINE	<u>A/C #</u>	<u>ITEM</u>	ALLOCATION BASIS	CR	TOTAL	Service	Gen Service	Gen Service	Vol Service
1 2		TOTAL GAS OPERATING REVENUE Ex PGA	Schedule 2 L. 25		136,740,568	95,104,147	27,028,113	3,001,739	11,606,569
3 4 5 6		Less: Operation & Maintenance Exp Ex Gas Depr & Amort Expense Interest on Customer Deposits Taxes Other than Inc	Schedule 14 Schedule 15 Schedule 16 Schedule 16	DCC DCC	62,907,928 26,966,363 791,258 9,063,142	46,248,665 20,859,379 449,265 6,428,627	11,393,178 4,188,741 224,634 1,630,529	1,034,156 344,762 24,974 158,538	4,231,929 1,573,481 92,384 845,448
7 8 9		Total Op Exp Before IT	Sum (L. 3-6)	DCC	99,728,691	73,985,936	17,437,082	1,562,431	6,743,242
10 11		NET INCOME BEFORE TAXES	L. 1 - L. 8		37,011,877	21,118,211	9,591,031	1,439,308	4,863,327
12 13		ADJUSTMENTS - BOOK TO TAXABLE INC							
14 15	Plus: Plus:	Equity Portion of SLRP Deferrals COLI Amortization	Services PIS 380 Total PIS	DCU DCU	1,370,858 303,497	1,168,043 217,815	162,200 54,527	10,927 5,136	29,687 26,018
16 17 18	Less:	Interest on Long Term Debt  Total Tax Adjustments	Total PIS	DCU	21,074,636 (19,400,281)	15,124,956	3,786,342	356,631 (340,568)	1,806,707  (1,751,002)
19 20		Net Taxable Income			17,611,596	7,379,114	6,021,416	1,098,740	3,112,325
21 22		Tax @ Effective Rate of 0.38607175	55		6,799,340	2,848,868	2,324,699	424,193	1,201,581
23 24 25	Less:	Income Tax Reduction per Case GM-94-40	Total Rate Base		296,363	212,421	56,124	5,795	22,023
26 27 28 29		NET INCOME TAX			6,502,977	2,636,446	2,268,575	418,398	1,179,558
30 31 32 33		Allocation F 1 Sys 19 2 Sys 38 3 Sys 40	actor Services PIS 380 Total PIS Total Rate Base	CU DCU DCC	1.000000000 1.000000000 1.000000000	0.852052806 0.717685260 0.716760603	0.118320219 0.179663463 0.189376202	0.007971172 0.016922288 0.019552125	0.021655802 0.085728989 0.074311069

## Schedule CDL-Reb-1 Page 9 of 22

Case No
Exhibit No
Witness: CD Laderoute .
Witness: CD Laderoute Exhibit CDL- 10 にといいる
Page #of \

File: MiscCalcRev.xls
Tab: RevSpread
Date: May 8, 2001
Source: COSS

Prep: CDL

## Missouri Gas Energy 2000 Cost of Service Study

Spread of Revenue Requirements Based on COSS Case No GR-2001-292

### MGUA COSS - Full - Original COSS

			Residential	Small	Large	Large
Line	<u>Item</u>	<u>Total</u>	Service	Gen Service	Gen Service	Vol Service
1	COSS	171,764,270	125,990,125	31,314,300	3,006,688	11,453,157
2	COSS Percents	1.000000000	0.733506014	0.182309744	0.017504737	0.066679505
3	COCO I CICCINO	1.00000000	0.755500014	0.102505744	0.017504757	0.000079303
4	Increased Levels	171,764.270	125,990,125	31,314,300	3,006,688	11,453,157
5	of Total Revenue	165,000,000	121,028,492	30,081,108	2,888,282	11,002,118
6		160,000,000	117,360,962	29,169,559	2,800,758	10,668,721
7		154,882,267	113,607,074	28,236,546	2,711,173	10,327,473
8		150,000,000	110,025,902	27,346,462	2,625,711	10,001,926
9		140,000,000	102,690,842	25,523,364	2,450,663	9,335,131
10		135,000,000	99,023,312	24,611,815	2,363,139	9,001,733
11		131,882,267	96,736,436	24,043,422	2,308,564	8,793,844
12		130,000,000	95,355,782	23,700,267	2,275,616	8,668,336
13						
14	Current Revenue	131,882,267	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,815,512
15						
16	Revenue Increases	39,882,003	34,145,209	5,016,212	82,937	637,645
17	(Decreases)	33,117,733	29,183,576	3,783,020	(35,469)	186,606
18		28,117,733	25,516,046	2,871,471	(122,993)	(146,791)
19		23,000,000	21,762,158	1.938,458	(212,578)	(488,039)
20		18,117,733	18,180,986	1.048,374	(298,040)	(813,586)
21		8,117,733	10,845,926	(774,724)	(473,088)	(1,480,381)
22		3,117,733	7,178,396	(1,686,273)	(560,612)	(1,813,779)
23		0	4,891,520	(2,254,666)	(615,187)	(2,021,668)
24		(1,882,267)	3,510,866	(2,597,821)	(648,135)	(2,147,176)

Revised COSS

Study

Missouri Gas Energy

se No. GR-2001-292

Allocation Results - CDL Study as filed

<u>LGS</u>

<u>LVS</u>

d Modifications

SGS

File: CompareRev.xls Date: May 8, 2001 Source: Sch. CDL-7, 15 & 16 Prep: CDL			Mise Case Comparison of Cost A and
<u>Line</u>	<u>Item</u> (a)	<u>Total</u> (b)	Residential (c)

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(c)	(f)	(g)
	Rate & Index of Return						
1	Rate of Return - Realized	5.88%	4.97%	7.45%	10.06%	9.55%	Original
2	Index of Return - Realized	100	85	127	171	162	Original
3							
4	Rate of Return - Realized	5.88%	4.85%	- 7.33%	10.90%	11.43%	Mod I
5	Index of Return - Realized	100	82	125	185	194	Mod I
6							
7	Rate of Return - Realized	5.88%	4.86%	7.35%	10.93%	11.24%	Mod II
8	Index of Return - Realized	100	83	125	186	191	Mod II
9							
10	Revenue (ROR) Neutral - Change & Re	quired Revenue					
11	Revenue Change	0	5,559,361	(2,536,490)	(696,841)	(2,326,030)	Original
12	Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA	131,882,267	97,404,277	23,761,598	2,226,910	8,489,482	Original
13							
14	Revenue Change	0	6,369,575	(2,356,494)	(792,478)	(3,220,603)	Mod I
15	Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA	131,882,802	98,214,491	23,941,594	2,131,273	7,595,444	Mod I
16							
17	Revenue Change	0	6,293,839	(2,383,676)	(796,853)	(3,113,310)	Mod II
18	Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA	131,882,802	98,138,755	23,914,412	2,126,898	7,702,737	Mod II
19							

20	Including Requested ROR						
21	Revenue Change	39,882,003	34,145,209	5,016,212	82,937	637,645	Original '
22	Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA	171,764,270	125,990,125	31,314,300	3,006,688	11,453,157	Original
23							
24	Revenue Change	39,881,464	35,193,555	5,243,474	(53,427)	(502,137)	Mod I
25	Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA	171,764,266	127,038,471	31,541,562	2,870,324	10,313,910	Mod I

26 39,881,464 27 35,116,202 5,215,697 (57,901)(392,534) Mod II Revenue Change 28 Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA 171,764,266 126,961,118 31,513,785 2,865,850 10,423,513 Mod II

Schedule CDL-Reb-1 Page 11 of 22

Missouri Gas Energy

Case No. GR-2001-292

Comparison of Required and Current Revenues

File: CompareRev.xls Date: May 8, 2001

Source: Sch. CDL-7, 15 & 16

Prep: CDL

<u>Line</u>	<u>Item</u> (a)		Total (b)	Residential (c)	<u>SGS</u> (d)	<u>LGS</u> (e)	LVS (f)	Revised <u>COSS</u> (g)
1	Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA		171,764,266	127,038,471	31,541,562	2,870,324	10,313,910	Mod II
2	Current Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA		131,882,802	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	<u>10,816,047</u>	Mod II
3		Difference	39,881,464	35,193,555	5,243,474	(53,427)	(502,137)	
4	•			•				

Revised

File: CompareRev.xls

Date: May 8, 2, 101

Source: Sch. CDL-7, 15 & 16

Prep: CDL

# Missouri Gas Energy

Case No. GR-2001-292

Determination of Additional Costs Due to Sales Customer

on Rate LVS

<u>Line</u>	ltem (a)		<u>Total</u> (b)	Residential (c)	<u>SGS</u> (d)	<u>LGS</u> (c)	LVS (f)	COSS <u>Study</u>
1	Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA		171,764,266	126,961,118	31,513,785	2,865,850	10,423,513	Mod I
2	Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA		171,764,266	127,038,471	31,541,562	2,870,324	10.313,910	Mod II
3		Difference	0	(77,353)	(27,776)	(4,474)	109,603	
4				•				
5					]	Mcf	138,548	
6								
7					1	Avg cost /mcf	0.79	
8								
9					(	Curr Rev	31,874	
10					I	Ave Curr Rev	0.230058117	

ss: CD Laderquie

FILE: MGE COSModifix DATE: 08-May-01

NAME: SUMPAGEI NR: SCH1A

Missouri Gas Energy

Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000

Normalized - Peak Month

Laderoute, Ltd. COSt Analyst I v. 6 (tm) (c) 1986-2001

SCHLD. # PAGE #

SCH1A

#### TITLE: SUMMARY - PAGE 1 - REALIZED or TOP DOWN

30		Index of Return - Realized			100	82	125	185	194
28 29		Rate of Return - Realized	L. 22/L. 24		5.88%	4.85%	7.33%	10.90%	11.43%
27		Index of Return Before Income Taxes			100	77	134	218	219
26		Rate of Return Before Income Taxes	L. 16/L. 24		7.13%	5.48%	9.56%	15.58%	15.62%
25							,		, <del>,</del>
24		Rate Base	Schedule 8		518.824.134	374,975,610	98,869,160	9,614,426	35,364,938
23		ret ounty operating medite	L. 0 - L. 20		50.207.227	10,171,021	1,249,132	1,046,014	7,041,001
21 22		Net Utility Operating Income	L. 6 - L. 20		30.509.229	18,171.021	7,249,132	1,048,014	4,041.061
20		Total Op Expenses Plus Inc Taxes Excl Gas	L. $14 \pm L$ . $17 \pm L$ . $18$		106.231,874	76,932,922	19,778,904	1,953,712	7,566,336
19							7-1-1-1		*****
18		Total Income Taxes	Schedule 17-13		6,503,183	2,362,511	2,207,483	449.764	1,483,425
16 17		Net Income Before Inc Taxes	I., 6 - I., 14		37,012,412	20,533,532	9,456,616	1,497,779	5,524,486
15		• •	,		•		•		
14		Total Op Exp Before Inc Taxes	Sum (L.9-13)		99.728,691	74,570,411	17,571,421	1,503,948	6,082,912
12 13		Taxes Other than Inc Taxes	Schedule 16		9.063,142	6,483,898	1,641,506	149,511	788.226
11		Interest on Customer Deposits	Schedule 16		791,258	449,265	224,631	24,974	92,388
10		Depr & Amort Expense	Schedule 15		26.966.363	21,133,692	4,232,146	282,450	1,318,075
9		Gas O&M Exp Excl Gas Costs	Schedule 14		62,907,928	46,503,555	11,473,138	1,047,013	3,884,223
8		Expenses							
6 7		Total Gas Operating Revenue Excl GCR	Schedule 2		136,741,103	95,103.943	27,028,036	3,001.727	11,607,397
5	100 130	Tet outs. Sperating reconds							·
3 4	488-495	Tot Other Operating Revenue	Schedule 2		4.858,301	3,259,027	729,948	77,976	791,350
1 2	480-489	Sales of Gas & Transport Revenue	Schedule 2		131,882,802	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,816,047
	<u> 20 C #</u>	11 F-91	ALLOCATION BASIS	CR	TOTAL	Service	Gen Scrvice	Gen Scrvice	voi service
LINE	<u>A/C #</u>	ITEM	ALLOCATION BASIS	CR	SYSTEM TOTAL	Residential Service	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Service	Large Vol Service
	, O 11 1 17 2 2 2 2 2	- PAGE 1 - REALIZED OF FOI DOWN							

FILE: MGE\_COSModIfix DATE: 08-May-01

NAME: SUMPAGE2 A

NR: SCH1B-A

Missouri Gas Energy

Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study

Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000 Normalized - Peak Month Revenue (ROR) Neutral

SCHED. # PAGE # SCH1B-A

iE #

### TITLE: SUMMARY - PAGE 2-A - REQUIRED or BOTTOM UP

111 LE. 15	COLMARY	- PAGE 2-A - REQUIRED OF BOTTOM CF			(17.1/17.11.)	** ** ** ** *	61 11	<b>T</b>	
LINE	<u>A/C</u> #	TTEM	ALLOCATION B	ASIS <u>CR</u>	SYSTEM <u>TOTAL</u>	Residential <u>Service</u>	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Service	Large Vol Service
1		Rate Base	Schedule 8		518,824,134	374,975.610	98.869,160	9,614,426	35,364,938
2		Rate of Return - Ideal Target		Actual ROR % 5.880		5.880%	5.880%	5.880%	5.880%
3		Index of Return - Ideal Target		Request ROR % ######		100	100	100	100
4		mack of Return - Ideal Parget		Request Rose & Fillians		100	100	100	200
5		Return Required at Target ROR	L. 1 * L. 2		30,509,229	22.050,278	5,813,958	565,372	2,079,620
6		Realized Net Utility Op Income	Schedule 17		30.509.229	18,171,021	7,249,132	1,048,014	4,041,061
7		Change in Net Income Required	L. 5 - L. 6		0	3,879,257	(1,435,174)	(482,642)	(1,961,441)
8		,							
9		Realized Tot Inc Taxes	Schedule 17		6,503,183	2,362,511	2,207,483	449,764	1,483,425
10		Change in FIT @ 0.628855	* L. 7		0	2,439,490	(902,516)	(303,512)	(1,233,462)
11		Required Total FIT	L. 9 ÷ L. 10		6.503,183	4,802,001	1,304,967	146,252	249,963
12									
13		Change in Net Income	L. 7		. 0	3,879,257	(1,435,174)	(482,642)	(1,961,441)
14		Change in FIT	L. 10		0	2,439,490	(902,516)	(303.512)	(1,233,462)
15		-							
16		Total Revenue Change	Sum (L.13-15)		0	6,318,748	(2,337,690)	(786,154)	(3,194,903)
17		-							
18		Revenue Change Grossed up for Uncollectibles	Factor	1.01030600	0	6,383,869	(2,361,782)	(794,256)	(3,227,830)
19		Revenue Change Grossed down for Late Pay Fee	Factor	r 0.997761	0	6,369,575	(2,356,494)	(792,478)	(3,220,603)
20									
21		Gas Operating Revenue Excl PGA	Schedule 2		136,741.103	95,103,943	27,028,036	3,001,727	11.607,397
22		Required Gas Operating Rev Excl PGA	L. 19 + L. 21		136.741,103	101,473,518	24,671,542	2.209.249	8,386.795
23		Increased Operating Revenue - %	L. 19/L. 21		0.00%	6.70%	-8.72%	-26.40%	-27.75%
24									•
25		Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Excl PGA	Schedule 2		131,882,802	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,816,047
26		Percent of Total Current Revenue			100.00	69.64	19.94	2.22	8.20
27		Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA	L. 19 + L. 25	Excludes Gas Lights	131,882,802	98.214,491	23,941,594	2.131,273	7.595,444
28		Percent of Total Cost of Service			100.00	74.47	18.15	1.62	5.76
29		Increased Revenue - %	L. 19/L. 25		0.00%	6.94%	-8.96%	-27.10%	-29.78%
30									
31		Ave Monthly Customers	Schedule 18-A		492,190	431,374	59,903	472	441
32		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA	L. 25/L. 31	per Cust per year	268	213	439	6.194	24,526
33		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Ex PGA	L. 27/L. 31	per Cust per year	268	228	400	4,515	17,223
34		Increased Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA	L. 33 - L. 32	per Cust per year	0	15	(39)	(1,679)	(7,303)
35									•
36		PGA Revenue	Schedule 2		307,289,585	211,738,095	81,377,305	14,174,185	0
37		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA	L. 25 + L. 36		439,172,387	303.583.011	107,675,393	17.097,936	10.816.047
38		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PGA	L. 27 + L. 36		439,172,387	309,952,586	105.318,899	16,305,458	7,595,444
39		Percent Increase			0.00	2.10	(2,19)	(4.63)	(29.78)
40		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA	L. 37:L. 31	per Cust per year	892	704	1,797	36,224	24,526
41		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PGA	L. 38/L. 31	per Cust per year	892	719	1.758	34,545	17,223

