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Issue: Depreciation

Witness:

Arthur W. Rice

Sponsoring Party:

MoPSC Staff
Rebutted Testimon

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MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION Missouri Public Service Commission

REGULATORY REVIEW DIVISION UTILITY SERVICES

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

ARTHUR W. RICE, PE

KCP&L - GREATER MISSOURI OPERATIONS
Great Plains Energy, Inc.

CASE NO. ER-2012-0175

Jefferson City, Missouri September 2012 Date No. EK. SOD -0075

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4 5		KCP&L - GREATER MISSOURI OPERATIONS Great Plains Energy, Inc			
6 7		CASE NO. ER-2012-0175			
8	Q.	Please state your name and business address?			
9	A.	My name is Arthur W. Rice and my business address is Missouri Public Service			
10	Commission, I	P.O. Box 360, Jefferson City, MO 65102.			
11	Q.	What is your position with the Staff ("Staff") of the Missouri Public Service			
12	Commission ("Commission")?				
13	A.	I am a Utility Regulatory Engineer I in the Engineering and Management Services			
14	Unit of the Utility Services Department.				
15	Q.	Are you the same Arthur W. Rice that previously filed testimony in			
16	this proceeding	g? ·			
17	Α.	Yes, I am. I filed testimony on August 2, 2012 contributing to Staff's Cost of			
18	Service Report	s in the Kansas City Power & Light Company ("KCPL") rate case in Case No.			
9	ER-2012-0174	and on August 9, 2012 in the KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations			
20	Company ("GN	MO") rate case in Case No. ER-2012-0175, and also Rebuttal testimony on			
21	September 6, 2	012 in the KCPL rate case in Case No. ER-2012-0175.			
22	CORRECTIO	NS TO DEPRECIATION SECTION OF COST OF SERVICE REPORT			
23	Q.	Do you have corrections or omissions to your section of the Staff Cost of Service			
.4	Report filed on	August 9, 2012, in this case?			

A. Yes. On page 179 there is an error in the upper table. The center summary line labeled "Amortized Accts Under-Recovery" have the numbers for MPS and L&P reversed. This created other errors for MPS and L&P in this table. There are no corrections to dollar amounts stated throughout the testimony because only the GMO totals were quoted and they are unchanged by this MPS and L&P transposition error in the table. The corrected table follows:

Breakdown of GMO Unrecovered	Reserves in C	eneral Plant		
A positive number is an under-rec	overy in this ta	able.		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	GMO \$	ECORP \$	MPS \$	L&P \$
	Total			
Acct 390 only (2008)				
Stopped Depreciation	0	0	0	0
Depreciation Mismatch	6,109,870	3,226,639	1,826,733	1,056,498
Acquisition by Great Plains	807	(319,533)	250,957	69,383
Acct 390 Under-Recovery	6,110,677	2,907,106	2,077,690	1,125,881
Amortized Accts Only (2011)				
Stopped Depreciation	4,221,178	0	3,175,592	1,045,586
Depreciation Mismatch	(2,434,175)	1,524,753	(4,803,003)	844,075
Acquisition by Great Plains	20,675,553	18,748,037	1,417,963	509,553
Amortized Accts Under-Recovery	22,462,556	20,272,790	(209,448)	2,399,214
Total Amortized + Acct 390				
Stopped Depreciation	4,221,178	0	3,175,592	1,045,586
Depreciation Mismatch	3,675,695	4,751,392	(2,976,270)	1,900,573
Acquisition by Great Plains	20,676,360	18,428,504	1,668,920	578,936
General Plant Under-Recovery	28,573,233	23,179,896	1,868,242	3,525,095

Q. Do you have any other clarifications to that report?

A. Yes. Staff recommendation number 6 at page 190 reads as follows:

Staff recommends the Commission direct GMO to complete by June 30, 2013 the studies described in Paragraph 10 of the Nonunanimous Stipulation and Agreement Regarding Depreciation and Accumulated Additional Amortizations the Commission approved and ordered in Case No. ER-2010-0355 and ER-2010-0356, ("Depreciation Stipulation") and provide the results as described in the Depreciation Stipulation. Staff

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requests the Commission direct Staff as to whether it should file a complaint against GMO for its failure to provide study results as described in the Depreciation Stipulation.

