Exhibit No.:IMNPIssue:Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustments,
CrossroadsWitness:Burton L. CrawfordType of Exhibit:Rebuttal TestimonySponsoring Party:KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company
Case No.:Case No.:ER-2016-0156Date Testimony Prepared:August 15, 2016

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

CASE NO.: ER-2016-0156

SEP 2 2 2016

Missouri Public Service Commission

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

BURTON L. CRAWFORD

ON BEHALF OF

KCP&L GREATER MISSOURI OPERATIONS COMPANY

Kansas City, Missouri August 2016

** Designates "Highly Confidential" Information. Certain Schedules Attached To This Testimony Designated "(HC)" Also Contain Highly Confidential Information. All Such Information Should Be Treated Confidentially Pursuant To 4 CSR 240-2.135.

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

BURTON L. CRAWFORD

Case No. ER-2016-0156

1	Q:	Are you the same Burton L. Crawford who submitted direct testimony on behalf of
2		KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company ("GMO" or "Company") in this
3		proceeding?
4	A:	Yes.
5	Q:	What is the purpose of your testimony?
6	A:	The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to respond to fuel adjustment clause and
7		Crossroads Energy Center ("Crossroads") related issues raised by the Office of Public
8		Counsel ("OPC") and the fuel cost modeling performed by the MPSC Staff.
9		I. FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE
10	Q:	OPC witness Lena Mantle has objected to the inclusion of certain costs and
11		revenues in the GMO fuel adjustment clause ("FAC") in her Direct Testimony.
12		Which of these costs/revenues are you addressing?
13	A:	I will address the Southwest Power Pool ("SPP") related charges and credits for ancillary
14		services which she objected to on pages 21-22 of her Direct Testimony
15	Q:	What are ancillary services?
16	A:	There are a number of ancillary services required to maintain reliability of the electric
17		system. The ancillary services included in GMO's current FAC include spinning reserve,
18		non-spinning reserves and regulating reserves. These ancillary services are generally
19		provided by generators through the FERC-approved regional tariff that is administered by

SPP. Spinning reserve is the capacity of an on-line generator that is not fully loaded to its
 maximum output and can therefore be ramped up for events such as the unexpected loss
 of another generator. Non-spinning reserve is capacity of a generator that is not on line,
 but can be started quickly for events such as the unexpected loss of an on-line generator.

Regulating reserves is the capacity of an on-line generator that can be deployed to
meet the second-by-second changes in load, keeping generating output and electric
customer load in balance.

8

Q: Does GMO purchase or sell ancillary services?

9 A: On an ongoing basis, GMO both buys and sells ancillary services. This can occur both
10 on a day-ahead and real-time basis.

11 Q: How are the prices for ancillary services determined?

A: Along with offers to supply energy, SPP accepts offers from generators willing and able
 to supply ancillary services. As part of minimizing the overall costs to reliably meet the
 SPP region's energy needs, SPP co-optimizes the provision of energy and ancillary
 services. In other words, SPP's market system determines how the available generating
 resources should be deployed to minimize the total cost to provide ancillary services and
 energy simultaneously.

18 Q: How are the quantities of ancillary services determined?

A: SPP has established the ancillary service requirements for SPP participants. Participants
 are required to either provide the level of ancillary services specified or purchase them
 through the SPP markets.

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Q:

Why should SPP ancillary services be included in the FAC?

A: The most straightforward reason for including SPP ancillary services in the FAC is that
these are short-term capacity products that are an element of purchased power costs. To
my knowledge, the inclusion of short-term capacity costs and revenues in the FAC has
never been questioned. In fact, Ms. Mantle agrees that "... capacity charges from short-term (less than a year) bilateral contracts ..." (Mantle Direct, p. 8, 1. 5-8) are an element
of purchased power that should be included in the FAC. This is why, in addition to
GMO, the FACs of Ameren UE, Empire, and KCP&L include these costs and revenues.