Witness: CD Lad Exhibit CDL: 15 Page # 2

SCH1B-A

SCHED. #

PAGE #

FILE: MGE\_COSModifix

Missouri Gas Energy DATE: 08-May-01

NAME: SUMPAGE2-A NR: SCHIB-A

Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study

Includes Requested ROR Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000

Normalized - Peak Month

TITLE: SUMMARY - PAGE 2-A - REQUIRED or BOTTOM UP

LINE	<u> </u>	- PAGE 2-A - REQUIRED OF BOTTOM OF	ALLOCATION E	BASIS CR	SYSTEM TOTAL	Residential <u>Service</u>	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Service	Large Vol Service
1		Rate Base	Schedule 8		518,824,134	374,975,610	98,869,160	9,614,426	35,364,938
2		Rate of Return - Ideal Target		Actual ROR % 5.88		10.562%	10.562%	10.562%	10.562%
3		Index of Return - Ideal Target		Request ROR % ####	<del>###</del> 100	100	100	100	100
4									
5		Return Required at Target ROR	L. 1 * L. 2		54,798,205	39,604,924	10,442,561	1,015,476	3,735,245
6		Realized Net Utility Op Income	Schedule 17		30,509,22 <del>9</del>	18,171,021	7,249,132	1,048,014	4.041,061
7		Change in Net Income Required	L. 5 - L. 6		24,288,976	21,433,903	3,193,429	(32,539)	(305,816)
8									
9		Realized Tot Inc Taxes	Schedule 17		6,503,183	2,362,511	2,207,483	449,764	1,483,425
10		Change in FIT @ 0.628855	* L. 7		15,274,244	13,478,817	2,008,204	(20,462)	(192,314)
11		Required Total FIT	L. 9 + L. 10		21.777.428	15,841,328	4,215,687	429,302	1,291.111
12									
13		Change in Net Income	L. 7		24,288,976	21,433,903	3,193,429	(32,539)	(305,816)
14		Change in FIT	L. 10		15,274,244	13,478,817	2,008,204	(20,462)	(192,314)
15								****	
16		Total Revenue Change	Sum (L.13-15)		39,563,221	34,912,720	5,201,632	(53,001)	(498,130)
17		P. C.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
18		Revenue Change Grossed up for Uncollectibles	Facto		39.970,959	35,272,530	5,255,240	(53,547)	(503.264)
19		Revenue Change Grossed down for Late Pay Fee	Facto	or 0.997761	39,881,464	35,193,555	5,243,474	(53,427)	(502,137)
20									
21		Gas Operating Revenue Excl PGA	Schedule 2		136,741,103	95,103,943	27,028,036	3,001,727	11,607,397
22		Required Gas Operating Rev Excl PGA	L. 19 + L. 21		176,622,567	130,297,498	32.271,510	2.948,300	11,105,260
23		Increased Operating Revenue - %	L. 19'L. 21		29.17%	37.01%	19.40%	-1.78%	-4.33%
24									
25		Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Excl PGA	Schedule 2		131,882,802	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,816,047
26		Percent of Total Current Revenue			100.00	69.64	19.94	2.22	8.20
27		Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA	L. 19 + L. 25	Excludes Gas Lights	171.764,266	127,038,471	31,541,562	2,870,324	10,313,910
28		Percent of Total Cost of Service			100.00	73.96	18.36	1.67	6.00
29		Increased Revenue - %	L. 19/L. 25		30.24%	38.32%	19.94%	-1.83%	-4.64%
30									
31		Ave Monthly Customers	Schedule 18-A	6	492,190	431,374	59,903	472	441
32		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA	L. 25/L. 31	per Cust per year	268	213	439	6,194	24,526
33		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Ex PGA	L. 27/L. 31	per Cust per year	349	294	527	6,081	23,388
34		Increased Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA	L. 33 - L. 32	per Cust per year	81	82	88	(113)	(1,139)
35		156							•
36		PGA Revenue	Schedule 2		307,289,585	211,738,095	81,377,305	14,174,185	0
37		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA	L. 25 ± L. 36		439,172,387	303,583,011	107.675,393	17,097,936	10,816,047
38		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PGA	L. 27 ÷ L. 36		479,053.851	338,776,566	112,918,867	17,044,509	10,313,910
39		Percent Increase			9.08	11.59	4.87	(0.31)	(4.64)
40		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PGA	L. 37/L. 31	per Cust per year	892	704	1,797	36,224	24,526
41		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PGA	L. 38/L. 31	per Cust per year	973	785	1,885	36,111	23,388

SCH7A

SCHED. #

PAGE #

Schedule CDL-Reb-1 Page 16 of 22

Exhibit No.

Missouri Gas Energy

FILE: MGE\_COSModifix DATE: 08-May-01 NAME: WORKCAP1

NR: SCH7A

39

Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study
Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000

Normalized - Peak Month

TITLE: WORKING CAPITAL

IIILE: W	VORKING	CAPITAL			SYSTEM	Residential	Small	Large	Large
LINE	<u>∧c #</u>	<u>ITEM</u>	ALLOCATION BASIS	CR	TOTAL	Service	Gen Service	Gen Service	Vol Service
1									
2		377 1 0 8 .15.	Tot Dist PIS	DCU	2,036,063	1,465,990	378,574	33,167	158,332
3 4		Materials & Supplies	Tot Dist PIS Tot Dist PIS	DCU	415,611	299,245	77,276	6,770	32,320
5		Prepayments Gas Inventory	Excess Gas Use-Sales	D	52,457,645	36,777,295	13,449,251	2,231,099	0
6		Working Cash - O&M-Purchased Gas	Cof-Sales Rates	CO	5,584,312	3,847,874	1,478,853	257,585	0
7		Working Cash - O&M-Other	Tot O&M Ex Gas Cost	DCC	3,788,576	2,800,637	690,960	63,055	233,924
8		Working Cash - Taxes - Property	Total PIS	DCU	(2,547,278)	(1,846,003)	(460,894)		(200,761)
9		Working Cash - Taxes - Gross Receipts	Ccf-Sales Rates	CO	(821,937)	(566,356)		, , ,	
10		Working Cash - Taxes - FICA, FUTA&SUT		DCC	184,281	136,226	33,609	3,067	11,378
11		Working Cash - Taxes - Other	Total PIS	DCU	292,050	211,648	52,842	4,543	23,018
12		Est. Offsets	Total PIS	DCU	(3,080,319)	(2,232,296)	(557,341)	(47,911)	(242,772)
13		Prepaid Pension	Tot O&M Ex Gas Cost	DCC	7,822,837	5,782,892	1,426,728	130,200	483,018
14									
15		Total Working Capital		DCC	66,131,841	46,677,152	16,352,191	2,604,042	498,456
16		2 .							
17		Demand Related		D	53,104,154	37,128,253	13,596,420	2,251,044	128,438
18		Commodity Related		CO	10,647,519	7,584,560	2,387,304	335,378	340,278
19		Customer Related		CU	2,380,167	1,964,339	368,467	17,620	29,741
20				ck	66,131,841				
21									
22		Alle	cation Factor						
23		1 Sys 31	Tot Dist PIS	DCU	1.000000000	0.720012049	0.185934446	0.016289600	0.077763905
24		2 Sys 4	Excess Gas Use-Sales	D	1.000000000	0.701085520	0.256383040	0.042531439	0.000000000
25		3 Sys 38	Total PIS	DCU	1.000000000	0.724696226	0.180935995	0.015553866	
26		4 Sys 44	Tot O&M Ex Gas Cost	DCC	1.000000000	0.739232021	0.182379835	0.016643575	
27		5 Sys 74	Gas Sales&Trans+PGA Rev	C/C	1.000000000	0.691261609	0.245177967	0.038932174	
28		6 Sys 70	Sales Rev Incl PGA	C/C	1.000000000	0,708716045	0.251368739	0.039915216	
29		7 Sys 46	A & G Expenses	DCC	1.000000000	0.730950107	0.186401260	0.017715155	
30		8 Sys 6	Ccf-Sales Rates	CO	1.000000000	0.689050672	0.264822855	0.046126473	0.000000000
31		9 G&TP		D	0.471368596	0.396117518	0.560056771	0.767787174	0.901201764
32		10 G&TP		CU	0.528631404	0.603882482	0.439943229	0.232212826	0.098798236
33		11 SUMO		D	0.169934674	0.135710868	0.201060884	0.269958887	0.460774501
34		12 SUMO		CO	0.498923109	0.493481995	0.523460186		0.467209389
35		I3 SUMO		CU	0.331142217	0.370807137	0.275478930	0.140673028	0.072016110
36		14 G&TP		Đ	0.471368596	0.396117518	0.560056771	0.767787174	0.901201764
37		15 G&TP	Γ-15 Cust Rel-TotPIS	CU	0.528631404	0.603882482	0.439943229	0.232212826	0.098798236
38									

SCI117A

SCHED. 4

PAGE #

Schedule CDL-Reb-1 Page 17 of 22

FILE: MGE\_COSModifix DATE: 08-May-01

NAME: TAXES1

NR: SCH17A

Missouri Gas Energy Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000

Normalized - Peak Month

TITLE: INCOME TAXES - PAGE 1

HILE: I	NCOME 1	AXES - PAGE 1			SYSTEM	Residential	Small	Large	Large
LINE	<u>A/C #</u>	_ITEM	ALLOCATION BASIS	CR	TOTAL	Service	Gen Service	Gen Service	Vol Service
1 2		TOTAL GAS OPERATING REVENUE Ex PGA	Schedule 2 L. 25		136,741,103	95,103,943	27,028,036	3,001,727	11,607,397
3		Less: Operation & Maintenance Exp Ex Gas Depr & Amort Expense	Schedule 14 Schedule 15	DCC DCC	62,907,928 26,966,363	46,503,555 21,133,692	11,473,138 4,232,146	1,047,013 282,450	3,884,223 1,318,075
5		Interest on Customer Deposits	Schedule 16		791,258	449,265	224,631	24,974	92,388
6		Taxes Other than Inc	Schedule 16	DCC	9,063,142	6,483,898	1,641,506	149,511	788,226
7 8		Total Op Exp Before IT	Sum (L. 3-6)	DCC	99,728,691	74,570,411	17,571,421	1,503,948	6,082,912
9 10		NET INCOME BEFORE TAXES	L. 1 - L. 8		37,012,412	20,533,532	9,456,616	1,497,779	5,524,486
11 12 13		ADJUSTMENTS - BOOK TO TAXABLE INC				. •			
14	Plus:	Equity Portion of SLRP Deferrals	Services PIS 380	CU	1,370,858	1,193,394	165,721	4,494	7,249
15	Plus:	COLI Amortization	Total PIS	DCU	303,497	219,943	54,914	4,721	23,920
16	Less:	Interest on Long Term Debt	Total PIS	DCU	21,074,636	15,272,709	3,813,160	327,792	1,660,975
17 18 19		Total Tax Adjustments			(19,400,281)	(13,859,372)	(3,592,525)	(318,577)	(1,629,806)
20 21		Net Taxable Income			17,612,131	6,674,160	5,864,090	1,179,201	3,894,680
22 23		Tax @ Effective Rate of 0.38607175	5		6,799,546	2,576,705	2,263,960	455,256	1,503,626
24 25	Less:	Income Tax Reduction per Case GM-94-40	Total Rate Base		296,363 	214,194	56,476 	5,492	20,201
26 27		NET INCOME TAX			6,503,183	2,362,511	2,207,483	449,764	1,483,425
28 29									
30		Allocation F	actor						
31		1 Sys 19	Services PIS 380	CU	1.000000000	0.870545154	0.120888756	0.003278361	0.005287729
32		2 Sys 38	Total PIS	DCU	1,000000000	0.724696226	0.180935995	0.015553866	0.078813913
33		3 Sys 40	Total Rate Base	DCC	1.000000000	0.722741263	0.190563919	0.018531185	0.068163633

Schedule CDL-Reb-1 Page 18 of 22

FILE: MGE COSModHfix DATE: 08-May-01

NAME: SUMPAGEI NR: SCH1A

Missouri Gas Energy Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study

Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000

Normalized - Peak Month

Laderoute, Ltd.

