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Before the Public Service Commission

of the State of Missouri

Surrebuttal Testimony

of

Blake A. Mertens

May 2016



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BLAKE MERTENS SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF BLAKE A. MERTENS THE EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC COMPANY BEFORE THE MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION CASE NO. ER-2016-0023

1 INTRODUCTION

2	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
3	A.	Blake A. Mertens. My business address is 602 South Joplin Avenue, Joplin,
4		Missouri.
5	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
6	A.	The Empire District Electric Company ("Empire" or "Company"). I am Vice
7		President Energy Supply and Delivery Operations.
8	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND.
9	A.	I graduated from Kansas State University in 2000 with a Bachelor of Science Degree
10		in Chemical Engineering and a minor in Business. I received a Masters Degree in
11		Business Administration from Missouri State University in December 2007. I am
12		also a professionally licensed engineer in the state of Kansas.
13	Q.	HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED TESTIMONY BEFORE THE
14		MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION ("COMMISSION")?
15	Α.	Yes. I have presented testimony in several Empire rate cases.
16	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY IN
17		THIS CASE?
18	A.	I respond to the assessment and assertions made by Office of Public Council (OPC)
19		witness John S. Riley regarding Empire's fuel hedging practices and demonstrate why

Mr. Riley's recommendation that Empire "cease its current natural gas hedging
 policy" is unfounded.

3 Q. DOES EMPIRE HAVE A COMPREHENSIVE HEDGING POLICY IN 4 PLACE?

A. Yes. Empire first implemented its Energy Risk Management Policy ("RMP") in 2001.
While slight modifications have been made throughout the years largely to update
organizational or nomenclature changes, the most substantive of which was prior to
the SPP IM going live to reflect changes in daily processes and reflect transmission
congestion rights procurement practices, our natural gas hedging policy and practices
have remained consistent.

11 Q. HAS THE COMMISSION BEEN INVOLVED WITH THE HEDGING 12 PROGRAMS OF MISSOURI'S ELECTRIC UTILITIES?

A. Yes. By order issued September 5, 2012, the Commission opened an investigatory
docket, File No. EW-2013-0101, to review the hedging policies and procedures of
Missouri's electric utilities "to assist the utilities with developing effective hedging
programs that serve the public interest by mitigating the rising costs of fuel." As part
of that docket, Staff presented 12 questions to the utilities. Empire provided its
responses on July 3, 2013.

19 Q. DID THE COMMISSION REACH ANY CONCLUSIONS IN FILE NO. EW-20 2013-0101?

A. In its Order Closing File issued on April 16, 2014, the Commission stated that there is
 no broad agreement about how to evaluate whether an electric utility's gas hedging
 program is cost effective and noted the challenges of judging a hedging program.

Q. DO YOU BELIEVE EMPIRE'S RMP IS A PROPER ISSUE FOR THIS RATE CASE?

A. No. Empire's RMP is a complex and lengthy document and would be better
addressed in a docket devoted exclusively to hedging strategy. Also, the prudence of
Empire's fuel costs (including hedging costs) has been the topic of five fuel prudency
reviews.¹

7 Q. WHAT ELSE HAS EMPIRE DONE TO KEEP INTERESTED PARTIES 8 APPRISED OF THE COMPANY'S NATURAL GAS HEDGING 9 ACTIVITIES?

A. Empire submits triennial Integrated Resource Planning filings and annual updates,
which discuss natural gas forecast and hedged volumes, and Empire participated in
Commission File No. EW-2013-0101, discussed above. Empire also included natural
gas hedging strategy updates in its SPP Integrated Marketplace presentations,
provided responses to data requests regarding fuel costs, and provided accounting
schedules during the various general rate cases. Lastly, Empire provides Staff copies
of the RMP as it is updated.

17 Q. HAS STAFF OR OPC SUGGESTED IMPRUDENCE IN EMPIRE'S 18 HEDGING PRACTICES IN ANY OF THESE PROCEEDINGS?

A. No. That is what makes OPC's witness Mr. Riley's rebuttal testimony so
 confounding. Instead of bringing forth any potential concerns in these various
 dockets and working cooperatively with Empire to address any concerns, OPC seems
 to have waited to suggest "imprudence" in a rate case simply because Empire's

¹ File Nos. EO-2010-0084, EO-2011-0285, EO-2013-0114, EO-2014-0057, and EO-2015-0214.