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II. CROSSROADS ENERGY CENTER

Q: OPC witness Lena Mantle has asked the Commission to find the assumption of the
Crossroads contract by GMO to be imprudent (Mantle Direct, p. 39, l. 19-20). Do
you agree?

A: No. At the time the decision was made to add the Crossroads facility to GMO's generating portfolio, it was the lowest cost alternative for GMO retail customers, and as such was a prudent decision.

16 Q: What is the basis for your conclusion that Crossroads was the lowest cost option for 17 GMO retail customers?

A: In March 2007, GMO's predecessor, Aquila issued an RFP for supply resources. The
 RFP was very broad, seeking renewable resources, conventional peaking, base load, and
 intermediate capacity and energy. In addition, the RFP requested a variety of proposal
 types including equity participation, EPC (engineering, procurement and construction),
 generating equipment only and PPAs (purchased power agreements).

1		Aquila received several responses to this RFP representing a range of options
2		from non-affiliated entities as well as self-build options. The self-build options included
3		base load, intermediate, and peaking capacity alternatives. After screening the options,
4		Aquila conducted a 20-year analysis to determine a preferred resource plan. This
5		analysis concluded that the Crossroads Energy Center would result in the lowest 20-year
6		net present value of revenue requirement (NPVRR). The results of this analysis and
7		selection of the preferred plan were presented to the Staff in October 2007. The
8		presentation is included with this testimony as Schedule BLC-7 (HC).
9	Q:	Did Aquila receive any non-affiliated offers for long-term capacity and energy
10		similar to the Crossroads facility?
11	A:	Yes. Aquila received an offer for four GE 7EA combustion turbines (CT), the same
12		number of GE 7EA CTs as installed at Crossroads.
13	Q:	How did the installed cost from the non-affiliated offer compare to the Crossroads
14		offer?
15	A:	The offer from the non-affiliated party was ** excluding the cost for land,
16		water, transmission interconnection, step-up transformer, and several other items. The
17		Crossroads offer was for \$383/kW which included all costs.
18	Q:	Did Aquila consider and document the cost of having Aquila as the regulated
19		electrical corporation provide the goods or services for itself?
20	A:	Yes. The engineering group of Aquila submitted bids to the RFP for self-building a
21		variety of generating plant options, including one similar to Crossroads.

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Q: Did Aquila consider self-build options using market surplus equipment?

A: Yes. A vendor offered surplus equipment. Self-building with this equipment was
considered. It was determined that the surplus equipment did not offer a significant price
difference over the new equipment from the manufacturer.

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Q: How did the cost of Crossroads compare to the self-build options?

6 A: Crossroads was determined to be a lower cost option than self-building. The cost of the
7 self-build option came in at \$637 per kW installed cost for four GE 7EA CTs while the
8 offer price for Crossroads was \$383 per kW.

9 Q: Has the Crossroads facility provided value to GMO customers?

A: Absolutely. The facility provides firm capacity to meet GMO's reserve margin
 obligations to SPP. Absent Crossroads, GMO would be required to add additional
 generating capacity through either constructing new generation or purchasing capacity.

13 Q: In addition to the 2007 study, what additional support for the prudency of 14 Crossroads is available?

15 A: In the GMO rate case where the Crossroads asset was first allowed into rates in May 16 2011, No. ER-2010-0356, the Commission found "the decision to include Crossroads in 17 the generation fleet at an appropriate value was prudent with the exception of the 18 additional transmission expense, when other low-cost options were available." (Report 19 and Order, p. 91). The Commission continued to allow Crossroads to be included in rate 20 base in No. ER-2012-0175, decided in January 2013. Given that the facility has been 21 found by the Commission to be prudent in two prior rate cases, and has been reflected in 22 retail rates since 2011, OPC's request to find the assumption of the Crossroads contract 23 by GMO is both untimely and inappropriate.