COSt Analyst I v. 6 (tm) (c) 1986-2001

SCHED. # PAGE # SCH1A

TITLE: SUMMARY - PAGE 1 - REALIZED or TOP DOWN

LINE	<u>A/C#</u>	TTEM_	ALLOCATION BASIS	CR	SYSTEM <u>TOTAL</u>	Residential <u>Service</u>	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Service	Large Vol Service
1 2 3	480-489	Sales of Gas & Transport Revenue	Schedule 2		131,882,802	91.844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,816,047
4	488-495	Tot Other Operating Revenue	Schedule 2		4,858,301	3,259,027	729,948	77,976	791,350
5 6 7		Total Gas Operating Revenue Excl GCR	Schedule 2		136,741,103	95,103,943	27,028,036	3,001,727	11,607,397
8 9 10 11 12		Expenses Gas O&M Exp Excl Gas Costs Depr & Amort Expense Interest on Customer Deposits Taxes Other than Inc Taxes	Schedule 14 Schedule 15 Schedule 16 Schedule 16		62,907,928 26,966,363 791,258 9,063,142	46,432,433 21,133,688 449,265 6,481,887	11,447,628 4,232,145 224,631 1,640,785	1,042,910 282,450 24,974 149,395	3,984,957 1,318,080 92,388 791,075
13 14		Total Op Exp Before Inc Taxes	Sum (L.9-13)	•	99,728,691	74,497,273	17.545,189	1,499,729	6,186,500
15 16 17		Net Income Before Inc Taxes	L. 6 - L. 14		37,012,412	20,606,669	9,482,848	1,501,998	5,420,898
17 18 19		Total Income Taxes	Schedule 17-B		6,503,183	2,390,760	2,217,615	451,394 	1,443,414
20 21		Total Op Expenses Plus Inc Taxes Excl Gas	1, 14 + 1, 17 + 1, 18		106,231,874	76,888,033	19,762,804	1,951,123	7,629,914
22 23		Net Utility Operating Income	L. 6 - L. 20		30,509,229	18,215,910	7,265.232	1,050,604	3,977,483
24 25		Rate Base	Schedule 8		518,824,134	374,954,574	98,861,429	9,613,144	35,394,987
26 27 28		Rate of Return Before Income Taxes Index of Return Before Income Taxes	L. 16/L. 24		7.13% 100	5.50% 77	9.59% 134	15.62% 219	15.32% 215
29 30		Rate of Return - Realized Index of Return - Realized	L. 22/L. 24		5.88% 100	4.86% 83	7.35% 125	10.93% 186	11.24% 191

Laderoute Revised

SCH1B-A

Winess: CD Laderoute
Exhibit CDL- 16 Pevue-A
Page # 2 5 26

FILE: MGE COSModHfix DATE: 08-May-01

NAME: SUMPAGE2-A

NR: SCHIB-A

Missouri Gas Energy Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study

Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000 Normalized - Peak Month

SCHED. # Revenue (ROR) Neutral PAGE #

TITLE: SUMMARY - PAGE 2-A - REQUIRED or BOTTOM UP

LINE	<u>A</u> /C #	ITEM		ALLOCATION E	ASIS	CR	SYSTEM TOTAL	Residential <u>Service</u>	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Service	Large Vol Service
		<del></del>							<del></del>		
1		Rate Base		Schedule 8			518,824,134	374,954,574	98,861,429	9,613,144	35,394,987
2		Rate of Return - Ideal Target			Actual ROR %		5.880%	5.880%	5.880%	5.880%	5.880%
3		Index of Return - Ideal Target			Request ROR %	######	100	100	100	100	100
4 5		Parism Barrier d of Towns BOD		L. 1 * L. 2			30,509,229	22,049,041	5,813,504	565,297	2.001.207
6		Return Required at Target ROR Realized Net Utility Op Income		Schedule 17			30,509,229	18,215,910	7.265,232	1,050,604	2,081,387 3,977,483
7		Change in Net Income Required		L. 5 - L. 6			30,309,229				
8		Change if Net income Required		L. J - L. O			U	3,833,132	(1,451,729)	(485,307)	(1,896,096)
9		Realized Tot Inc Taxes		Schedule 17			6,503,183	2,390,760	2,217,615	451.394	1,443,414
10		Change in FIT @	0.628855	* L. 7			0,505,165	2,410,484	(912,927)	(305,188)	(1,192,370)
11		Required Total FIT	0.028655	L. 9 + L. 10			6,503,183	4,801,244	1,304,689	146,206	251,045
12		redance rotat i 11		L. 7 : L. 10			0,505,135	4,601,244	1,504,002	140,200	251,045
13		Change in Net Income		L. 7			0	3,833,132	(1,451,729)	(485.307)	(1,896,096)
14		Change in FIT		L. 10			ő	2,410,484	(912,927)	(305,188)	(1,192,370)
15		Onungo m 1 11		12. 10				2,710,707	(512,521)	(505,100)	(1,172,570)
16		Total Revenue Change		Sum (L.13-15)			0	6,243,616	(2,364,655)	(790,495)	(3,088,466)
17		Tame to the same of the same o		., ()			•	-12.0,010	(4,00 (100)	(,,,,,,,,,	(0,000,000)
18		Revenue Change Grossed up for Uncolle	ectibles	Factor	1.01030600		Ú	6,307,963	(2,389,025)	(798,641)	(3,120,296)
19		Revenue Change Grossed down for Late		Factor			ō	6,293,839	(2,383.676)	(796,853)	(3,113,310)
20											
21		Gas Operating Revenue Excl PGA		Schedule 2			136.741,103	95,103,943	27,028,036	3,001,727	11,607,397
22		Required Gas Operating Rev Exel PGA		L. 19 + L. 21			136,741,103	101,397,782	24,644,360	2,204,874	8,494,088
23		Increased Operating Revenue - %		L. 19/L. 21			0.00%	6.62%	-8.82%	-26.55%	-26.82%
24		,									
25		Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Excl PGA		Schedule 2			131,882,802	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,816,047
26		Percent of Total Current Revenue					100.00	69.64	19.94	2.22	8.20
27		Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA		L. 19 + L. 25	Excludes Gas Lig	ghts	131.882,802	98,138,755	23,914,412	2,126,898	7,702,737
28		Percent of Total Cost of Service					100.00	74.41	18.13	1.61	5.84
29		Increased Revenue - %		L. 19/L. 25			0.00%	6,85%	-9.06%	-27.25%	-28.78%
30											
31		Ave Monthly Customers		Schedule 18-A			492,190	431,374	59,903	472	441
32		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PC		L, 25/L, 31	per Cust per year		268	213	439	6,194	24,526
33		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Ex I		L. 27/L. 31	per Cust per year	_	268	228 .	399	4,506	17,467
34		Increased Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex P	GA	L. 33 - L. 32	per Cust per year		0	15	(40)	(1,688)	(7,060)
35											
36		PGA Revenue		Schedule 2			307,289,585	211,244,254	81,187.507	14,141,126	716,697
37		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl F		L. 25 + L. 36			439,172,387	303,089,170	107,485,595	17,064,877	11.532,744
38		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl	PGA	L. 27 + L. 36		-	439,172,387	309,383,009	105,101,919	16,268,024	8,419,435
39		Percent Increase					0.00	2.08	(2.22)	(4.67)	(27.00)
40		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl F		I., 37/L, 31	per Cust per year		892	703	1,794	36,154	26,151
41		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl	PGA	L. 38/L. 31	per Cust per year		892	717	1,755	34.466	19,092

SCH1B-A

Witness: CD Laderoute
Exhibit CDL- 16 2013 ed
Page # 3 01 26

FILE: MGE\_COSModHfix DATE: 08-May-01

NAME: SUMPAGE2-A NR: SCHIB-A

Missouri Gas Energy Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study

Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000

Normalized - Peak Month

SCHED. # PAGE #

Includes Requested ROR

TITLE: SUMMARY - PAGE 2-A - REQUIRED or BOTTOM UP

LINE	<u>A/C #</u>	<u>ITEM</u>		ALLOCATION B	ASIS	CR	SYSTEM TOTAL	Residential Service	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Service	Large Vol Service
1 2 3 4		Rate Base Rate of Return - Ideal Target Index of Return - Ideal Target		Schedule 8	Actual ROR % Request ROR %		518,824,134 10.562% 100	374,954,574 10.562% 100	98,861,429 10.5 <b>62%</b> 100	9,613,144 10.5 <b>62%</b> 100	35,394,987 10.562% 100
5		Return Required at Target ROR		L. 1 * L. 2			54,798,205	39,602,702	10,441,744	1,015,340	3,738,419
6		Realized Net Utility Op Income		Schedule 17			30,509,229	18,215,910	7,265,232	1,050,604	3,977,483
7		Change in Net Income Required		L. 5 - L. 6			24.288,976	21,386,792	3,176,512	(35,263)	(239,065)
8											
9		Realized Tot Inc Taxes		Schedule 17			6.503,183	2,390,760	2,217,615	451,394	1,443,414
10		Change in FIT @	0.628855	* L. 7			15,274,244	13,449,191	1,997,565	(22,176)	(150,337)
11		Required Total FIT		L. 9 + L. 10			21,777,428	15,839,951	4,215,181	429,218	1,293,077
12 13		Channel in Med In com-		L. 7			24.200.076	21 297 702	2 177 512	(75.063)	(220.065)
13		Change in Net Income Change in FIT		L. 7 L. 10			24.288,976 15,274,244	21,386,792 13,449,191	3,176,512 1,997,565	(35,263) (22,176)	(239,065) (150,337)
15		Change in F11		L. 10			13,274,244	13,449,191	1,997,303	(22,176)	(150,557)
16		Total Revenue Change		Sum (L.13-15)			39.563.221	34,835,984	5,174,077	(57,439)	(389,402)
17		Total Revenue onange		Ban (B.15 15)			33,303,221	34,035,504	0,174,077	(57,155)	(38), 102)
18		Revenue Change Grossed up for Uncoll-	ectibles	l'actor	1.01030600	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	39,970,959	35,195,004	5,227,402	(58,031)	(393,415)
19		Revenue Change Grossed down for Late		Factor			39,881,464	35,116,202	5,215,697	(57,901)	(392,534)
20											
21		Gas Operating Revenue Exel PGA		Schedule 2			136,741,103	95,103,943	27,028,036	3,001,727	11,607,397
22		Required Gas Operating Rev Excl PGA		L. 19 + L. 21			176,622,567	130,220,145	32,243,733	2,943,826	11,214,863
23		Increased Operating Revenue - %		L. 19/L. 21			29.17%	36.92%	19,30%	-1.93%	-3.38%
24											
25		Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Excl PGA		Schedule 2			131,882,802	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,816,047
26		Percent of Total Current Revenue					100.00	69.64	19.94	2.22	8.20
27		Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA	<del></del>	L. 19 + L. 25	Excludes Gas Li	ghts	171,764,266	126,961,118	31,513,785	2.865,850	10,423,513
28		Percent of Total Cost of Service		7 10/7 05			100.00	73.92	18.35	1.67	6.07
29		Increased Revenue - %		L. 19/L. 25			30.24%	38.23%	19.83%	-1.98%	-3.63%
30 31		Ave Monthly Customers		Schedule 18-A			492,190	431,374	59,903	425	141
32		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex P	(1.A	L. 25/L. 31	per Cust per vea		268	213	439	472 6,194	441
33		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Ex P		L. 27/L. 31	per Cust per yea		349	213 294	526	6,194	24,526
34		Increased Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Ex F		L. 33 - L. 32	per Cust per year per Cust per year		81	81	320 87	(123)	23,636 (890)
35		mercused sales of clastic framework	CIT	11. 13 - 17. 32	per cuse per year		6.1	01	07	(123)	(690)
36		PGA Revenue		Schedule 2			307.289.585	211,244.254	81,187,507	14,141,126	716,697
37		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl I	PCiA	L. 25 + L. 36			439,172,387	303,089,170	107,485,595	17,064,877	11,532,744
38		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl		L. 27 ~ L. 36			479,053,851	338,205,372	112,701,293	17.006,976	11,140,210
39		Percent Increase				1	9.08	11.59	4.85	(0.34)	(3.40)
40		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl 1	PGA	L. 37/L. 31	per Cust per veai	r .	892	703	1,794	36,154	26,151
41		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl	PGA	L. 38 L. 31	per Cust per year		973	784	1,881	36,032	25,261

Schedule CDL-Reb-1 Page 21 of 22

Exhibit No Witness: Exhibit Of

SCHED. #

PAGE #

SCH7A 1

Missouri Gas Energy Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study

Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000

Normalized - Peak Month

TITLE:	WORKING CAPITAL

FILE: MGE\_COSModHfix DATE: 08-May-01

NAME: WORKCAPI

NR: SCH7A

39

11111L. T	ORIGING	CACTAIL				SYSTEM	Residential	Small	Large	Large
<u>LINE</u>	<u>A/C #</u>	<u>ITEM</u>		ALLOCATION BASIS	CR	TOTAL	Service	Gen Service	Gen Service	Vol Service
1										
2							4.455.000	270 574	22.167	150 222
3		Materials & Supplies		Tot Dist PIS	DCU	2,036,063	1,465,990	378,574	33,167	158,332
4		Prepayments		Tot Dist PIS	DCU	415,611	299,245	77,276	6,770	32,320 0
5		Gas Inventory		Excess Gas Use-Sales	D	52,457,645	36,777,295	13,449,251	2,231,099	13,024
6		Working Cash - O&M-Purchased Gas		Ccf-Sales Rates	CO	5,584,312	3,338,899	1,475,404	256,984	239,991
7		Working Cash - O&M-Other		Tot O&M Ex Gas Cost	DCC	3,788,576	2,796,353	689,424	62,808	
8		Working Cash - Taxes - Property		Total PIS	DCU	(2,547,278)	(1,846,003)	(460,894)	(39,620)	(200,761)
9		Working Cash - Taxes - Gross Receipt		Cef-Sales Rates	CO	(821,937)	(565,035)	(217,160)	(37,825)	(1,917)
10		Working Cash - Taxes - FICA, FUTA	&SUTA	Tot O&M Ex Gas Cost	DCC	184,281	136,018	33,534	3,055	11,673
11		Working Cash - Taxes - Other		Total PIS	DCU	292,050	211,648	52,842	4,543	23,018
12		Est. Offsets		Total PIS	DCU	(3,080,319)	(2,232,295)	(557,341)		
13		Prepaid Pension		Tot O&M Ex Gas Cost	DCC	7,822,837	5,774,047	1,423,555	129,690	495,544
14									0.600.760	500 450
15		Total Working Capital			DCC	66,131,841	46,656,163	16,344,466	2,602,760	528,452
16								12 505 120	0.051.044	100 400
17		Demand Related			D	53,104,154	37,128,253	13,596,420	2,251,044	128,438
18		Commodity Related			CO	10,647,519	7,563,570	2,379,579	334,096	370,274
19		Customer Related			CU	2,380,167	1,964,339	368,467	17,620	29,740
20					ck	66,131,841				
21										
. 22		_	Allocation I					0.100024446	0.017000700	0.077762006
23			Sys 31	Tot Dist PIS	DCU	1.000000000	0.720012049	0.185934446	0.016289600	0.077763905
24			Sys 4	Excess Gas Usc-Sales	D	1.000000000	0.701085520	0.256383040	0.042531439	0.000000000
<b>2</b> 5			Sys 38	Total PIS	DCU	1.000000000	0.724696142	0.180935983	0.015553866	0.078814009
26		4 S	Sys 44	Tot O&M Ex Gas Cost	DCC	1.000000000	0.738101460	0.181974322	0.016578357	0.063345862
27			Sys 74	Gas Sales&Trans+PGA Rev	C/C	1.000000000	0.690137129	0.244745795	0.038856899	0.026260177
28			Sys 70	Sales Rev Incl PGA	C/C	1.000000000	0.690137129	0.244745795	0.038856899	0.026260177
29		7 S	Sys 46	A & G Expenses	DCC	1.000000000	0.730075162	0.186085797	0.017664091	0.066174950
30			Sys 6	Ccf-Sales Rates	CO	1.000000000	0.687443586	0.264205203	0.046018892	0.002332319
31			3&TPT-13	Dem Rel-Dist PIS	D	0.471368596	0.396117564	0.560056807	0.767787179	0.901200668
32			3&TPT-15	Cust Rel-Dist PIS	CU	0.528631404	0.603882436	0.439943193	0.232212821	0.098799332
33		11 S	SUMOM-4	Dem Rel-Tot O&M & Gas	D	0.169934674	0.135918738	0.201508929	0.271020897	0.449126783
34		12 S	SUMOM-5	Comm Rel-Tot O&M & Gas	CO	0.498923109	0.492706154	0.522398262	0.587752672	0.480677570
35		13 \$	SUMOM-6	Cust Rel-Tot O&M & Gas	CU	0.331142217	0.371375108	0.276092809	0.141226431	0.070195648
36			C&TPT-13	Dem Rel-TotPIS	D	0.471368596	0.396117564	0.560056807	0.767787179	0.901200668
37		15 (	3&TPT-15	Cust Rel-TotPIS	CU	0.528631404	0.603882436	0.439943193	0.232212821	0.098799332
38										