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hedged gas prices are higher than the lowest spot natural gas prices seen in the market in 15-plus years.

3 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW THE STRATEGIES SET FORTH IN EMPIRE'S 4 RMP ARE MISREPRESENTED IN MR. RILEY'S REBUTTAL TESTIMONY.

5 Α. On page 4 of his rebuttal testimony, Mr. Riley states that the "sole purpose of 6 Empire's natural gas hedging policy is to mitigate price volatility." This is blatantly 7 false. Also, on page 6 of Mr. Riley's testimony, he states "OPC has received Empire's 8 hedging policies and seen no indication reducing fuel costs through its hedging plan 9 is even contemplated." Although Empire's RMP indicates the primary focus of its 10 hedging strategy is price mitigation, protecting against upward price trends is also 11 emphasized in the document. Specifically, Empire's RMP references balancing 12 market risk with "minimizing costs and volatility" and "providing tools to mitigate 13 adverse impacts associated with changing natural gas [prices]". As mentioned in the 14 RMP, Empire uses a "progressive dollar cost averaging approach" for its hedging 15 practice. This strategy provides the annual procurement boundaries with a focus on 16 price volatility mitigation. However, within this strategy, Empire has attempted to 17 take advantage of the lowest costs possible when procuring these hedges, by engaging 18 in seasonal purchases when natural gas costs are historically lower. For example, the 19 swaps Empire purchased in 2015 for delivery in years 2016-2019 were primarily 20 (~96%) purchased in October and November which, according to the Henry Hub 21 Natural Gas Spot Price table supplied on page 9 of Mr. Riley's rebuttal testimony, 22 were two of the three lowest natural gas price months of the year. Although Mr. Riley 23 endorses a price mitigation strategy with an additional focus on minimizing costs, 24 referencing testimony from Kansas City Power & Light Company-Greater Missouri

1 Operations ("GMO"), he fails to acknowledge that Empire's RMP also recommends 2 that strategy and that this strategy is reflected in Empire's procurement practices. 3 Q. HOW DOES MR. RILEY INDEPENDENTLY DEFINE "PRUDENTLY 4 **INCURRED HEDGING POLICIES**"? 5 On page 5 of his rebuttal testimony, Mr. Riley states that "OPC defines 'prudently A. 6 incurred hedging policies' as 'policies that seek to both reduce significant price 7 volatility and upward energy price risk'." As best as I can tell, Mr. Riley is providing 8 a definition that was generated within the OPC and is attempting to use this as the 9 yardstick with which hedging policies should be evaluated with regard to fuel 10 adjustment prudence. However, "prudently incurred hedging policies" are never 11 mentioned in the 4 CSR 240-20 as criteria for inclusion in a fuel adjustment clause. 4 12 CSR 240-20.090 specifically mentions "prudently incurred costs" and goes on to 13 define those as costs those that "...do not include any increased costs resulting from 14 negligent or wrongful acts or omissions by the utility." Empire's hedging policy has 15 been consistent, and the Company's procurement efforts have never led to increased 16 costs due to negligence, wrongful acts, or omissions.

17 Q. IS EMPIRE'S HEDGING POLICY PRUDENT ACCORDING TO MR. 18 RILEY'S DEFINITION?

A. Yes. Empire's hedging policy seeks to "both reduce significant price volatility and
and upward energy price risk."

21 Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. RILEY'S DEFINITION OF PRUDENTLY 22 INCURRED HEDGING POLICIES?

A. No, although I certainly agree that a prudent hedging policy should *include* the goals
of reducing significant price volatility and guarding against upward energy price risk.

1 First of all, I believe that Mr. Riley has attempted to redefine the criteria for which 2 hedging prudence must be scrutinized because he incorrectly believes he has 3 discovered imprudence in Empire's hedging policy. Mr. Riley then attempts to use 4 the alleged imprudence as a reason for recommending a disallowance of hedging 5 losses in the fuel adjustment clause. Secondly, narrowly defining a hedging policy as 6 prudent if it seeks only to reduce upward price risk and significant volatility would be 7 ill conceived. This narrow definition of a "prudent hedging policy" would not view a 8 policy as imprudent if it failed to take into account creditworthiness of a counterparty 9 or failed to require accompanying fuel runs to determine volumetric risk. In short, 10 Mr. Riley is taking a term that is not included in the Missouri CSR regarding fuel 11 prudency, creating his own narrow definition of that term, and then applying it to a 12 misinterpretation of Empire's hedging policy.