1Q:OPC witness Lena Mantle claims that "Crossroads is imprudent because its2location, of more than 500 miles from GMO's service territory and outside GMO's3RTO, results in high transmission costs to provide capacity and energy to GMO's4customers" (Mantle Direct, p. 20, l. 5-7). Is a generating plant's location proof of5imprudence?

6 **A:** Not in this instance. When the decision was made to add Crossroads to the GMO supply 7 portfolio, it was the lowest cost option, even when the cost of transmission was included. 8 Even with what is now a higher cost of transmission than was assumed when the 9 evaluation was completed in 2007, it would have still been the lowest cost option for 10 GMO customers. Given it was the lowest cost option and remains the lowest cost option 11 even when including transmission costs, it was a prudent decision. It should be noted 12 that the level of transmission costs requested in this current case are less than what was 13 assumed in the 2007 study. The 2007 study assumed \$12 million in annual transmission 14 In the current case, GMO is seeking to recover the increased annual expense. 15 transmission costs related to Entergy joining MISO in December 2013 of approximately 16 \$ 8.2 million.

17 Q: Can you provide an example of where transmission expenses related to a generating 18 plant located outside of a utility's RTO have been found prudent?

A: Yes. Empire currently has a generating plant, Plum Point, located in MISO. Empire
 pays for MISO transmission service just like GMO does for Crossroads. The
 transmission costs for Plum Point and Crossroads are calculated under the same FERC approved MISO transmission tariff. Empire has been allowed to recover their MISO
 transmission expenses while GMO has not.

1 **Q:** OPC witness Lena Mantle claims that "GPE acted imprudently when it transferred 2 to GMO a resource located 500 miles from its service territory that no one else 3 would buy and requested cost recovery at book value from GMO's customers 4 (Mantle Direct, p. 20, l. 13-15). Was GPE imprudent? 5 A: No. Presumably if GPE was imprudent in 2008 when Crossroads was transferred to 6 GMO, there was some other prudent option to add needed capacity to the GMO supply 7 portfolio. Given that the decision was based on the analysis previously discussed, and 8 OPC has not explained what resource option GPE should have taken in 2008, there is no 9 basis to conclude that either GPE or GMO have been imprudent. Any other option for 10 adding capacity to the GMO supply portfolio would have cost more than adding 11 Crossroads. No one has demonstrated otherwise. 12 **III. FUEL MODEL** 13 **Q**: Do you have any issues with the Staff's determination of fuel costs and purchased 14 power expenses in the cost of service model? 15 A: Yes. In the Staff's fuel modeling for this case, they assumed heat rates for the some of 16 the base load coal units that were better than the historical actual operating heat rates of 17 those units. Also, an incorrect price of a purchased power contract was used. These 18 issues have been discussed with Staff. It is expected that they will be resolved prior to 19 the true-up. 20 Does that conclude your testimony? **Q**: 21 A: Yes, it does.

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BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

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In the Matter of KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company's Request for Authority to Implement A General Rate Increase for Electric Service

Case No. ER-2016-0156

AFFIDAVIT OF BURTON L. CRAWFORD

STATE OF MISSOURI SS COUNTY OF JACKSON

Burton L. Crawford, being first duly sworn on his oath, states:

1. My name is Burton L. Crawford. I work in Kansas City, Missouri, and I am employed by Kansas City Power & Light Company as Director, Energy Resource Management.

2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my Rebuttal Testimony on behalf of KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company consisting of _____

(<u>7</u>) pages, having been prepared in written form for introduction into evidence in the abovecaptioned docket.

3. I have knowledge of the matters set forth therein. I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the attached testimony to the questions therein propounded, including any attachments thereto, are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

Burton L. Crawfor

15th____ day of August, 2016. Subscribed and sworn before me this

F.eb. 42019

Micol A. L

Notary Public

My commission expires:

NICOLE A. WEHRY Notary Public - Notary Seal State of Missouri Commissioned for Jackson County Commission Expires: February 04, 2019 unimission Number, 14391200

SCHEDULE BLC-7

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