Schedule CDL-Reb-1 Page 22 of 22

FILE: MGE\_COSModHfix DATE: 08-May-01 NAME: TAXES1

NR: SCH17A

Missouri Gas Energy Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000

Normalized - Peak Month

SCHED.# PAGE # SCH17A

TITLE: INCOME TAXES - PAGE 1

LINE	<u>A/</u> C#	ITEM	ALLOCATION BASIS	CR	SYSTEM TOTAL	Residential Service	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Service	Large Vol <u>Service</u>
1211111	70 C #	TILIMI	ALIXICATION DAME	717	_(()11113	5017100	0011 001 1100	Our Dat 1105	
1 2		TOTAL GAS OPERATING REVENUE EX PGA	Schedule 2 L. 25		136,741,103	95,103,943	27,028,036	3,001,727	11,607,397
3		Less: Operation & Maintenance Exp Ex Gas	Schedule 14	DCC	62,907,928	46,432,433	11,447,628	1,042,910	3,984,957
4		Depr & Amort Expense	Schedule 15	DCC	26,966,363	21,133,688	4,232,145	282,450	1,318,080
5		Interest on Customer Deposits	Schedule 16		791,258	449,265	224,631	24,974	92,388
6		Taxes Other than Inc	Schedule 16	DCC	9,063,142	6,481,887	1,640,785	149,395	791,075
7				_					
8		Total Op Exp Before IT	Sum (L. 3-6)	DCC	99,728,691	74,497,273	17,545,189	1,499,729	6,186,500
9 10		NEW DIOCHUS DEFORE TANES	1 1 1 0		37,012,412	20,606,669	9,482,848	1,501,998	5,420,898
10		NET INCOME BEFORE TAXES	L. 1 - L. 8		37,012,412	20,000,009	9,462,646	1,501,996	3,420,696
12		ADJUSTMENTS - BOOK TO TAXABLE INC				•			
13		ILIJOOTHIA TO LOOK TO HILIAMINA TO							
14	Plus;	Equity Portion of SLRP Deferrals	Services PIS 380	CU	1,370,858	1,193,394	165,721	4,494	7,249
15	Plus:	COLI Amortization	Total PIS	DCU	303,497	219,943	54,914	4,721	23,920
16	Less:	Interest on Long Term Debt	Total PIS	DCU	21,074,636	15,272,707	3,813,160	327,792	1,660,977
17							*********		
18		Total Tax Adjustments			(19,400,281)	(13,859,371)	(3,592,525)	(318,577)	(1,629,808)
19						6545000	5 000 000	1 100 100	2 501 000
20		Net Taxable Income			17,612,131	6,747,299	5,890,322	1,183,420	3,791,090
21 22		Tax @ Effective Rate of 0.386071	755		6,799,546	2,604,941	2,274,087	456,885	1,463,633
23		Tax (a) Effective Rate of 0.380071	133		0,777,540	2,004,541	2,274,007	750,665	1,405,055
24	Less:	Income Tax Reduction per Case GM-94-40	Total Rate Base		296,363	214,182	56,472	5,491	20,218
25		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						***********	
26		NET INCOME TAX			6,503,183	2,390,760	2,217,615	451,394	1,443,414
27									
28									
29			_						
30		Allocation						D 0000000000	
31		1 Sys 19	Services PIS 380	CU	1.000000000	0.870545154	0.120888756	0.003278361	0.005287729
32 33		2 Sys 38	Total PIS Total Rate Base	DCU DCC	1.000000000 1.0000000000	0.724696142 0.722700717	0.180935983 0.190549017	0.015553866 0.018528714	0.078814009
33		3 Sys 40	Total Rate Base	DCC	1.000000000	0.722700717	0.170343017	0.010320714	0.068221551

Case No.
Exhibit No.
Witness: CD
Exhibit CDLPage #

2

File: RebuttalCDLxls Date: May 10, 2001

Missouri Gas Energy - Case No. GR-2001-292

Comparison of Cost of Service Studies Assuming Revenue Neutrality

Prep: CDL

### Margin Revenue Above (Below) COS

			Residential	Small	Large	Large	
<u>Line</u>	<u>Item</u>	<u>Total (3)</u>	Service	Gen Service	Gen Service	Vol Service	Source
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
1	Staff	(243)	(2,942,878)	2,396,407	782,184	(235,956)	Beck Schedule 1
2	OPC	4()	(312,393)	2,555,937	634,299	(2,877,803)	Busch Schedule JAB-RD2
3	MGUA	0	(6,369,575)	2,356,494	792,478	3,220,603	Schedule CDL-Rab-1 Page 14 Line 19
4	MGUA - Adj (1)	0	(8,028,283)	3,588,527	773,714	3,666,042	Determined Below
5							
6	(1) Determination of the MGUA	Adjusted Value to	Synchronize wi	th Staff Numbers (	2)		
7							
8	MGUA Required Margin Revenue	131,882,802	98,214,491	23,941,594	2,131,273	7,595,444	Schedule CDL-Rab-1 Page 14 Line 27
9	Fractions		0.744710376	0.181536892	0.016160356	0.057592377	Fraction of total
10							
11	Staff Required Margin Revenue	135,461,461	100,879,555	24,591,253	2,189,105	7,801,547	Total=Beck Schedule 1 Excl UMGL
12							Rate Class values spread on Line 9
13	Staff Current Margin Revenue	137,310,519	94,228,285	28,515,452	2,992,701	11,574,081	Beck Schedule 1
14							
15	Zero Revenue Increase Plug	(1,849,058)	(1,377,013)	(335,672)	(29,881)	(106,492)	Diff Col B spread on Line 9
16							
17	COS Margin Revenue @ 0%	135,461,461	92,851,272	28,179,780	2,962,820	11,467,589	Line 13 plus Line 15
18							
19	Revenue Above (Below) COS	0	(8,028,283)	3,588,527	773,714	3,666,042	Line 27 less Line 11
20							

<sup>21</sup> 22

<sup>(2)</sup> Necessary since the MGUA COSS was based on original filed MGE numbers. To compare like values this adjustment is needed.

Lines 8-11 same method as Mr. Beck used as described in his Rebuttal Testimony in GR-98-140 at page 2 lines 5-10 23

<sup>24</sup> Lines 13-19 is the samee method as Mr. Beck used in this case on Schedule 1 of his Direct Testimony. 25

<sup>(3)</sup> Totals are off for Staff & OPC due to UMGL exclusion.

File: RebuttalCDL $_x$ ls

## Missouri Gas Energy - Case No. GR-2001-292

Date: May 16, 2001

Prep: CDL

Comparison of Parties COSS - Revenue Neutral COSS Percents-Exclude UMGL

			Residential	Small	Large	Large	•
Line	<u>Item</u>	<u>Total</u>	Service	Gen Service	Gen Service	Vol Service	Source
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(1)	(g)
l		MGUA Mod I	Revised COSS	- ROR/Rev Net	atral - Ma <mark>rgin</mark> Re	evenue	
2	OOCC M. U.D.	121 002 002	00 01 4 401	22.041.604	0.121.221	7 505 411	01.11.057.51.15
3	COSS Mod I Rev	131,882,802	98,214,491	23,941,594	2,131,273 0.016160356	7,595,444 0.057592378	Schedule CDL-Reb-1 Page 14 Line 27 Fraction of total
4	Fractions	1.000000000	0.744710377	0.181536889	0.016160336	0.037392378	Fraction of total
5		eu e cose a	7 2 1334	GL - Margin Re			
6		Statt COSS @	Zero Exci UM	GI, - Margin Ke	venue		
7 8	COSS	137,310,762	97,171,163	26,119,045	2,210,517	11,810,037	Beck Sch. 1C-O-S- Margin Rev. 'à' 0° o
		1.000000000	0.707673321	0.190218484	0.016098643	0.086009551	Fraction of total
9 10	Fractions	1.000000000	0.707073321	0.190216464	0.010028043	0.066009331	rraction of total
		ODC COSS @	Zano Evel UM	GL - Margin Re	wanna (1)		
11 12		Orc coss@	Zero extrust	(4D - Margin K	мение (1)		
13	COSS	137.309,759	94,540,678	25,959,515	2,358,402	14,451,164	Footnote 1
14	Fractions	1.000000000	0.688521185	0.189058048	0.017175778	0.105244988	Fraction of total
15	Fractions	1.0000000000	0.000321163	0.169036048	0.017173776	0.103244988	reaction of total
16	N:Granapao Pa	tween MGUA Mo	A I Day C'ASS	& Other Partie	e Margin Davo	nua Fractions	
16	Difference De	tween Meany M	ou i nei Coss	& Other Partie	s - Mai gui Reve	ine - cractions	
18	MGUA less Staff	0.000000000	0.037037055	(0.008681595)	0.000061713	(0.028417173)	Line 4 less Line 9
19	MGUA less OPC	0.000000000		(0.008081353)		(0.047652611)	Line 4 less Line 14
20	RIGG A less OFC	0,00000000	0.030187192	(0.007321137)	(0.001013422)	(0.047032011)	Line 4 less Line 14
21							
22	Difference Re	tween MGUA Me	nd I Rev COSS	& Other Partie	s - Margin Reve	nue - Percents	
23	Difference De	the state of the s	34 1 1101 (10 )		5 1410/ <u>C</u> 11/ 244 44.	101111111	
24	MGUA less Staff	0.00	3.70	(0.87)	0.01	(2.84)	Line 18 times 100
25	MGUA less OPC	0.00	5.62	(0.75)		(4.77)	Line 19 times 100
26				(,	<b>(</b> , )	( ' /	
27							
28							
29	(1) Determination of OPC	values with COS b	ased on Margin	s			
30	(-)		•				
31	Margin - Other Rev	140.373,661	96,649,468	26,538,721	2,411,101	14,774,371	Busch Schedule JAB-RD2 Line 31
32	Less:Other Rev	3.063,902	2,108,790	579,206	52,699	323,207	Busch Schedule JAB-RD2 Line 9
33	Net Margin	137,309,759	94,540,678	25.959.515	2,358.402	14,451,164	Difference
34		•					
35	Fractions	1.000000000	0.688521185	0.189058048	0.017175778	0.105244988	Fraction of total

File: RebuttalCDL.xls

### Missouri Gas Energy

Date: May 16, 2001

Comparison of A/C 376 Mains Allocation - Case No. GR-2001-292

Prep: CDL

rep. CDE	,			Residential	Small	Large	Large		
Line	<u>Item</u>		<u>Total</u>	Service	Gen Service	Gen Service	Vol Service	<u>UMGL</u>	Source
	(a)		(p)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	
ι	Staff	376 Mains	278,969,931	171,205,667	58,827,876	8,060,712	40,873,140	2,536	(1)
2	MGUA	376 Mains	278,969,931	168,879,645	62,384,375	7,167,048	40.538,863		Supp Dir Sch CDL-15 page 20
3									
4	Staff less	MGUA	0	2,326,022	(3,556,499)	893,664	334,277	2,536	Line 1 less Line 2
5		Percent-MGU	\as Base	1.38	(5.70)	12.47	0.82		
6									
7									
8	OPC	376 Mains	278,969,931	156,613, <b>719</b>	61,178,106	7,281,115	53,896,991	0	(2)
9									•
10	OPC less	MGUA	0	(12,265,925)	(1,206,269)	114,067	13,358,127	0	Line 8 less Line 2
11		Percent-MGU	A as Base	(7.83)	(1.97)	1.57	24.78		
12									
13	(1) Staff o	lisk file STAFFe	os.xls file - Respon	se by Staff to MO	GUA DR No. 1				

<sup>(1)</sup> Staff disk file STAFFcos.xls file - Response by Staff to MGUA DR No. 1

<sup>(2)</sup> OPC disk file COS Study H - Rate design.xls file - Response by OPC to MGUA DR No.1