13 Q. HOW DOES MR. RILEY'S REBUTTAL TESTIMONY MISAPPLY OTHER 14 COMMISSION LANGUAGE FROM THE MISSOURI CODE OF STATE 15 REGULATIONS?

16 Α. On page 5 of his rebuttal testimony, Mr. Riley quotes language from the Missouri 17 CSR regarding a "...prudent effort to mitigate upward natural gas price volatility." 18 The issue with including this language as it relates to an electric company's hedging 19 prudency is it is pulled from chapter 40 - Gas Utilities and Gas Safety Standards. In 20 Mr. Riley's efforts to lend some credence to his own definition of "prudence," he 21 sought to use any language from the Missouri CSR, regardless of whether it was 22 relevant to the existence of Empire's FAC. Further, on page 6, Mr. Riley references 4 CSR 240-3.161(3)(R) which states "Information that shows that the electric utility has 23 24 in place a long-term resource planning process, important objectives which are to

1 minimize overall delivered costs of energy." Although Mr. Riley is now in the 2 correct chapter of the CSR, he is misrepresenting the intent of the language, as it is 3 very clearly discussing minimizing overall delivered energy costs as it refers to long-4 term resource planning. Mr. Riley's quote is one of the 19 requirements for when an 5 electric utility seeks to establish a RAM as described in 4 CSR 240-20.090(2). 6 Although Empire clearly takes into account minimizing overall energy costs as a part 7 of its hedging strategy, Mr. Riley's misapplication of passages from the CSR for the 8 purpose of framing his criticism of Empire's hedging policy only seeks to add 9 confusion to the objectives and requirements of procuring prudent fuel and purchased 10 power costs.

11 Q. DOES EMPIRE AGREE WITH MR. RILEY'S CONCLUSION THAT 12 EMPIRE'S HEDGING PROGRAM DOES NOT CONSIDER NATURAL GAS 13 PRICE REDUCTION?

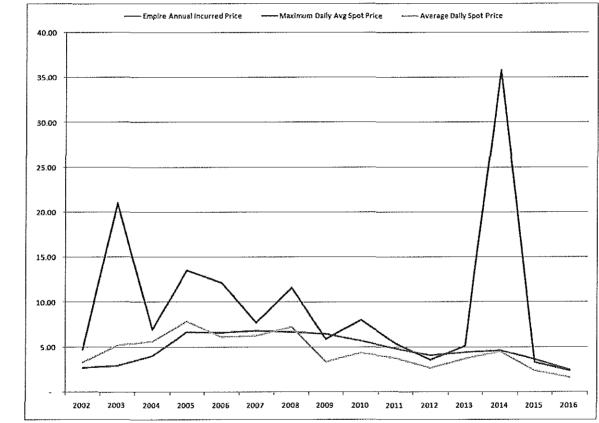
14 A. No. Mr. Riley's unsupported conclusion on page 10 of his rebuttal testimony that 15 Empire has "...eliminated any focus of its hedging program on natural gas price 16 reduction" is of particular concern. Mr. Riley has constructed a logical fallacy to 17 suggest that the existence of Empire's FAC, which to some extent insulates the 18 Company from hedging losses, has led Empire to adopt imprudent hedging practices. 19 Mr. Riley's rebuttal testimony references a Henry Hub Natural Gas Spot Price table 20 (on page 9) that illustrates a downward trend in the cost of natural gas. Mr. Riley then 21 erroneously uses this table to imply that Empire's hedging policy is not prudent due 22 to the losses it has incurred, without acknowledging the fact that in a declining market 23 such losses are to be expected and are more than offset by the potential risk that has 24 been eliminated. The table below shows that while Empire's hedging practices do not

BLAKE MERTENS SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

guarantee the lowest possible natural gas prices will be secured (no hedging policy
 does nor should purport to), it does mitigate risks associated with high natural gas
 prices that are seen in the spot market.

TABLE 1

Historical Natural Gas Prices



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8 Q. PLEASE EXPOUND FURTHER ON WHAT THE ABOVE TABLE DEPICTS.