Staff was made aware in a technical conference with GMO on August 23, 2012 that KCPL and GMO submitted via email on July 28, 2011 a report that they purport to be a report of the study results required by paragraph 10 of the stipulation. Staff overlooked that report in July of 2011. Staff's review, subsequent to the Cost of Service testimony, of the July 2011 emailed report does not change Staff's recommendation. Staff did not find within the July 2011 email a study or report that includes results that meet what Staff interprets as the requirements in paragraph 10 of the Depreciation Stipulation.

- Q. Is there anything else in the report that you feel needs to be clarified, changed or corrected?
- A. Yes. After reading Darrin Ives' KCPL Rebuttal Testimony, I realized that my use of the words "acquisition detriment" in my testimony conveyed a meaning that I did not intend. At page 195 lines 27 and 28, of the Cost of Service Report, and again in Appendix 3, Schedule AWR-1 Page 11, within the phrase "therefore, this portion of the shortfall should be treated as an acquisition detriment" the words "acquisition detriment" should be replaced with the words "transition costs" to better convey my intent.

## **PURPOSE AND SUMMARY**

- Q. What is the purpose of this testimony?
- A. The purpose of this testimony is to address the Direct Testimony of John Weisensee with respect to the prior rate case Depreciation Stipulation and Agreement.
- Q. Do you agree with Mr. Weisensee's Direct Testimony on page 50 at lines 22 and 23 that GMO has complied in all respects with the provisions of the Depreciation S&A?

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- A. No, I do not agree that GMO complied with paragraph 5d on page 5, or paragraph 10 on page 8.
  - Q. What action was required for GMO to fulfill the requirements of paragraph 5d and paragraph 8?
  - A. Pursuant to the NonUnanimous Stipulation and Agreement Regarding Depreciation and Accumulated Additional Amortizations ("Depreciation Stipulation") in Case Nos. ER-2010-0355 and ER-2010-0356 KCPL and GMO were required to perform a study regarding, among other things, the under recovered general plant accounts ("Stipulated study").
    - Specifically, Paragraph 5d of the Depreciation Stipulation provides:

If KCPL or GMO seek to continue use of the Amortization Method as specified in this Agreement in the next rate case, they must submit testimony in that rate case showing why the Amortization Method should be continued.

Specifically, Paragraph 10 of the Depreciation Stipulation provides:

KCPL and GMO shall complete a thorough study regarding retirement of property from the General plant accounts due to KCPL's operation of Aquila in conjunction with Great Plains Energy's acquisition of Aquila. KCPL shall complete a similar study regarding KCPL's recent corporate office relocations. These studies must include accounts where (1) depreciation was halted or (2) unauthorized rates were used and (3) the retirements from the acquisition or relocations that occurred as addressed in Staff witness Rosella Schad's surrebuttal testimony in GMO Case No. ER-2009-0090. KCPL and GMO shall discuss the scope and the approach of the review for the studies with Staff prior to conducting the studies. The studies shall be completed and submitted to Staff, the Office of the Public Counsel, and the Industrials by the end of July 2011. KCPL shall not transfer reserve to or from the General plant accounts before the foregoing studies are submitted to Staff, the Office of the Public Counsel, and the Industrials. Upon satisfactory presentation of the results of these studies, the Signatories agree to pursue in good faith resolution of the GMO Account 119300 unrecovered reserve issue, as described by KCPL witness Ron Klote in his rebuttal testimony filed in File No. ER-2010-0356, including support of a reasonable request by GMO for an Accounting Authority Order from this Commission which will be permanently resolve this issue by balancing reserves through a transfer of depreciation reserves from Transmission plant to General plant.

claim to have conducted a study?