File: RebuttalCDL.xls

## Missouri Gas Energy - Case No. GR-2001-292

Date: May 16, 2001

Determination of Difference Between MGUA & OPC COSS-Margin Revenue

Prep: CDL

35

36

Line	<u>Item</u> (a)	<u>Total</u> (b)	Residential Service (c)	Small <u>Gen Service</u> (d)	Large Gen Service (e)	Large Vol Service (f)	Source (g)
3		MGUA Mod I	Revised COSS	- ROR/Rev Nei	utral - Margin R	evenue	
2							
3	MGUA COSS	131,882,802	98,214,491	23,941,594	2,131,273	7,595,444	Schedule CDL-Reb-1 Page 14 Line 27
4 5	MGUA - OPC Mains (1)	131,882,802	96,574,598	23,813,743	2,122,303	9,372,158	Schedule CDL-Reb-4 Page 4 Line 27
6 7	Difference	0	1,639,893	127,851	8,970	(1,776,714)	Line 3 less Line 4
8			•				
9		MGUA Mod I	Revised COSS	- ROR/Rev Nei	utral		
10			•				
11	MGUA COSS As filed	131,882,802	98,214,491	23.941,594	2,131,273	7,595,444	Line 3 above
12	Fractions	1.000000000	0.744710377	0.181536889	0.016160356	0.057592378	Fraction of total
13							
14		MGUA Mod I	Revised COSS	- ROR/Rev Nei	atral-Using OPC	Allocation for Mai	ins
15 16	MGUA - OPC Mains (1)	131,882,802	96,574,598	23.813,743	2,122,303	9,372,158	Line 4 above
17	Fractions	1.000000000	0.732275904	0.180567461	•	0.071064291	Fraction of total
18	Practions	1.000000000	0.732273904	0.180307401	0.010092343	0.071004231	rraction of total
19	Difference Be	tween MGUA M	od I Rev COSS	& MGUA COS	S Using OPC M	ains Allocation - Fr	actions
20							
21	Impact	0.000000000	0.012434472	0.000969429	0.000068011	(0.013471913)	Line 12 less Line 17
22							
23		Difference Be	tween MGUA N	Iod I Rev COSS	& OPC COSS -	Fractions	
24							
25	MGUA less OPC	0.000000000		(0.007521159)	-	(0.047652611)	Schedule CDL-Reb-3 Page 1 Line 19
26	Mains Portion	0.000000000	0.012434472	0.000969429	0.000068011	(0.013471913)	Line 21 above
27	Balance of Difference	0.000000000		(0.008490587)	•	(0.034180698)	Line 25 less Line 26
28	As Percent	0.00	4.38	(0.85)	(0.11)	(3.42)	Line 27 times 100
29 30	Portion due to Mains Alloc	<b>-:</b>	22.1	(12.0)	(6.7)	28.3	Line 26 / Line 25
31	Portion due to Other Items		77.9	(12.9) 112.9	(6.7) 106.7	71.7	Line 27 / Line 25
32	Total		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	Diffe 27 Line 23
33	10141		100.0	1007.0	100.0	100.0	
34							
- •							

<sup>(1)</sup> Impact on MGUA Mod I Revised COSS - ROR/Rev Neutral - Margin Revenue based on changing only the allocation of Distribution Mains A/C 376 using OPC Composite Mains Allocator

Schedule CDL-Reb-4
Page 2 of 5

FILE: MGE\_COSModIfix DATE: 08-May-01

NAME: DPT

NR: SCH4

Missouri Gas Energy

Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000

Normalized - Peak Month

SCHED. # SCH4 PAGE # 1

TITLE: DIS	STRIBUTION	PLANT IN	SERVICE
------------	------------	----------	---------

HHER: D	BIRBU	TON PLANT IN SERVICE								•
LINE	<u>A/C #</u>	<u> FFEM</u>		ALLOCATION BASIS	CR	SYSTEM <u>TOTAL</u>	Residential Service	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Service	Large Vol Scrvice
1 2		DISTRIBUTION PLANT								
3	374	Land & Land Rights		Peak Month	D	1,233,940	686,109	253,450	44,226	250,155
. 4	375	Structures & Improvements		Peak Month	D	6,021.033	3,347,883	1,236,713	215,802	1,220,635
5	376	Mains - Assigned < 3 "		Res & SGS Peak Month	D	79,003,720	57,692,157	21,311,563	0	0
6	376	Mains - Customer		Mains Cust Factor	D	0	0	0	0	0
7	376	Mains - Capacity		Peak Month	D	199,966,211	111,187,487	41,072,812	7,167,048	40,538,863
8	378	Meas. & Reg. Equipment-Gen	•	Peak Month	D	10,422,024	5,794,972	2,140,671	373,539	2,112,842
9	379	Meas. & Reg. Equip-City Gate		Peak Month	D	3.074,013	1,709,248	631,398	110,177	623,190
10	380	Services		A/C 380 Services Fact Ex LGS&LV	CU	248,048,065	215,937,041	29,986,222	813,191	1,311,611
11	381	Meters		A/C 381 Meters Fact Ex LGS&LVS	$CL_1$	28,150,505	16,253,033	9,971,778	863,932	1,061,762
12	381	Meters - Metretek					0	0	0	0
13	381	Meters - Itron					0	0,	0	0
14	381	Meters - Other					0	0	0	0
15	382	Meter Installations		A/C 382 Meter Installs Factor	CU	49.974,693	41,770,713	5,800,514	590,783	1,812,682
16	383-4	House Regulators & Install		A/C 383 Hse Reg Fact Ex LGS&LV		9.540,154	3,372,217	5.803,530	177,488	186,920
17 18	385	Electronic Gas Measurement		Transport Customers	CU	320,088			0	320,088
19 20		Subtotal Dist PIS			DCU	635,754,446	457,750,861	118,208,651	10,356,185	49,438,749
21	386	Other Prop. on Cust. Premises		Subtotal Dist PIS	D		0	0	0	0
22	387	Other Equipment		Subtotal Dist PIS	D		0	0	0	0
23	501	5 mm 2-qa-p		<b>-</b>						
24		TOTAL DIST PIS			D/CU	635,754,446	457,750,861	118,208,651	10,356,185	49,438,749
25										
26		Demand Related-DPIS			Ð	299,720,941	180,417,857	66,646,607	7,910,791	44,745,686
27		Commodity Related-DPIS			CO					
28		Customer Related-DPIS			CU	336,033,505	277,333,004	51,562,044	2,445,394	4,693,063
29					ck	635,754,446				
30			Allocation Fa							
31			1 Sys t	Peak Month	D	1.000000000	0.556031376	0.205398762	0.035841295	0.202728567
32			2 Sys 65	Res & SGS Peak Month	D	1.0000000000	0.730246083	0.269753917	0.000000000	0.000000000
33			3 Sys 5	Total Cef	CO	1.000000000	0.465194326		0.031141068	0.324876465
34			4 Sys 56	A/C 380 Services Fact Ex LGS&LV		1.0000000000	0.878066753	0.121933247	0.000000000	0.000000000
35			5 Sys 57	A/C 381 Meters Fact Ex LGS&LVS		1.000000000		0.380242134	0.000000000	0.0000000000
36			6 Sys 58	A/C 382 Meter Installs Factor	CU	1.000000000	0.835837319	0.116069033	0.011821650	0.036271998
37			7 Sys 59	A/C 383 Hse Reg Fact Ex LGS&LV		1.000000000	0.367514151		0.000000000	0.000000000
38			8 Sys 60	Mains Cust Factor	D	1.000000000	0.878066753	0.121933247	0.000000000	0.000000000
39			9 Sys 3	Average Cust	CU CU	1.000000000	0.876437961 0.0000000000	0.121707064 0.0000000000	0.000958979	0.000895995
40			10 Sys 8	Transport Customers Sales Customers	CU	1.000000000	0.877223950	0.121816211	0.000959839	1.000000000
41			11 Sys 9 12 DPT-12	Subtotal Dist PIS	D.CU		0.720012049	0.185934446	0.016289600	0.000000000 0.077763905
42 43			13 DPT-13	Dem Rel-Main&SerPIS	D	0.471441361		0.563804818	0.763871131	0.905073187
43 44			14 DPT-14	Cust Rel-Main&SerPIS	Cf.	0.528558639		0.436195182	0.236128869	0.094926813
44 45			15 DPT-15	Dem Rei-Dist PIS	D	0.528558035	0.394139853	0.563804818	0.763871131	0.905073187
45 46			16 DPT-16	Cust Rel-Dist PIS	čt.	0.528558639	0.605860147		0.236128869	0.094926813
40			10 111 10	Contract Applied a say	* `				5.255.25607	0.00 1020010

FILE: MGE\_COSModIfixOPC DATE: 08-May-01

Missouri Gas Energy

Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000 MGUA COSS Modified for OPC Mains Allocation

SCHED. # PAGE # SCH4

NAME: DPT NR: SCH4

Normalized - Peak Month

TITLE: I	OISTRIBU I	TON PLANT IN SERVICE				SYSTEM	Residential	Small	Large	Large
LINE	<u>A/C #</u>	<u>ITEM</u>		ALLOCATION BASIS	<u>CR</u>	TOTAL	Service	Gen Service	Gen Service	Vol Service
1 2		DISTRIBUTION PLANT								
3	374	Land & Land Rights		OPC Mains Allocator	D	1,233,940	692,734	270,603	32,206	238,397
4	375	Structures & Improvements		OPC Mains Allocator	D	6,021,033	3,380,208	1,320,413	157,149	1,163,264
5	376	Mains - Assigned < 3 "			D	0	0	0	0	0
6	376	Mains - Customer		Mains Cust Factor	D	0	0	0	0	0
7	376	Mains - Capacity		OPC Mains Allocator (1)	D	278,969,931	156,613,719	61,178,106	7,281,115	53,896,991
8	378	Meas. & Reg. Equipment-Gen		OPC Mains Allocator	D D	10,422,024	5,850,924 1,725,751	2,285,550 674,131	272,015 80,232	2,013,535 593,899
9 10	379 380	Meas. & Reg. Equip-City Gate Services		OPC Mains Allocator A/C 380 Services Fact Ex LGS&LV		3,074,013 248,048,065	215,937,041	29,986,222	813,191	1,311,611
11	381	Meters		A/C 381 Meters Fact Ex LGS&LVS		28,150,505	16,253,033	9,971,778	863,932	1,061,762
12	381	Meters - Metretek		Are sor meters race by Edgeer vi		20,100,000	0,233,033	0,777,770	003,552	0
13	381	Meters - Itron					ő	Ö	0	0
14	381	Meters - Other					0	0	0	0
15	382	Meter Installations		A/C 382 Meter Installs Factor	CU	49,974,693	41,770,713	5,800,514	590,783	1,812,682
16	383-4	House Regulators & Install		A/C 383 Hse Reg Fact Ex LGS&LV	CU	9,540,154	3,372.217	5,803,530	177,488	186,920
17	385	Electronic Gas Measurement		Transport Customers	CU	320,088	0	0	0	320,088
18										C787778807
19		Subtotal Dist PIS			D/CU	635,754,446	445,596,340	117,290,846	10,268,111	62,599,149
20	206	Other Bear on Court Bearing		Cultural Dies DIC	T'S		0	0	0	0
21 22	386 387	Other Prop. on Cust. Premises Other Equipment		Subtotal Dist PIS Subtotal Dist PIS	D D		0	0	0	0
23	201	Other Equipment		Subtotal Dist F13	1,7					
24		TOTAL DIST PIS			D/CU	635,754,446	445,596,340	117,290,846	10,268,111	62,599,149
25		101110 21111111111111111111111111111111				,,		,		,,
26		Demand Related-DPIS			D	299,720,941	168,263,336	65,728,802	7,822,717	57,906,086
27		Commodity Related-DPIS		•	CO					
28		Customer Related-DPIS			CU	336,033,505	277,333,004	51,562,044	2,445,394	4,693,063
29					ck	635,754,446				
30			Allocation Fa		D	1 00000000	0.561400000	0.310200000	0.027100000	n 102200000
31			1 Sys 1 2 Sys 65	OPC Mains Allocator (1)	D D	1.000000000	0.561400000 0.730246083	0.219300000 0.269753917	0.026100000	0.193200000 0.0000000000
32 33			2 Sys 65 3 Sys 5	Res & SGS Peak Month Total Ccf	CO	1.000000000	0.465194326		0.031141068	0.324876465
34			4 Sys 56	A/C 380 Services Fact Ex LGS&LV		1.000000000	0.878066753		0.000000000	0.000000000
35			5 Sys 57	A/C 381 Meters Fact Ex LGS&LVS		1.000000000	0.619757866	0.380242134	0.000000000	0.000000000
36			6 Sys 58	A/C 382 Meter Installs Factor	CU	1.000000000	0.835837319		0.011821650	0.036271998
37			7 Sys 59	A/C 383 Hse Reg Fact Ex LGS&LV	CU	1.000000000	0.367514151	0.632485849	0.000000000	0.000000000
38			8 Sys 60	Mains Cust Factor	D	1.000000000	0.878066753	0.121933247	0.000000000	0.000000000
39			9 Sys 3	Average Cust	CU	1.000000000	0.876437961	0.121707064	0.000958979	0.000895995
40			10 Sys 8	Transport Customers	CU	1.000000000	0.000000000		0.000000000	1.000000000
41			11 Sys 9	Sales Customers	CU	1.000000000	0.877223950		0.000959839	0.000000000
42			12 DPT-12	Subtotal Dist PIS	D/CU	1.000000000	0.700893785		0.016151064	0.098464351
43			13 DPT-13	Dem Rel-Main&SerPIS	D CU	0.471441361	0.377613820	0.560391577 0.439608423	0.761845742	0.925029926 0.074970074
44 45			14 DPT-14 15 DPT-15	Cust Rel-Main&SerPIS  Dem Rel-Dist PIS	D	0.528558639 0.471441361	0.622386180 0.377613820	0.439608423	0.238154258 0.761845742	0.074970074
45 46			15 DPT-16	Cust Rel-Dist PIS	CU		0.377613820		0.761843742	0.074970074
46			10 1/1 1-10	C tist iver-tyist ( tis)	( ()	0.140.1.00.39	0.022300100	V 47 /000477	V 200104400	0.074970074