9 A. The line depicting Empire's Annual Incurred Price shows the dollar per decatherm
10 (\$/DTh) price Empire has incurred for natural gas historically on an average annual
11 basis. The Maximum Annual Avg Spot Price line shows the maximum daily average
12 spot price that occurred throughout the year. Finally, the line depicting the Average

Daily Spot Price is self explanatory but shows the annual average daily spot price.
 Clearly, the line graph shows Empire's average incurred natural gas price hovers near
 the average spot price, while offsetting risk associated with the highs seen in the market.

5 Q. DOES OPC POINT TO ANY SPECIFIC ALLEGED IMPRUDENCE ON THE 6 PART OF EMPIRE?

A. No. OPC does not point to any specific activities on the part of Empire that OPC
alleges are imprudent. Instead, OPC questions whether it is prudent to engage in
hedging at all and asserts that Empire should cease its current natural gas hedging
policy "unless Empire can show that it is prudent and reasonable to continue to hedge
natural gas prices in a non-volatile natural gas market" and that all gas hedging costs
should be excluded from Empire's FAC "until Empire demonstrates its natural gas
hedging policy and its hedging costs are prudent and reasonable." (Riley rebuttal, p.

14

4)

15 Q. DOES EMPIRE AGREE THAT THERE IS A "NON-VOLATILE NATURAL

- 16 GAS MARKET," AS ASSERTED BY OPC?
- A. Empire agrees that the price of natural gas has declined over the last few years and is
 at lows that would not have been predicted five years ago; however, the past does not
 predict the future. There are many market factors that could cause a market
 disruption (pipeline infrastructure issues, fracking bans, regulatory or political
 changes, etc.) and greatly impact the price of natural gas and create volatily, thus the
 reason for a hedging policy to be in place.

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Q. OPC RECOMMENDS THAT EMPIRE STOP USING ITS CURRENT NATURAL GAS HEDGING POLICY. DOES OPC PRESENT ANY ALTERNATIVE HEDGING POLICY?

4 A. No. As noted above, OPC simply questions whether it is prudent to engage in natural
5 gas hedging at all.

6 Q. IS EMPIRE'S HEDGING STRATEGY PRUDENT, AND HAS EMPIRE BEEN 7 PRUDENT IN EXECUTING ITS HEDGING STRATEGY?

8 A. Yes. It is Empire's belief that any prudent hedging program's primary function 9 should be risk management, rather than market gains. However, within its framework 10 of achieving risk management, Empire has also put a focus on avoiding the adverse 11 impacts of rising prices when possible. An example of how Empire is achieving this 12 balance is found when looking at the amounts hedged in the December 31, 2015 Gas 13 Position Summary ("position report"). The volumes hedged in the position report for 14 years 2017, 2018, 2019, & 2020 are nearly at the minimum requirements as required by the RMP. If Empire's strategy was solely to create "price predictability" as Mr. 15 16 Riley alleges on page 6 of his rebuttal testimony, our end of the year 2015 hedge 17 percentages would not be hugging the minimum guidelines as denoted in our RMP. 18 Empire has recognized that the market was trending downward and made a conscious 19 effort to react to the market while still remaining within the RMP guidelines, thereby 20 ensuring a price mitigation strategy with an additional focus on minimizing cost.

Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. RILEY'S SUMMATION THAT EMPIRE'S HEDGING POLICY IS NOT PRUDENT AND REASONABLE AND THUS ANY HEDGING GAINS AND LOSSES OUGHT TO BE EXCLUDED FROM FUEL ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE RECOVERY?

1	A.	No. Empire has been found to be prudent in ALL five of its FAC audits ² . The overall
2		policies and practices governing Empire's fuel hedging program have remained
3		consistent since these reviews.

4 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

5 A. Yes, it does.

² File Nos. EO-2010-0084, EO-2011-0285, EO-2013-0114, EO-2014-0057, and EO-2015-0214.

AFFIDAVIT OF BLAKE A. MERTENS

STATE OF MISSOURI) SS COUNTY OF JASPER)

On the <u>13th</u> day of May, 2016, before me appeared Blake A. Mertens, to me personally known, who, being by me first duly sworn, states that he is Vice President - Energy Supply of The Empire District Electric Company and acknowledges that he has read the above and foregoing document and believes that the statements therein are true and correct to the best of his information, knowledge and belief.

Blake A. Mertens

Subscribed and sworn to before me this <u>13th</u> day of May, 2015.



JANET L. HUNLEY My Commission Expires September 20, 2019 . Jasper County Commission #15243846

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My commission expires: Sept 30, 2019.