As required by paragraph 5d, did Staff find GMO submitted testimony in this rate 1 Q. 2 case showing why the Amortization Method should be continued? 3 A. No. Staff did not find any testimony showing why the Amortization Method 4 should be continued. What Staff found is a request by GMO to continue without justification. 5 Mr. Weisensee's direct testimony at page 50, lines 19 through 21, is the extent of GMO's 6 testimony on this matter. That testimony follows: 7 Q: Does the Company believe that this accounting practice should be 8 continued on a permanent basis? A: Yes, KCP&L [(GMO)] recommends that this accounting practice be 10 made a permanent practice. 11 Q. As required by paragraph 10 of the Depreciation Stipulation, did GMO, submit a 12 study regarding under recoveries or retirements due to relocations or acquisitions? 13 A. No. In a technical conference with KCPL and GMO on August 23, 2012, KCPL 14 personnel stated they sent the study to Staff by e-mail on July 28, 2012. Staff did receive a 15 report from them via email on July 28, 2011. That report consists of a list and brief descriptions 16 of emails, meetings, and data responses related to General Plant reserves, but this July 28, 17 2011email and attachments did not include the results of a "thorough study regarding retirement 18 of property from the General plant accounts due to KCPL's operation of Aquila in conjunction 19 with Great Plains Energy's acquisition of Aquila," (Operation of Aquila Study), nor did it 20 include the results of a "similar study regarding KCPL's recent corporate office relocations.", 21 (Office Relocation Study). 22 Q. Paragraph 10 also states "KCPL and GMO shall discuss the scope and the 23 approach of the review for the studies with Staff prior to conducting the studies." Did KCPL or 24 GMO discuss the scope and the approach of the review for the studies with Staff prior to their

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- A. No. Neither KCPL nor GMO provided a scope and approach to either of the Aquila acquisition-related study or the KCPL relocations study. Staff does not recall a discussion with KCPL or GMO that Staff would agree was an overall study scope definition or general approach offered by the Company. Staff was still in a discovery phase of discussions with KCPL and GMO on July 28, 2011 as to the definition of a reasonable study scope and approach.
- Q. Did KCPL or GMO explain why neither performed a study to identify specific reasons for any under-recovery or over-recovery in each of the General Plant accounts, including those for GMO?
  - A. Yes. In the July 2011 email item C 2. The reason stated follows:

As discussed in response to question 1 above under-recovered or over-recovered reserve can be attributed to activity which has occurred over time, such as changes in depreciation rates, asset retirement, and cost of removal and salvage transactions. While the total amount of the difference is known, identifying each specific component that makes up the difference is not possible. To do so would require the re-creation of every transaction that has occurred since the beginning of time for the specific asset account.

- Q. Was Staff able to study these items?
- A. Yes. As described in Appendix 3, Schedule AWR-1 of Staff's Cost of Service Report, Staff studied these items. Staff concluded that there are only three possible reasons that regulatory depreciation reserves may become deficient. They are:
  - 1) the Company failing to properly record depreciation of plant still in service,
  - 2) the depreciation analysis or record of retirement history used for projections was in some way defective, and
  - 3) unexpected events occurred resulting in retirements earlier than forecast.
- A study defined to evaluate these three reasons satisfies the goal of one of the stipulated studies—evaluation of depreciation reserves "regarding retirement of property from the General

plant accounts due to KCPL's operation of Aquila in conjunction with Great Plains Energy's acquisition of Aquila." Evaluation of the effect of consolidations, relocations and office moves over a time period where these unexpected events occurred satisfies the stipulated study goals of both the Operation of Aquila Study and the Office Relocation Study.

For the period of 2007 through 2011, Staff compared the observed retirement rate for all recorded GMO retirements in the targeted General Plant accounts and compared each retirement to the expected retirement rate for its associated plant account. Staff used the depreciation study submitted by GMO in Case No. ER-2010-0356, which used retirement data up to the end of 2008 to define the expected retirement rate. The difference found from Staff's comparison is the \$20,674,360 reported on page 189 of the Staff Cost of Service Report recommendation number 3, as attributable to the GPE acquisition of Aquila.

Staff completed the study by evaluation of the other two causes of possible reserve variance. Staff found a failure to properly record depreciation of plant still in service. This is the premature stopping of depreciation accruals in the amount of \$4,221,178 that was initially reported in Case No. ER-2009-0090. No adjustment to the reserves has occurred to address this premature stopping of depreciation. Thus, the attribution to *GMO failing to properly record depreciation of plant still in service* is estimated as a \$4,221,178 deficiency in reserves. This only leaves one other possible cause for under-recovery, which is that the depreciation analysis or record of retirement history used for projections was in some way defective. The estimate of the defect is simply whatever variance is left after subtracting the other two, and is the \$3,675,695 reported on page 189 of the Staff Cost of Service Report recommendation number 3, as attributable to "every other transaction that has occurred since the beginning of time."