FILE: MGE\_COSModHix DATE: 08-May-01

Missouri Gas Energy

Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study

NAME: SUMPAGE2-A NR: SCHIB-A

Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000

Normalized - Peak Month

Revenue (ROR) Neutral

SCHED. #

SCH1B-A

1

PAGE #

### TITLE: SUMMARY - PAGE 2-A - REQUIRED or BOTTOM UP

LINE	<u>A/C #</u>	<u>ITEM</u>		ALLOCATION B	<u>ASIS</u>	CR	SYSTEM <u>TOTAL</u>	Residential <u>Service</u>	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Service	Large Vol Service
1 2 3 4		Rate Base Rate of Return - Ideal Target Index of Return - Ideal Target		Schedule 8	Actual ROR % Request ROR %		518,824,134 5.880% 100	374,975,610 5.880% 100	98,869,160 5.880% 100	9,614,426 5.880% 100	35,364,938 5.880% 100
5		Return Required at Target ROR		L. 1 * L. 2			30,509,229	22,050,278	5,813,958	565,372	2,079,620
6		Realized Net Utility Op Income		Schedule 17			30,509,229	18,171,021	7,249,132	1,048,014	4,041;061
7 8		Change in Net Income Required		L. 5 - L. 6			0	3,879,257	(1,435,174)	(482,642)	(1,961,441)
9		Realized Tot Inc Taxes		Schedule 17			6,503,183	2,362,511	2,207,483	449,764	1,483,425
10		Change in FIT @ 0.	628855	* L. 7			0	2,439,490	(902,516)	(303,512)	(1,233,462)
11 12		Required Total FIT		L. 9 + L. 10			6,503,183	4,802,001	1,304,967	146,252	249,963
13		Change in Net Income		L. 7			0	3,879,257	(1,435,174)	(482,642)	(1,961,441)
14		Change in FIT		1 10			0	2,439,490	(902,516)	(303,512)	(1,233,462)
15 16 17		Total Revenue Change		Sum (L.13-15)			0	6,318,748	(2,337,690)	(786,154)	(3,194,903)
18		Revenue Change Grossed up for Uncollection		Facto			0	6,383,869	(2,361,782)	(794,256)	(3,227,830)
19		Revenue Change Grossed down for Late Pa	ıy Fee	Facto	r 0.997761		0	6,369,575	(2,356,494)	(792,478)	(3,220,603)
20											
21		Gas Operating Revenue Excl PGA		Schedule 2			136,741,103	95,103,943	27,028,036	3,001,727	11,607,397
22		Required Gas Operating Rev Excl PGA		L. 19 + L. 21			136,741,103	101,473,518	24,671,542	2,209,249	8,386,795
23 24		Increased Operating Revenue - %		L. 19/L. 21			0.00%	6.70%	-8.72%	-26.40%	-27.75%
25		Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Excl PGA		Schedule 2			131,882,802	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,816,047
26		Percent of Total Current Revenue					100.00	69.64	19.94	2.22	8.20
27		Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA		L. 19 + L. 25	Excludes Gas Li	ghts	131,882,802	98,214,491	23,941,594	2,131,273	7,595,444
28		Percent of Total Cost of Service					100.00	74.47	18.15	1.62	5.76
29		Increased Revenue - %		L. 19/L. 25			0.00%	6.94%	-8.96%	-27.10%	-29.78%
30		A M 411 Com.		C 1 1 1 10 A			100.100	121 271	50.000	470	
31		Ave Monthly Customers Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PGA		Schedule 18-A			492,190	431,374	59,903	472	441
32				L. 25/L. 31 L. 27/L. 31	per Cust per yea		268 268	213 228	439	6;194	24,526
33 34		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Ex PG Increased Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PG/		L. 33 - L. 32	per Cust per year		208		400	4,515	17,223
34 35		increased Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex PG/	١.	D. 33 - D. 32	per Cust per year	r	0	15	(39)	(1,679)	(7,303)
36		PGA Revenue		Schedule 2			307,289,585	211,738,095	01 277 205	14 174 195	0
30 37		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PG	١	L. 25 + L. 36			439,172,387	303,583,011	81,377,305 107,675,393	14,174,185 17,097,936	0 10,816,047
38		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PC		L. 27 - L. 36			439,172,387	309,952,586	105,318,899	16,305,458	7.595,444
39		Percent Increase	L	1.21 1.30			0.00	2.10	(2.19)	(4.63)	(29.78)
40		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl PG	١	L. 37.L. 31	per Cust per veai		892	704	1,797	36,224	24,526
41		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Incl PC		L. 38/L. 31	per Cust per year		892	719	1,758	30,224 34,545	17,223

Source: Schedule CDL-Reb-1 Page 14

FILE: MGE\_COSModIfixOPC DATE: 08-May-01 NAME: SUMPAGE2-A

Missouri Gas Energy

MGUA COSS Modified for OPC Mains Allocation

NR: SCHIB-A

Gas Cost of Service Allocation Study Test Year: 12 Months Ended December 31, 2000 Normalized - Peak Month

SCHED.# PAGE #

SCHIB-A

### Revenue (ROR) Neutral

### TITLE: SUMMARY - PAGE 2-A - REQUIRED or BOTTOM UP

LINE	<u>A/C</u> #	ITEM		ALLOCATION B	BASIS	CR	SYSTEM TOTAL	Residential Service	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Service	Large Vol Service
1	_	Rate Base		Schedule 8			518,824,134	367,488,138	98,337,243	9,535,913	43,462,840
2		Rate of Return - Ideal Target			Actual ROR %	5.880	5.880%	5.880%	5.880%	5.880%	5.880%
3		Index of Return - Ideal Target			Request ROR %	10.562	100	100	100	100	100
5		Return Required at Target ROR		L. 1 * L. 2			30,509,229	21,609,981	5,782,679	560,755	2,555,813
6		Realized Net Utility Op Income		Schedule 17			30,509,229	18,729,466	7,295,718	1,048,860	3,435,184
7		Change in Net Income Required		L. 5 - L. 6			0	2,880,515	(1,513,039)	(488,105)	(879,371)
8		,							د کششهای کا دست	. چيکسونها کا چه ديم	was to comment
9		Realized Tot Inc Taxes		Schedule 17			6,503,183	2,944,781	2,254,198	451,993	852,211 .
10		Change in FIT @	0.628855	* L. 7			0	1,811,426	(951,482)	(306,947)	(552,997).
11 12		Required Total FIT		L. 9 + L. 10			6,503,183	4,756,207	1,302,716	145,046	299,215
13		Change in Net Income		L. 7			0	2,880,515	(1,513,039)	(488,105)	(879,371)
14		Change in FIT		L. 10		-	0 -		(951,482)		(552,997)
15		Č							, (,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	. (2.0.31.11)	C1-3
16		Total Revenue Change		Sum (L.13-15)			0	4,691,940	(2,464,521)	(795,052)	(1,432,367)
17											
18 19		Revenue Change Grossed up for Uncol		Facto			0	4,740,296	(2,489,920)	(803,246)	(1,447,129)
20		Revenue Change Grossed down for Lat	e ray ree	Facto	г 0.997761		0	4,729,682	(2,484,345)	(801,448)	(1,443,889)
21		Gas Operating Revenue Exel PGA		Schedule 2			136,741,103	95,103,943	27,028,036	3,001,727	11,607,397
22		Required Gas Operating Rev Excl PGA		L. 19 + L. 21			136,741,103	99,833,625	24,543,691	2,200,279	10,163,508
23		Increased Operating Revenue - %		L. 19/L. 21			0.00%	4.97%	-9.19%	-26.70%	-12.44%
24											
25		Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Excl PGA		Schedule 2			131,882,802	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,816,047
26 27		Percent of Total Current Revenue Req Sales of Gas Rev & Trans Ex PGA		L. 19 + L. 25	Excludes Gas L	olata	100.00 131,882,802	69.64 96,574,598	19.94	2.22	8.20
28		Percent of Total Cost of Service	<u> </u>	L. 19 T L. 23	Excludes Gas L	gnis	100.00	73.23	23,813,743 18,06	2,122,303 1,61	9,372,158
29		Increased Revenue - %		L. 19/L. 25			0.00%	5.15%	-9.45%	-27.41%	-13.35%
30								011070	,,,,,,,	27.1170	13.33,0
31		Ave Monthly Customers	-	Schedule 18-A			492,190	431,374	59,903	472	441
32		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex P		L. 25/L. 31	per Cust per yea		268	213	439	6,194	24,526
33		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Ex		L. 27/L. 31	per Cust per yea		268	224	398	4,496	21,252
34 35		Increased Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Ex I	PGA	L. 33 - L. 32	per Cust per yea	r	0	11	(41)	(1,698)	(3,274)
35 36		PGA Revenue		Schedule 2			307,289,585	211,738,095	91 277 20 <i>8</i>	14 174 105	
37		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Inc.	PGA	L. 25 + L. 36			439,172,387	303,583,011	81,377,305 107,675,393	14,174,185 17,097,936	· 0 10,816,047
38		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Inc.		L. 27 + L. 36			439,172,387	308,312,693	105,191,048	16,296,488	9,372,158
39		Percent Increase					0.00	1.56	(2.31)	(4.69)	(13.35)
40		Realized Sales of Gas & Tran Rev Incl 1		L. 37/L. 31	per Cust per yea	T I	892	704	1,797	36,224	24,526
41		Required Sales of Gas & Trans Rev Inc	l PGA	L. 38/L. 31	per Cust per yea	r	892	715	1,756	34,526	21,252

File: RebuttalCDL.xls Date: May 14, 2001 Missouri Gas Energy - Case No. GR-2001-292

Differences Between COSS - MGUA vs Staff & OPC

Prep: CDL

LVS Class

~		
	1	***
	и	$\mathbf{H}$

Item

<u>\$</u>

Source

### MGUA Required Revenue Neutral Revenues Adjusted for Staff & OPC Allocation Methods

1	Required Revenue Neutral Revenue per	MGUA COSS		7,595,444	Schedule CDL-Reb-1 Page 14 Line 27				
2					-				
3	Plus: Added Rev Req based on Staff All	ocation Methods		3,269,020	Schedule CDL-Reb-5 Page 2				
4									
5	Total MGUA COSS Req Rev Neutral	Rev with Staff	Allocations	10,864,464					
6									
7	D ( 4 D )I1 D	MCHA COCC		7 505 411	al tropinin in its				
8 9	Required Revenue Neutral Revenue per	MOOV CO22		7,393,444	Schedule CDL-Reb-1 Page 14 Line 27				
10	Plus: Added Rev Reg based on OPC All	location Methods	•	4 992 681	Schedule CDL-Reb-5 Page 3				
11	Tids. Added Nov Red based on Of C An	ocation methods		3,272,001	Schodule CDE-Reb-5 1 age 5				
12	Total MGUA COSS Req Rev Neutral	Rev with OPC	Allocations	12,588,125					
13	•			, ,					
14									
15									
16	<u>Determination of COSS Fractions</u>								
17			Other						
18		<u>Total</u>	<u>Classes</u>	<u>LVS</u>					
19	MGUA COSS Mod I Revised	131,882,802	124,287,358		Schedule CDL-Reb-1 Page 14 Line 27				
20	Fractions	1.000000000	0.942407622	0.057592378	Fraction of total				
21	Navi dogo il a man	131 003 000	121 010 220	10.061.161	** -				
22	MGUA COSS with Staff Allocations	1.0000000000	121,018,338	•	Fraction of total				
23 24	Fractions	1.000000000	0.917020313	0.082379087	rraction of total				
25	MGUA COSS with OPC Allocations	131,882,802	119 294 677	12,588,125	Line 12				
26	Fractions	1.000000000			Fraction of total				
27	Tuestone	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	5.25.050070						
28									
29	Staff Filed COSS Fractions	1.000000000	0.91399086	0.08600914	Beck Testimony Schedule 1				
30									
31	OPC Filed COSS Fractions	1.000000000	0.894752021	0.105247979	Busch Testimony Schedule JAB-RD2				
32									
33			. D. M						
34		Percentage of	Differences E:	xptained					
35 36	MGUA vs Staff			96	Line 21 / Line 27				
37	MOON vs Stati			70	Direct / Line 2/				
38	MGUA vs OPC including M	lains		91	Line 24 / Line 29				
<b>40</b>					· · — —				

File: RebuttalCDL.xls

Prep: CDL

Date: May 14, 2001

### Missouri Gas Fnergy - Case No. GR-2001-292

Impact Upon MGUA COSS Costs Allocated to LVS of Using Various Staff Allocation Methods

Line		Total to be Allocated	Staff Allocation Basis	Staff Allocation <u>Factor</u>	Allocated Costs on Staff <u>Allocator</u>	MGUA Allocated <u>Costs</u>	Fraction	Excess Cost Allocation Using Staff Allocator	Fixed Charge Factor (3)	Revenue Requirement Impact <u>Staff</u>
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	AMR Communication Equipment - A/C 397.1  AMR Intangible related PIS  Working Capital Gas Inventory  Working Capital - Working Cash - O&M Purchased Gas  Services A/C 380  Meters A/C 381  House Regulators & Install A/C 383-4  EGM Equipment A/C 385	415,236 52,457,645 5,584,312 248,048,065 28,150,505 9,540,154	Total P, T & D PIS C-O-S Revenues (1) C-O-S Revenues Volumes Service Allocator WTD CUST METERS WTD CUST REGULATORS LARGE VOLUME SALES (2)	0.083991283 0.086009136 0.086009136 0.365683019 0.007566860 0.053323930 0.020918586 0.924238932	2,769,127 35,714 4,511,837 2,042,088 1,876,945 1,501,096 199,567 295,838	0 0 0 0 1,311,611 1,061,762 186,920 320,088	0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.00528773 0.03771733 0.01959298 1.00000000	2,769,127 35,714 4,511,837 2,042,088 565,334 439,334 12,647 (24,250)	0.0713 0.0713 0.0713 0.0713 0.0713 0.0713 0.0713	197,547 2,548 321,870 145,681 40,330 31,342 902 (1,730)
10 11	Total Rate Base Related Costs							10,351,830		738,490
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A/C 920-1 Assigned to Transports A/C 923 Assigned to Sales Uncollectibles-A/C 904 Sales Expenses Total O&M Exp Related Costs	, ,	C-O-S Revenues C-O-S Revenues	0.086009136 0.086009136	297,233 66,489	35,208 1,485,054 84,644 0	1.00000000 1.00000000 0.02449306 0.00000000	(35,208) 1,485,054 212,589 66,489		(35,208) 1,485,054 212,589 <u>66,489</u> 1,728,924
19 20 21 22 23	AMR Amortization - AMR Beta AMR Depreciation - Gen Pt A/C 397.1 Total Depr & Amort Related Costs		Total P, T & D PIS Total P, T & D PIS	0.083991283 0.083991283	2,325 138,456	0	0.00000000 0.00000000	2,325 138,456		2,325 <u>138,456</u> 140,781
24 25 26 27	Other Op Rev-Late Pay Charge A/C 487 Other Op Rev-Misc Service Chg A/C 488 Total Offsetting Revenue Related		NUMBER OF RES/SGS BILLS NUMBER OF RES/SGS BILLS		0	160,189 500,636	0.16288640 0.16288638	160,189 500,636		160,189 500,636 660,825
28 29 30 31 32	Subtotal - AMR Related Subtotal - Other Grand Total									340,876 <u>2,928,144</u> 3,269,020
33	(1) Actually total COS or Required Margin Revenue									

Sources:	Column

(3) Fixed Charged Rates		
	b	Various pages from Schedule CDL-15 and as revised at Schedule CDL-Reb-1

Staff COSS model in this case

Staff COSS model in this case

Column b times Column d

Various pages from Schedule CDL-15 and as revised at Schedule CDL-Reb-1

Column f divided by Column b

Column e less Column I

Footnote 3 - Data from CDL-Reb-1 Page 14

Lines 1-8 Column h tims Column i Other Lines equal Column h

Schedule CDL-Reb-5 Page 2 of 3

44 45 46

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

(2) Actually LVS & LGS

Return

Depreciation

Return, FIT & Depr

Return & FIT Only

Rate Base

FIT

30,509,229 0.058804568

26,966,363 0.051975923

518,824,134

6,503,183 0.012534465

0.123314956

0.071339033

### Missouri Gas Energy - Case No. GR-2001-292

Impact Upon MGUA COSS Costs Allocated to LVS of Using Various OPC Allocation Methods