Q. Was there another reason KCPL and GMO claimed in the July 2011 email that they could not conduct the Operation of Aquila Study defined in paragraph 10 of the Stipulation by reviewing regulatory depreciation reserves?

A. Yes, KCPL and GMO claimed in item C 5 of the July 2011 email that a depreciation study would be required to compute the theoretical reserves as part of the evaluation of over- or under-recovered amounts required to satisfy the stipulated study. Staff does not agree. The accounts in question are mainly the vintage amortized accounts, plus structures account 390. The theoretical depreciation reserves at any point in time for an account using the vintage amortization method is simply a sum of the vintage amortizations. This is similar to any amortization; the total amount of amortizations that should have been recorded at any point in time can be computed as the initial amount multiplied by the ratio of the time since start to the total amortization period. If fact, this sum of amortizations (theoretical reserves) was conducted by GMO in January 2011 when the Company computed the amount to use for the monthly depreciation accrual booking for the amortized accounts going forward in 2011. Below is what the Company claimed in item C 5 of the July 2011 email study report as a reason the study could not be completed.

KCPL/GMO does not believe the Stipulation requires a depreciation study to be performed nor does KCPL or GMO believe it is prudent to spend the cost to update the study at this time. The study will be updated during the next rate case or within the 5 year time frame as required by Missouri statute. KCPL in Case ER-2010-0355 and GMO in Case ER-2010-0356 provided depreciation data which covered the period ending December 31, 2008. This same data was used in discussions with Staff concerning general plant amortization and how under-recovered and over-recovered reserve amounts were developed. See response to C 1 above. The same methodology will be applied in the next depreciation study.

Only the structures account 390 would require a depreciation study to complete the Office relocation Study. But the 2008 study provided theoretical reserves for this account which could

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Arthur W. Rice 1 be used. This is especially true for this structures account because the sales or transfers of these 2 large items, (whole facilities and office buildings) are few and easily studied on an individual 3 facility basis as to the relation to the acquisition and the effect on accumulated reserves. Staff 4 did review the transactions recorded to plant and reserves for transfers and sales of service 5 facilities and office buildings for the study period. Staff found the accounting methods used by 6 the Company for these type activities did not create a reserve deficit or deficiency. 7 Q. Are there additional reasons Staff rejects the Company claim it has complied with 8 the Depreciation Stipulation? 9 A. Yes. The KCPL/GMO stated conclusion at the end of the July 2011 email report 10 is erroneous and misleading. That stated conclusion follows:

> KCPL/GMO believes this report documents the study required by the Stipulation and provides the additional information requested by Mr. Rice. As mentioned in the Stipulation the satisfactorily presentation of the study will result in the parties pursuing in good faith the resolution of GMO account 119300 and a request by GMO for an Accounting Authority Order to permanently resolve the issue by transferring depreciation reserves from Transmission plant to General plant.

This infers three things Staff can show are incorrect:

- That only GMO, and not KCPL, has deficient reserves in the General Plant accounts attributable to the GPE acquisition of Aquila.
- That account 119,300 is a cause of any under- or over-recovery in the GMO General Plant accounts.
- That the amounts in account 119.300 are a definition of over- or underrecovery of plant in the GMO General Plant accounts.
- Q. What is account 119.300?
- The FERC USOA definition of account 119 is: "This account shall include the A. accumulated provision for depreciation and amortization applicable to utility property other than electric plant."
  - What is the time period over which accruals occurred in GMO account 119.300? Q.
- Accruals started around 1999 and continued until the July 2008 Great Plains A. Energy acquisition of Aquila. No accruals have occurred since then.

Has Staff reviewed the contents and origin of GMO account 119.300? Q.

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- A. Staff conducted a detailed review of entries made to General Plant
- subaccounts within account 119.300 for the years from 1999 through 2008 containing 28,000 records.
- Q. What is Staff's assessment of the contents the amounts recorded in GMO account 119.300?
- A. The amounts recorded in GMO account 119.300 for the various General Plant accounts is simply an adjustment used to obtain the correct Missouri jurisdictional reserves. When the Company was operated under the Utilicorp United and Aguila names, "corporate" depreciation rates were used to record monthly depreciation accruals to the corporate books. The "corporate" depreciations rates were different, and generally higher, than the Missouri Commission-ordered depreciation rates. The Missouri versus "corporate" difference in the computed monthly accruals for Missouri jurisdiction assets was recorded and accumulated to account 119.300.
  - Q. What is the current status of GMO account 119.300?
- A. Account 119.300 still exists. It is the sum of approximately twelve General Plant accounts and subaccounts shown in the Staff accounting schedules for MPS and L&P under the heading UCU Common General Plant. These General Plant accounts have no Plant In Service associated with them, but show negative numbers in the Accumulated Depreciation Reserves section of the Staff accounting schedules. Since these General Plant reserve accounts contain negative amounts these balances result in reduction to the reserve causing the GMO rate base to be higher.
- What is the effect of GMO account 119.300 account listings as UCU Common O. General Plant accounts on the Staff's accounting schedules for GMO?
- A. The correct GMO Missouri jurisdictional accumulated depreciation reserves for many of the General Plant Accounts are derived by correcting (reducing) the amounts listed by the amounts shown in the UCU Common General Plant section of the Staff accounting schedules.

- Q. Why does the UCU Common General Plant (Account 119.300) amount end up in the KCPL/GMO Stipulated Study Conclusion statement as the amount to transfer between General Plant accounts and the Transmission accounts, as a solution to the under-recovery in the General Plant accounts, and infer that this amount satisfies either the Operation of Aquila Study or the Office Relocation Study for KCPL or GMO?
- A. I do not know. There is no link between the Operation of Aquila Study or the Office Relocation Study for KCPL or GMO and account 119.300. The amount in account 119.300 is simply a surrogate account used to properly track Missouri accumulated reserves. There is no basis to claim this amount is the result of inadequate depreciation accruals for Missouri assets before or after Great Plains Energy's acquisition of Aquila. The Company-provided depreciation study conducted using retirement data through 2008 (the period of accumulation of the amounts in account 119.300 which is prior to Great Plains Energy's acquisition of Aquila), shows retirement rates for the General Plant accounts for KCPL, and the GMO rate districts closely match the Commission-ordered rates for that period.
- Q. Would there be any reason why the amounts in account 119.300 could be an appropriate amount to satisfy the Stipulated study defined as, "KCPL and GMO shall complete a thorough study regarding retirement of property from the General plant accounts due to KCPL's operation of Aquila in conjunction with Great Plains Energy's acquisition of Aquila. *And*, KCPL shall complete a similar study regarding KCPL's recent corporate office relocations."?
- A. No. This Stipulated study refers to activities as a result of and subsequent to the acquisition date, that is, after accruals to account 119.300 were stopped. All of the accruals to account 119.300 occurred prior to the operation of Aquila in conjunction with Great Plains Energy's acquisition of Aquila.
- Q. How can accruals to reserves that occurred years prior to the Great Plains Energy acquisition of Aquila be an answer to the effects of any activities that occurred after this acquisition?

## Rebuttal Testimony of Arthur W. Rice

- 1 A. They cannot be.
- Q. Does this end your testimony?
- 3 A. Yes.

## BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

## OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of KCP&L Operations Company's Requ to Implement General Ra Electric Service	est for Authority	) Case No. ER-2	2012-0175
A	FFIDAVIT OF AR	THUR W. RICE, PE	
STATE OF MISSOURI COUNTY OF COLE	) ) ss. )		
Arthur W. Rice, of lawfu of the foregoing Rebuttal Test to be presented in the above given by him; that he has k matters are true and correct to	stimony in question case; that the answ nowledge of the m	and answer form, consist wers in the foregoing Re- natters set forth in such a	sting of 12 pages buttal Testimony were
		Arthur W. Rice	<u> Via</u>
Subscribed and sworn to befo	re me this//	th day of September	er, 2012.
D. SUZIE MANKIN  Notary Public - Notary Seal  State of Missouri  Commissioned for Cole County My Commission Expires: Decamber 08,  Commission Number: 0841207	2012	Ofunellanke Notary Public	<u> </u>