Prep: 0	May 14 , 2001 CDL									
				Total to be	OPC Allocation	OPC Allocation	Allocated Costs on OPC	MGUA Allocated	MGUA	Excess Cost Allocation Using OPC
Line	<u>Item</u>			Allocated	Basis	Factor	Allocator	Costs	Fraction	Allocator
	(a)			(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
ı	AMR Communication E	quipment - A/C	397.1	32,969,219	Cost of Service	0.105486530	3,477,809	0	0.00000000	3,477,809
2	AMR Intangible related I			415,236	Cost of Service	0.105486530	43,802	0	0.00000000	43,802
3	Working Capital Gas Inv			52,457,645	Total Rate Base	0.113101619	5,933,045	0	0.00000000	5,933,045
4	Working Capital - Worki	ng Cash - O&N	1 Purchased Gas		Cost of Service	0.105486530	589,070	0	0.00000000	589,070
5	Services A/C 380				Services Weighted Customers	0.021000000	5,209,009	1,311,611	0.00528773	3,897,398
6	Meters A/C 381				Meters Weighted Customers	0.045000000	1,266,773	1,061,762	0.03771733	205,011
7	House Regulators & Inst				Regulators Weighted Customers	0.032000000	305,285	186,920	0.01959298	118,365
8	EGM Equipment A/C 38			320,088	C & I Customers	0.006928119	2,218	320,088	1.00000000	(317,870
9 10	Total Rate Ba	ase Related Cos	ıtş							
11										
12	A/C 920-1 Assigned to T	•		35,208			0	35,208	1.00000000	(35,208)
13	A/C 923 Assigned to Sal	es		1,485,054			0	1,485,054	00000000.1	1,485,054
14	Uncollectibles-A/C 904				Cost of Service	0.105486530	364,544	84,644	0.02449306	279,900
15	Sales Expenses			773,040	Cost of Service	0.105486530	81,545	0	0.00000000	81,545
16	Total O&M I	Exp Related Co	sts							
17										
18	AND Assessed to AN									
19 20	AMR Amortization - AN				Gross NON-GENERAL PLANT		2,976	0	0.00000000	2,976
21	AMR Depreciation - Ger		I Contin	1,648,461	Total COS	0.105486530	173,890	0	0.00000000	173,890
22	Total Depr &	Amort Related	Cosis							
23 24	Other Op Rev-Late Pay (	Thome A/C 485	,	093.410	Cost of Service	0.105486530	102 710	160 190	0.1/200/40	56.440
25	Other Op Rev-Misc Serv	_		•	Cost of Service	0.105486530	103,740 324,216	160,189 500,636	0.16288640	56,449
26	•	ng Revenue Re		5,015,525	Cost of Service	0.103480330	344,210	300,030	0.16288638	176,420
27	10001010000	ng nevenue ne	iaioa							
28	Subtotal - AN	IR Related								
29	Subtotal - Otl	ner								
30	Subtotal - th	is page								
31		- 0								
32	Mains Costs	from Schedule	e CDL-Reb-4 Page 1							
33			_							
34	Grand Total									
35										
36	(1) Actually total COS or	Required Marg	gin Revenue							
37	(2) Actually LVS & LGS			Sources: Colu	mn					
38				•						
39		(3) Fixed Cha	rged Rates	b	Various pages from Schedule CD	L-15 and as revis	ed at Schedule (	CDL-Reb-1		
40				С	Staff COSS model in this case					
41	Return	30,509,229		d	Staff COSS model in this case					
42	FIT	6,503,183	0.012534465	е	Column b times Column d					
43	Depreciation	26,966.363	0.051975923	f	Various pages from Schedule CD	L-15 and as revis	ed at Schedule (	DL-Reb-1		
44				8	Column f divided by Column b					
45	Rate Base	518,824,134		b	Column e less Column f					
46				i	Footnote 3 - Data from CDL-Reb	_				
47	Return, FIT 8	•	0.123314956	j	Lines 1-8 Column h tims Column	i Other Lines equ	ial Column h			
19	Return & EU	Only	0.071339033							

File: RebuttalCDL.xls

Date: May 14, 2001

Return & FIT Only

48

0.071339033

Schedule CDL-Reb-5

Revenue

Requirement

Impact <u>OPC</u>

(j)

248,103

423,258

42,024

278,037

14,625

8,444

(22,677)994,939

(35,208)

1,485,054

279,900

81,545 1,811,291

2,976

173,890 176,867

56,449

176,420 232,869

3,215,967 1,776,714

4,992,681

3,125

Fixed

Charge

Factor (3)

(i)

0.0713

0.0713

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0.0713

428,095 2,787,872

File: MiscCalcRev.xls
Tab: RevSpreadRebuttal
Date: May 16, 2001
Source: COSS

Prep: CDL

## Missouri Gas Energy

Case No GR-2001-292

## **Summary of Proposed Revenue Changes**

Line	<u>Item</u>		Rate Increase this Case	Residential <u>Service</u>	Small Gen Service First Year	Large Gen Service	Large Vol Service
					PHSI Tear		
1			15,000,000	12,032,395	2,411,911	132,100	423,593
2		(1)>	10,000,000	8,496,334	1,434,601	28,077	40,988
3			8,000,000	7,081,910	1,043,677	(13,532)	(112,055)
4			5,000,000	4,960,273	457,291	(75,946)	(341.618)
5 6					Second Year		
7 8			15,000,000	2,220,677	(810,829)	(280,615)	(1,129,233)
9		(1)>	10,000,000	2,145,084	(783,228)	(271,063)	(1,090,793)
10		(1)	8,000,000	2,114,846	(772,188)	(267,242)	(1,035,793)
11			5,000,000	2,069,490	(755,627)	(261,510)	(1,052,353)
12			3,555,555	2,000,100	(100,027)	(201,010)	(1,002,000)
13					Third Year		
14					************		
15			15,000,000	2,537,917	(926,662)	(320,703)	(1,290,552)
16		(1)>	10,000,000	2,451,524	(895,118)	(309,786)	(1,246,621)
17		` ,	8,000,000	2,416,967	(882,500)	(305,419)	(1,229,048)
18			5,000,000	2,365,132	(863,574)	(298,869)	(1,202,689)
19							, , , ,
20				- •	Total Changes ov	er 3 Years	
21							
22			15,000,000	16,790,989	674,420	(469,217)	(1,996,192)
23		(1)>	10,000,000	13,092,942	(243,745)	(552,771)	(2,296,426)
24			8,000,000	11,613,723	(611,010)	(586,193)	(2,416,520)
25			5,000,000	9,394,895	(1,161,909)	(636,325)	(2,596,661)
26							
27	(1) Point of a	reference only	4				

File: MiscCalcRev.xls Tab: RevSpreadRebuttal Missouri Gas Energy Case No GR-2001-292

Date: May 16, 2001 Source: COSS

Summary of COSS and Proposed Revenue Spread Fractions

Prep: CDL

				Residential	Small	Large	Large
<u>Line</u>	<u>Item</u>		<u>Total</u>	Service	Gen Service	Gen Service	Vol Service
1	MGE Curren	t Revenue	131,882,802	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,816.047
2	Revenue Pero	cents		0.696413138	0.199404984	0.022169312	0.082012566
3			MCHA M. LT	Dt 1 (1000 D	OD (0 N)		
4 5			MGUA Mod I	Revised COSS - R	OR/Rev Neutral		
6	COSS		131,882,802	. 98,214,491	23,941,594	2,131,273	7,595,444
7	COSS Percer	its	1.000000000	0.744710377	0.181536889	0.016160356	0.057592378
8							
9			5461F14 54 1 T	Destruit Code II	S. II. D D		
10 11			MGUA Mod I	Revised COSS - F	un Kev Keq		
12	COSS		171,764,266	127,038,471	31,541,562	2,870,324	10.313,910
13	COSS Percer	nts	1.000000000	0.739609430	0.183632850	0.016710832	0.060046888
14							
15		rent Revenue	Fractions	94.2	108.6	132.7	136.6
16	to Full Cost I	Fractions - %					
17 18							
19			Proposed Fig	rst Year Spread	r <b>i</b>		
20			i roposed 11.	or rear spread	-		
21		Weight					
22	Cur Rev	0.750000	1.000000000	0.707212211	0.195461950	0.020804692	0.076521146
23	Full COSS	0.250000					
24			D	1 W C			
25 26			Proposed Se	cond Year Spr	ead		
26 27		Weight					
28	Cur Rev	0.400000	1.000000000	0.722330913	0.189941704	0.018894224	0.068833159
29	Full COSS	0.600000					
30							
31			Proposed Th	ird Year Spre	ad		
32		10/-2-64					
33 34	Cur Rev	Weight 0.00000	1.000000000	0.739609430	0.183632850	0.016710832	0.060046888
34 35	Full COSS	1.000000	1,00000000	0.757007750	3.103032030	0.010/10052	3.0000 10000

File: MiscCalcRev.xls Tab: RevSpreadRebuttal Date: May 16, 2001

### Missouri Gas Energy Case No GR-2001-292

Source: COSS
Prep: CDL

### **Proposed First Year Revenue Spread**

riep. CDL	Spread on	Weighted	0.75	Current Rev	0.25	Full COSS
			Residential	Small	Large	Large
Line	<u>ltem</u>	<u>Total</u>	Service	Gen Service	Gen Service	Vol Service
1						
2	Rev Spread	1.000000000	0.707212211	0.195461950	0.020804692	0.076521146
3	-					
4	Increased Levels	171,764,270	121,473,789	33,573,379	3,573,503	13,143,599
5	of Total Revenue	156,882,802	110,949,433	30,664,618	3,263,898	12,004,852
6		151,882,802	107,413,372	29,687,309	3,159,875	11,622,246
7		146,882,802	103,877,311	28,709,999	3,055,851	11,239,640
8	(1)>	141,882,802	100,341,250	27,732,689	2,951,828	10,857,035
9		139,882,802	98,926,826	27,341,765	2,910,219	10,703,992
10		136,882.802	96,805,189	26,755,379	2,847,805	10,474,429
11		131,882,802	93,269,128	25,778,070	2,743.781	10.091,823
12		130,000,000	91,937,587	25,410,054	2,704,610	9.947,749
13						
14	Current Revenue	131,882,802	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923.751	10,816,047
15						
16	Revenue Increases	39,881.468	29.628,873	7,275,291	649.752	2,327,552
17	(Decreases)	25,000,000	19.104,517	4,366,530	340,147	1,188,805
18		20,000,000	15. <b>5</b> 68,456	3,389,221	236.124	806,199
19		15,000.000	12.032,395	2,411,911	132,100	423,593
20	(1)>	10,000.000	8,496,334	1,434,601	28,077	40,988
21		8,000,000	7.081,910	1,043,677	(13.532)	(112,055)
22		5,000,000	4,960,273	457,291	(75,946)	(341.618)
23		0	1,424,212	(520,018)	(179.970)	(724,224)
24		(1,882,802)	92,671	(888,034)	(219,141)	(868,298)
25						
26	(1) Point of reference onl	У				

File: MiscCalcRev.xls Tab: RevSpreadRebuttal Date: May 16, 2001 Missouri Gas Energy Case No GR-2001-292

Date: May 16, Source: COSS Prep: CDL

## **Proposed Second Year Revenue Spread**

ттр. ода,	Spread on	Weighted	0.400000	Current Rev	0.6	Full COSS
<u>Line</u>	<u>Item</u>	<u>Total</u>	Residential Service	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Scrvice	Large Vol Service
1						
2	Rev Spread	1.000000000	0.722330913	0.189941704	0.018894224	0.068833159
3	-					
4	Increased Levels	171,764,270	124,070,642	32,625,198	3,245,353	11,823,077
5	of Total Revenue	156,882,802	113,321,298	29,798,587	2,964,179	10,798,739
6		151,882,802	109,709,643	28,848,878	2,869,708	10,454,573
7		146,882,802	106,097,988	27,899,170	2,775,237	10,110,407
8	(1)>	141,882,802	102,486,334	26,949,461	2,680,765	9,766,242
9		139,882,802	101,041,672	26,569,578	2,642,977	9,628,575
10		136,882,802	98,874,679	25,999,753	2,586,294	9,422,076
11		131,882,802	95,263,025	25,050,044	2,491,823	9,077,910
12		130,000,000	93,903,019	24,692,421	2,456,249	8,948,311
13						
14	Current Revenue	131,882,802	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10.816.047
15						
16	Revenue Increases	39,881,468	32.225.726	6,327.110	321,602	1,007,030
17	(Decreases)	25,000,000	21,476,382	3,500,499	40,428	(17,308)
18		20.000,000	17,864,727	2,550,790	(54,043)	(361,474)
19		15,000,000	14.253,072	1,601,082	(148,514)	(705,640)
20	(1)>	10,000,000	10.641.418	651,373	(242,986)	(1,049.805)
21		8,000,000	9,196,756	271,490	(280,774)	(1,187,472)
22		5,000,000	7,029,763	(298,335)	(337,457)	(1,393,971)
23		0	3,418,109	(1,248,044)	(431,928)	(1,738,137)
24		(1.882,802)	2,058,103	(1,605,667)	(467.502)	(1,867,736)
25						
26	(1) Point of reference onl	ly				

File: MiscCalcRev.xls
Tab: RevSprcadRebuttal

Date: May 16, 2001 Source: COSS Missouri Gas Energy Case No GR-2001-292

## **Proposed Third Year Revenue Spread**

Prep: CDL	Spread on	Weighted	0.000000	Current Rev	1.000000	Full COSS
			Residential	Small	Large	Large
<u>Line</u>	<u>Item</u>	Total	Service	Gen Service	Gen Service	Vol Service
1						
2 3	Rev Spread	1.000000000	0.739609430	0.183632850	0.016710832	0.060046888
4	Increased Levels	171,764,270	127,038,474	31,541,562	2,870,324	10,313,910
5	of Total Revenue	156,882,802	116,032,000	28,808,836	2,621,642	9,420,324
6		151,882,802	112,333,953	27,890,672	2,538,088	9,120,090
7		146,882,802	108,635,905	26,972,508	2,454,534	8,819,855
8	(1)>	141,882,802	104,937,858	26,054,343	2,370,980	8,519,621
9		139,882,802	103,458,639	25,687,078	2,337,558	8,399,527
10		136,882,802	101,239,811	25,136,179	2,287,426	8,219,386
11		131,882,802	97,541,764	24,218,015	2,203,871	7,919,152
12		130,000,000	96,149,226	23,872,271	2,172,408	7,806,095
13						
14 15	Current Revenue	131,882,802	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,816.047
16	Revenue Increases	39,881,468	35,193,558	5,243,474	(53.427)	(502,137)
17	(Decreases)	25,000,000	24,187,084	2,510,748	(302,109)	(1,395,723)
18		20,000,000	20,489,037	1,592,584	(385,663)	(1,695,957)
19		15,000,000	16,790,989	674,420	(469,217)	(1,996,192)
20	(1)>	10.000,000	13,092,942	(243,745)	(552,771)	(2,296,426)
21		8,000,000	11,613,723	(611,010)	(586,193)	(2,416,520)
22		5,000,000	9,394,895	(1,161,909)	(636,325)	(2,596,661)
23		0	5,696,848	(2,080,073)	(719,880)	(2,896,895)
24		(1,882,802)	4,304,310	(2,425,817)	(751,343)	(3,009,952)
25						
26	(1) Point of reference onl	У				

File: MiscCalcRev.xls
Tab: RevSpreadRebuttal
Date: May 16, 2001
Source: COSS

Missouri Gas Energy Case No GR-2001-292

Summary of Revenue Change from Years 1 to 2 and 2 to 3

Prep: CDL

		Rate Increase	Residential	Small	Large	Large				
<u>Line</u>	<u>Item</u>	this Case	Service	Gen Service	Gen Service	Vol Service				
	Change from First to Second Year									
1	Revenue Increases	39,881,468	2,596,853	(948,181)	(328,150)	(1,320,522)				
2	(Decreases)	25,000,000	2,371,864	(866,032)	(299,720)	(1,206,113)				
3		20,000,000	2,296,271	(838,431)	(290,167)	(1,167,673)				
4		15,000,000	2,220,677	(810,829)	(280,615)	(1,129,233)				
5	(1)>	10,000,000	2,145,084	(783,228)	(271,063)	(1.090,793)				
6		8,000,000	2,114,846	(772,188)	(267,242)	(1,075,417)				
7		5,000,000	2,069,490	(755,627)	(261,510)	(1,052,353)				
8		0	1,993,897	(728,026)	(251,958)	(1,013,913)				
9		(1,882,802)	1,965,431	(717,632)	(248,361)	(999,438)				
10										
11										
12	Change from Second to Third Year									
13										
14	Revenue Increases	39,881,468	2,967,832	(1.083,636)	(375,029)	(1,509.167)				
15	(Decreases)	25,000,000	2.710,702	(989,751)	(342,537)	(1,378,415)				
16	,	20,000,000	2,624,310	(958,206)	(331,620)	(1,334,483)				
17		15,000.000	2,537,917	(926,662)	(320,703)	(1,290,552)				
18	(1)>	10,000,000	2,451,524	(895,118)	(309,786)	(1,246,621)				
19		8,000.000	2.416,967	(882,500)	(305,419)	(1,229,048)				
20		5,000,000	2,365,132	(863,574)	(298,869)	(1,202.689)				
21		0	2,278,739	(832,029)	(287,952)	(1,158,758)				
22		(1,882,802)	2,246,207	(820,151)	(283,841)	(1,142,215)				
23										
24	(1) Point of reference onl	у								

File: MiscCalcRev.xls Tab: RevSpreadRebuttal Date: May 16, 2001 Source: COSS Prep: CDL

# Missouri Gas Energy

Case No GR-2001-292

### Revenue Requirement Spread on MGUA Mod I Revised COSS - Full

2       COSS Percents       1.000000000       0.73960943       0.18363285       0.016710832       0.066         3       4       Increased Levels       171,764,270       127,038,474       31,541,562       2,870,324       10,3         5       of Total Revenue       156,882,802       116,032,000       28,808,836       2,621,642       9,4         6       151,882,802       112,333,953       27,890,672       2,538,088       9,1         7       146,882,802       108,635,905       26,972,508       2,454,534       8,8         8       (1)>       141,882,802       104,937,858       26,054,343       2,370,980       8,5         9       139,882,802       103,458,639       25,687,078       2,337,558       8,3         10       136,882,802       101,239,811       25,136,179       2,287,426       8,2         11       131,882,802       97,541,764       24,218,015       2,203,871       7,9         12       130,000,000       96,149,226       23,872,271       2,172,408       7,8         15       1.3092942       16       Revenue Increases       39,881,468       35,193,558       5,243,474       (53,427)       (5         17       (Decreases) <td< th=""><th>ge ervice</th></td<>	ge ervice
2       COSS Percents       1.000000000       0.73960943       0.18363285       0.016710832       0.066         3       4       Increased Levels       171,764,270       127,038,474       31,541,562       2,870,324       10,3         5       of Total Revenue       156,882,802       116,032,000       28,808,836       2,621,642       9,4         6       151,882,802       112,333,953       27,890,672       2,538,088       9,1         7       146,882,802       108,635,905       26,972,508       2,454,534       8,8         8       (1)>       141,882,802       104,937,858       26,054,343       2,370,980       8,5         9       139,882,802       103,458,639       25,687,078       2,337,558       8,3         10       136,882,802       101,239,811       25,136,179       2,287,426       8,2         11       131,882,802       97,541,764       24,218,015       2,203,871       7,9         12       130,000,000       96,149,226       23,872,271       2,172,408       7,8         15       1.3092942       16       Revenue Increases       39,881,468       35,193,558       5,243,474       (53,427)       (5         17       (Decreases) <td< td=""><td>13.910</td></td<>	13.910
3	046888
4 Increased Levels 171,764,270 127,038,474 31,541,562 2,870,324 10,3 5 of Total Revenue 156,882,802 116,032,000 28,808,836 2,621,642 9,4 6 151,882,802 112,333,953 27,890,672 2,538,088 9,1 146,882,802 108,635,905 26,972,508 2,454,534 8,8 8 (1)> 141,882,802 104,937,858 26,054,343 2,370,980 8,5 9 139,882,802 103,458,639 25,687,078 2,337,558 8,3 10 136,882,802 101,239,811 25,136,179 2,287,426 8,2 11 131,882,802 97,541,764 24,218,015 2,203,871 7,9 12 130,000,000 96,149,226 23,872,271 2,172,408 7,8 13 134 Current Revenue 131,882,802 91,844,916 26,298,088 2,923,751 10,8 15 1.3092942 16 Revenue Increases 39,881,468 35,193,558 5,243,474 (53,427) (5,427) (1,62	10000
5         of Total Revenue         156,882,802         116,032,000         28,808,836         2,621,642         9,4           6         151,882,802         112,333,953         27,890,672         2,538,088         9,1           7         146,882,802         108,635,905         26,972,508         2,454,534         8,8           8         (1)>         141,882,802         104,937,858         26,054,343         2,370,980         8,5           9         139,882,802         103,458,639         25,687,078         2,337,558         8,3           10         136,882,802         101,239,811         25,136,179         2,287,426         8,2           11         131,882,802         97,541,764         24,218,015         2,203,871         7,9           12         130,000,000         96,149,226         23,872,271         2,172,408         7,8           13         14         Current Revenue         131,882,802         91,844,916         26,298,088         2,923,751         10,8           15         1.3092942         16         Revenue Increases         39,881,468         35,193,558         5,243,474         (53,427)         (5           17         (Decreases)         25,000,000         24,187,084         2,510	13,910
6       151,882,802       112,333,953       27,890,672       2,538,088       9,1         7       146,882,802       108,635,905       26,972,508       2,454,534       8,8         8       (1)>       141,882,802       104,937,858       26,054,343       2,370,980       8,5         9       139,882,802       103,458,639       25,687,078       2,337,558       8,3         10       136,882,802       101,239,811       25,136,179       2,287,426       8,2         11       131,882,802       97,541,764       24,218,015       2,203,871       7,9         12       130,000,000       96,149,226       23,872,271       2,172,408       7,8         13       14       Current Revenue       131,882,802       91,844,916       26,298,088       2,923,751       10,8         15       1.3092942       16       Revenue Increases       39,881,468       35,193,558       5,243,474       (53,427)       (5         17       (Decreases)       25,000,000       24,187,084       2,510,748       (302,109)       (1,3         18       20,000,000       20,489,037       1,592,584       (385,663)       (1,6         19       15,000,000       16,790,989       674,420	20,324
7	20,090
8 (1)> 141,882,802 104,937,858 26,054,343 2,370,980 8,5 9 139,882,802 103,458,639 25,687,078 2,337,558 8,3 10 136,882,802 101,239,811 25,136,179 2,287,426 8,2 11 131,882,802 97,541,764 24,218,015 2,203,871 7,9 12 130,000,000 96,149,226 23,872,271 2,172,408 7,8 13 14 Current Revenue 131,882,802 91,844,916 26,298,088 2,923,751 10,8 15 1.3092942 16 Revenue Increases 39,881,468 35,193,558 5,243,474 (53,427) (5,427) (7,427) 17 (Decreases) 25,000,000 24,187,084 2,510,748 (302,109) (1,3,427) 18 20,000,000 20,489,037 1,592,584 (385,663) (1,6,427) 19 15,000,000 16,790,989 674,420 (469,217) (1,9,427) 20 (1)> 10,000,000 13,092,942 (243,745) (552,771) (2,2,427) 21 8,000,000 11,613,723 (611,010) (586,193) (2,4,420)	19.855
9	19,621
10       136,882,802       101,239,811       25,136,179       2,287,426       8,2         11       131,882,802       97,541,764       24,218,015       2,203,871       7,9         12       130,000,000       96,149,226       23,872,271       2,172,408       7,8         13       14       Current Revenue       131,882,802       91,844,916       26,298.088       2,923,751       10,8         15       1,3092942       16       Revenue Increases       39,881,468       35,193,558       5,243.474       (53,427)       (5         17       (Decreases)       25,000,000       24,187,084       2,510,748       (302,109)       (1,3         18       20,000,000       20,489,037       1,592,584       (385,663)       (1,6         19       15,000,000       16,790,989       674,420       (469,217)       (1,9         20       (1)>       10,000,000       13,092,942       (243,745)       (552,771)       (2,2         21       8,000,000       11,613,723       (611,010)       (586,193)       (2,4	99,527
12       130,000,000       96,149,226       23,872,271       2,172,408       7,8         13       14       Current Revenue       131,882,802       91,844,916       26,298.088       2,923,751       10,8         15       1,3092942       16       Revenue Increases       39,881,468       35,193,558       5,243.474       (53,427)       (5         17       (Decreases)       25,000,000       24,187,084       2,510,748       (302,109)       (1,3         18       20,000,000       20,489,037       1,592,584       (385,663)       (1,6         19       15,000,000       16,790,989       674,420       (469,217)       (1,9         20       (1)>       10,000,000       13,092,942       (243,745)       (552,771)       (2,2         21       8,000,000       11,613,723       (611,010)       (586,193)       (2,4	19,386
13 14 Current Revenue 131,882,802 91,844,916 26,298.088 2,923,751 10,8 15 1.3092942 16 Revenue Increases 39,881,468 35,193,558 5,243.474 (53,427) (5 17 (Decreases) 25,000,000 24,187,084 2,510,748 (302,109) (1,3 18 20,000,000 20,489,037 1,592,584 (385,663) (1,6 19 15,000,000 16,790,989 674,420 (469,217) (1,9 20 (1)> 10,000,000 13,092,942 (243,745) (552,771) (2,2 21 8,000,000 11,613,723 (611,010) (586,193) (2,4	19,152
14     Current Revenue     131,882,802     91,844,916     26,298.088     2,923,751     10,8       15     1.3092942       16     Revenue Increases     39,881,468     35,193,558     5,243.474     (53,427)     (5       17     (Decreases)     25,000,000     24,187,084     2,510,748     (302,109)     (1,3       18     20,000,000     20,489,037     1,592,584     (385,663)     (1,6       19     15,000,000     16,790,989     674,420     (469,217)     (1,9       20     (1)>     10,000,000     13,092,942     (243,745)     (552,771)     (2,2       21     8,000,000     11,613,723     (611,010)     (586,193)     (2,4	06,095
15	
16     Revenue Increases     39,881,468     35,193,558     5,243.474     (53,427)     (5       17     (Decreases)     25,000,000     24,187,084     2,510,748     (302,109)     (1,3       18     20,000,000     20,489,037     1,592,584     (385,663)     (1,6       19     15,000,000     16,790,989     674,420     (469,217)     (1,9       20     (1)>     10,000,000     13,092,942     (243,745)     (552,771)     (2,2       21     8,000,000     11,613,723     (611,010)     (586,193)     (2,4	16,047
17     (Decreases)     25,000,000     24,187,084     2,510,748     (302,109)     (1,3       18     20,000,000     20,489,037     1,592,584     (385,663)     (1,6       19     15,000,000     16,790,989     674,420     (469,217)     (1,9       20     (1)>     10,000,000     13,092,942     (243,745)     (552,771)     (2,2       21     8,000,000     11,613,723     (611,010)     (586,193)     (2,4	
18     20,000,000     20,489,037     1,592,584     (385,663)     (1,6       19     15,000,000     16,790,989     674,420     (469,217)     (1,9       20     (1)>     10,000,000     13,092,942     (243,745)     (552,771)     (2,2       21     8,000,000     11,613,723     (611,010)     (586,193)     (2,4	02,137)
19	95,723)
20 (1)> 10,000,000 13,092,942 (243,745) (552,771) (2,2 21 8,000,000 11,613,723 (611,010) (586,193) (2,4	95,957)
21 8,000,000 11,613,723 (611,010) (586,193) (2,4	96,192)
	96,426)
22 5,000,000 9,394,895 (1,161,909) (636,325) (2,5	16,520)
	96,661)
	96,895)
	09,952)
25	
26 (1) Point of reference only	

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Date: May 16, 2001
Source: COSS
Prep: CDL

### Missouri Gas Energy Case No GR-2001-292

### MGE Original Proposal - Spread on Current Revenue

<u>Line</u>	<u>Item</u>	<u>Total</u>	Residential Service	Small Gen Service	Large Gen Service	Large Vol Service
1	Current Revenue	131,882,802	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,816,047
2	Percents	1.000000000	0.696413138	0.199404984	0.022169312	0.082012566
3		,				
4	Increased Levels	171,764,270	119,618,894	34,250,651	3,807,896	14,086,829
5	of Total Revenue	156,882,802	109,255,244	31,283,213	3,477,984	12,866,361
6		151,882,802	105,773,179	30,286,188	3,367,137	12,456,298
7		146,882,802	102,291,113	29,289,163	3,256,291	12,046,235
8	(1)>	141,882,802	98,809,047	28,292,138	3,145,444	11,636,173
9		139,882,802	97,416,221	27,893,328	3,101,105	11,472,148
10		136,882,802	95,326,982	27,295,113	3,034.598	11,226,110
11		131,882,802	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,816,047
12		130,000,000	90,533,708	25,922,648	2,882,011	10,661,634
13						
14	Current Revenue	131,882,802	91,844,916	26,298,088	2,923,751	10,816,047
15						
16	Revenue Increases	39,881,468	27,773,978	7,952,563	884,145	3,270,782
17	(Decreases)	25,000,000	17,410,328	4,985,125	554,233	2,050,314
18		20,000,000	13,928,263	3,988,100	443,386	1,640,251
19		15,000,000	10,446,197	2,991,075	332,540	1,230,188
20	(1)>	10,000,000	6,964,131	1,994,050	221,693	820,126
21		8,000,000	5,571,305	1,595,240	177,354	656,101
22		5,000,000	3,482,066	997,025	110,847	410,063
23		0.	0	0	0	0
24		(1,882,802)	(1,311,208)	(375,440)	(41,740)	(154,413)
25						
26	(1) Point of reference onl	y				